Loucos Colho Roupp

4)a)

	X ₁	Xa	$\Omega_{x_1} x_2(r)$	Y _{1=X1}	$y_2 = \chi_2$	Y3 = X1·X2
	0	O	1/9	0	0	0
1	0	1	1/9	0	1	0
	0	2	1/5	0	a	O
1	1	0	1/9	1	0	0
	1	1	1/9	1	1	1
	1	2	1/9	1	2	2
╽,	2	0	1/9	J	0	O
	2	1	1/9	Q	1	a
L	ລ	ລ	1/9	2	Q	4

$$E[\chi]=3\cdot\begin{pmatrix}0\cdot1\\5\end{pmatrix}+3\cdot\begin{pmatrix}1\cdot1\\5\end{pmatrix}+3\cdot\begin{pmatrix}2\cdot1\\5\end{pmatrix}$$
 $E[\chi]=1$

$$E[\chi_2] = 3 \cdot \left(0 \cdot \frac{1}{5}\right) + 3 \cdot \left(1 \cdot \frac{1}{5}\right) + 3 \cdot \left(2 \cdot \frac{1}{5}\right) \quad E[\chi_2] = 1$$

$$E[y_3]=5\cdot (0\cdot 1)+1\cdot 1+2\cdot (2\cdot 1)+4\cdot 1$$
 $E[x_3]=1$

$$\vec{\mu}\vec{y} = [E[y_1] \ E[y_2] \ E[y_3]^T \ \vec{\mu}\vec{y} = [1 \ 1 \ 1]_{//}^T$$

$$E[X_1^2] = 3 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0^2 \cdot 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + 3 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1^2 \cdot 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + 3 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 2^2 \cdot 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$E[x_2^2] = 3 \cdot (0^2 \cdot 1) + 3 \cdot (1^2 \cdot 1) + 3 \cdot (2^3 \cdot 1) = 5$$

$$E[Y_3^2] = 5 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0^2 \cdot 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + 1^2 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 2^2 \cdot 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + 4^2 \cdot 1 = E[Y_3^2] = 25$$

$$\text{vor}[X] = E[X^2] - E[X]^2 = 5 - 1^2 \quad \text{vor}[X] = 2$$

$$von[X_2] = E[X_2^2] - E[X_2]^2 = 5 - 1^2 von[X_2] = 2$$

$$vor[x_3] = E[x_3] - E[x_3]^2 = 25 - 1^2 vor[x_3] = 16$$

Cor [1/1, 1/2] = 1-1.1 .cor [1/1, 1/2] = 0

 $cov[Y_1,Y_2] = 5 - 1.1 cov[Y_1,Y_2] = 2$

 $cov[Y_2,Y_3] = 5 - 1.1 \quad cov[Y_2,Y_3] = 2$

$$C\vec{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 2/3 & 0 & 2/3 \\ 0 & 2/3 & 2/3 \\ 2/3 & 2/3 & 16/9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases}
Z_1 = Y_1 + Y_2 \\
Z_2 = Y_2 + Y_3 \\
Z_3 = Y_3 + Y_4
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
Z_1 \\
Z_2
\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}
1 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
Y_1 \\
Y_2
\end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix}
0 \\
0
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
Z_3 = Y_3 + Y_4
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\mu}\vec{z} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+1+0 \\ 0+1+1 \\ 1+0+1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \vec{\mu}\vec{z} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}_{1/2}^{1/2}$$

$$C\vec{z} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & 0 & \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & 0 & \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$