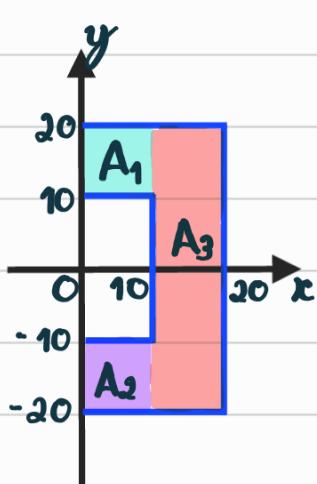


Lucas Coelho Rupp

10) a)  $f_{x,y}(x,y) = K \left[ (-20 \leq y \leq 20 \wedge x > 0) \neq (-10 \leq y \leq 10 \wedge x > 0) \right]$



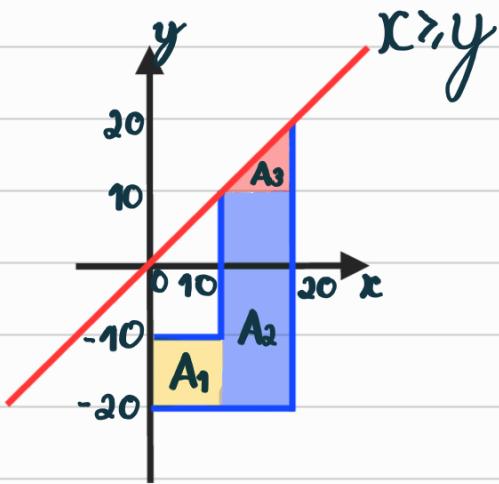
$$A_1 = 10 \cdot (20 - 10) = 100 \text{ u.A}$$

$$A_2 = 10 \cdot (-10 - (-20)) = 100 \text{ u.A}$$

$$A_3 = (20 - 10)(20 - (-20)) = 400 \text{ u.A}$$

$$A_b = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 \quad A_b = 100 + 100 + 400 \quad A_b = 600 \text{ u.A} \quad A_b \cdot K = 1 \quad K = \frac{1}{600}, //$$

b)



$$A_1 = 10 \cdot (-10 - (-20)) = 100 \text{ u.A}$$

$$A_2 = (20 - 10)(10 - (-20)) = 300 \text{ u.A}$$

$$A_3 = (20 - 10) \cdot (20 - 10) \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 50 \text{ u.A}$$

$$A_p = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 = 450 \text{ u.A}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 600 \text{ u.A} &= 1 \\ 450 \text{ u.A} &= \Pr[X > Y] \end{aligned}$$

$$600 \cdot \Pr[X > Y] = 450$$

$$\Pr[X > Y] = \underline{450}$$

$$600$$

$$\Pr[X > Y] = 0,75,$$

$$C) f_Y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(x,y) dx$$

Case  $-\infty \leq y \leq -20$ :

$$f_Y(y) = \int_{x=-\infty}^{x=\infty} 0 dx = 0, //$$

Case  $-20 \leq y \leq -10$

$$f_Y(y) = \int_{x=0}^{x=20} \frac{1}{600} dx = \left[ \frac{x}{600} \right]_0^{20} = \frac{20}{600} - \frac{0}{600} = \frac{1}{30}, // \quad f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{30} = \frac{2}{60}, //$$

Case  $-10 \leq y \leq 10$

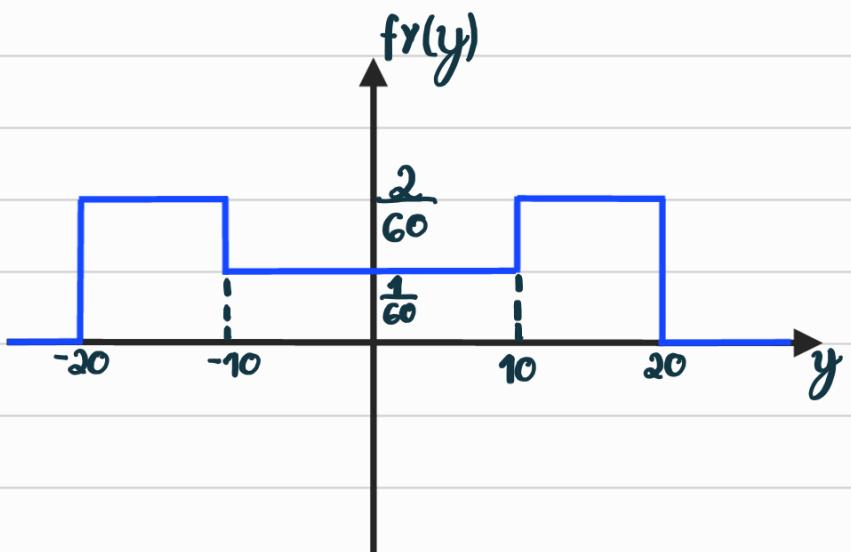
$$f_Y(y) = \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \frac{1}{600} dx = \left[ \frac{x}{600} \right]_{10}^{20} = \frac{20}{600} - \frac{10}{600} = \frac{10}{600}, // \quad f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{60}, //$$

Case  $10 \leq y \leq 20$

$$f_Y(y) = \int_{x=0}^{x=20} \frac{1}{600} dx = \left[ \frac{x}{600} \right]_0^{20} = \frac{20}{600} - \frac{0}{600} = \frac{20}{600}, // \quad f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{30} = \frac{2}{60}, //$$

Case  $20 \leq y \leq \infty$

$$f_Y(y) = \int_{x=-\infty}^{x=\infty} 0 dx = 0, //$$



$$d) F_y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{y^+} f_y(u) du$$

Case  $y < -20$

$$F_y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^y 0 du = 0$$

Case  $-20 \leq y < -10$

$$F_y(y) = \int_{-20}^y \frac{2}{60} du = \frac{2}{60} [u]_{-20}^y \quad F_y(y) = \frac{2y + 40}{60}, //$$

Case  $-10 \leq y < 10$

$$F_y(y) = \frac{-20 + 40}{60} + \int_{-10}^y \frac{1}{60} du = \frac{20}{60} + \left[ \frac{u}{60} \right]_{-10}^y \quad F_y(y) = \frac{y + 30}{60}, //$$

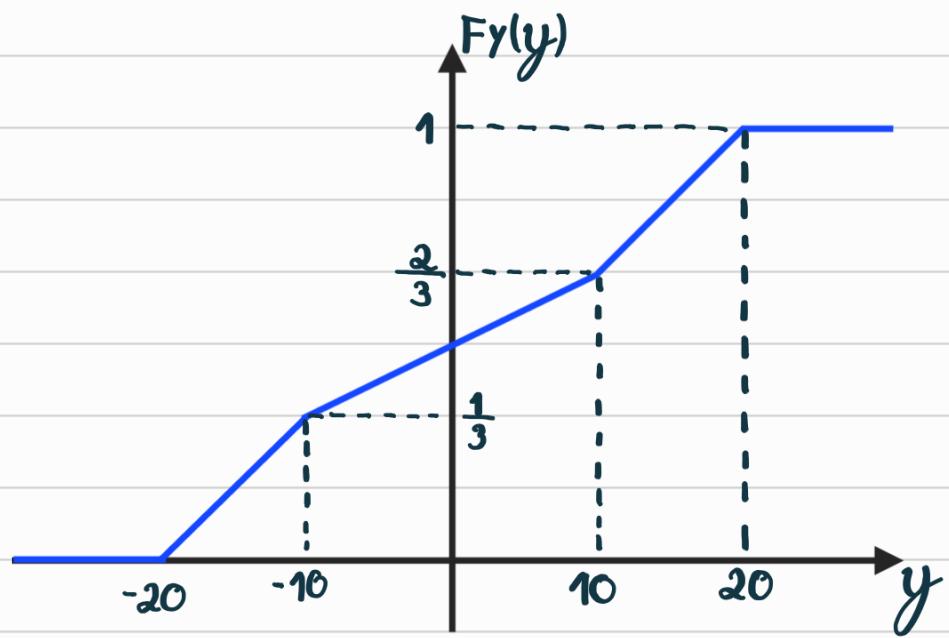
Case  $10 \leq y < 20$

$$F_y(y) = \frac{10 + 30}{60} + \int_{10}^y \frac{2}{60} du = \frac{40}{60} + \left[ \frac{2u}{60} \right]_{10}^y \quad F_y(y) = \frac{2y + 20}{60}, //$$

Case  $20 \leq y$

$$F_y(y) = \frac{2 \cdot 20 + 20}{60} + \int_{20}^{\infty} 0 du \quad F_y(y) = 1, //$$

$$F_Y(y) = \begin{cases} 0 & , y < -20 \\ (2y+40) \cdot \frac{1}{60} & , -20 \leq y < -10 \\ (y+30) \cdot \frac{1}{60} & , -10 \leq y < 10 \\ (2y+20) \cdot \frac{1}{60} & , 10 \leq y < 20 \\ 1 & , y \geq 20 \end{cases}$$



$$e) f_{y|X}(y|x=x) = \frac{f_{x,y}(x,y)}{f_X(x)} \quad f_{Y|X}(y|x=5) = \frac{f_{x,y}(5,y)}{f_X(5)}$$

Case 0 < x < 10

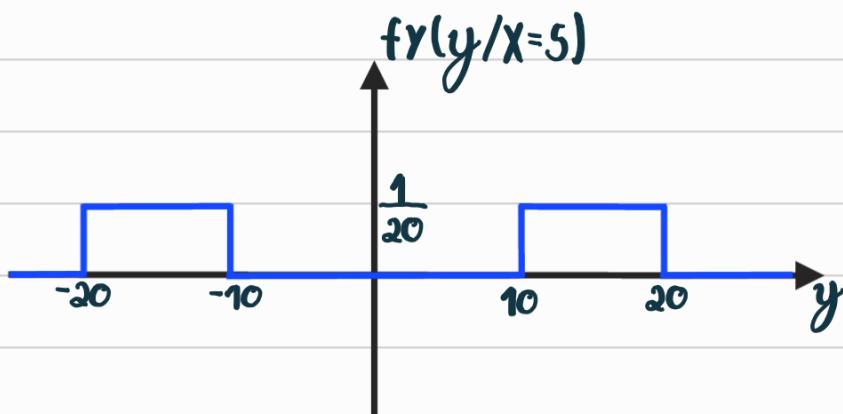
$$f_X(x) = \int_{y=-20}^{y=-10} \frac{1}{600} dy + \int_{y=10}^{y=20} \frac{1}{600} dy = \left[ \frac{y}{600} \right]_{-20}^{-10} + \left[ \frac{y}{600} \right]_{10}^{20}$$

$$f_X(x) = \left( \frac{-10 - (-20)}{600} \right) + \left( \frac{20 - 10}{600} \right) = \frac{10}{600} + \frac{10}{600} \quad f_X(x) = \frac{1}{30}$$

$$f_{X,Y}(5,y) = \frac{1}{600} [(-20 \leq y \leq -10) \vee (10 \leq y \leq 20)] \quad f_X(5) = \frac{1}{30}$$

$$f_{Y|X}(y|x=5) = \frac{1}{600} [(-20 \leq y \leq -10) \vee (10 \leq y \leq 20)] \cdot \frac{30}{1}$$

$$f_{Y|X}(y|x=5) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{20}, & (-20 \leq y \leq -10) \vee (10 \leq y \leq 20) \\ 0, & \text{C.C.} \end{cases}$$



$$f) \text{cov}[x,y] = E[xy] - E[x] \cdot E[y]$$

$$E[x] = \int_{x=-\infty}^{x=\infty} \int_{y=-\infty}^{y=\infty} x f_{x,y}(x,y) dy dx$$

$$E[x] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \left( \int_{y=-20}^{y=-10} \frac{x}{600} dy + \int_{y=10}^{y=20} \frac{x}{600} dy \right) dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \int_{y=-20}^{y=20} \frac{x}{600} dy dx$$

$$E[x] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \frac{x}{600} [y]_{-20}^{-10} + \frac{x}{600} [y]_{10}^{20} dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \frac{x}{600} [y]_{-20}^{20} dx$$

$$E[x] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \frac{x}{600} (-10+20) + \frac{x}{600} (20-10) dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \frac{x}{600} (20+20) dx$$

$$E[x] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \frac{x}{30} dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \frac{x}{15} dx = \left[ \frac{x^2}{60} \right]_0^{10} + \left[ \frac{x^2}{30} \right]_{10}^{20} = \frac{1}{60} (10^2 - 0) + \frac{1}{30} (20^2 - 10^2)$$

$$E[x] = \frac{5}{3} + 10 \quad E[x] = \underline{35}$$

$$E[Y] = \int_{x=-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{y=-\infty}^{y=\infty} y f_{X,Y}(x,y) dy dx$$

$$E[Y] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \left( \int_{y=-20}^{y=-10} \frac{y}{600} dy + \int_{y=10}^{y=20} \frac{y}{600} dy \right) dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \int_{y=-20}^{y=20} \frac{y}{600} dy dx$$

$$E[Y] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \frac{1}{1200} [y^2]_{-20}^{-10} + \frac{1}{1200} [y^2]_{10}^{20} dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \frac{1}{1200} [y^2]_{20}^{20} dx$$

$$E[Y] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \frac{1}{1200} [(-10)^2 - (-20)^2] + \frac{1}{1200} [20^2 - 10^2] dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \frac{1}{1200} [20^2 - (-20)^2] dx$$

$$E[Y] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} -\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} 0 dx \quad E[Y] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} 0 dx$$

$$E[Y] = 0$$

$$E[XY] = \int_{x=-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{y=-\infty}^{\infty} xy \cdot f_{X,Y}(x,y) dy dx$$

$$E[XY] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \left( \int_{y=-20}^{y=-10} \frac{xy}{600} dy + \int_{y=10}^{y=20} \frac{xy}{600} dy \right) dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \int_{y=-20}^{y=20} \frac{xy}{600} dy dx$$

$$E[XY] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \frac{x}{1200} [y^2]_{-20}^{-10} + \frac{x}{1200} [y^2]_{10}^{20} dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \frac{x}{1200} [y^2]_{-20}^{20} dx$$

$$E[XY] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} \frac{x}{1200} [(-10)^2 - (-20)^2] + \frac{x}{1200} (20^2 - 10^2) dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} \frac{x}{1200} [20^2 - (-20)^2] dx$$

$$E[XY] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} -\frac{x}{4} + \frac{x}{4} dx + \int_{x=10}^{x=20} 0 dx$$

$$E[XY] = \int_{x=0}^{x=10} 0 dx \quad E[XY] = 0$$

$$\text{cov}[XY] = E[XY] - E[X] \cdot E[Y]$$

$$\text{cov}[XY] = 0 - \frac{35}{3} \cdot 0 \quad \text{cov}[XY] = 0, \quad 3$$