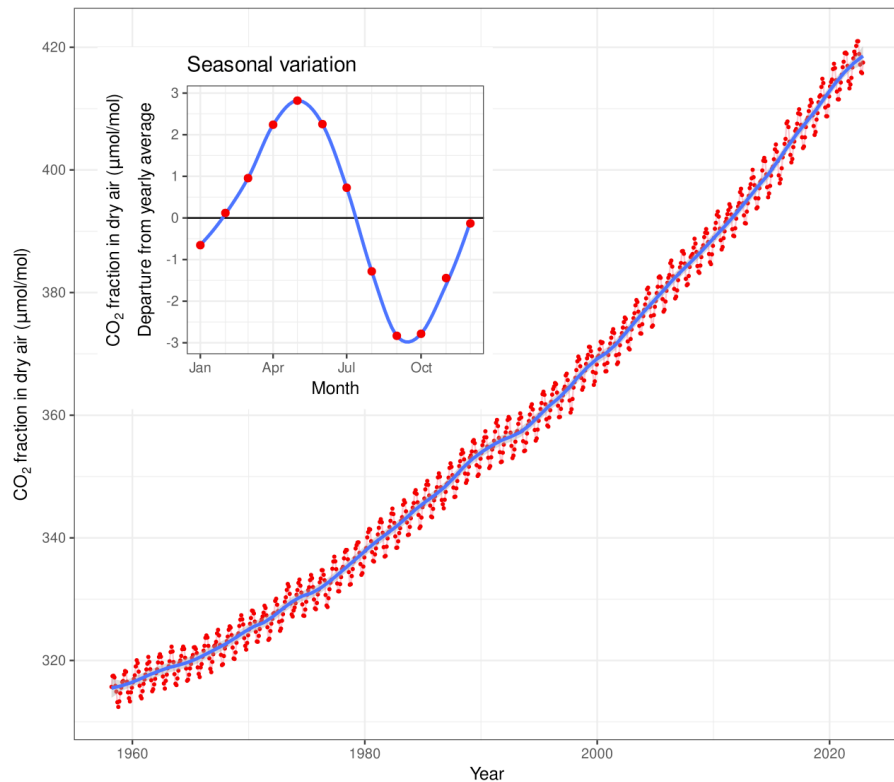


# Adsorption using AiiDA Lab

CH-315  
Assignment 2

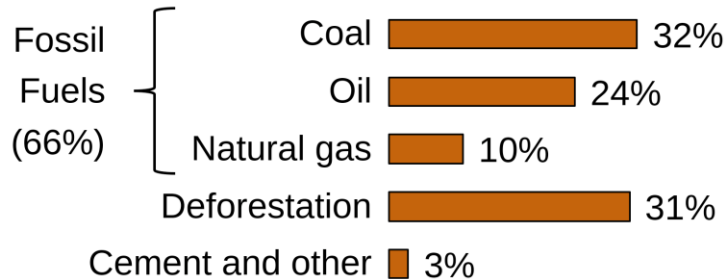
Monthly mean CO<sub>2</sub> concentration

Mauna Loa 1958 - 2022



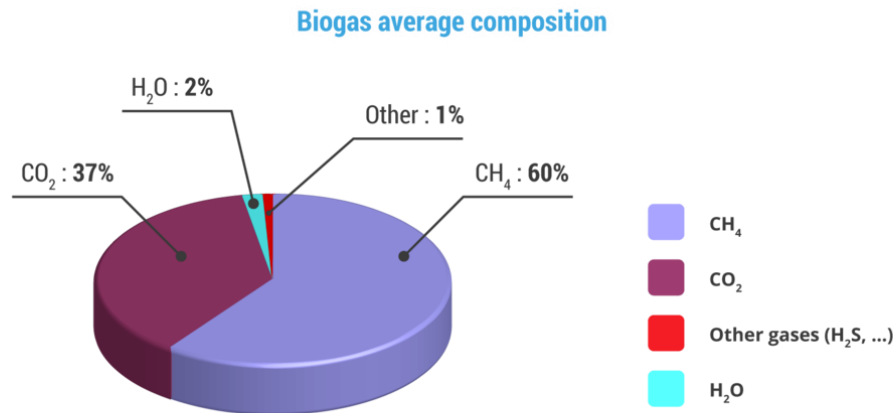
Data : Dr. Pieter Tans, NOAA/ESRL (<https://gml.noaa.gov/ccgg/trends/>) and  
Dr. Ralph Keeling, Scripps Institution of Oceanography (<https://scrippsco2.ucsd.edu/>). Accessed 2022-12-19  
<https://www.wiki/4ZWn>

Carbon dioxide sources since 1850



Carbon dioxide destinations since 1850





## Challenges:

- CO<sub>2</sub>/CH<sub>4</sub> separation
- Methane storage

In hand\_on.pdf, you need to evaluate IRMOF-1 for these two applications

Flue gas conditions	NGCC
Flowrate (tonne/hr)	2268
Temperature (°C)	100
Composition (mol %)	-
CO <sub>2</sub>	4.97
N <sub>2</sub>	74.28
O <sub>2</sub>	9.73
H <sub>2</sub> O	11.02

## Challenges:

- CO<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> separation
- CO<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O separation

In project.pdf, you need to screen 8 structures for CO<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> separation

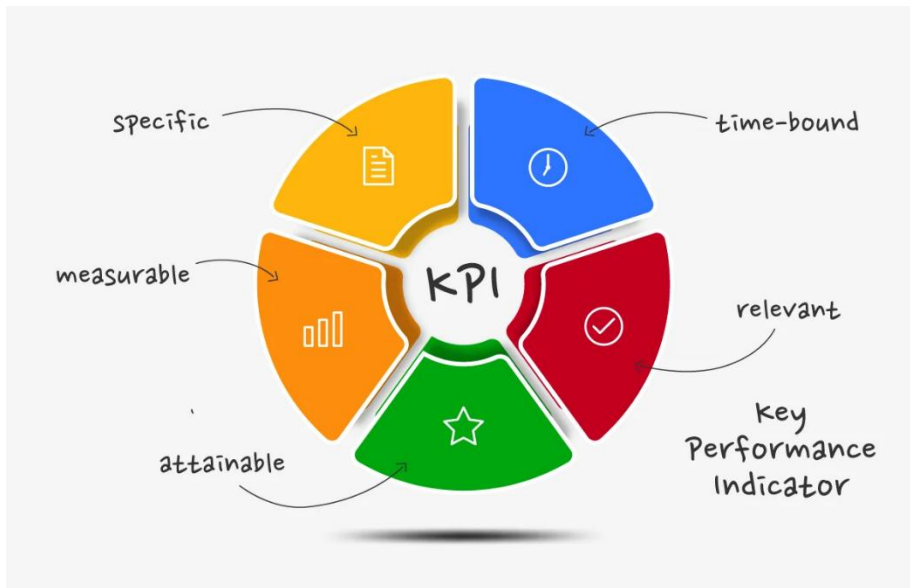
KPI: standard to evaluate  
MOFs

Important and direct  
property:

- Working Capacity
- Selectivity

Indirect property:

- Henry coefficient
- Pore volume



# Working Capacity: important for storage and separation

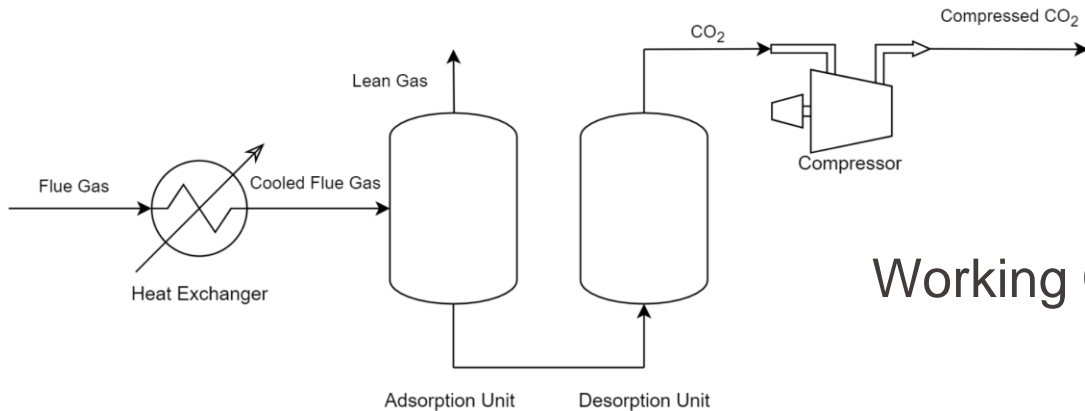
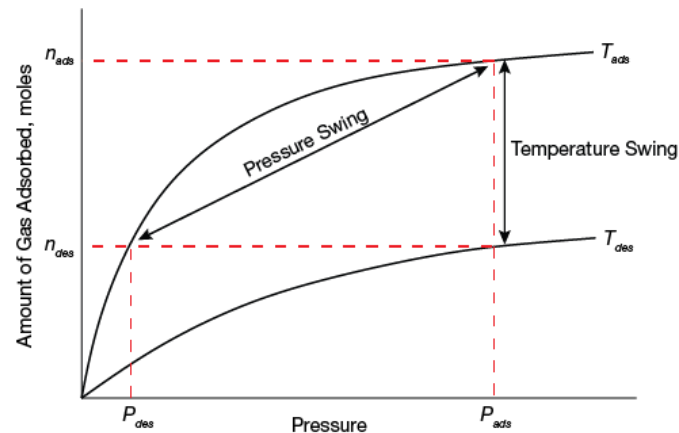
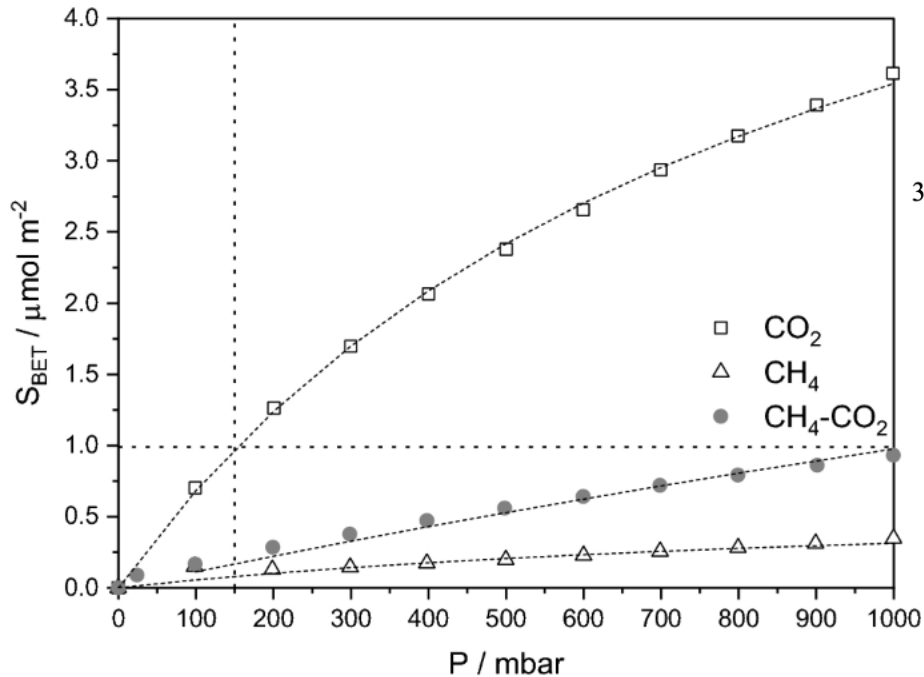


Figure 1: Flow diagram of the PSA/VSA process

Working Capacity obtained from Isotherm



Industry Process



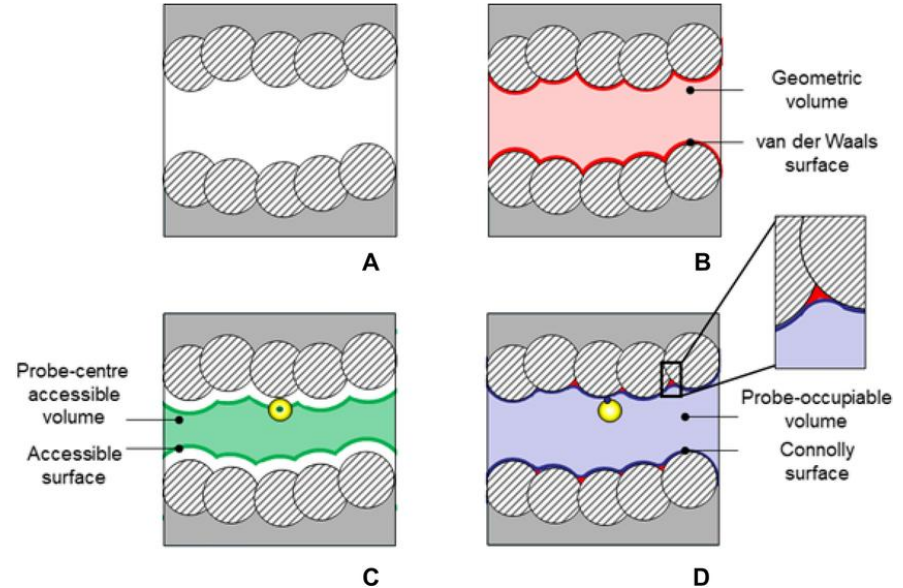
3. The ideal selectivity gives an indication on the competitiveness of adsorption between the different components of a gas mixture:

$$S_{\text{CO}_2/\text{N}_2} = \frac{q_{\text{CO}_2} y_{\text{N}_2}}{q_{\text{N}_2} y_{\text{CO}_2}}$$

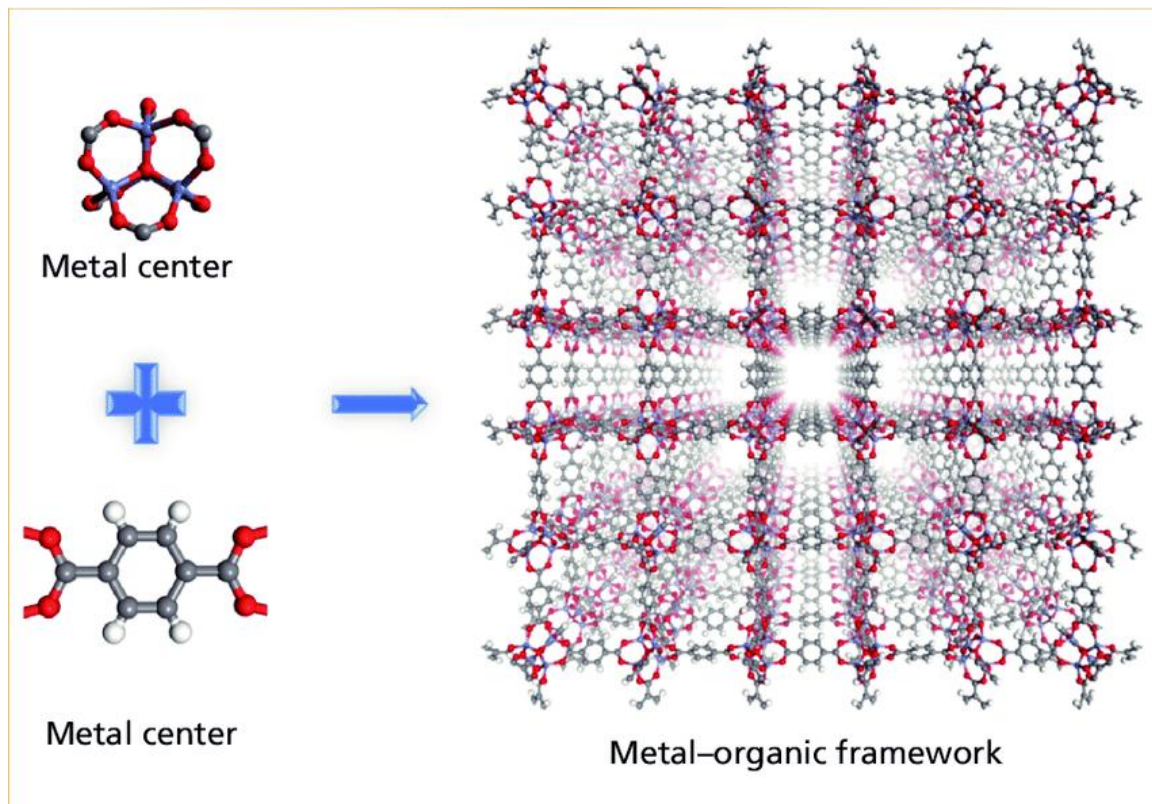
Where  $q$  is the binary loading, obtained from IAST calculations, at the adsorption conditions in  $\text{mmol.g}^{-1}$ , and  $y$  is the molar fraction of the component in the flue gas.

# Indirect properties: Pore Volume and Henry Coefficient

- Henry coefficient
- Pore volume:
  - Done by zeo++
  - Insert a ball to detect (probe radius = 1.525)







Geometry?  
Chemistry?

How to measure?



Edit App

Logout

Control Panel



File Manager



Terminal



Tasks



App Store



Help

▼ LSMO apps

Prepare the structure

- Geometry Optimization and Charges
- Results

Pore analysis

- Pore Analysis
- Results

Isotherm calculations

- Compute one
- Analyse the results
- Results

✓ Latest version



Manage App

URL

▼ AiiDALab Base Widgets

Processes.

- Process list
- Follow a process

Electronic Lab Notebook.

- Configure ELN

↻ Update available





▼ LSMO apps

**Prepare the structure**

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### ▼ AiiDA Lab Base Widgets

## Processes.

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**Electronic Lab Notebook.**

- **Configure ELN**

Update available



**Step 1: Select structure**

Before uploading, please

- **Desolvate** the structure
- Use **P1 symmetry**

From computer

AiiDA database

OPTIMADE

Upload Structure (0)

[Supported structure formats](#)

Selection

Appearance

Cell

Download

Selected atoms:

You can either specify ranges: 1 5..8 10

or expressions: (&lt;1 and name not [N,O]) or d\_from [1,1,1]&gt;2 or id&gt;=10

**Step 2: Select executable**

Select code

zeopp-46ce745@ch315

Refresh

[Setup new code](#)**Step 3: Compute**

Probe radius [Angstrom]:

1.8

Submit

(probe radius = 1.525 Å)





▼ LSMO apps

**Prepare the structure**

- Geometry Optimization and Charges
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### Pore analysis

- Pore Analysis
- Results

~~isotherm calculations~~

- Compute one
- Analyse the results
- Results

✔ Latest version



Manage App

URL

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Update available



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OPTIMADE

 Upload Structure (0)

[Supported structure formats](#)

Selection

Appearance

Cell

Download

Selected atoms:

**You can either specify ranges:** 1 5..8 10

**or expressions:** ( $x > 1$  and name not [N,O]) or d\_from [1,1,1]>2 or id>=10

Copy to clipboard

Clear selection

Apply selection

Label

Description

Guest molecule

CO2

Temperature:

400

☐ Compute Henry's coefficient only

Use the following simulation parameters:

- Zeo++ volpo samples: 10,000
- Number of samples for block calculation: 100
- Number of Widom cycles: 50,000
- Number of GCMC initialization cycles: 500
- Number of GCMC production cycles: 5,000
- Maximum distance between pressure points: 0.6
- Pressure range: 0.2 to 10.2 bars

The screenshot shows the AiiDA Lab web interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'From computer', 'AiiDA database', and 'OPTIMADE'. Below these is an 'Upload Structure (0)' button and a link to 'Supported structure formats'. On the right, there is a 'Selection' panel with a 'Selected atoms' field, a note 'You can either specify or expressions: (x>1)', and a 'Copy to clipboard' button. On the left, there is a 'Label' input field, a 'Guest molecule' dropdown menu set to 'CO2', and a checkbox for 'Compute Henry's coefficient only'. The main content area has a list of expandable sections: 'Force Field', 'Zeo++ Parameters', 'Raspa Parameters', and 'Pressure Settings'. At the bottom, there are two 'Select code' dropdown menus. The first is set to 'zeopp-46ce745@ch315' and the second is set to 'raspa-CH315@ch315'. Both dropdowns have 'Refresh' and 'Setup new code' links next to them. A 'Submit' button is partially visible at the bottom.



File Manager



Terminal



Tasks



App Store



Help

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Prepare the structure

- Geometry Optimization and Charges
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Pore analysis

- Results

Isotherm calculations

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✓ Latest version

Manage App

URL



▼ AiiDALab Base Widgets

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Electronic Lab Notebook.

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↻ Update available





Edit App

Logout

Control Panel

Past days:

7

☒ All days

Process State:

created  
running  
waiting  
finished  
excepted

Incoming node:

Outgoing node:

Description contains:

8 processes shown

Update now

PK	Created	Process label	Process State	Process status	Description
282	2h ago	NetworkCalculation	■ Finished [0]	None	
243	2h ago	NetworkCalculation	■ Finished [0]	None	
222	2h ago	NetworkCalculation	■ Finished [0]	None	
218	2h ago	NetworkCalculation	■ Finished [0]	None	
214	2h ago	NetworkCalculation	■ Finished [0]	None	
40	26D ago	NetworkCalculation	■ Finished [0]	None	
23	26D ago	NetworkCalculation	■ Finished [0]	None	
18	28D ago	NetworkCalculation	■ Finished [101]	None	

Past days:

Process State:

8 processes sh

PK

282

243

222

218

214

40

23

18

## Inspecting AiiDA processes

### Process inputs.

Select input: 

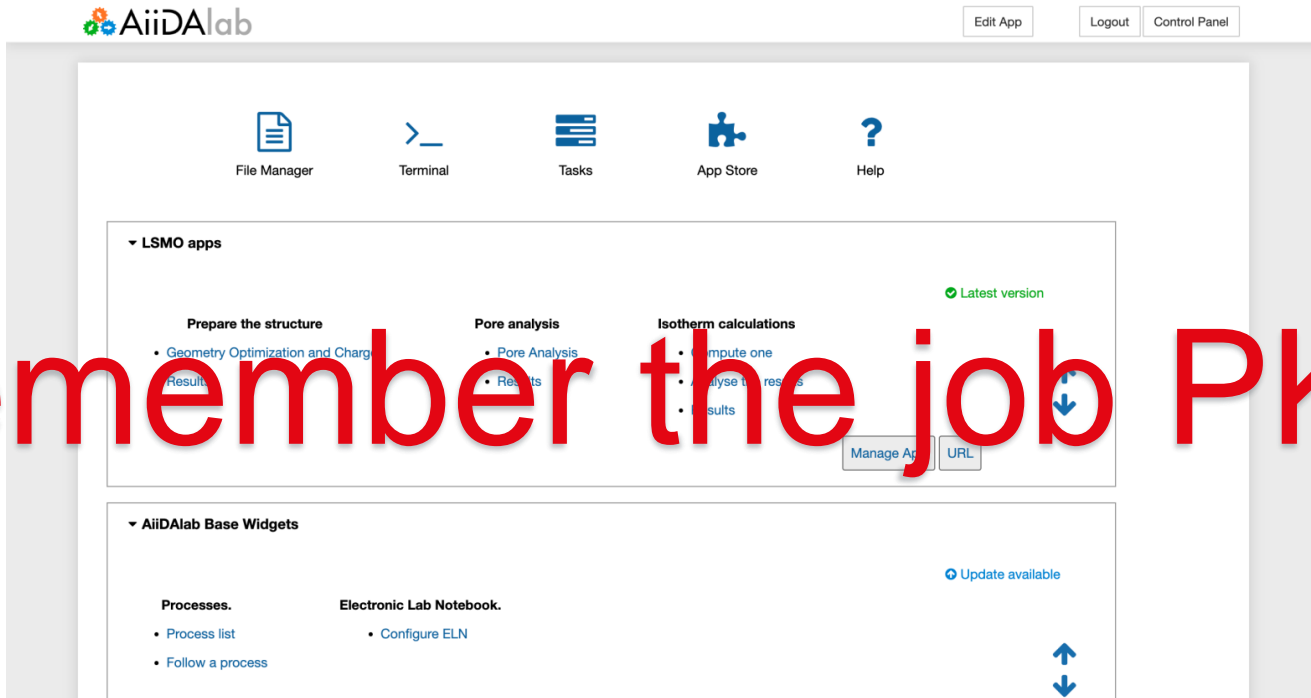
### Process

Select outputs:

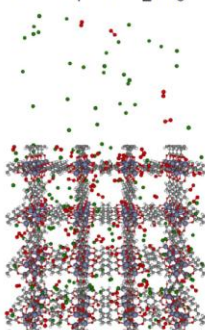
Select output  
Block  
✓ Output\_Parameters  
Remote\_Folder  
Retrieved

PK: 291

	Value
Density	0.576983
Density_unit	g/cm^3
Input_block	[1.865, 100]
Input_ha	DEF
Input_structure_filename	file.txt.cif
Input_volpo	[1.865, 1.865, 10000]
Number_of_blocking_spheres	0
POAV_A^3	12736.2
POAV_A^3_unit	A^3
POAV_Volume_fraction	0.7185
POAV_Volume_fraction_unit	None
POAV_cm^3/g	1.24527
POAV_cm^3/g_unit	cm^3/g



For more info on AiiDA look at: <https://www.aiida.net/>

$p_{CH_4}, p_{C_2H_6}$ 


**Goal:** predict a mixed gas adsorption isotherm

**Example:** methane/ethane in IRMOF-1

$$\begin{aligned}\pi_{CH_4}(p_{CH_4}^\circ) &= \pi_{C_2H_6}(p_{C_2H_6}^\circ) \\ p_{CH_4} &= x_{CH_4} p_{CH_4}^\circ \\ p_{C_2H_6} &= x_{C_2H_6} p_{C_2H_6}^\circ \\ x_{CH_4} + x_{C_2H_6} &= 1\end{aligned}$$

Solve for adsorbed phase composition



$$\frac{1}{n_{CH_4} + n_{C_2H_6}} = \frac{x_{CH_4}}{n_{CH_4}^\circ(p_{CH_4}^\circ)} + \frac{x_{C_2H_6}}{n_{C_2H_6}^\circ(p_{C_2H_6}^\circ)}$$

Solve for total gas adsorbed

