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Homework #3

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# 1 Question #1

Let  $R(a, b, c)$ ,  $S(a, b, c)$  and  $T(a, b, c)$  be three relations. Write one or more Datalog rules that define the result of each of the following expressions of relational algebra:

- a)  $R \cup S$
- b)  $R \cap S$
- c)  $R - S$
- d)  $(R \cup S) - T$
- e)  $(R - S) \cap (R - T)$
- f)  $\pi_{a,b}(R)$
- g)  $\pi_{a,b}(R) \cap \rho_{U(a,b)}(\pi_{b,c}(S))$

**Solution:**

- a)  $A(a, b, c) \leftarrow R(a, b, c)$   
 $A(a, b, c) \leftarrow S(a, b, c)$
- b)  $A(a, b, c) \leftarrow R(a, b, c) \text{ AND } S(a, b, c)$
- c)  $A(a, b, c) \leftarrow R(a, b, c) \text{ AND NOT } S(a, b, c)$
- d)  $\text{AnsA}(a, b, c) \leftarrow R(a, b, c)$   
 $\text{AnsA}(a, b, c) \leftarrow S(a, b, c)$   
 $\text{AnsB}(a, b, c) \leftarrow \text{AnsA}(a, b, c) \text{ AND NOT } T(a, b, c)$
- e)  $\text{AnsA}(a, b, c) \leftarrow R(a, b, c) \text{ AND NOT } S(a, b, c)$   
 $\text{AnsB}(a, b, c) \leftarrow R(a, b, c) \text{ AND NOT } T(a, b, c)$   
 $\text{AnsC}(a, b, c) \leftarrow \text{AnsA}(a, b, c) \text{ AND } \text{AnsB}(a, b, c)$
- f)  $A(a, b) \leftarrow R(a, b, c)$
- g)  $\text{AnsA}(a, b) \leftarrow R(a, b, c)$   
 $U(b, c) \leftarrow R(a, b, c)$   
 $\text{AnsB}(a, b) \leftarrow \text{AnsA}(a, b) \text{ AND } U(a, b)$

## 2 Question #2

Let  $R(x, y, z)$  be a relation. Write one or more Datalog rules that define  $\sigma_C(R)$ , where  $C$  stands for each of the following conditions:

- a)  $x = y$
- b)  $x < y$  AND  $y < z$
- c)  $x < y$  OR  $y < z$
- d) NOT ( $x < y$  OR  $x > y$ )
- e) NOT (( $x < y$  OR  $x > y$ ) AND  $y < z$ )
- f) NOT (( $x < y$  OR  $x < z$ ) AND  $y < z$ )

**Solution:**

- a)  $A(x, y, z) \leftarrow R(x, y, z) \text{ AND } x = y$
- b)  $A(x, y, z) \leftarrow R(x, y, z) \text{ AND } x < y \text{ AND } y < z$
- c)  $A(x, y, z) \leftarrow R(x, y, z) \text{ AND } x < y$   
 $A(x, y, z) \leftarrow R(x, y, z) \text{ AND } y < z$
- d)  $A(x, y, z) \leftarrow R(x, y, z) \text{ AND } x = y$
- e)  $A(x, y, z) \leftarrow R(x, y, z) \text{ AND } x = y$   
 $A(x, y, z) \leftarrow R(x, y, z) \text{ AND } y \geq z$
- f)  $A(x, y, z) \leftarrow R(x, y, z) \text{ AND } x \geq y \text{ AND } x \geq z$   
 $A(x, y, z) \leftarrow R(x, y, z) \text{ AND } y \geq z$

### 3 Question #3

Using the database schema of the Movies relation:

*Movies*(title, year, length, genre, studioName, producer#)

*StarsIn*(movieTitle, movieYear, starName)

*MovieStar*(name, address, gender, birthdate)

*MovieExec*(name, addresscert#, networth)

*Studio*(name, address, presC#)

Write the following queries in SQL:

- a) Who were male stars in Titanic?
- b) Which stars appeared in movies produced by MGM in 1995?
- c) Who is president of MGM studios?
- d) Which movies are longer than Gone With the Wind?
- e) Which executives are worth more than Merv Griffin?

**Solution:**

- a) 

```
SELECT StarsIn.starName
FROM StarsIn , MovieStar
WHERE StarsIn.starName = MovieStar.name
      AND MovieStar.gender = 'male'
      AND StarsIn.movieTitle = 'Titanic ';
```
- b) 

```
SELECT StarsIn.starName
FROM StarsIn , Movies
WHERE Movies.title = StarsIn.movieTitle
      AND StarsIn.movieYear = 1995
      AND Movies.studioName = 'MGM';
```
- c) 

```
SELECT MovieExec.name
FROM Studio , MovieExec
WHERE Studio.presC# = MovieExec.addresscert#
      AND Studio.name = 'MGM';
```
- d) 

```
SELECT title
FROM Movies
WHERE length > (
      SELECT length
      FROM Movies
      WHERE title = 'Gone With the Wind'
);
```

```
e) SELECT name
    FROM MovieExec
    WHERE networth > (
        SELECT networth
        FROM MovieExec
        WHERE name = 'Merv Griffin '
    );
```

## 4 Question #4

Show how to alter your relation schemas for the movie example:

*Movies*(*title*, *year*, *length*, *genre*, *studioName*, *producer#*)

*StarsIn*(*movieTitle*, *movieYear*, *starName*)

*MovieStar*(*name*, *address*, *gender*, *birthdate*)

*MovieExec*(*name*, *addresscert#*, *networth*)

*Studio*(*name*, *address*, *presC#*)

In the following ways:

- Make *title* and *year* the key for *Movie*.
- Require the referential integrity constraint that the producer of every movie appear in *MovieExec*.
- Require that no movie length be less than 60 nor greater than 250.
- Require that no name appear as both a movie star and movie executive.
- Require that no two studios have the same address.

**Solution:**

- ALTER TABLE *Movies*  
ADD CONSTRAINT keys  
PRIMARY KEY (*title* , *year*);
- ALTER TABLE *Movies*  
ADD CONSTRAINT producers  
*producer#* INT REFERENCES *MovieExec*(*addresscert#*)  
CHECK (*producer#* IN (  
    SELECT *addresscert#*  
    FROM *MovieExec*  
))  
);

```
c) ALTER TABLE Movies
    ADD CONSTRAINT movieLength
    CHECK (length <= 250 AND length >= 60);

d) ALTER TABLE MovieStar
    ADD CONSTRAINT MovieStarNames
    CHECK (name NOT IN (
        SELECT name
        FROM MovieExec)
    );

    ALTER TABLE MovieExec
    ADD CONSTRAINT MovieExecNames
    CHECK (name NOT IN (
        SELECT name
        FROM MovieStar)
    );

e) ALTER TABLE Studio
    ADD CONSTRAINT addresses
    UNIQUE(address);
```