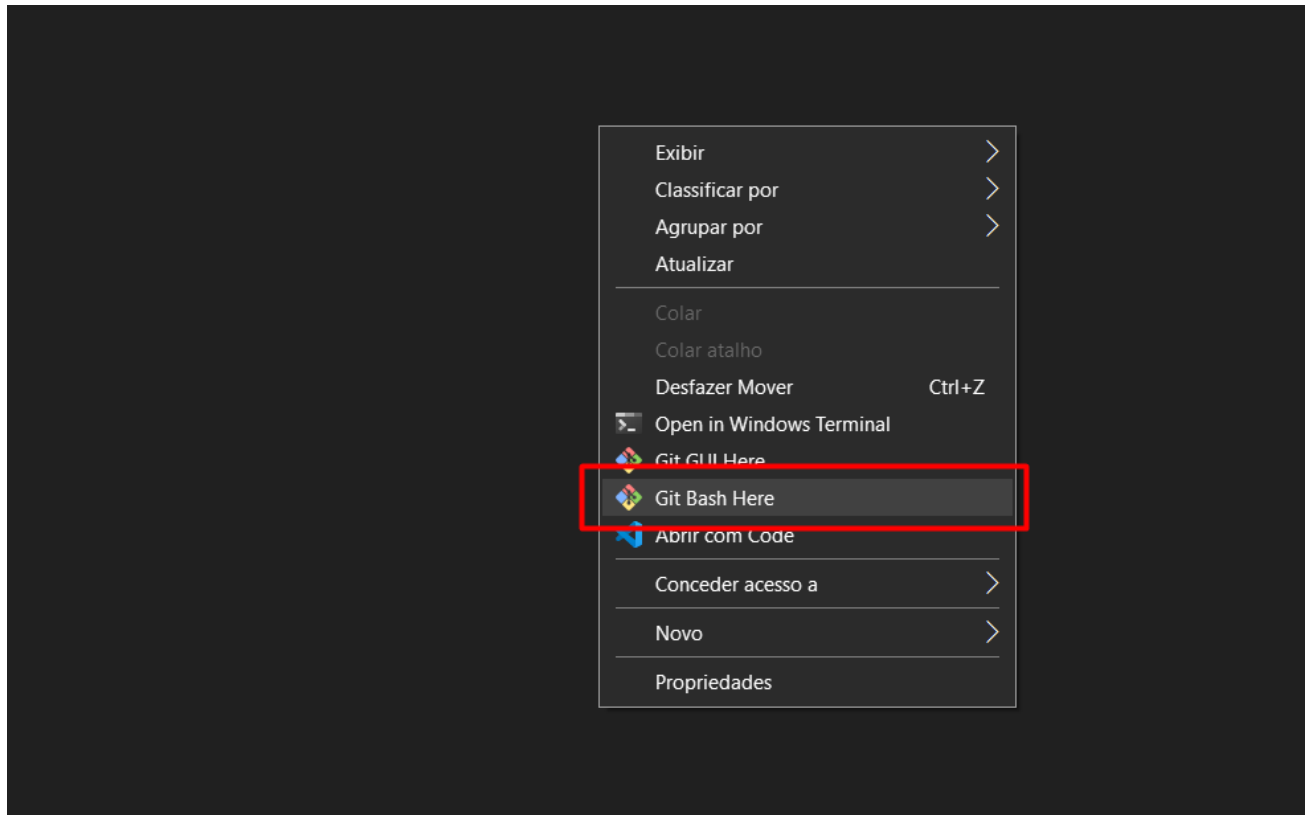
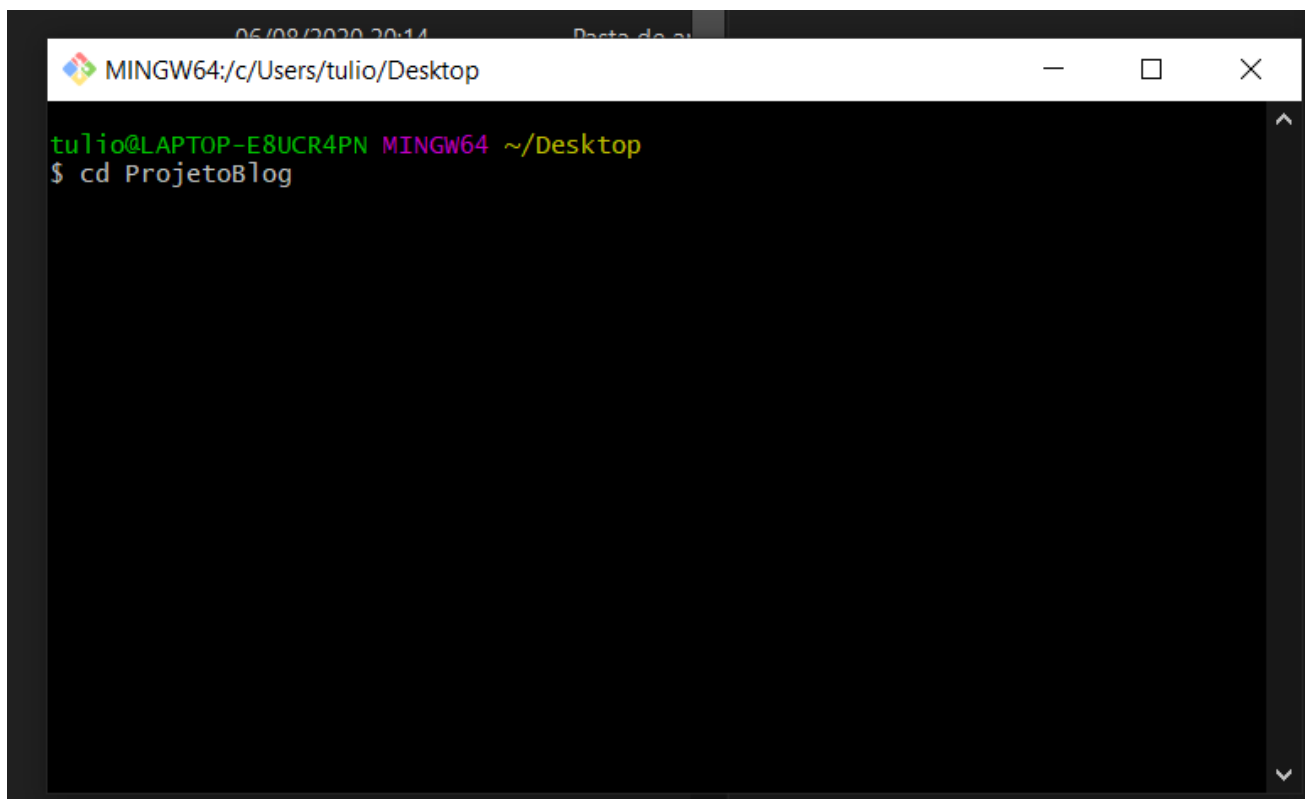


Botao direito



cd + o nome da pasta onde esta o projeto



Esta dentro da pasta, **confere**

```
MINGW64:/c:/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ cd ProjetoBlog
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
$
```

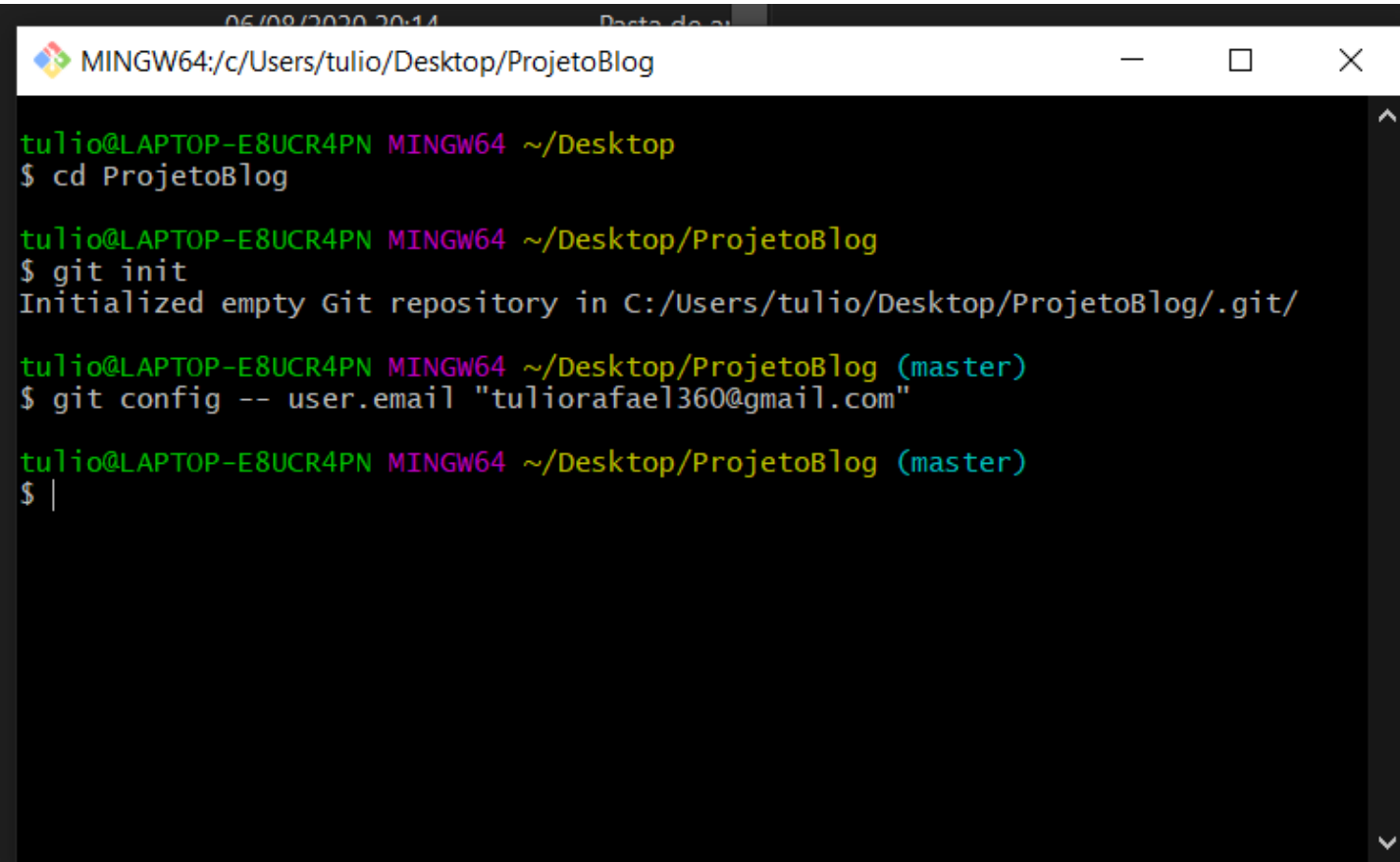
Vamos iniciar o Git agora

Coloque o Código:

git init

```
MINGW64:/c:/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ cd ProjetoBlog
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog/.git/
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ |
```

```
git config -- user.email "seu email"
```

A terminal window titled 'MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog' with standard window controls. The terminal shows a series of commands and their outputs. The user navigates to the 'ProjetoBlog' directory, initializes a git repository, and configures the user email to 'tuliorafael360@gmail.com'.

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog

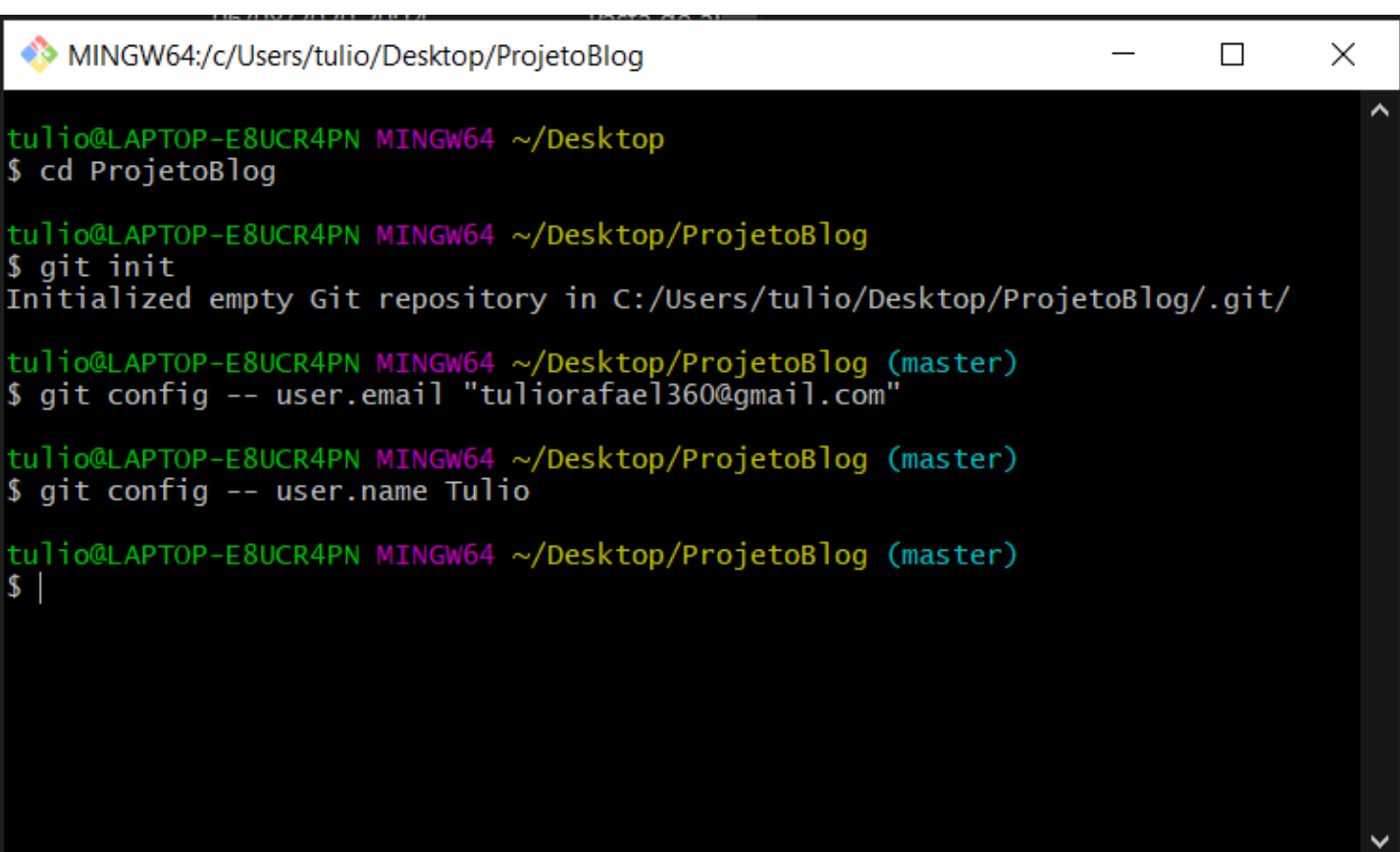
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ cd ProjetoBlog

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog/.git/

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git config -- user.email "tuliorafael360@gmail.com"

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ |
```

```
git config -- user.name Tulio
```

A terminal window titled 'MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog' with standard window controls. This window shows the continuation of the previous steps, adding the configuration of the user name 'Tulio' to the git configuration.

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ cd ProjetoBlog

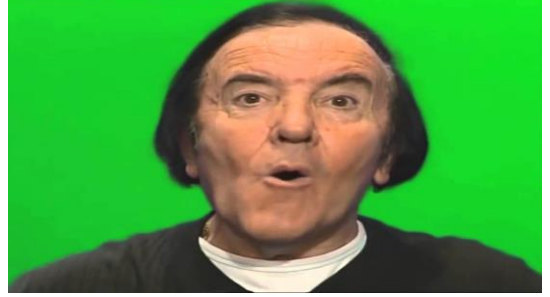
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog/.git/

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git config -- user.email "tuliorafael360@gmail.com"

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git config -- user.name Tulio

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ |
```

Hora do Commit



Git add **asterisco**, se nao entendeu o codigo

`git add *`

```
MINGW64:/c:/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ cd ProjetoBlog
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog/.git/
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git config -- user.email "tuliorafael360@gmail.com"
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git config -- user.name Tulio
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git add *
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$
```

Agora vai escrever a mensagem do seu commit

Esse e o comite inicial, seja claro nos proximos commits

Escreva mensagens objetivas para explicar as proximas alteracoes no codigo

```
git commit -m "commit inicial"
```

```
MINGW64:/c:/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git config -- user.email "tuliorafael360@gmail.com"

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git config -- user.name Tulio

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git add *

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git commit -m "commit inicial"
[master (root-commit) cf479be] commit inicial
7 files changed, 301 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 css/footer.css
create mode 100644 css/header.css
create mode 100644 css/layout.css
create mode 100644 css/post.css
create mode 100644 img/banner-post.jpg
create mode 100644 img/perfil.jpg
create mode 100644 index.html

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$
```

**Fez seu
primeiro
commit no GIT**



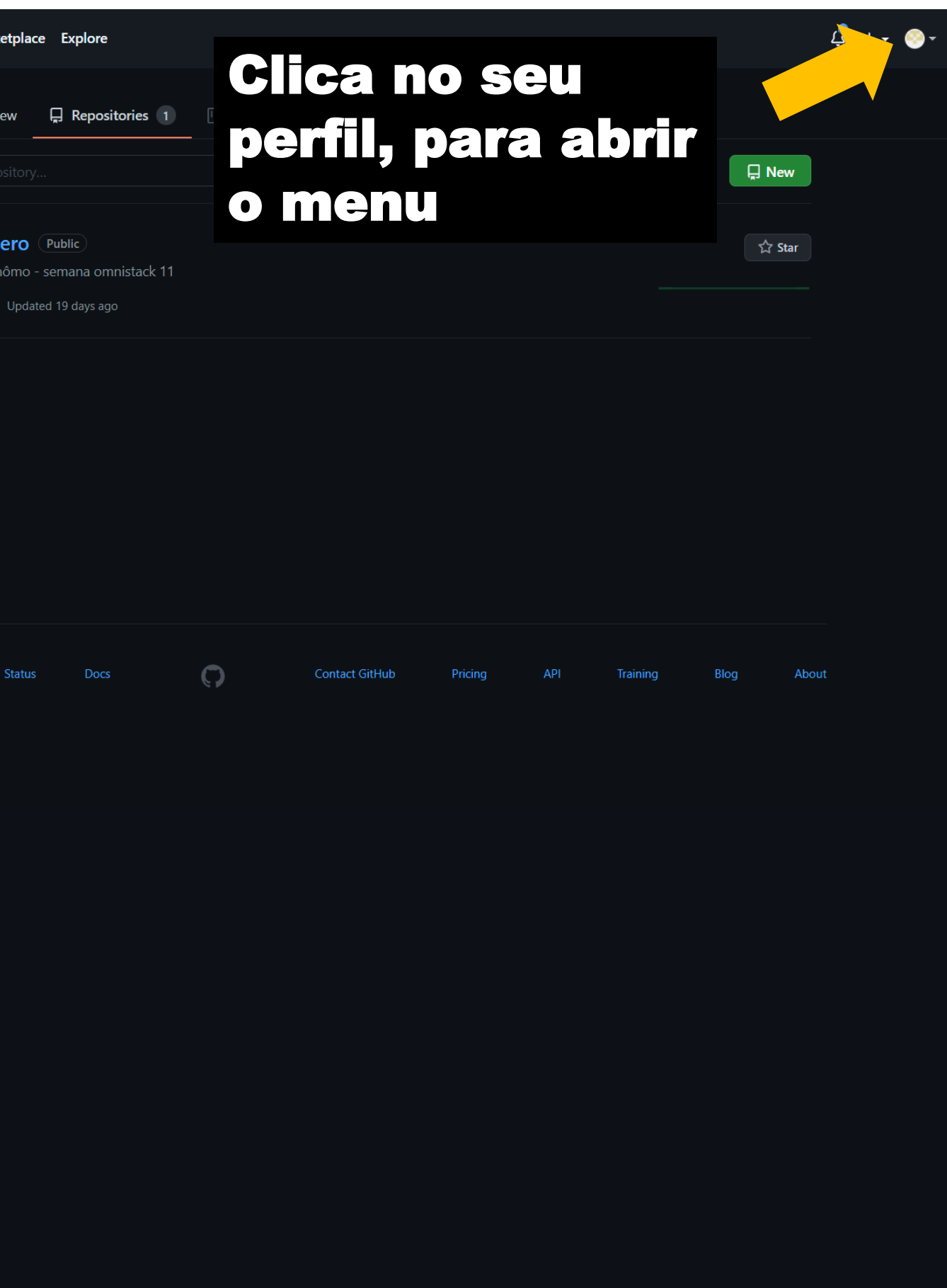
Uau

Vamos subir para o GitHub



Entre na sua conta no GitHub

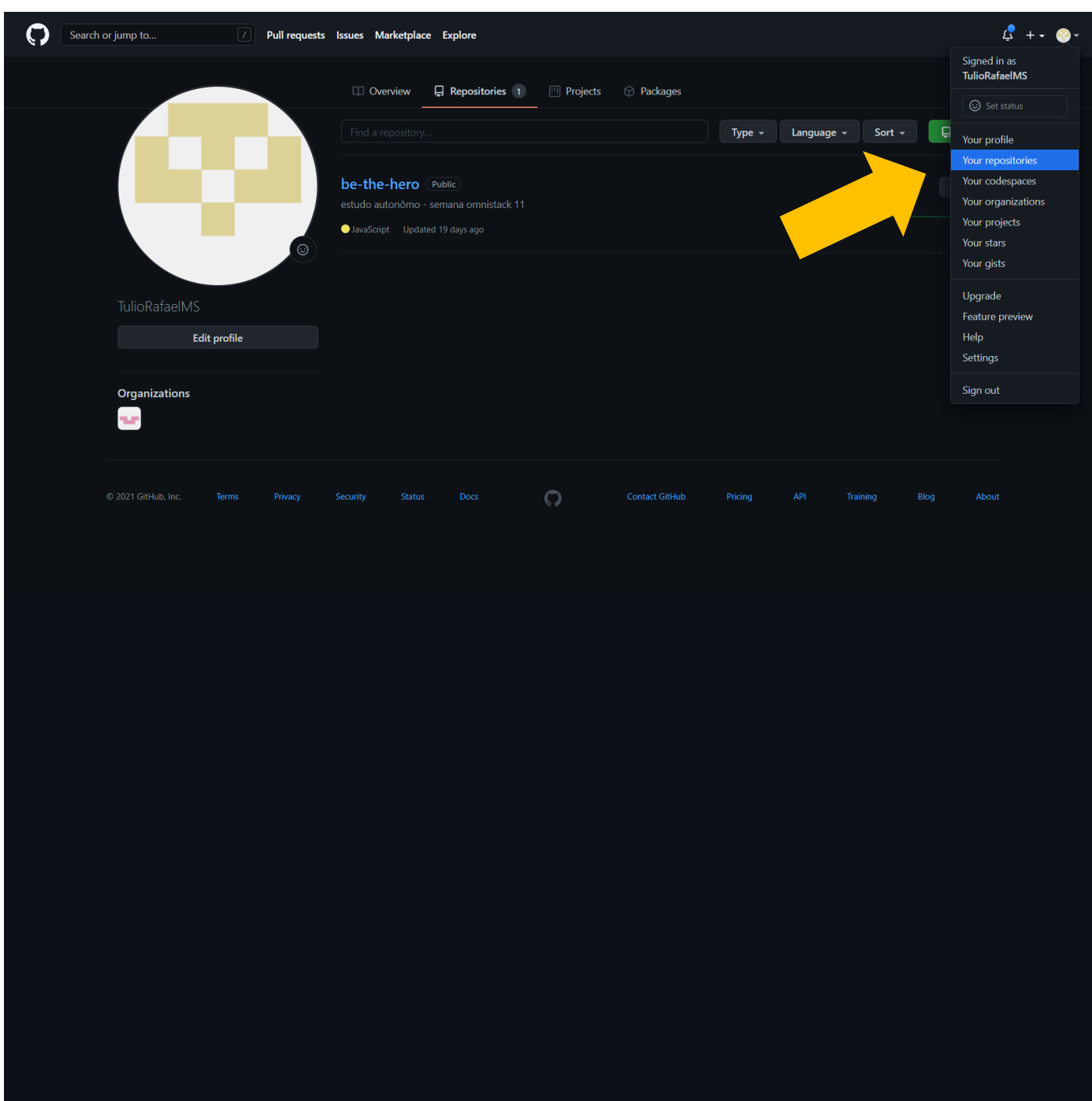
**Clica no seu
perfil, para abrir
o menu**



Vamos subir para o **GitHub**



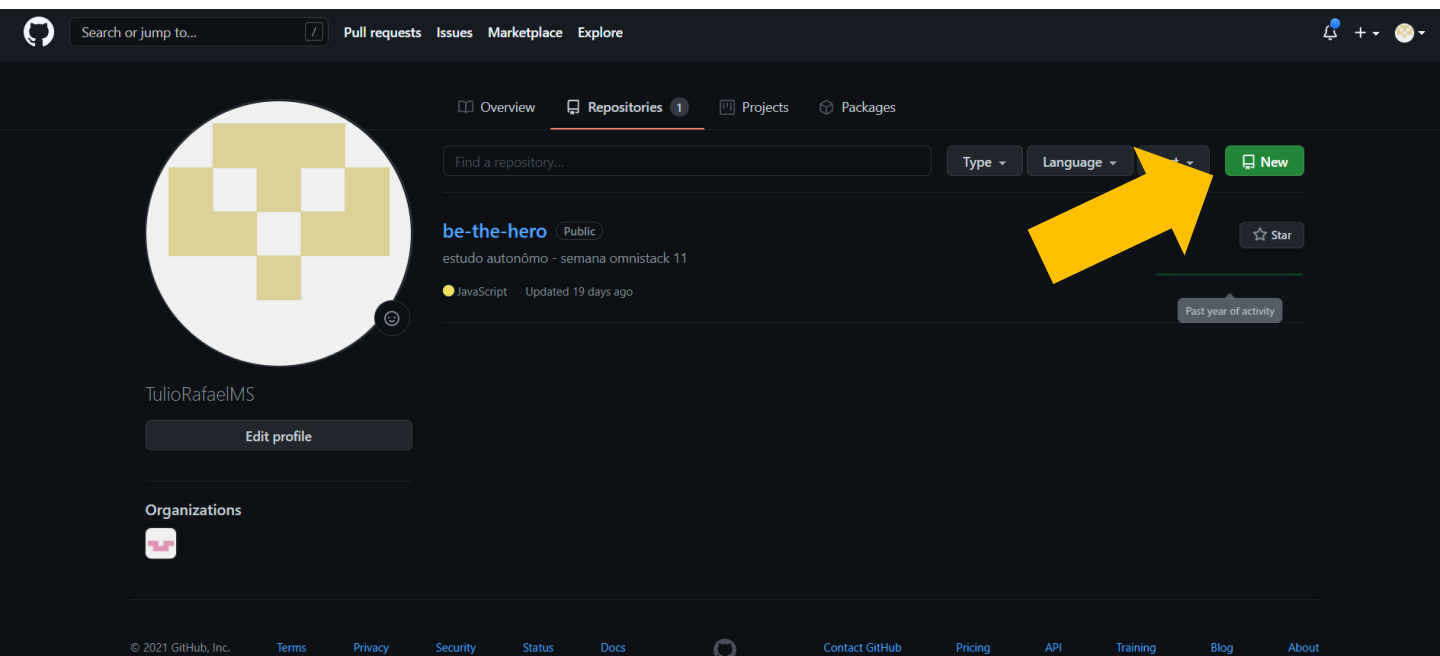
Clica em **Your repositories**

A screenshot of the GitHub web interface in dark mode. The user profile for 'TulioRafaelMS' is visible on the left, with a yellow and white pixelated avatar. The 'Repositories' tab is selected in the top navigation bar. A yellow arrow points to the 'Your repositories' option in the user dropdown menu, which is open in the top right corner. The dropdown menu includes options like 'Signed in as TulioRafaelMS', 'Set status', 'Your profile', 'Your repositories' (highlighted), 'Your codespaces', 'Your organizations', 'Your projects', 'Your stars', 'Your gists', 'Upgrade', 'Feature preview', 'Help', 'Settings', and 'Sign out'. The repository 'be-the-hero' is listed below the profile, with a description 'estudo autônomo - semana omnistack 11' and a JavaScript icon.

Vamos subir para o GitHub







Clica em New



Vamos subir para o GitHub



Criar repositório para o projeto no GitHub

 Search or jump to...  [Pull requests](#) [Issues](#) [Marketplace](#) [Explore](#)  


Create a new repository

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere? [Import a repository.](#)

Owner *

TulioRafaelMS


Repository name *


Projeto-Blog 

Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about [dius-octo-carnival?](#)

Description (optional)

Meu primeiro projeto para um blog

☒  **Public**
Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

☐  **Private**
You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Initialize this repository with:
Skip this step if you're importing an existing repository.

☐ **Add a README file**
This is where you can write a long description for your project. [Learn more.](#)

☐ **Add .gitignore**
Choose which files not to track from a list of templates. [Learn more.](#)

☐ **Choose a license**
A license tells others what they can and can't do with your code. [Learn more.](#)

Create repository

1 - NOME DO REPOSITARIO

2 - DESCRIÇÃO

3 - CRIAR

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[Terms](#) [Privacy](#) [Security](#) [Status](#) [Docs](#)

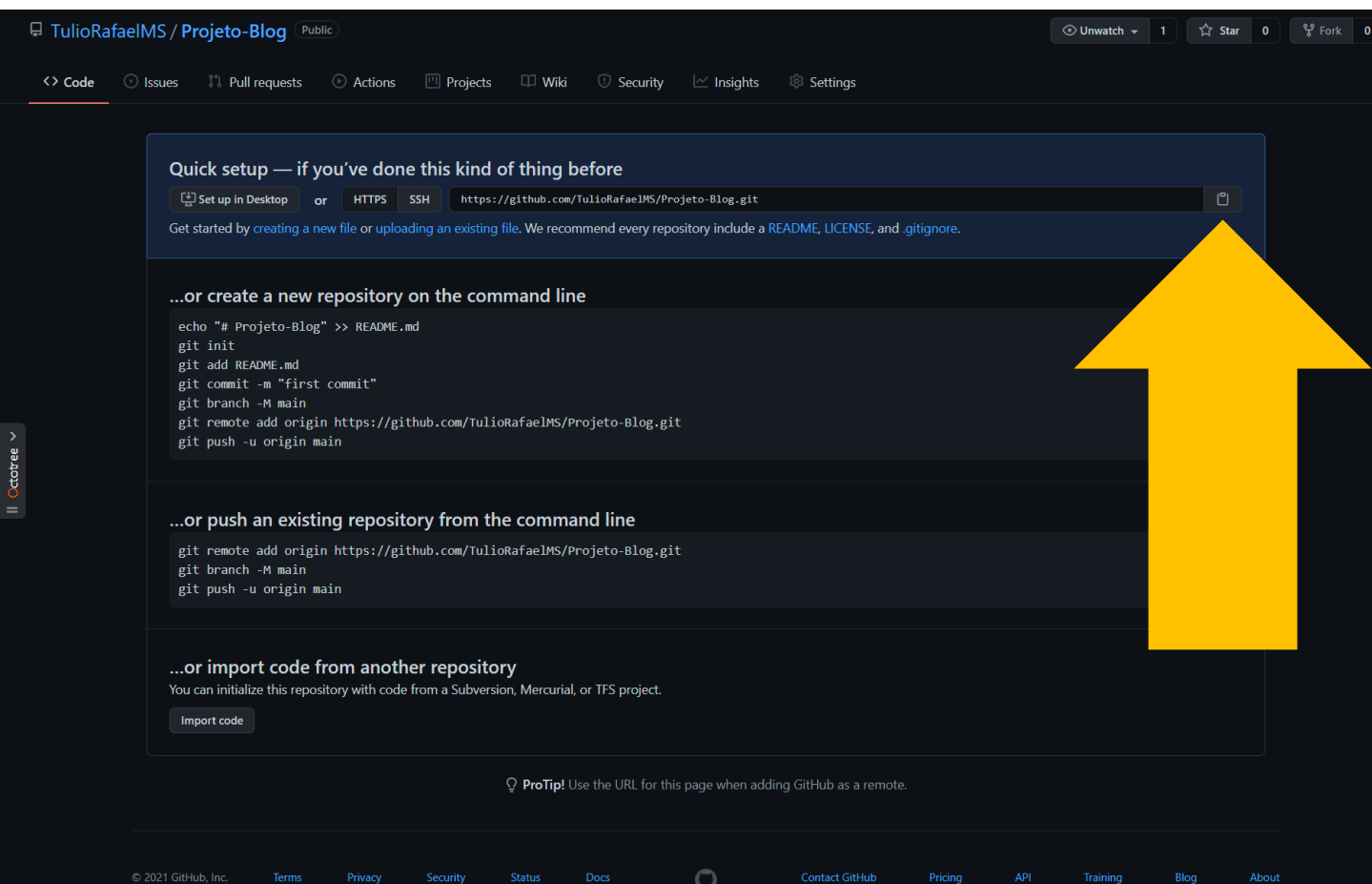


[Contact GitHub](#) [Pricing](#) [API](#) [Training](#) [Blog](#) [About](#)

Vamos subir para o GitHub



Repositorio criado, copie o endereço do repositorio do GitHub

A screenshot of a GitHub repository page for 'TulioRafaelMS / Projeto-Blog'. The page shows the repository's main interface with a dark theme. A large yellow arrow points to the 'Quick setup' section, which provides instructions for creating a new repository on the command line. The instructions include commands for initializing a repository, adding a README file, committing, creating a main branch, adding a remote origin, and pushing the code. The repository is currently public, and the page shows 1 star and 0 forks.

TulioRafaelMS / Projeto-Blog Public

Unwatch 1 Star 0 Fork 0

Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

Quick setup — if you've done this kind of thing before

Set up in Desktop or HTTPS SSH <https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git>

Get started by [creating a new file](#) or [uploading an existing file](#). We recommend every repository include a [README](#), [LICENSE](#), and [.gitignore](#).

...or create a new repository on the command line

```
echo "# Projeto-Blog" >> README.md
git init
git add README.md
git commit -m "first commit"
git branch -M main
git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git
git push -u origin main
```

...or push an existing repository from the command line

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git
git branch -M main
git push -u origin main
```

...or import code from another repository

You can initialize this repository with code from a Subversion, Mercurial, or TFS project.

Import code

ProTip! Use the URL for this page when adding GitHub as a remote.

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**Vamos subir
para o Git **Hub****

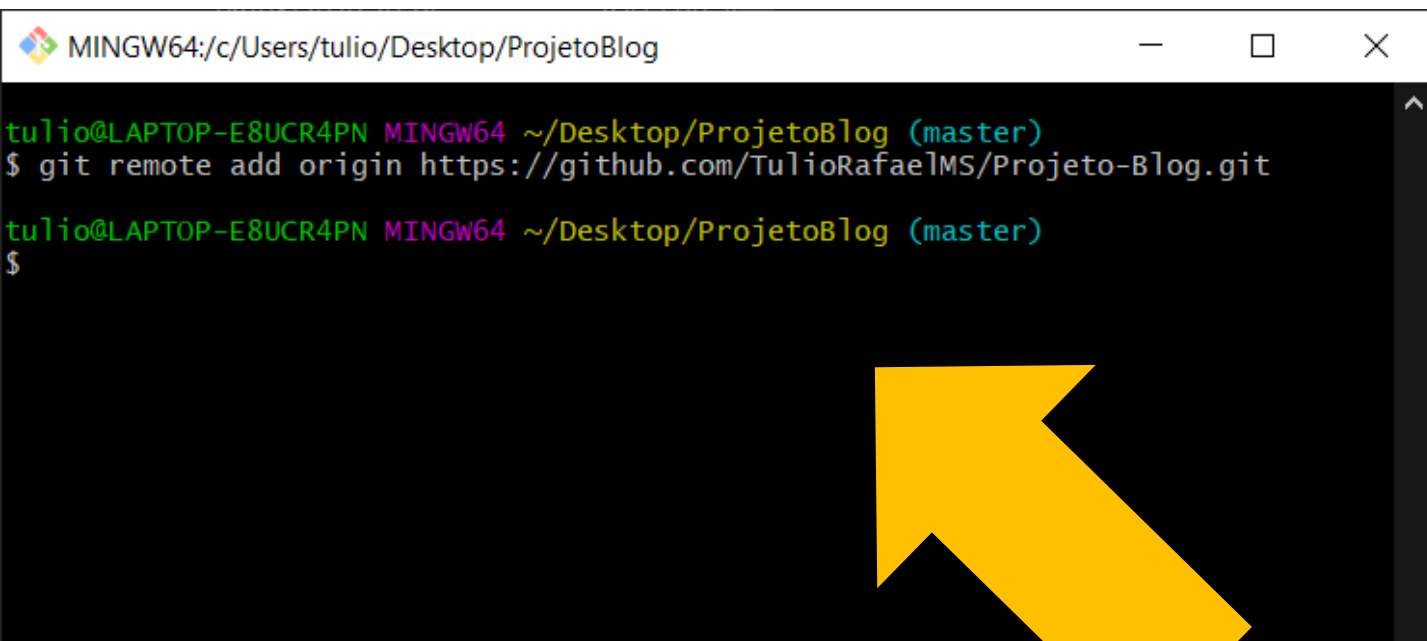


**Coloque o seguinte
comando no **GIT****

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git
```

comando

Endereço que copiou no **GitHub**

A screenshot of a Windows terminal window titled "MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog". The terminal shows the execution of the command "git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git" in a green monospace font. The prompt "\$" is visible at the end of the line. A large yellow arrow points from the bottom right towards the terminal window.

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog  
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)  
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git  
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)  
$
```

**Se aparecer mais coisa
aqui, confere o comando,
Algo esta errado!!!**

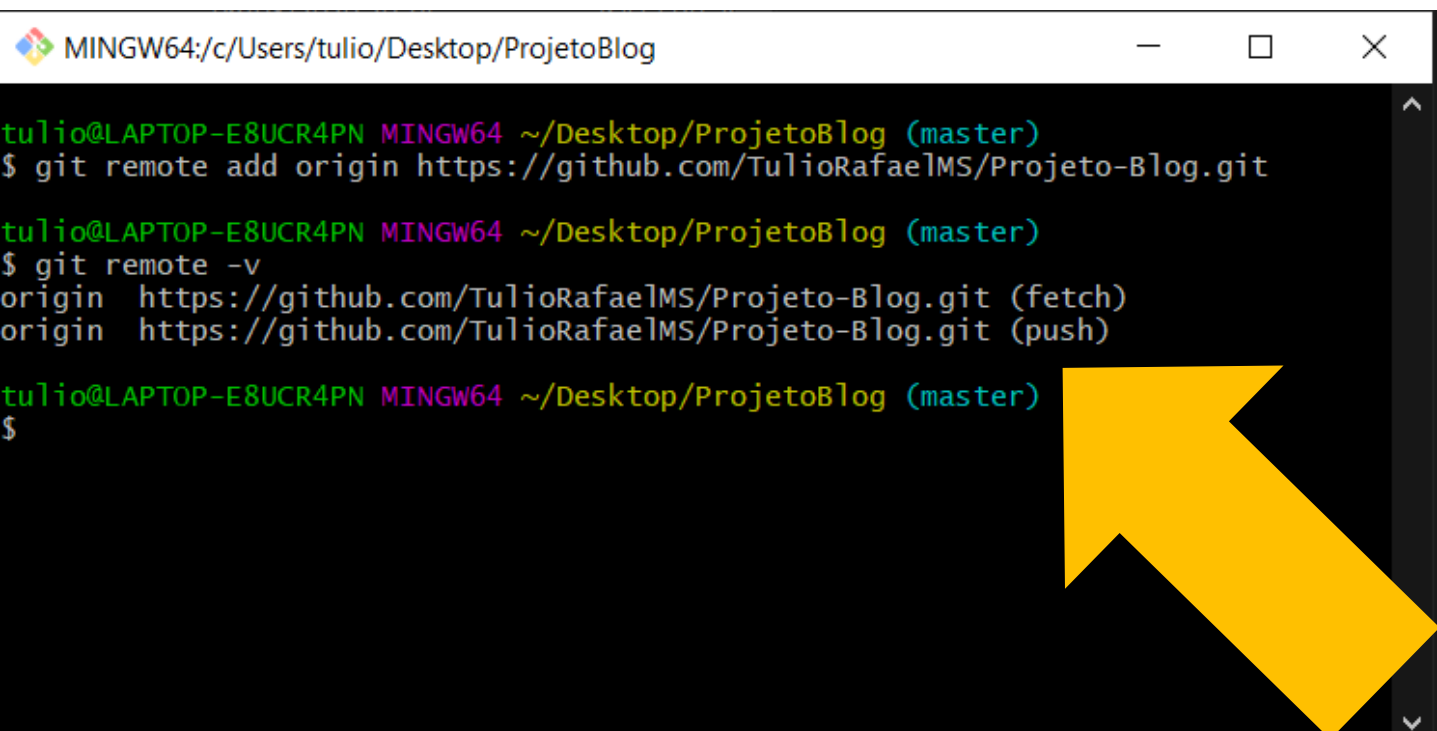
**Se aparecer igual na
imagem, esta OK**

**Vamos subir
para o GitHub**



**Coloque o seguinte
comando no GIT**

`git remote -v`

A screenshot of a Windows terminal window with a black background and white text. The window title bar shows "MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog" and standard window controls. The terminal output shows the user 'tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN' in the 'master' branch of the directory '~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog'. The first command is '\$ git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git'. The second command is '\$ git remote -v', which outputs two lines: 'origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (fetch)' and 'origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (push)'. The prompt '\$' is visible at the bottom. A large yellow arrow points from the bottom right towards the terminal output.

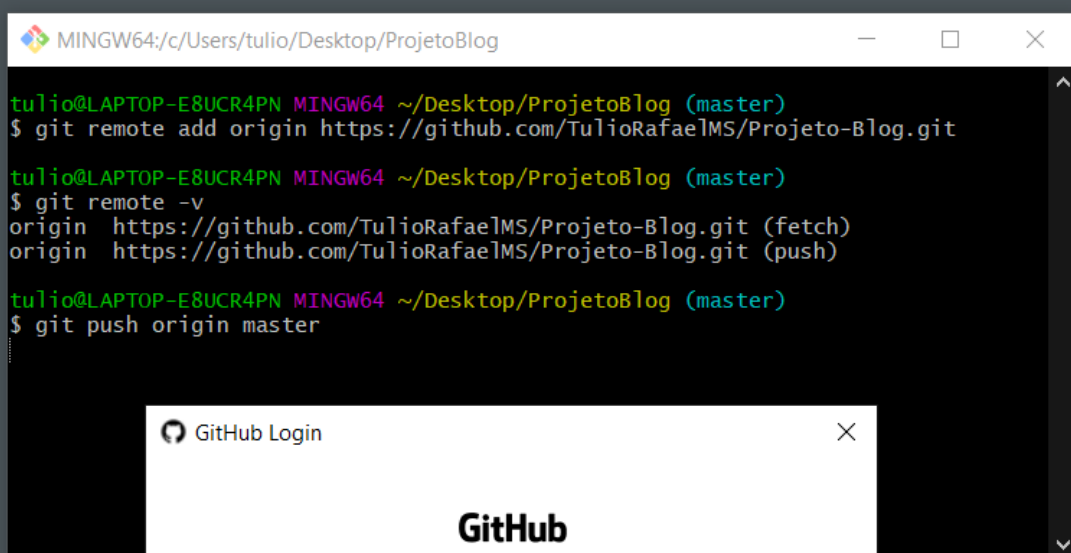
**Esse comando mostra a
lista de repositórios
cadastrados**

Vamos subir para o Git **Hub**



Agora vamos empurrar(PUSH) para o repositorio remoto(GitHub)

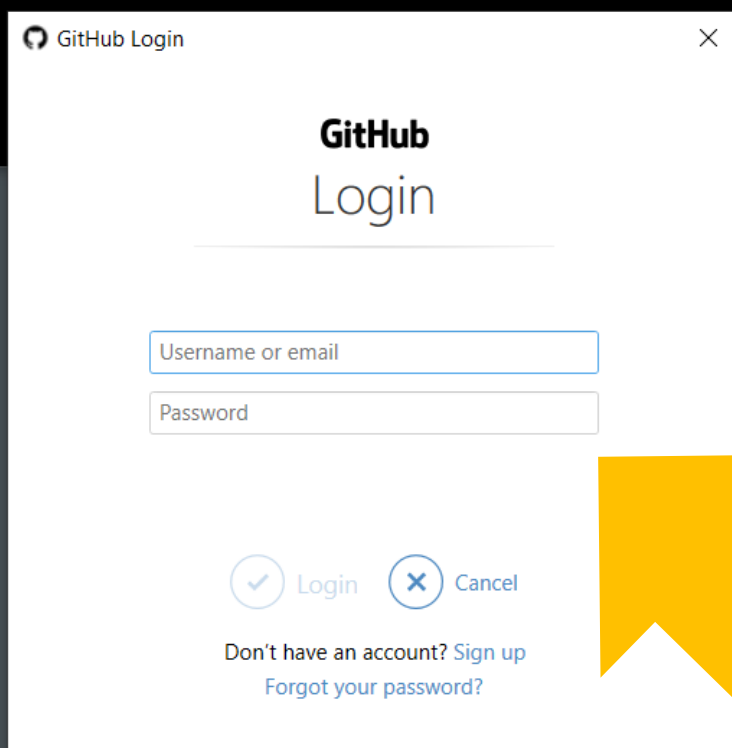
```
git push origin master
```

A screenshot of a Windows terminal window titled "MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog". The terminal shows the following commands and output:

```
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git remote -v
origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (fetch)
origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (push)

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git push origin master
```

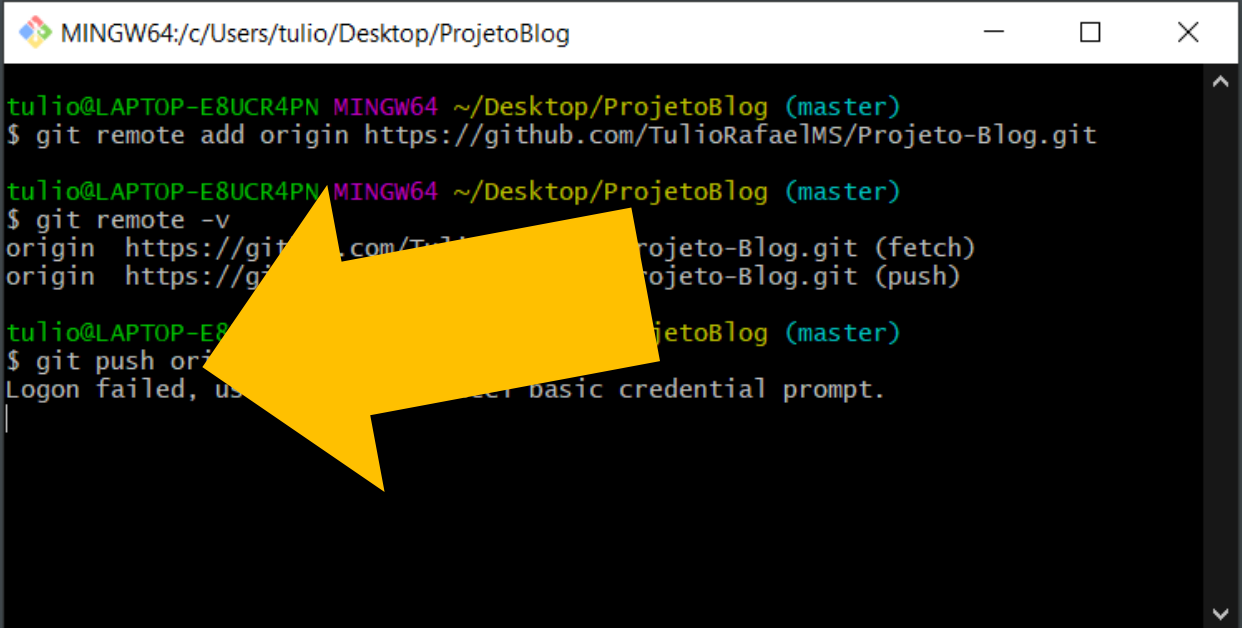
A screenshot of the GitHub Login dialog box. It has a title bar "GitHub Login" with a close button. The main text is "GitHub Login". Below it are two input fields: "Username or email" and "Password". At the bottom, there are two buttons: "Login" (with a checkmark icon) and "Cancel" (with an 'X' icon). Below the buttons, there is a link "Don't have an account? Sign up" and another link "Forgot your password?". A large yellow arrow points from the bottom right towards the "Login" button.

Acesse sua conta do GitHub

Vamos subir para o GitHub



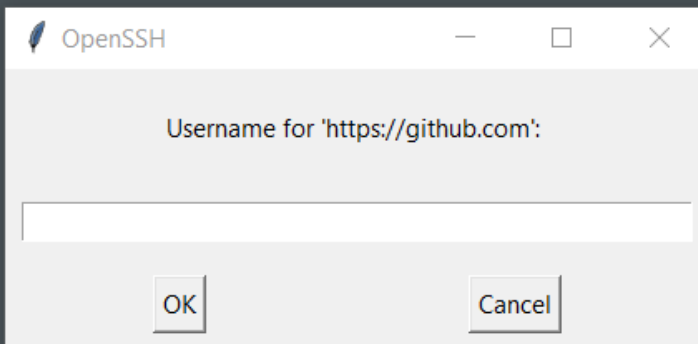
Errei a senha “#\$%%”@”

A screenshot of a Windows terminal window titled "MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog". The terminal shows the following commands and output:

```
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git remote -v
origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (fetch)
origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (push)

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git push origin master
Logon failed, use 'ssh -i' to specify a key file for basic credential prompt.
```

A large yellow arrow points from the "Logon failed" message to the "OpenSSH" dialog box below.A screenshot of an "OpenSSH" dialog box. The title bar says "OpenSSH". The main text reads "Username for 'https://github.com':". Below the text is a text input field. At the bottom are two buttons: "OK" and "Cancel".

**Vai pedir seu Nome
que esta no GitHub**

Vamos subir para o GitHub

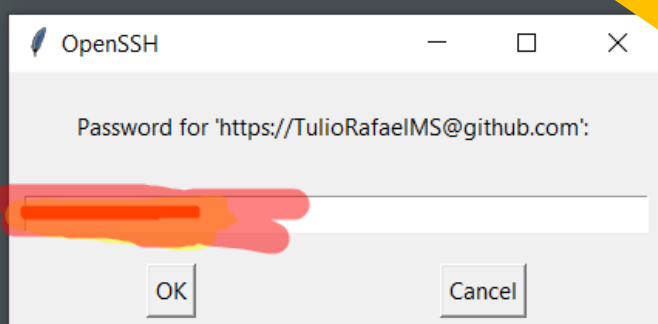


Errei a senha

```
MINGW64/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git remote -v
origin  https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (fetch)
origin  https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (push)

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git push origin master
Logon failed, use ctrl+c to cancel basic credential prompt.
```



E sua senha


**Se continuar dando
FATAL, segue o
passo a passo no
tutorial a baixo para
criar um Token**

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git remote -v
origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (fetch)
origin https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git (push)

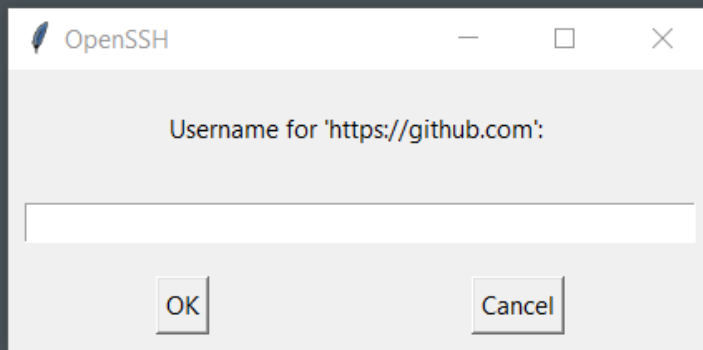
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git push origin master
Logon failed, use ctrl+c to cancel basic credential prompt.
remote: Support for password authentication was removed on August 13, 2021. Please use a personal access token instead.
remote: Please see https://github.blog/2020-12-15-token-authentication-requirements-for-git-operations/ for more information.
fatal: Authentication failed for 'https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git/'

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$
```

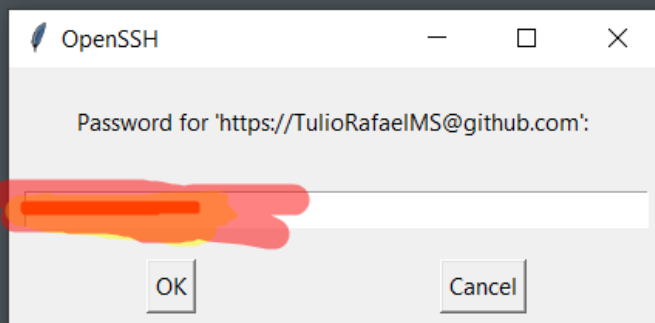


<https://docs.github.com/pt/github/authenticating-to-github/keeping-your-account-and-data-secure/creating-a-personal-access-token>

Username voce coloca o usuario GitHub



Password, voce coloca o codigo do Token



Se aparecer como a mensagem abaixo, deu bom

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/tulio/Desktop/ProjetoBlog
git/
tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ Tulio
bash: Tulio: command not found

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ git push origin master
Logon failed, use ctrl+c to cancel basic credential prompt.
TulioEnumerating objects: 11, done.
Counting objects: 100% (11/11), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (11/11), done.
Writing objects: 100% (11/11), 206.67 KiB | 18.79 MiB/s, done
Total 11 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
To https://github.com/TulioRafaelMS/Projeto-Blog.git
 * [new branch]      master -> master

tulio@LAPTOP-E8UCR4PN MINGW64 ~/Desktop/ProjetoBlog (master)
$ TulioAV|
```

Confere seu codigo no GitHub

TulioRafaelMS / Projeto-BlogPublic

Unwatch1

Star0

Fork0

<> Code

Issues

Pull requests

Actions

Projects

Wiki

Security

Insights

Settings

master1 branch0 tags

Go to fileAdd fileCode

TulioRafaelMS commit inicialcf479be2 hours ago1 commit

css	commit inicial	2 hours ago
img	commit inicial	2 hours ago
index.html	commit inicial	2 hours ago

Help people interested in this repository understand your project by adding a README.

Add a README

About

Meu primeiro projeto para um blog

Releases

No releases published
Create a new release

Packages

No packages published
Publish your first package

Languages

HTML64.9%

CSS35.1%

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GitHub

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