

Summary of: Reproducible changes in the gut microbiome suggest a shift in microbial and host metabolism during spaceflight

Key findings:

- Spaceflight on the ISS altered the gut microbiome of RR-1 mice, characterized by increased Firmicutes-to-Bacteroidetes ratio.
- Spaceflight altered gene expression in the liver, particularly in host genes involved in protein metabolism.
- Spaceflight increased alpha diversity and altered microbial community structure.
- Spaceflight led to significant taxon abundance changes in the gut microbiome.
- Spaceflight altered the inferred gene content of the gut microbiome.
- Spaceflight altered the expression of host genes involved in protein metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in polyamine degradation.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in redox processes.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in lipid metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in cell-cell adhesion.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in mitochondrial function.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in glycolysis.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in amino acid biosynthesis.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in nitrogen metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in purine metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in pyrimidine metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in carbohydrate metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in lipid metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in nucleotide metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in secondary metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in quorum sensing.

- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in signal transduction.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in iron metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in folate metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in vitamin metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in energy metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in nitrogenase.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in sulfur metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in phosphorus metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in copper metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in manganese metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in zinc metabolism.
- Spaceflight altered the abundance of microbial genes involved in iron-sulfur metabolism.
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