Lecture 11

Ciprian M. Crainiceanu

content

Outline

Stelli allu lea

Boxplots

KDEs

QQ-plots

Mosaic plot

Lecture 11

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Mosaic plot

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Outline

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Doxplot

QQ-piot.

- Histograms
- 2 Stem-and-leaf plots
- 3 Dot charts and dot plots
- 4 Boxplots
- **5** Kernel density estimates
- QQ-plots

Outillic

Histograms

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 Histograms display a sample estimate of the density or mass function by plotting a bar graph of the frequency or proportion of times that a variable takes specific values, or a range of values for continuous data, within a sample

Histograms

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Mosaic plo

 The data set islands in the R package datasets contains the areas of all land masses in thousands of square miles

- Load the data set with the command data(islands)
- View the data by typing islands
- Create a histogram with the command hist(islands)
- Do ?hist for options

Outline

Histograms

Stem and le

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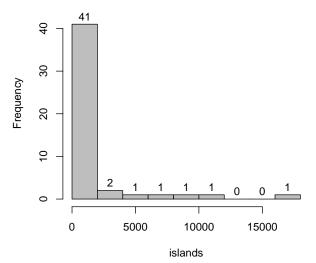
Boxplot

KDE:

QQ-plot

Mosaic plot

Histogram of islands



Outlin

Histograms

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QQ-plot

Mosaic plot

- Histograms are useful and easy, apply to continuous, discrete and even unordered data
- They use a lot of ink and space to display very little information
- It's difficult to display several at the same time for comparisons

Also, for this data it's probably preferable to consider log base 10 (orders of magnitude), since the raw histogram simply says that most islands are small

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Histograms

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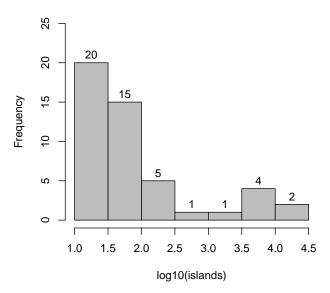
Boxplot

KDE

QQ-plot

Mosaic plot

Histogram of log10(islands)



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Mosaic plo

Stem-and-leaf plots

- Stem-and-leaf plots are extremely useful for getting distribution information on the fly
- They display the complete data set and waste little ink
- Two data sets' stem and leaf plots can be shown back-to-back for comparisons
- Created by John Tukey, a leading figure in the development of the statistical sciences and signal processing

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Stem and leaf

Doxplot

NDE

QQ-plot

Mosaic plot

> stem(log10(islands))

The decimal point is at the |

- 1 | 1111112222233444
- 1 | 5555556666667899999
- 2 | 3344
- 2 | 59
- 3
- 3 | 5678
- 4 | 012

Outille

Stem and lea

Dotcharts

Boxplot

KDEs

QQ-plot

Mosaic plot

- Dotcharts simply display a data set, one point per dot
- Ordering of the dots and labeling of the axes can display additional information
- Dotcharts show a complete data set and so have high information density
- May be impossible to construct/difficult to interpret for data sets with lots of points

library(datasets)
dotchart(log10(islands))

Victoria

imor

asmania aiwan Sumatra

akhalin

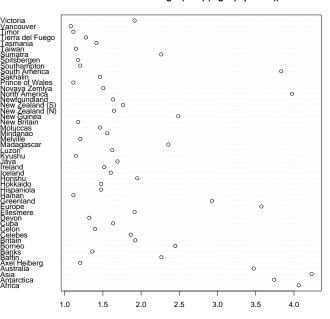
indanao 1elville

Kyushu reland celand ispaniola ainan Greenland Europe Ellesmere Devon Cuba Selon Celebes Britain Borneo

Asia Antarctica Africa

Dotcharts

islands data: log10(area) (log10(sq. miles))



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Stem and lea

Dotcharts

Boxplot:

KDEs

QQ-plot

- Maybe ordering alphabetically isn't the best thing for this data set
- Perhaps grouped by continent, then nations by geography (grouping Pacific islands together)?

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Stem and lea

Dotcharts

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Mosaic plot

Dotplots comparing grouped data

- For data sets in groups, you often want to display density information by group
- If the size of the data allows it, displaying the whole data is preferable
- Add horizontal lines to depict means, medians
- Add vertical lines to depict variation, show confidence intervals interquartile ranges
- Jitter the points to avoid overplotting (jitter)

Stem and lea

Dotcharts

Бохріоі

QQ-plot

- The InsectSprays dataset contains counts of insect deaths by insecticide type (A, B, C, D, E, F)
- You can obtain the data set with the command data(InsectSprays)

Outline

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Dotcharts

Doxplot

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The gist of the code is below

```
attach(InsectSprays)
plot(c(.5, 6.5), range(count))
sprayTypes <- unique(spray)</pre>
for (i in 1 : length(sprayTypes)){
  y <- count[spray == sprayTypes[i]]</pre>
  n <- sum(spray == sprayTypes[i])</pre>
  points(jitter(rep(i, n), amount = .1), y)
  lines(i + c(.12, .28), rep(mean(y), 2), lwd = 3)
  lines(rep(i + .2, 2),
        mean(y) + c(-1.96, 1.96) * sd(y) / sqrt(n)
```



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Histogram

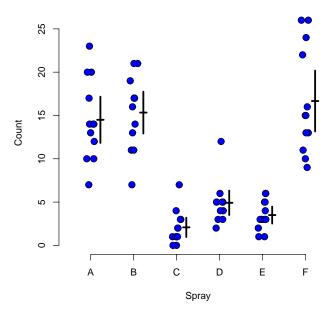
Stem and leaf

Dotcharts

Boxplots

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Stem and lea

Dotchar

Boxplots

KDE:

QQ-plo

- Boxplots are useful for the same sort of display as the dot chart, but in instances where displaying the whole data set is not possible
- Centerline of the boxes represents the median while the box edges correspond to the quartiles
- Whiskers extend out to a constant times the IQR or the max value
- Sometimes potential outliers are denoted by points beyond the whiskers
- Also invented by Tukey
- Skewness indicated by centerline being near one of the box edges

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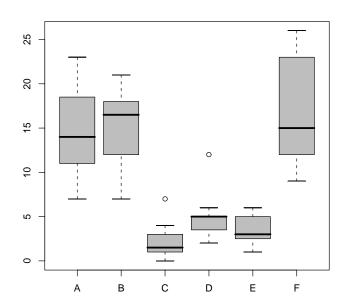
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Dotcha

Boxplots

KDE:

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Boxplots

Boxplots discussion

- Don't use boxplots for small numbers of observations, just plot the data!
- Try logging if some of the boxes are too squished relative to the other ones; you can convert the axis to unlogged units (though they will not be equally spaced anymore)
- For data with lots and lots of observations omit the outliers plotting if you get so many of them that you cant see the points
- Example of a bad box plot boxplot(rt(500, 2))

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Histogran

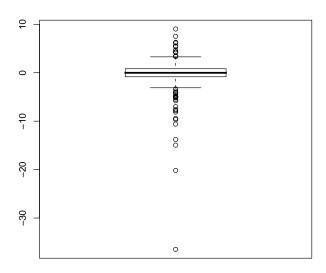
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Boxplots

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Kernel density estimates

- Kernel density estimates are essentially more modern versions of histograms providing density estimates for continuous data
- Observations are weighted according to a "kernel", in most cases a Gaussian density
- "Bandwidth" of the kernel effectively plays the role of the bin size for the histogram
 - a. Too low of a bandwidth yields a too variable (jagged) measure of the density
 - b. Too high of a bandwidth oversmooths
- The R function density can be used to create KDEs

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KDEs

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Mosaic plots

Data is the waiting and eruption times in minutes between eruptions of the Old Faithful Geyser in Yellowstone National park

```
data(faithful)
d <- density(faithful$eruptions, bw = "sj")
plot(d)</pre>
```

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Histograms

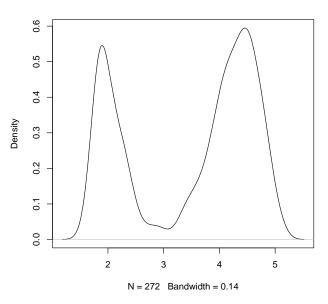
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KDEs

QQ-plo

Mosaic plo

Imaging example

- Consider the following image slice (created in R) from a high resolution MRI of a brain
- This is a single (axial) slice of a three-dimensional image
- Consider discarding the location information and plotting a KDE of the intensities

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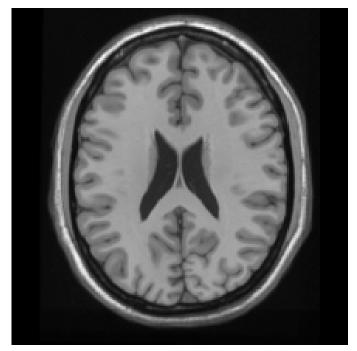


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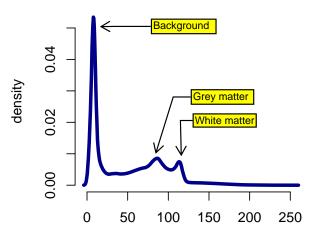
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QQ-plot



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QQ-plots

- QQ-plots (for quantile-quantile) are extremely useful for comparing data to a theoretical distribution
- Plot the empirical quantiles against theoretical quantiles
- Most useful for diagnosing normality

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Boxplots

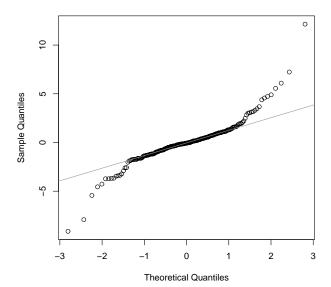
KDEs

QQ-plots

- Let x_p be the p^{th} quantile from a $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$
- Then $P(X \le x_p) = p$
- Clearly $P(Z \leq \frac{x_p \mu}{\sigma}) = p$
- Therefore $x_p = \mu + z_p \sigma$ (this should not be news)
- Result, quantiles from a $N(\mu,\sigma^2)$ population should be linearly related to standard normal quantiles
- A normal qq-plot plot the empirical quantiles against the theoretical standard normal quantiles
- In R qqnorm for a normal QQ-plot and qqplot for a qqplot against an arbitrary distribution

QQ-plots

Normal Q-Q Plot



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Normal Q-Q Plot

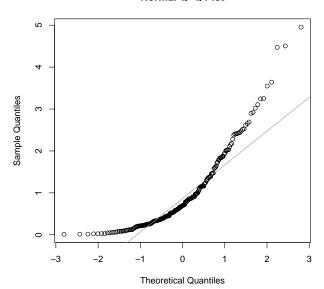


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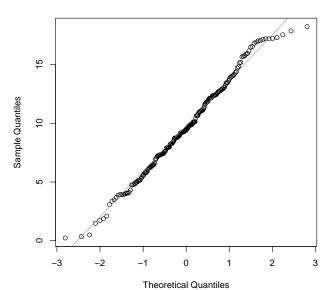
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KDEs

QQ-plots

Mosaic plot

Normal Q-Q Plot



Mosaic plots

Mosaic plots

for people from Caithness

library(MASS) data(caith)

data

caith

mosaicplot(caith, color = topo.colors(4),

main = "Mosaic plot")

Mosaic plots are useful for displaying contingency table

Consider Fisher's data regarding hair and eye color data

fair red medium dark black 3 blue 326 38 241 110 584 188 light 688 116 4 medium 343 84 909 412 26 dark 98 48 403 681 85 Lecture 11

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