



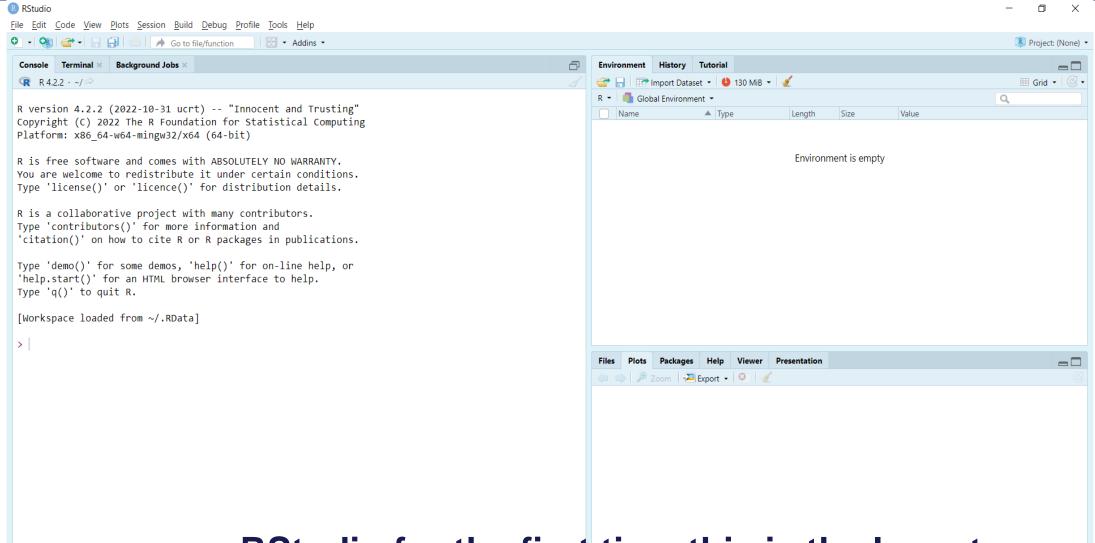
#### Introduction to R and RStudio

 R is a popular programming language for statistical computing and graphics.

- R is open-source, and there are many external packages suited for different purposes (e.g., data cleaning, visualization)
- RStudio, on the other hand, is an Integrated Environment (IDE) for R and is available in two formats: RStudio Desktop & RStudio server



#### RStudio interface

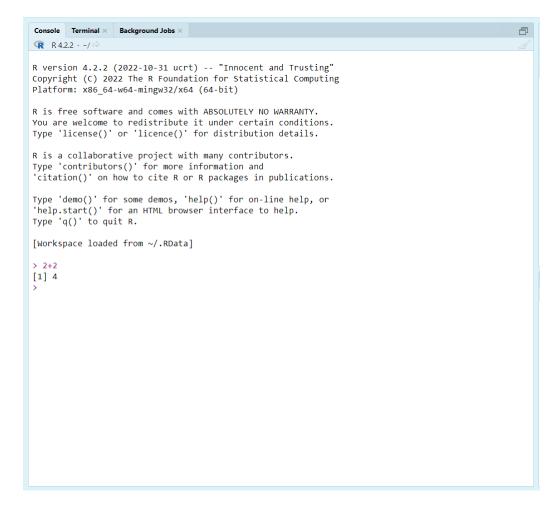


When you open RStudio for the first time this is the layout you see



#### Console

 The <u>Console</u> is the workhorse of R. This is where R evaluates all the code you write.

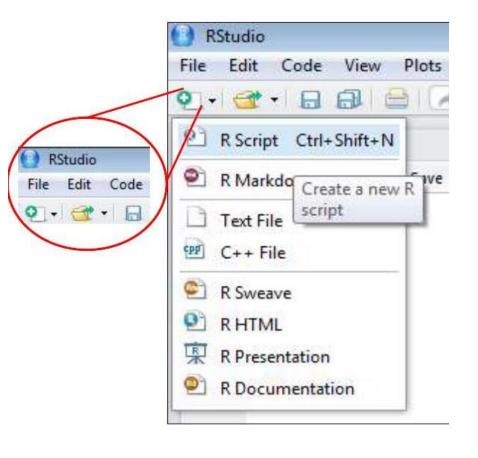


You can type R code directly into the Console at the command line prompt, >.

e.g. Please type 2+2 in the console and press the enter key



# R Script



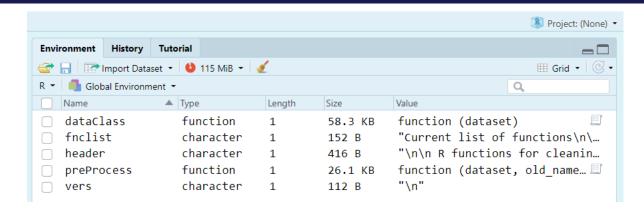
- Instead of typing R code directly into the Console a better approach is to create an R script.
- The new window is a script editor and where you will write your code, execute, and save it.
- e.g. Please type 2+2 in the script and click the icon run

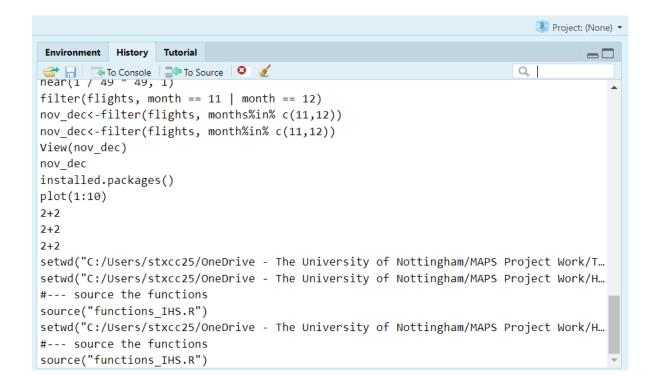




### **Environment/History/Tutorial**

- The Environment / History / Tutorial window shows you lots of useful information.
- The <u>'Environment'</u> tab displays all the objects you have created in the current (global) environment.
- The <u>'History'</u> tab contains a list of all the commands you have entered into the R Console.



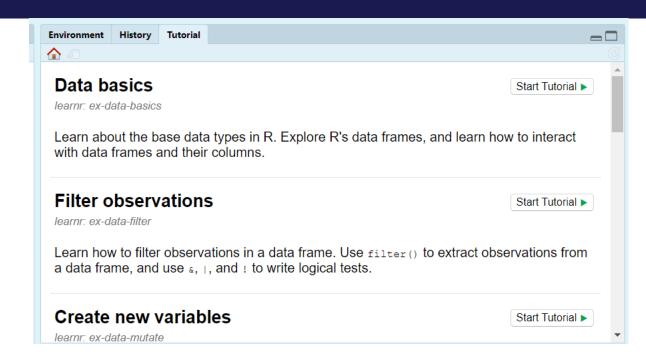


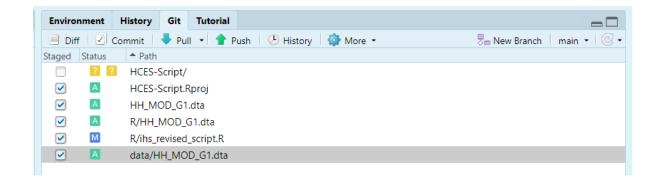


#### **Environment/History/Tutorial**

 The <u>'Tutorial'</u> tab allows you to access tutorials to help you better understand RStudio (very helpful resources there)

 The <u>'Git'</u> tab provides a links with your GitHub account (NB: this will appear later)

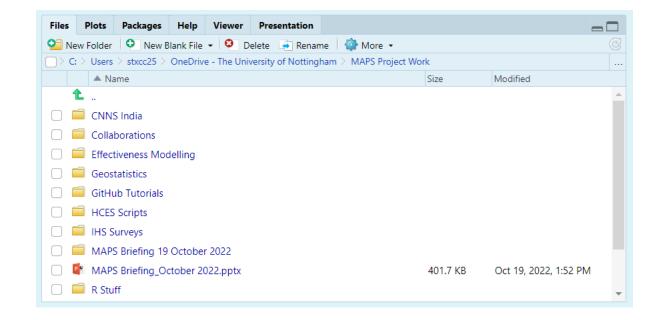






#### Files/Plots/Packages/Help/Presentation

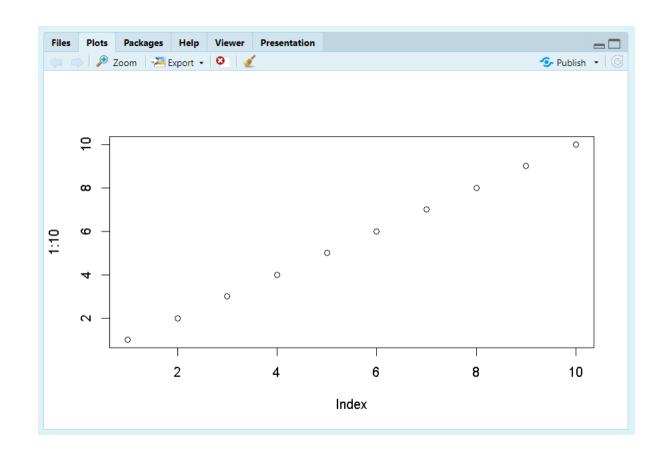
- The <u>'Files'</u> lists all external files and directories in the current working directory on your computer.
- The <u>'Packages'</u> tab lists all of the packages that you have installed on your computer.





### Files/Plots/Packages/Help/Presentation

- The 'Plot' tab is where all the plots you create in R are displayed (unless you tell R otherwise) – you can export, zoom your images
- The <u>'Help'</u> tab displays the R help documentation for any function.

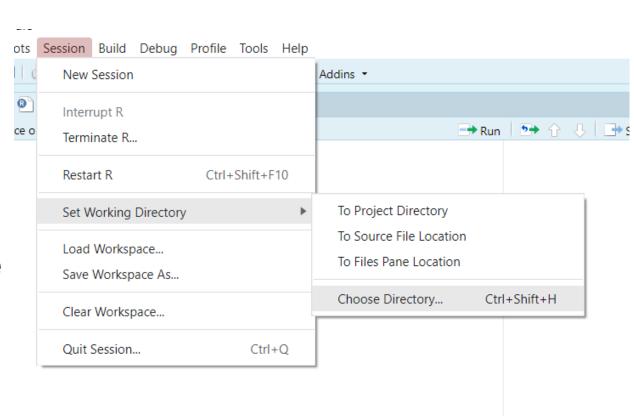


Can you type plot(1:10) in your script



### Working directories

- The working directory is the default location where R will look for files you want to load and where it will put any files you save.
- setwd() function uses an absolute file path which is specific to the computer you are working on
- getwd() function in the Console which returns the file path of the current working directory





Any questions so far?



#### Objects in R

- Everything in R is an object
- Objects can be almost anything, from a single number or character string (like a word) to highly complex structures like the output of a plot, a summary of your statistical analysis or a set of R commands that perform a specific task.
- Can then assign a value to this object using the assignment operator <- (sometimes called the gets operator).</li>



#### Some R basics

- R is case sensitive i.e. A is not the same as a and anova is not the same as Anova.
- # symbol is interpreted as a comment and ignored by R.
- + appears in the console after you execute your code this means that you haven't completed your code correctly.
- R is fairly tolerant of extra spaces inserted into your code Something fun: Please type the following in you script

A<-1

A<- 1

A < -1

What do you notice?



# Basic arithmetic and variable assignment

- In its most basic form, R can be used as a simple calculator.
  Consider the following arithmetic operators:
- Add: +
- Subtract: -
- Multiply: \*
- Divide: /
- Power: ^
- Modulo (remainder after division): %%



### Basic data types in R

- R works with numerous data types. Some of the most basic types to get started are:
- Numeric numbers e.g. (4.5, 4, 100)
- Logical— Boolean values e.g., true or false
- Characters
   — containers text (or string), numbers and special character e.g. "hello"



### Basic arithmetic and variable assignment

#### **Exercise 2.1**

- In RStudio please open the script "exer2.1.R"
- Set a working directory
- In this exercise you'll familiarise with basic arithmetic and variable assignment operations in R
- Then push your changes to GitHub

