# Ministerul Educaţiei și Cercetării al Republicii Moldova Universitatea Tehnică a Moldovei

**Facultatea Calculatoare, Informatică și Microelectronică**

Course: Formal Languages & Finite Automata

Laboratory work 4: Regular Expressions.

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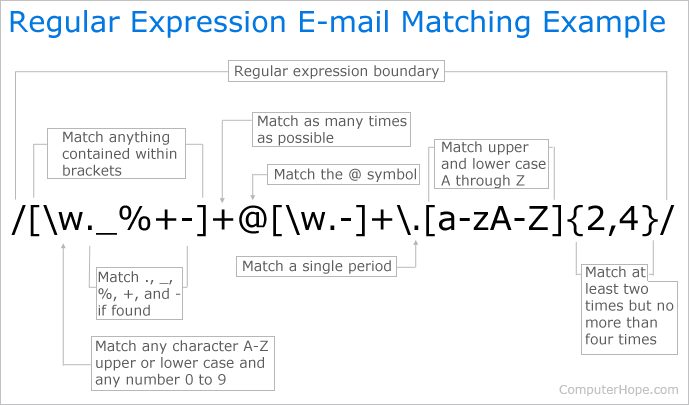
**Theory**

**Regular Expressions**

Short for regular expression, a regex is a string of text that lets you create patterns that help match, locate, and manage text. [Perl](https://www.computerhope.com/jargon/p/perl.htm) is a great example of a [programming language](https://www.computerhope.com/jargon/p/programming-language.htm) that utilizes regular expressions. However, it’s only one of the many places you can find regular expressions. Regular expressions can also be used from the command line and in text editors to find text within a file.

When first trying to understand regular expressions, it seems as if it's a different language. However, mastering regular expressions can save you thousands of hours if you work with text or need to parse large amounts of data.

Regex can be used to search, extract, validate, or transform text based on specified patterns. This pattern can be as basic as searching for a comma (,) in a text or as complex as searching for a valid email address in a text. Below is an example of a regular expression with each of its components labeled.



**Objectives**

1. Write and cover what regular expressions are, what they are used for;
2. Below you will find 3 complex regular expressions per each variant. Take a variant depending on your number in the list of students and do the following:

a. Write a code that will generate valid combinations of symbols conform given regular expressions (examples will be shown).

b. In case you have an example, where symbol may be written undefined number of times, take a limit of 5 times (to evade generation of extremely long combinations);

c. **Bonus point**: write a function that will show sequence of processing regular expression (like, what you do first, second and so on)

3. Write a good report covering all performed actions and faced difficulties.

## Implementation

Like my previous labs, I used Python to solve the problems. Starting off, I had the 3rd variant, which had these regular expressions:

* O(P|Q|R)+2(3|4)
* A\*B(C|D|E)E(G|H|i)^2
* J+K(L|M|N)\*O?(P|Q)^3

I initially started off by making a function that would parse these 3 specifics regular expressions and generate a word based on them (using 5 as the limit for the number of “infinite” iterations).

A screen shot of a computer

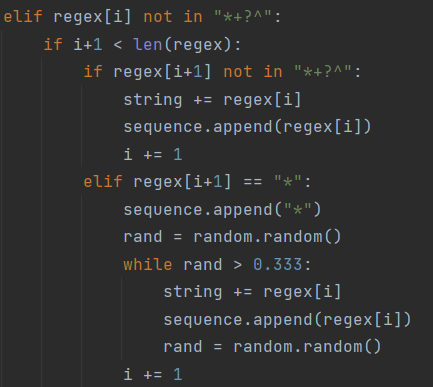
Description automatically generated

For the second part/bonus point, I made a function that would take any regex and parse it, generating a valid string. We start off with a while loop, where we check the current regex character to see if there’s a parenthesis or a regular character.

A computer screen shot of a program code

Description automatically generated

If there’s no parenthesis and we’re not in an expression, it means we currently have a character which we must append to the string. However, we first check if the next character is a special character, meaning we’d have to allow for special behavior instead of appending the character to the string. After we’re out of the loop, we return the newly created string along with the sequence of operations to the user.



# Results

Input:

A screen shot of a computer code

Description automatically generated

Output:



**Conclusions**

In this laboratory work, I learnt about how to implement my own regular expression parser. By making use of special symbols – “()|\*+?^”, we can create complex patterns that could be used to generate/parse various pieces of text for specific bits of information, which would otherwise take a long time to scan, thus saving resources and time.

While working on this, I didn’t encounter any challenges/problems, it was relatively straightforward. After I finished the first part which encompassed my variant’s regular expressions, I worked on an “universal” regex parser, which would take any regex that follows the rules defined in the laboratory to generate legal words. Another important part is that I understood how regex works under the hood. I’ve used it a lot in the past, but I’ve never really researched about how it works, sifting through the input text to find the patterns and return all sequences which are valid for the pattern.

To conclude, regex is a very important tool, and learning about its implementation taught me a lot about how it works, what it does exactly, and what it should output. Additionally, this knowledge could be useful in creating a domain-specific regex for my ELSD classes, allowing users to make their own patterns.

**References:**

1. What is a Regex (Regular Expression)? [online]. [accessed 01.04.2024]. Available: <https://www.computerhope.com/jargon/r/regex.htm>
2. Understanding Regular Expressions (Regex). [online]. [accessed 01.04.2024]. Available: <https://medium.com/@victoriousjvictor/understanding-regular-expressions-regex-e1c048f5aa6c>