

Introducción a la Inferencia Bayesiana

La práctica

Operacionales

- Trabajo en grupos de $N < 3$ ($N \leq 2$)
- Modalidad “*Hágalo Usted Mismo*”
- Mayormente en computadora
- Seguimos apunte de *Wagenmakers & Lee*
- Herramienta a elección

Herramientas

- WinBUGS/jags (+MATLAB)
- pymc
- church
- WebPPL

WinBUGS/jags

- Enlatado/open source
- Interfaz gráfica, pero se puede usar sin
- Sintaxis cercana a R
- Scripts de MATLAB y R para correr
- Usado en el apunte
- Herramienta más *standard*, no muy flexible
- <http://mcmc-jags.sourceforge.net/>

WinBUGS/jags

```
1  # Difference Between Two Rates
2
3  model {
4
5  # Prior on Rates
6  theta1 ~ dbeta(1,1)
7  theta2 ~ dbeta(1,1)
8
9  # Observed Counts
10 k1 ~ dbin(theta1,n1)
11 k2 ~ dbin(theta2,n2)
12
13 # Difference between Rates
14 delta <- theta1-theta2
15
16 }
```

Calling matjags.m

```
34 %% Defining observed data
35 k1=0; % number of observed successes
36 n1=10; % number of observations total
37 k2=10;
38 n2=10;
39 % Create a single structure that has the data for all observed JAGS nodes
40 %datastruct = struct('k',k,'n',n);
41 datastruct = struct('k1',k1, 'k2',k2, 'n1',n1, 'n2',n2);
42
43 %% Set initial values for latent variable in each chain
44 for i=1:nchains
45     S.theta1 = 0.5; % An Initial Value for the Success Rate
46     S.theta2 = 0.5; % An Initial Value for the Success Rate
47     init0(i) = S; % init0 is a structure array that has the initial values for all latent v
48 end
49
50 %% Calling JAGS to sample
51 doparallel = 0; % do not use parallelization
52 fprintf( 'Running JAGS...\n' );
53 tic
54
55 [samples, stats, structArray] = matjags( ...
56     datastruct, ... % Observed data %fullfile('Rate_1.txt'),
57     fullfile(pwd, 'Rate_2.txt'), ... % File that contains model definition
58     init0, ... % Initial values for latent variables
59     'doparallel' , doparallel, ... % Parallelization flag
60     'nchains', nchains,... % Number of MCMC chains
61     'nburnin', nburnin,... % Number of burnin steps
62     'nsamples', nsamples, ... % Number of samples to extract
63     'thin', 1, ... % Thinning parameter
64     'dic', 1, ... % Do the DIC?
65     'monitorparams', {'delta1', ... % List of latent variables to monitor
```

pymc

- Librería de python
- Más flexible, menos robusta?
- python
- <https://pypi.python.org/pypi/pymc>

pymc

```
1
2 import numpy as np
3 import pymc
4
5 def make_model(data, subject_trials):
6
7     n_blocks=data.shape[1]
8     n_trials_0=subject_trials/2
9     n_trials_1=subject_trials/2
10
11     theta0=np.empty(n_blocks, dtype=object)
12     theta1=np.empty(n_blocks, dtype=object)
13     k0=np.empty(n_blocks, dtype=object)
14     k1=np.empty(n_blocks, dtype=object)
15
16     for i in range(n_blocks):
17         theta0[i]=pymc.Uniform('theta0_{0}'.format(i), 0, 1)
18         theta1[i]=pymc.Uniform('theta1_{0}'.format(i), 0, 1)
19
20         k0[i]=pymc.Binomial('k0_{0}'.format(i), p=theta0[i], n=n_trials_0, value=data[0])
21         k1[i]=pymc.Binomial('k1_{0}'.format(i), p=theta1[i], n=n_trials_1, value=data[1])
22
23     @pymc.deterministic
24     def delta(x=theta0, y=theta1):
25         return [xi-yi for xi,yi in zip(x,y)]
26
27     return locals()
28
29
30
31 #####
32 model=pymc.MCMC(testBernoulliModel)
33 model.sample(iter=1000, burn=100, thin=5)
34
```


church

- Lenguaje funcional probabilístico, basado en *scheme*
- Muestras \leftrightarrow Ejecuciones
- Diseñado para ciencias cognitivas
- “Lenguaje de la mente”
- Varios compiladores, complejo hacerlos andar, resultados diversos: mejor en web
- <https://probmods.org> (lenguaje + libro)

church

```
(define samples
  (mh-query
    200 100

    (define smokes (flip 0.2))

    (define lung-disease (or (flip 0.001) (and smokes (flip 0.1))))
    (define cold (flip 0.02))

    (define cough (or (and cold (flip 0.5)) (and lung-disease (flip 0.5)) (flip 0.01)))
    (define fever (or (and cold (flip 0.3)) (flip 0.01)))
    (define chest-pain (or (and lung-disease (flip 0.2)) (flip 0.01)))
    (define shortness-of-breath (or (and lung-disease (flip 0.2)) (flip 0.01)))

    (list cold lung-disease)

    cough))

(hist (map first samples) "cold")
(hist (map second samples) "lung-disease")
(hist samples "cold, lung-disease")
```

WebPPL

- Lenguaje funcional probabilístico, *subset* de JavaScript
- Misma gente que church
- Mismas ideas que church
- Varios compiladores, complejo hacerlos andar, resultados diversos: mejor en web
- <https://github.com/probmods/webppl>
- Libro asociado: <http://dippl.org/>