Learning and Reasoning in Logic Tensor Networks Hackaton Proposal

Luciano Serafini¹, Artur d'Avila Garces², Dr Tillman Weyde²

¹Fondazione Bruno Kessler, Italy ²City University London, UK

May 9, 2017

Objective

- LTN 101
- Explain how it works on a simple scenario;
- Discusso some idea of further application (simple) scenario;
- Get more accountant with LTN;
- Start some development of the new scenario in LTN.

LTN 101

- install python 2.7/3.5 or later;
- install tensorflow instructions at https://www.tensorflow.org/install;
- get logictensornetwork.py and the code of the first example by cloning the git repository

git clone http://gitlab.fbk.eu/serafini/dagstuhl_hackaton_on_LTN.git

Simple example

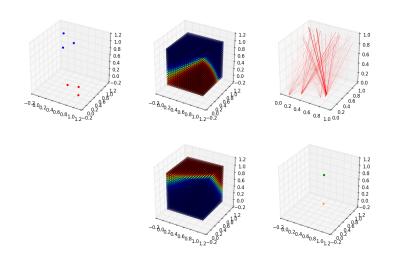
Knowledge

```
domain = [0, 1]^3
A(a_1), A(a_2), A(a_3)
B(b_1), B(b_2), B(b_3)
A(c) \vee B(c)
\forall x A(x) \rightarrow \neg B(x)
\forall xy.(R(x,y) \rightarrow A(x))
\forall xy.(R(x,y) \rightarrow B(y))
R(a_1,d)
f(a_1) = [1.0, 0.0, 0.0]
f(a_2) = [0.7, 0.0, 0.2]
f(a_3) = [0.9, 0.2, 0.1]
f(b_1) = [0.0, 1.0, 1.0]
f(b_2) = [0.1, 0.8, 0.7]
f(b_3) = [0.3, 1.0, 0.8]
\forall xy(|f(y)-f(x)|<\frac{1}{2}\rightarrow R(x,y))
```

Queries

```
?A(c)
?B(c)
?A(d)
?B(d)
?A(x)|x \in [0,1]^3
?B(x)|x \in [0,1]^3
?R(x,y)|x,y \in [0,1]^3
?f(c)
?f(d)
```

Simple example



... please join us it will be fun !!!!

