

Yakimochi

Beijing U of Posts and Tel

9646516 x JinHaonan x LucidaLu

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1 Environment

1.1 .vimrc

```
set tabstop=4
set shiftwidth=4
set autoindent
set cindent
set number
syntax on
inoremap {<tab> {}<left><return><up><end><return>
imap ` < c-n >
inoremap <c-l> <up><end><space>{<down><end><cr>}<up><end>
inoremap <c-k> <up><end><bs><down><down><esc>ddi<up><end>
set timeoutlen=150
set cino=l-s
set filetype=cpp
iab 11 long long
iab opn freopen("input", "r", stdin)
autocmd BufNewFile *.cpp Or ~/template.cpp
```

1.2 .bashrc

```
alias g++='g++ -Wall -Wextra -g -fsanitize=undefined -std=c++14'
```

2 Mathematics

2.1 Miller Rabin and Pollard Rho

```
namespace MillerRabin {
   long long Mul(long long a,long long b,long long mo){
        long long tmp=a*b-(long long)((long double)a/mo*b+1e-8)*mo;
        return (tmp%mo+mo)%mo;
   }
   long long Pow(long long a,long long b,long long mo){
        long long res=1;
        for(;b;b>>=1,a=Mul(a,a,mo))if(b&1)res=Mul(res,a,mo);
        return res;
   }
   bool IsPrime(long long n){
        if(n==2)return 1;
        if(n<2||!(n&1))return 0;</pre>
        static const int P=9,num[P]={2,3,5,7,11,13,17,19,23};
        long long x=n-1;int t=0;
        for(;!(x&1);x>>=1)++t;
        for(int i=1;i<P;++i){</pre>
            long long a=num[i]%(n-1)+1,res=Pow(a%n,x,n),last=res;
            for(int j=1;j<=t;++j){</pre>
                res=Mul(res,res,n);
```

```
if(res==1&&last!=1&&last!=n-1)return 0;
                last=res;
            }
            if(res!=1)return 0;
        }
        return 1;
    }
}
namespace PollardRho {
    using namespace MillerRabin;
    unsigned long long seed;
    long long Rand(long long mo){
        return (seed+=417934045419982028911)%mo;
    }
    long long F(long long x,long long c,long long mo){
        return (Mul(x,x,mo)+c)%mo;
    }
    long long gcd(long long a,long long b){
        return b?gcd(b,a%b):a;
    }
    long long Get(long long c,long long n){
        long long x=Rand(n),y=F(x,c,n),p=n;
        for(;x!=y&&(p==n||p==1);x=F(x,c,n),y=F(F(y,c,n),c,n))
            p=x>y?gcd(n,x-y):gcd(n,y-x);
        return p;
    }
    void Divide(long long n,long long p[]){
        if(n<2)return;</pre>
        if(IsPrime(n)){p[++*p]=n;return;}
        for(;;){
            long long tmp=Get(Rand(n-1)+1,n);
            if (tmp!=1&&tmp!=n) {
                Divide(tmp,p);
                Divide(n/tmp,p);
                return;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

2.2 Simplex

```
namespace Simplex {//(<=)+(Maximize)
  const int XN=0,XM=0;
  const double eps=1e-5,inf=1e100;</pre>
```

```
int sgn(double const &x) {
        return (x>-eps)-(x<eps);</pre>
    }
    int n,m;
    double a[XM][XN],b[XM],c[XN],v;
    void Pivot(int 1,int e) {
        b[1]/=a[1][e];
        for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
             if(i!=e) a[l][i]/=a[l][e];
        a[l][e]=1/a[l][e];
        for(int i=1;i<=m;++i)</pre>
             if(i!=1 && sgn(a[i][e])) {
                 b[i]-=a[i][e]*b[1];
                 for(int j=1; j<=n;++j)</pre>
                     if(j!=e)
                          a[i][j]-=a[i][e]*a[1][j];
                 a[i][e]*=-a[l][e];
             }
        v+=c[e]*b[1];
        for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
             if(i!=e)
                 c[i]-=c[e]*a[l][i];
        c[e]*=-a[1][e];
    }
    double Run() {
        for(int l,e;(e=std::find if(c+1,c+1+n,[&](double const &x)->bool {
                          return sgn(x)>0;} )-c)!=n+1;) {
             double lim=inf;
             for(int i=1;i<=m;++i)</pre>
                 if(IsPositive(a[i][e]) && Reduce(lim,b[i]/a[i][e]))
             if(lim==inf)
                 return inf;
             else
                 Pivot(1,e);
        return v;
    }
}
```

2.3 Gauss

```
typedef double Square[XN][XN];
void Gauss(Square A,int n) {
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) {
        int id=i;
        for(int j=i+1;j<=n;++j)
            if(abs(A[j][i])>abs(A[id][i]))
            id=j;
```

```
std::swap_ranges(A[i]+1,A[i]+n+2,A[id]+1);
         for(int k=i+1;k<=n+1;++k)</pre>
              A[i][k]/=A[i][i];
         A[i][i]=1;
         for(int j=i+1; j<=n;++j) {</pre>
              for(int k=i+1; k<=n+1; ++k)</pre>
                  A[j][k] -= A[j][i] * A[i][k];
              A[j][i]=0;
         }
    }
    for(int i=n;i>=1;--i) {
         for(int j=i+1; j<=n;++j) {</pre>
              A[i][n+1] -= A[j][n+1] * A[i][j];
              A[i][j]=0;
         }
    }
}
```

2.4 Determinant

```
typedef int Square[XN][XN];
//Matrix-Tree 度数-邻接
int Determinant(Square a,int n) {
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
        for(int j=1;j<=n;++j)</pre>
             ((a[i][j]%=P)+=P)%=P;
    int f=1;
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) {</pre>
        int &A=a[i][i];
        for(int j=i+1; j<=n;++j) {</pre>
             for(int &B=a[j][i];B;f=P-f) {
                 int t=A/B;
                 for(int k=1;k<=n;++k)</pre>
                      a[i][k]=Minus(a[i][k],Mul(a[j][k],t));
                 std::swap_ranges(a[i]+1,a[i]+1+n,a[j]+1);
             }
        }
    }
    int res=f;
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
        res=Mul(a[i][i],res);
    return res;
}
```

2.5 Simpson Formula

```
typedef std::pair<double,double> Point;
double Simpson(Point const &1,Point const &r,Point const &mid) {
   return (r.first-l.first)/6*(l.second+r.second+4*mid.second);
}
```

3 Geometry

3.1 Basic Definations

```
const double eps=1e-10;
int sgn(double const &x) {
   return (x>-eps)-(x<eps);</pre>
}
double p2(double const &x) {
   return x*x;
}
struct Point {
   double x,y;
   double Length() const {
        return sqrt(x*x+y*y);
   }
   Point Normal() const {
        return {-y,x};
   }
   Point Unit() const {
        double len=Length();
        return Point{x/len,y/len};
   }
   friend Point operator +(const Point &a,const Point &b) {
        return {a.x+b.x,a.y+b.y};
   }
   friend Point operator -(const Point &a,const Point &b) {
```

```
return {a.x-b.x,a.y-b.y};
   }
   friend Point operator *(const Point &a,const double &k) {
        return Point{a.x*k,a.y*k};
   }
   friend Point operator /(const Point &a,const double &k) {
        return Point{a.x/k,a.y/k};
   }
   friend double Inner(const Point &a,const Point &b) {
        return a.x*b.x+a.y*b.y;
   }
   friend double Outer(const Point &a,const Point &b) {
        return a.x*b.y-a.y*b.x;
   }
};
struct Line {
   Point p,v;
   double ang;
};
double Dist(const Point &a,const Point &b) {
   return (a-b).Length();
}
double Dist(const Point &a,Line const &1) {
   return fabs(Outer(a-1.p,1.v))/1.v.Length();
}
Point Cross(Line const &11, Line const &12) {
   double t=Outer(12.v,11.p-12.p)/Outer(11.v,12.v);
   return l1.p+l1.v*t;
}
```

3.2 Convex Hull

3.3 Half Plane Intersect

```
bool OnLeft(const Point &p,Line const &l) {
   return sgn(Outer(1.v,p-1.p))>0;
}
bool Paral(Line const &11,Line const &12) {
    return sgn(Outer(11.v,12.v))==0;
}
int Intersect(Line 1[],int n,Line uni[]) {
    std::sort(l+1,l+1+n,[](Line const &a,Line const &b) { return a.ang<b.ang; });
   static Point Qp[XN];static Line Ql[XN];
   int head,tail;Ql[head=tail=1]=1[1];
    for(int i=2;i<=n;++i) {</pre>
        while(tail-head>=1 && !OnLeft(Qp[tail-1],l[i]))
            tail--;
        while(tail-head>=1 && !OnLeft(Qp[head],1[i]))
            head++;
        Q1[++tail]=1[i];
        if(Paral(Ql[tail-1],Ql[tail])){
            if(OnLeft(l[i].p,Ql[tail]))
                Q1[tail]=1[i];
        }
        if(tail-head>=1)
            Qp[tail-1]=Cross(Ql[tail-1],Ql[tail]);
   }
   while(tail-head>=1 && !OnLeft(Qp[tail-1],Ql[head]))
        tail--:
    if(tail-head>=1) {
        std::copy(Ql+head,Ql+tail+1,uni+1);
        return tail-head+1;
   } else
        return 0;
}
```

3.4 Minimal Covering Circle

```
struct Circle {
   Point o;
```

```
double r:
   Circle(Point o,double r):o(o),r(r) {}
};
Point CircleCenter(Point p1,Point p2,Point p3) {
    long double a1=p2.x-p1.x,b1=p2.y-p1.y,c1=(a1*a1+b1*b1)/2;
   long double a2=p3.x-p1.x,b2=p3.y-p1.y,c2=(a2*a2+b2*b2)/2;
   long double d=a1*b2-a2*b1;
   return {p1.x+(c1*b2-c2*b1)/d,p1.y+(a1*c2-a2*c1)/d};
}
Circle MinCoveringCircle(Point p[],int n) {
    std::random shuffle(p+1,p+1+n);
   Point o=p[1];double r=0;
   for(int i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
        if(sgn(Dist(o,p[i])-r)>0) {
            o=p[i],r=0;
            for(int j=1;j<i;j++)</pre>
                if(sgn(Dist(o,p[j])-r)>0) {
                     o=(p[i]+p[j])/2;
                     r=Dist(o,p[i]);
                     for(int k=1;k<j;k++)</pre>
                         if(sgn(Dist(o,p[k])-r)>0) {
                             o=CircleCenter(p[i],p[j],p[k]);
                             r=Dist(o,p[k]);
                         }
                }
   return Circle(o,r);
}
```

3.5 Diameter of Point Set

```
double MaxDist(Point p[],int n) {
    //输入必须有序
    if(n==2) {
        return Dist(p[1],p[2]);
    } else {
        double res=0;
        for(int i=1,cp=2;i<=n;++i) {
            Line cl(p[i],p[i%n+1]-p[i]);
            while(Dist(p[cp],cl)<Dist(p[cp%n+1],cl))
            cp=cp%n+1;
            Enlarge(res,std::max(Dist(p[cp],p[i]),Dist(p[cp],p[i%n+1])));
        }
        return res;
    }
}
```

3.6 Shortest Distance Between Points

```
double DC(int L,int R) {
    if(L==R)
        return inf;
    else {
        int M=(L+R)/2; double x0=p[M].x;
        double h=std::min(DC(L,M),DC(M+1,R));
        static Point s1[XN],s2[XN],t[XN];
        int c1=0,c2=0;
        for(int i=L;i<=M;++i)</pre>
             if(x0-p[i].x \le h)
                 s1[++c1]=p[i];
        for(int i=M+1;i<=R;++i)</pre>
             if(p[i].x-x0 \le h)
                 s2[++c2]=p[i];
        for(int p1=1,p2=1;p1<=c1;++p1) {</pre>
             while(p2<=c2 && s1[p1].y-s2[p2].y>h)
                 ++p2;
             for(int i=p2;i<=c2 && s2[i].y<=s1[p1].y+h;++i)</pre>
                 Reduce(h,Dist(s2[i],s1[p1]));
        }
        std::merge(p+L,p+M+1,p+M+1,p+R+1,t+L,[&](auto const &a,auto const
         → &b)->bool {
             return a.y!=b.y?a.y<b.y:a.x<b.x;</pre>
        });
        std::copy(t+L,t+R+1,p+L);
        return h;
    }
}
```

4 Data Structures

4.1 Splay

```
struct Splay {
    struct Node {
        Node *fa,*son[2];
        int size;

        Node(void*):size(0) {
            fa=son[0]=son[1]=0;
        }

        Node():size(1) {
            fa=son[0]=son[1]=null;
        }

        void Adopt(Node *s,int d) {
        if(s!=null)
            s->fa=this;
        son[d]=s;
```

```
}
    bool Type() {
        return fa->son[1] ==this;
    }
    void Up() {
        size=son[0]->size+1+son[1]->size;
    }
    void Down() {
    }
}*root,*nil[2];
static Node *null;
Splay(int *a,int n) {
    root=nil[0]=new Node(0);
    nil[0]->Adopt(nil[1]=new Node(0),1);
    nil[1]->Adopt(Build(a,1,n),0);
    SplayTo(nil[1],null);
}
void Insert(int p,int a[],int n) {
    Node *newt=Build(a,1,n),*pl=Kth(p),*pr=Kth(p+1);
    SplayTo(pl,null);
    SplayTo(pr,pl);
    pr->Adopt(newt,0);
    SplayTo(newt,null);
}
void Delete(int l,int r) {
    Node *pos=Split(1,r);
    pos->fa->son[pos->Type()]=null;
    SplayTo(pos->fa,null);
    Recycle(pos);
}
static void Recycle(Node *pos) {
    if(pos->son[0]!=null)
        Recycle(pos->son[0]);
    if(pos->son[1]!=null)
        Recycle(pos->son[1]);
    delete pos;
}
static Node *Build(int *a,int 1,int r) {
    if(1>r)
        return null;
    int mid=(1+r)/2;
```

```
Node *pos=new Node(a[mid]);
        pos->Adopt(Build(a,1,mid-1),0);
        pos->Adopt(Build(a,mid+1,r),1);
        pos->Up();
        return pos;
   }
   static void Trans(Node *pos) {
        Node *fa=pos->fa,*grand=fa->fa;
        fa->Down();pos->Down();
        int d=pos->Type();
        if(grand!=null)
            grand->son[fa->Type()]=pos;
        pos->fa=grand;
        fa->Adopt(pos->son[!d],d);pos->Adopt(fa,!d);
        fa->Up();
   }
   void SplayTo(Node *pos,Node *goal) {
        for(;pos->fa!=goal;Trans(pos))
            if(pos->fa->fa!=goal)
                Trans(pos->Type()==pos->fa->Type()?pos->fa:pos);
        pos->Up();
        if (goal==null)
            root=pos;
   }
   Node *Kth(int k) {
        Node *pos=root;int x;
        ++k;
        while(k) {
            pos->Down();
            if((x=pos->son[0]->size+1)==k) {
                SplayTo(pos,null);
                return pos;
            } else if(k<x)</pre>
                pos=pos->son[0];
            else {
                k-=x;
                pos=pos->son[1];
            }
        }
        return 0;
   }
   Node *Split(int l, int r) {//返回对应子树的根节点
        Node *pl=Kth(l-1),*pr=Kth(r+1);
        SplayTo(pl,null);SplayTo(pr,pl);
        return pr->son[0];
   }
};
Splay::Node *Splay::null=new Splay::Node((void*)0);
```

4.2 Static Edge-Based DC

```
namespace StaticEdgeBasedDC {
    int vtc,n;
    struct Edge {
        int to,v;
        Edge *pre,*rev;
        bool ban;
        Edge(int to,int v,Edge *pre):to(to),v(v),pre(pre),ban(0) {}
    }*G[XN],*oG[XN];
    void AddEdge(Edge *G[],int x,int y,int v) {
        G[x]=new Edge(y,v,G[x]);
        G[y]=new Edge(x,v,G[y]);
        G[x] \rightarrow rev = G[y];
        G[y] \rightarrow rev = G[x];
    }
    void Rebuild(int pos,int fa) {
        int cur=pos,cnt=0;
        for(Edge *e=oG[pos];e;e=e->pre)
            if(e->to!=fa) {
                int u=e->to;
                 if(++cnt==2) {
                     cnt=0;
                     AddEdge(G,cur,vtc,0);
                     cur=vtc;
                }
                AddEdge(G,cur,u,1);
                Rebuild(u,pos);
            }
    }
    int size[XN];
    int GetSize(int pos,int fa) {
        size[pos]=1;
        for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre)
            if(!e->ban && e->to!=fa) {
                int u=e->to;
                 size[pos]+=GetSize(u,pos);
        return size[pos];
    }
    std::pair<int,Edge*> Bridge(int pos,int fa,int tol) {
        std::pair<int,Edge*> res=std::pair<int,Edge*>(INF,0);
        for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre)
            if(!e->ban && e->to!=fa) {
```

```
int u=e->to;
                Reduce(res,std::min(Bridge(u,pos,tol),
                             std::pair<int,Edge*>(std::max(size[u],tol-size[u]),e)));
            }
        return res;
    }
    long long DC(Edge *brg) {
        if(!brg)
            return 0;
        else {
            brg->ban=brg->rev->ban=1;
            int x=brg->to,y=brg->rev->to;
            long long res=Calc();
            Enlarge(res,std::max(DC(Bridge(x,0,GetSize(x,0)).second),
                        DC(Bridge(y,0,GetSize(y,0)).second)));
            return res;
        }
    }
    long long Run() {
        Rebuild(1,0);
        return DC(Bridge(1,0,GetSize(1,0)).second);
    }
}
```

4.3 Static Vertex-Based DC

```
namespace StaticVertexBasedDC {
    bool ud[XN];
    int size[XN];
    int GetSize(int pos,int fa) {
        size[pos]=1;
        for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre) {
            int u=e->to;
            if(!ud[u] && u!=fa)
                size[pos] +=GetSize(u,pos);
        return size[pos];
    }
    int Centre(int pos,int fa,int const &tol) {
        static int f[XN]={INF};
        int res=0,mxs=0;
        for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre) {
            int u=e->to;
            if(!ud[u] && u!=fa) {
                int t=Centre(u,pos,tol);
                if(f[t]<f[res])</pre>
                     res=t;
                Enlarge(mxs,size[u]);
```

```
}
        }
        f[pos] = std::max(mxs,tol-size[pos]);
        return f[pos] < f[res] ?pos:res;</pre>
    }
    void DC(int pos) {
        ud[pos]=1;
        for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre) {
             int u=e->to;
             if(!ud[u]) {
             }
        }
        for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre) {
             int u=e->to;
             if(!ud[u])
                 DC(Centre(u,0,GetSize(u,0)));
        }
    }
}
```

4.4 Treap

```
struct Treap {
   static const int P=1e9+7;
   struct Node {
        Node *son[2];
        int key, v, cnt, size;
        Node(int v):key(rand()%P),v(v),cnt(1),size(1) {
            son[0]=son[1]=null;
        }
        Node(void*):key(P),cnt(0),size(0) {
            son[0] = son[1] = 0;
        }
        int MinID() {
            return son[0]->key>son[1]->key;
        }
        void Up() {
            size=son[0]->size+cnt+son[1]->size;
   }*root;
   static Node *null;
```

```
Treap():root(null) {}
static void Trans(Node *&pos,int d) {
    Node *s=pos->son[d];
    pos->son[d]=s->son[!d];
    s->son[!d]=pos;
    pos->Up(),s->Up();
    pos=s;
}
static int Adjust(Node *&pos) {
    int d=pos->MinID();
    if(pos->key>pos->son[d]->key) {
        Trans(pos,d);
        return !d;
    } else
        return -1;
}
static void Insert(Node *&pos,int v) {
    if(pos==null)
        pos=new Node(v);
    else if(pos->v==v) {
        pos->cnt++;
        pos->Up();
    } else {
        Insert(pos->son[pos->v<v],v);</pre>
        pos->Up();
        Adjust(pos);
    }
}
static void Remove(Node *&pos) {
    if(pos->son[0] ==null && pos->son[1] ==null)
        pos=null;
    else {
        int p=Adjust(pos);
        Remove(pos->son[p]);
        pos->Up();
    }
}
static void Delete(Node *&pos,int v) {
    if(pos->v==v) {
        if(--pos->cnt==0) {
            pos->key=P;
            Remove(pos);
        } else
            pos->Up();
    } else {
        Delete(pos->son[pos->v<v],v);</pre>
```

```
pos->Up();
    }
}
void Insert(int x) {
    Insert(root,x);
}
void Delete(int x) {
    Delete(root,x);
}
int Rank(int v) {
    int res=0;
    for(Node *pos=root;pos!=null;)
        if(pos->v<v) {
            res+=pos->cnt+pos->son[0]->size;
            pos=pos->son[1];
            pos=pos->son[0];
    return ++res;
}
int Kth(int k) {
    for(Node *pos=root;pos!=null;)
        if(pos->son[0]->size+1<=k && k<=pos->son[0]->size+pos->cnt)
            return pos->v;
        else if(k<=pos->son[0]->size)
            pos=pos->son[0];
        else {
            k-=pos->son[0]->size+pos->cnt;
            pos=pos->son[1];
    throw;
}
int Pred(int v) {
    int res;
    for(Node *pos=root;pos!=null;) {
        if(pos->v<v) {
            res=pos->v;
            pos=pos->son[1];
        } else
            pos=pos->son[0];
    }
    return res;
}
int Succ(int v) {
    int res;
    for(Node *pos=root;pos!=null;) {
        if(pos->v>v) {
```

4.5 Virtual Tree

```
namespace VirtualTree {
   struct Graph {
        struct Edge {
            int to, v;
            Edge *pre;
            Edge(int to,int v,Edge *pre):to(to),v(v),pre(pre) {}
        }*G[XN],*pool,*mem;
        int us[XN],T;
        Graph():pool((Edge*)malloc(XN*2*sizeof(Edge))),mem(pool) {}
        void Check(int x) {
            if(us[x]!=T) {
                us[x]=T;
                G[x]=0;
            }
        }
        Edge *&operator [](int x) {
            Check(x);
            return G[x];
        }
        void operator ()(int x,int y,int c=1) {
            Check(x);
            G[x]=new(mem++) Edge(y,c,G[x]);
        }
        void Reset() {
            mem=pool;
            ++T;
        }
   }R;
   void Build(int h[],int hc) {
        std::sort(h+1,h+1+hc,[](int a,int b)->bool { return dfn[a]<dfn[b]; });</pre>
        static int stack[XN],top;
```

4.6 Aho-Corasick Automaton

```
struct AhoCorasickAutomaton {
   struct Node {
        Node *son[26],*fail,*last;
        int cnt;
        Node() {
            memset(son,0,sizeof(son));
            fail=last=0;
            cnt=0;
        }
   }*root;
   void Insert(char *s) {
        Node *pos=root;
        for(;*s;++s) {
            int c=*s-'a';
            if(!pos->son[c])
                pos->son[c]=new Node;
            pos=pos->son[c];
        }
        pos->cnt++;
   }
   void Build() {
        root->fail=root->last=root;
        std::queue<Node*> Q;
        for(int c=0;c<26;++c)</pre>
            if(root->son[c]) {
                root->son[c]->fail=root->son[c]->last=root;
                Q.push(root->son[c]);
            } else root->son[c]=root;
        while(!Q.empty()) {
```

```
Node *cur=Q.front();Q.pop();
            for(int c=0;c<26;++c)</pre>
                 if(cur->son[c]) {
                     Node *u=cur->son[c];
                     u->fail=cur->fail->son[c];
                     u->last=u->fail->cnt?u->fail:u->fail->last;
                     Q.push(u);
                } else cur->son[c]=cur->fail->son[c];
        }
    }
    int Calc(Node *pos) {
        int res=0;
        while(pos->cnt) {
            res+=pos->cnt;
            pos->cnt=0;
            pos=pos->last;
        return res;
    }
    int Match(char *s) {
        Node *pos=root;
        int res=0;
        for(;*s;++s) {
            int c=*s-'a';
            pos=pos->son[c];
            if(pos->cnt)
                res+=Calc(pos);
        }
        return res;
    }
};
```

4.7 BitSet

```
struct BitSet {
   unsigned int64 s[(XV>>6)+1];
   int maxI;

BitSet(int v):maxI(v>>6) {
      memset(s,0,sizeof(s));
   }

void Set(unsigned int pos,bool val) {
      val==0?(s[pos>>6]&=~(1ull<<(pos&63))):(s[pos>>6]|=1ull<<(pos&63));
   }

bool Test(unsigned int pos) const {
    return s[pos>>6]>>(pos&63)&1;
   }
```

|};

4.8 Block-Divided Tree

```
int cnt=0,B,anc[N],stk[N],top=0,id[N];
void dfs(int u,int fa){
   for(int i=head[u],v,re=top;i;i=e[i].nxt)
       if((v=e[i].to)!=fa){
           dfs(v,u);
           if(top-re>=B){
               for(++cnt;top!=re;--top)id[stk[top]]=cnt;
               anc[cnt]=u;
           }
   stk[++top]=u;
}
void divide(){
   dfs(1,0);
   //cnt 块的数量
   //anc 每块的根
   //id 每个点属于哪个块
   //B B<= 每个块的的大小 <=3B
   if(top){
       if(!cnt)anc[++cnt]=1;
       for(;top;--top)id[stk[top]]=cnt;
   }
}
```

4.9 Dynamic Chain-Based DC

```
namespace DynamicChainBasedDC {
    struct Part {
        int top;
        Part(int top):top(top) {}
    }*cn[XN];
    int dfs[XN],dc,lbd[XN],rbd[XN],dep[XN],sz[XN],prefer[XN],fa[XN];
    void DFS(int pos) {
        int mxs=0;
        sz[pos]=1;
        for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre) {
            int u=e->to;
            fa[u] = pos; dep[u] = dep[pos] + 1;
            DFS(u);
            sz[pos] += sz[u];
            if(Enlarge(mxs,sz[u]))
                prefer[pos]=u;
        }
    }
    void Assign(int pos,int rt) {
```

```
dfs[++dc]=pos;
        lbd[pos]=dc;
        cn[pos]=cn[rt]?cn[rt]:new Part(pos);
        if(prefer[pos]) {
            Assign(prefer[pos],rt);
            for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre)
                if(e->to!=prefer[pos])
                    Assign(e->to,e->to);
        }
        rbd[pos]=dc;
    }
    void Divide() {
        DFS(1);
        cn[1]=new Part(1);
        Assign(1,1);
    }
    void Path(int p1,int p2) {
        while(cn[p1]!=cn[p2]) {
            if(dep[cn[p1]->top]<dep[cn[p2]->top])
                std::swap(p1,p2);
            //p1~cht[p1]
            p1=fa[cn[p1]->top];
        if(lbd[p1]>lbd[p2])
            std::swap(p1,p2);
        //p1~p2
    }
}
```

4.10 FHQTreap

```
struct Treap {
    struct Node {
        Node *son[2];
        int v,add,size;
        long long sum;
        Node(int v):v(v),add(0),size(1),sum(v) {
            son[0] = son[1] = null;
        }
        Node(void*):v(0),add(0),size(0),sum(0) {
            son[0] = son[1] = this;
        }
        void Add(int d) {
            add+=d;
            sum+=(long long)d*size;
            v+=d;
        }
```

```
void Up() {
        sum=son[0]->sum+v+son[1]->sum;
        size=son[0]->size+1+son[1]->size;
    }
    void Down() {
        if(add) {
            if(son[0]!=null)
                (son[0]=new Node(*son[0]))->Add(add);
            if(son[1]!=null)
                 (son[1]=new Node(*son[1]))->Add(add);
            add=0;
        }
}*root;
static Node *null;
Treap(int a[],int n):root(Build(a,1,n)) {}
static Node *Build(int a[],int L,int R) {
    if(L>R)
        return null;
    else {
        int M=(L+R)/2;
        Node *pos=new Node(a[M]);
        pos->son[0]=Build(a,L,M-1);
        pos->son[1]=Build(a,M+1,R);
        pos->Up();
        return pos;
}
static std::pair<Node*,Node*> Split(Node *pos,int k) {
    if(k==0)
        return std::pair<Node*,Node*>(null,pos);
    else if(k==pos->size)
        return std::pair<Node*,Node*>(pos,null);
    else {
        (pos=new Node(*pos))->Down();
        std::pair<Node*, Node*> res;
        if(k<=pos->son[0]->size) {
            res=Split(pos->son[0],k);
            pos->son[0]=res.second;
            pos->Up();
            res.second=pos;
        } else {
            res=Split(pos->son[1],k-pos->son[0]->size-1);
            pos->son[1]=res.first;
            pos->Up();
            res.first=pos;
```

```
}
            return res;
        }
   }
   static Node *Merge(Node *p1,Node *p2) {
        if(p1==null || p2==null)
            return p1==null?p2:p1;
        else {
            Node *pos;
            if(rand()\%(p1->size+p2->size)+1<=p1->size) {
                (pos=new Node(*p1))->Down();
                pos->son[1]=Merge(pos->son[1],p2);
                pos->Up();
            } else {
                (pos=new Node(*p2))->Down();
                pos->son[0] = Merge(p1, pos->son[0]);
                pos->Up();
            }
            return pos;
        }
   }
   struct Triple {
        Node *L,*M,*R;
   };
   static Triple Split(Node *root,int l,int r) {
        std::pair<Node*,Node*> x=Split(root,r),y=Split(x.first,l-1);
        return {y.first,y.second,x.second};
   }
   static Node *Merge(Triple t) {
        return Merge(t.L,Merge(t.M,t.R));
   }
};
Treap::Node *Treap::null=new Treap::Node((void*)0);
```

4.11 KDTree

```
struct Point {
    int d[XD];
};

long long Dist(Point const &a,Point const &b) {

struct KDTree {
    struct Node {
        Node *son[2];
        Point p,min,max;
    }
}
```

```
Node(Point p):p(p),min(p),max(p) {
        son[0] = son[1] = null;
    }
    Node(void*):min(),max() {
        son[0] = son[1] = 0;
    }
    void Up() {
        for(int i=0;i<k;++i) {</pre>
            \min.d[i]=std::\min(p.d[i],std::\min(son[0]->\min.d[i],son[1]->\min.d[i]));
            \max.d[i]=std::\max(p.d[i],std::\max(son[0]->\max.d[i],son[1]->\max.d[i]));
        }
    }
    long long Dist(Point const &q) {
}*root;
static Node *null;
KDTree(Point p[],int n):root(Build(p,1,n,0)) {}
Node *Build(Point p[],int L,int R,int d) {
    if(L>R)
        return null;
    else {
        struct Compare {
             int d;
            Compare(int d):d(d) {}
            bool operator ()(Point const &a,Point const &b) {
                 return a.d[d] < b.d[d];</pre>
            }
        };
        int M=(L+R)/2;
        std::nth_element(p+L,p+M,p+R+1,Compare(d));
        Node *pos=new Node(p[M]);
        pos->son[0]=Build(p,L,M-1,(d+1)%k);
        pos->son[1]=Build(p,M+1,R,(d+1)%k);
        pos->Up();
        return pos;
    }
}
long long Query(Point p) {
    long long res;
    Query(root,p,res);
    return res;
}
```

4.12 Leftist

```
struct Leftist {
    struct Node {
        Node *son[2];
        int v;
        int dist;
        Node(int const &v):v(v),dist(1) {
            son[0] = son[1] = null;
        }
        Node(void*):v(INF),dist(0) {
            son[0] = son[1] = 0;
        }
        void Maintain() {
            if(son[0]->dist<son[1]->dist)
                std::swap(son[0],son[1]);
            dist=son[1]->dist+1;
        }
    }*root;
    static Node *null;
    Leftist():root(null) {}
    static Node *Merge(Node *p1, Node *p2) {
        if(p1==null || p2==null)
            return p1==null?p2:p1;
        else {
            if(p1->v>p2->v)
                std::swap(p1,p2);
            p1->son[1]=Merge(p1->son[1],p2);
            p1->Maintain();
            return p1;
        }
```

```
void Swallow(Leftist &other) {
    root=Merge(root,other.root);
    other.root=null;
}

void Push(int v) {
    root=Merge(root,new Node(v));
}

int Pop() {
    int res=root->v;
    root=Merge(root->son[0],root->son[1]);
    return res;
}
};
Leftist::Node *Leftist::null=new Leftist::Node((void*)0);
```

4.13 Link-Cut Trees

```
class LinkCutTrees {
public:
   LinkCutTrees() {}
    void Link(int id1,int id2) {
        Link(node[id1],node[id2]);
    }
    void Cut(int id1,int id2) {
        Cut(node[id1],node[id2]);
    }
private:
    struct Node {
        Node *son[2], *fa;
        bool rev;
        Node(void*):rev(0) {
            son[0] = son[1] = fa = 0;
        }
        Node():rev(0) {
            son[0] = son[1] = fa = null;
        }
        int Type() {
            return fa->son[1]==this;
        }
        bool isRoot() {
            return fa->son[0]!=this && fa->son[1]!=this;
```

```
}
    void Adopt(Node *s,int d) {
        son[d]=s;
        if(s!=null)
            s->fa=this;
    }
    void Reverse() {
        rev^=1;
        std::swap(son[0],son[1]);
    }
    void Up() {
    }
    void Down() {
        if(rev) {
            if(son[0]!=null)
                son[0]->Reverse();
            if(son[1]!=null)
                son[1]->Reverse();
            rev=0;
        }
    }
}node*[];
static Node *null;
static void Trans(Node *pos) {
    Node *f=pos->fa,*g=f->fa;
    f->Down();pos->Down();
    int d=pos->Type();
    if(!f->isRoot())
        g->son[f->Type()]=pos;
    pos->fa=g;
    f->Adopt(pos->son[!d],d);f->Up();
    pos->Adopt(f,!d);
}
static void Splay(Node *pos) {
    pos->Down();
    for(Node *fa;!pos->isRoot();Trans(pos))
        if(!(fa=pos->fa)->isRoot())
            Trans(pos->Type()==fa->Type()?fa:pos);
    pos->Up();
}
static void Access(Node *pos) {
    for(Node *pred=null;pos!=null;pred=pos,pos=pos->fa) {
```

```
Splay(pos);
            pos->son[1]=pred;
            pos->Up();
        }
    }
    static void Expose(Node *pos) {
        Access(pos);
        Splay(pos);
    }
    static Node *FindRoot(Node *pos) {
        Expose(pos);
        while(pos->son[0]!=null) {
            pos->Down();
            pos=pos->son[0];
        }
        return pos;
    }
    static void MakeRoot(Node *pos) {
        Expose(pos);
        pos->Reverse();
    }
    static void Cut(Node *p1,Node *p2) {
        MakeRoot(p1);
        Expose(p2);
        p2->son[0]=p1->fa=null;
        p2->Up();
    }
    static void Link(Node *p1,Node *p2) {
        MakeRoot(p1);
        p1->fa=p2;
    }
};
LinkCutTrees::Node *LinkCutTrees::null=new LinkCutTrees::Node((void*)0);
```

4.14 Scapegoat

```
struct Scapegoat {
    static const double alpha=0.8;

struct Node {
    Node *son[2];
    int v,cnt,size,ndct;

    Node(int v):v(v),cnt(1),size(1),ndct(1) {
        son[0]=son[1]=null;
    }
}
```

```
Node(void*):size(0),ndct(0) {
        son[0] = son[1] = this;
    }
    void Up() {
        size=son[0]->size+cnt+son[1]->size;
        ndct=son[0] -> ndct+1+son[1] -> ndct;
    }
    bool Unbalanced() {
        return ndct*alpha<std::max(son[0]->ndct,son[1]->ndct);
    }
}*root;
static Node *null;
Scapegoat():root(null) {}
static Node *&Insert(Node *&pos,int v) {
    if(pos==null) {
        pos=new Node(v);
        return null;
    } else if(pos->v==v) {
        pos->cnt++;
        pos->Up();
        return null;
    } else {
        Node *&goat=Insert(pos->son[pos->v<v],v);</pre>
        pos->Up();
        return pos->Unbalanced()?pos:goat;
    }
}
static void Delete(Node *pos,int v) {
    if(pos==null)
        return;
    else if(pos->v==v) {
        pos->cnt--;
        pos->Up();
    } else {
        Delete(pos->son[pos->v<v],v);</pre>
        pos->Up();
    }
}
static Node *Flatten(Node *pos,Node *app) {
    if(pos==null)
        return app;
    else {
        pos->son[1]=Flatten(pos->son[1],app);
        return Flatten(pos->son[0],pos);
    }
```

```
}
static std::pair<Node*,Node*> Rebuild(Node *begin,int n) {
    if(n==0) {
        return std::pair<Node*,Node*>(null,begin);
    } else {
        int mid=(1+n)/2;
        std::pair<Node*,Node*> left=Rebuild(begin,mid-1);
        Node *pos=left.second;
        std::pair<Node*, Node*> right=Rebuild(pos->son[1],n-mid);
        pos->son[0]=left.first;
        pos->son[1]=right.first;
        pos->Up();
        return std::pair<Node*,Node*>(pos,right.second);
    }
}
static void Rebuild(Node *&root) {
    Node *begin=Flatten(root,null);
    root=Rebuild(begin,root->ndct).first;
}
void Insert(int v) {
    Node *&goat=Insert(root,v);
    if(goat!=null)
        Rebuild(goat);
}
void Delete(int v) {
    Delete(root, v);
}
int Rank(int v) {
    int res=0;
    for(Node *pos=root;pos!=null;) {
        if(pos->v<v) {
            res+=pos->son[0]->size+pos->cnt;
            pos=pos->son[1];
            pos=pos->son[0];
    return ++res;
}
int Kth(int k) {
    for(Node *pos=root;;) {
        int le=pos->son[0]->size+pos->cnt;
        if(k<=le) {
            if(pos->son[0]->size+1<=k && k<=le && pos->cnt)
                return pos->v;
            else
                pos=pos->son[0];
```

```
} else {
                k-=le;
                pos=pos->son[1];
            }
        }
        throw;
   }
   int Pred(int v) {
        return Kth(Rank(v)-1);
   }
   int Succ(int v) {
        return Kth(Rank(v+1));
   }
};
const double Scapegoat::alpha;
Scapegoat::Node *Scapegoat::null=new Scapegoat::Node((void*)0);
```

5 String

5.1 Suffix Array

```
struct SuffixArray {
    int sa[XN],rank[XN],height[XN],n;
    SuffixArray(const char *s):n(strlen(s+1)) {
        static int temp[2][XN],cnt[XN],*x=temp[0],*y=temp[1];
        int m=256;
        std::fill(cnt+1,cnt+1+m,0);
        for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) cnt[x[i]=s[i]]++;</pre>
        std::partial sum(cnt+1,cnt+1+m,cnt+1);
        for(int i=n;i>=1;--i) sa[cnt[x[i]]--]=i;
        for(int len=1;len<n;len<<=1) {</pre>
             int p=0;
             for(int i=n-len+1;i<=n;++i) y[++p]=i;</pre>
             for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) if(sa[i]>len) y[++p]=sa[i]-len;
             std::fill(cnt+1,cnt+1+m,0);
             for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) cnt[x[i]]++;</pre>
             std::partial sum(cnt+1,cnt+1+m,cnt+1);
             for(int i=n;i>=1;--i) sa[cnt[x[y[i]]]--]=y[i];
             std::swap(x,y);x[sa[1]]=p=1;
             for(int i=2;i<=n;++i)</pre>
                 x[sa[i]] = y[sa[i-1]] = = y[sa[i]]
                       && (sa[i-1]+len \le n?y[sa[i-1]+len]:0) = =
                       (sa[i]+len <= n?y[sa[i]+len]:0)?p:++p;
             if((m=p)==n) break;
        }
        for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) rank[sa[i]]=i;</pre>
        for(int i=1,len=0;i<=n;++i)</pre>
             if(rank[i]!=1) {
```

```
int j=sa[rank[i]-1];
    while(s[i+len]==s[j+len]) ++len;
    height[rank[i]]=len;
    if(len) len--;
}
}
```

5.2 Suffix Automaton

```
struct SuffixAutomata {
    struct Node {
        std::map<int,Node*> son;
        Node *par;
        int maxRight;
        Node(int maxRight=0):par(0),maxRight(maxRight) {}
    }*root,*last;
    long long cnt;
    SuffixAutomata():root(new Node),last(root),cnt(0) {}
    void Extend(int x) {
        Node *p=last,*nx=new Node(last->maxRight+1);
        for(;p && !p->son[x];p->son[x]=nx,p=p->par);
        if(p==0) {
            nx->par=root;
        } else {
            Node *ox=p->son[x];
            if(p->maxRight+1==ox->maxRight) {
                nx->par=ox;
            } else {
                Node *o=new Node(*ox);
                o->maxRight=p->maxRight+1;
                ox->par=nx->par=o;
                for(;p && p->son[x]==ox;p->son[x]=o,p=p->par);
            }
        }
        cnt+=nx->maxRight-nx->par->maxRight;
        last=nx;
    }
};
```

5.3 Suffix Balanced Tree

```
struct SuffixBalancedTree {
    static const double alpha=0.8;

    struct Node {
        Node *son[2];
        double 1,r,tag;
    }
}
```

```
int size,ndct;
    bool exist;
    char ch;
    Node *next;
    Node (double 1, double r, char ch, Node
       *next):1(1),r(r),tag((1+r)/2),size(1),ndct(1),exist(1),ch(ch),next(next)
        son[0]=son[1]=null;
    }
    Node(void*) {
        size=ndct=exist=0;
        ch=0;
        tag=-1;
        son[0] = son[1] = 0;
    }
    void Up() {
        ndct=son[0] \rightarrow ndct+1+son[1] \rightarrow ndct;
        size=son[0]->size+exist+son[1]->size;
    }
    bool Unbalanced() {
        return ndct*alpha<std::max(son[0]->ndct,son[1]->ndct);
}*root;
std::stack<Node*> nodes;
static Node *null;
SuffixBalancedTree():root(null) {
    nodes.push(null);
}
Node *&Insert(Node *&pos,double 1,double r,char ch,Node *next) {
    if(pos==null) {
        pos=new Node(1,r,ch,next);
        nodes.push(pos);
        return null;
    } else {
        Node *&goat=ch<pos->ch || (ch==pos->ch && next->tag<pos->next->tag)
                     ?Insert(pos->son[0],1,(1+r)/2,ch,next)
                     :Insert(pos->son[1],(1+r)/2,r,ch,next);
        pos->Up();
        return pos->Unbalanced()?pos:goat;
    }
}
static Node *Flatten(Node *pos,Node *app) {
    if(pos==null)
```

```
return app;
    else {
        pos->son[1]=Flatten(pos->son[1],app);
        return Flatten(pos->son[0],pos);
    }
}
static std::pair<Node*,Node*> Rebuild(Node *begin,double 1,double r,int n) {
    if(n==0) {
        return std::pair<Node*,Node*>(null,begin);
    } else {
        int mid=(1+n)/2;
        std::pair<Node*,Node*> left=Rebuild(begin,1,(1+r)/2,mid-1);
        Node *pos=left.second;
        std::pair<Node*, Node*> right=Rebuild(pos->son[1],(1+r)/2,r,n-mid);
        pos->son[0]=left.first;
        pos->son[1]=right.first;
        pos->l=1,pos->r=r,pos->tag=(1+r)/2;
        pos->Up();
        return std::pair<Node*,Node*>(pos,right.second);
    }
}
static void Rebuild(Node *&root) {
    Node *begin=Flatten(root,null);
    root=Rebuild(begin,root->1,root->r,root->ndct).first;
}
static void Delete(Node *pos, Node *del) {
    if(pos==del) {
        pos->exist=0;
        pos->Up();
    } else {
        Delete(pos->son[pos->tag<del->tag],del);
        pos->Up();
    }
}
int LessCount(const char *s) {
    int res=0;
    for(Node *pos=root;pos!=null;) {
        Node *p=pos;
        const char *c=s;
        while(p->ch==*c) {
            p=p->next;
            ++c;
        }
        if(p\rightarrow ch < *c) {
            res+=pos->son[0]->size+pos->exist;
            pos=pos->son[1];
        } else
            pos=pos->son[0];
```

```
}
        return res;
   }
   void Append(char ch) {
        Node *&goat=Insert(root,0,1,ch,nodes.top());
        if(goat!=null)
            Rebuild(goat);
   }
   void Pop() {
        Delete(root, nodes.top());
        nodes.pop();
   }
   int Count(char *s,int len) {
        s[len+1]=CHAR MAX;
        int res=LessCount(s+1);
        s[len+1]=CHAR_MIN;
        res-=LessCount(s+1);
        //null's ch must satisfy CHAR_MIN < ch < ALL
        return res;
   }
};
const double SuffixBalancedTree::alpha;
SuffixBalancedTree::Node *SuffixBalancedTree::null=new
   SuffixBalancedTree::Node((void*)0);
```

5.4 Extended KMP

```
//nxt 表示 B[i..m] 与 B 的最长公共前缀
//extend 表示 A[i..n] 与 B 的最长公共前缀长度
void exKMP(char *A,char *B,int nxt[],int extend[]) {
   int n=strlen(A+1),m=strlen(B+1),x=1;
   nxt[1]=m;
   for(;x<m&&B[x]==B[x+1];++x);</pre>
   nxt[2]=x-1;x=2;
   for(int i=3;i<=m;++i)</pre>
        if(i+nxt[i-x+1]-1<nxt[x]+x-1)nxt[i]=nxt[i-x+1];</pre>
        else{
            int j=nxt[x]+x-i+1;
            if(j<1)j=1;
            for(;j+i-1 \le m\&\&B[j] == B[j+i-1];++j);
            nxt[i]=j-1;
            if(nxt[x]<=nxt[i])x=i;</pre>
        }
   x=1;
   for(;A[x]==B[x];++x);
   extend[1]=x-1;
   x=1;
```

```
for(int i=2;i<=n;++i)
    if(i+nxt[i-x+1]-1<extend[x]+x-1)extend[i]=nxt[i-x+1];
    else{
        int j=extend[x]+x-i+1;
        if(j<1)j=1;
        for(;j+i-1<=n&&B[j]==A[j+i-1];++j);
        nxt[i]=j-1;
        if(nxt[x]<=nxt[i])x=i;
    }
}</pre>
```

5.5 Manacher

```
void Manacher(char *str,int rad[])//str 是原字符串 ma 是加入新字符后的以 i 为中心
  极大回文子串的半长度
{
   int len=strlen(str+1),l=0;
   for(int i=1;i<=len;++i){</pre>
       s[++1]='$';
       s[++1]=str[i];
   }
   s[++1]='$';s[0]='#';//s 是加入新字符后的字符串
   int R=1,ID=1;//R 是当前极长回文子串的最右的端点 ID 为 R 对应的回文子串的中心
   for(int i=1;i<=1;++i){</pre>
       if(i<R)</pre>
          rad[i]=min(rad[2*ID-i],R-i+1);//2*ID-i 为 i 在当前这个极长回文子串中在
           → 左边相对应的位置
       else
          rad[i]=1;
       for(;s[i+rad[i]]==s[i-rad[i]];++rad[i]);
       if (R<rad[i]+i-1){</pre>
          R=rad[i]+i-1;
          ID=i;
       }
   }
   //原字符串的最长回文子串为 max{rad[i]-1}
}
```

5.6 Minimum Representation

```
len=0;
}
return std::min(p1,p2)+1;
}
```

6 Graph Theory

6.1 Kth Shortest Path with AStar

```
#include <queue>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;
#define N 100200
int
\rightarrow n,m,xx[N],yy[N],zz[N],tot,first[1005],next[N],v[N],w[N],s,e,k,h[1005],vis[1005];
void add(int x,int y,int z){w[tot]=z,v[tot]=y,next[tot]=first[x],first[x]=tot++;}
struct Node{int now,h,g;}jy;
priority queue<Node>pq;
bool operator < (Node a, Node b) {return a.g+a.h>b.g+b.h;}
void Dijkstra(){
   memset(h,0x3f,sizeof(h));
   h[e]=0, jy.now=e;
   pq.push(jy);
   while(!pq.empty()){
        Node t=pq.top();pq.pop();
        if(!vis[t.now])vis[t.now]=1;
        else continue;
        for(int i=first[t.now];~i;i=next[i])
            if(!vis[v[i]]&&h[v[i]]>h[t.now]+w[i]){
                h[v[i]] = h[t.now] + w[i];
                jy.now=v[i];jy.g=h[v[i]];
                pq.push(jy);
            }
   }
}
int A_star(){
   memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
    jy.now=s;jy.g=0;jy.h=h[s];
   pq.push(jy);
   while(!pq.empty()){
        Node t=pq.top();pq.pop();
        vis[t.now]++;
        if(vis[t.now]>k)continue;
        if(vis[e] == k)return t.g;
        for(int i=first[t.now];~i;i=next[i]){
            jy.now=v[i],jy.g=t.g+w[i],jy.h=h[jy.now];
            pq.push(jy);
        }
   }
```

6.2 Min Cost-Max Flow

```
struct Edge {
   int to,cap,v,cost;
   Edge *rev,*pre;
   Edge(int to,int cap,int cost,Edge
    *pre):to(to),cap(cap),v(0),cost(cost),rev(0),pre(pre) {}
}*G[XN],*preArc[XN];
int sp[XN];
int Aug(int s,int t) {
   int d=INF;
   for(int pos=t;pos!=s;pos=preArc[pos]->rev->to)
        Reduce(d,preArc[pos]->cap-preArc[pos]->v);
   for(int pos=t;pos!=s;pos=preArc[pos]->rev->to) {
        preArc[pos] ->v+=d;
        preArc[pos] ->rev->v-=d;
   return d;
}
bool Sp(int s,int t,int n) {
   static int Q[XN];
   static bool inq[XN];
   int *end=Q+n,*head=Q,*tail=Q;//Q+n!
   std::fill(sp+1,sp+1+n,INF);
    sp[s]=0;*tail++=s;inq[s]=1;
    while(head!=tail) {
        int pos=*head;
        ing[pos]=0;//ing!!!
        head=head==end?Q:head+1;
        for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre)
            if(e->cap>e->v) {
                int u=e->to;
                if(Reduce(sp[u],sp[pos]+e->cost)) {
                    preArc[u]=e;
```

```
if(!inq[u]) {
                          inq[u]=1;
                          if(sp[u] < sp[*head]) {</pre>
                              head=head==Q?end:head-1;
                              *head=u;
                          } else {
                              *tail=u;
                              tail=tail==end?Q:tail+1;
                          }
                     }
                 }
            }
    return sp[t]!=INF;
}
int MCMF(int s,int t,int n) {
    int cost=0,flow=0;
    while(Sp(s,t,n)) {
        int d=Aug(s,t);
        cost+=d*sp[t];
        flow+=d;
    }
    return cost;
}
```

6.3 Edge Biconnected Component

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int N=100;
struct edge{int to,nxt,flag;}e[N*2];
int head[N],n,ecnt=1;
int low[N],dfn[N],bccno[N],dfs_clock,bcc_cnt;
vector<pair<int,int> >bridge;
vector<int>bcc[N];
void addedge(int u,int v){
    e[++ecnt]=(edge){v,head[u],0};head[u]=ecnt;
    e[++ecnt]=(edge){u,head[v],0};head[v]=ecnt;
void dfs(int u,int fa){
   dfn[u]=low[u]=++dfs_clock;
   for(int i=head[u],v;i;i=e[i].nxt)
        if(!dfn[v=e[i].to]){
            dfs(v,u);
            low[u]=min(low[u],low[v]);
            if(low[v]>dfn[u]){
                bridge.push back(make pair(u,v));
                e[i].flag=e[i^1].flag=1;
            }
        }else if(dfn[v]<dfn[u]&&v!=fa){</pre>
            low[u]=min(low[u],dfn[v]);
```

```
}
}
void dfs_(int u){
    bccno[u]=bcc cnt;
    bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(u);
    for(int i=head[u];i;i=e[i].nxt)
        if(!e[i].flag){
             dfs_(e[i].to);
        }
void tarjan(){
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
        if(!dfn[i])dfs(i,-1);
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
        if(!bccno[i]){
             ++bcc_cnt;
             dfs (i);
        }
}
int main(){
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i){</pre>
        int u, v;
        scanf("%d %d",&u,&v);
        addedge(u,v);
    }
}
```

6.4 Vertex Biconnected Component

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int N=100;
struct edge{int to,nxt;}e[N*2];
int head[N],n,ecnt;
int dfn[N],low[N],bccno[N],dfs_clock,bcc_cnt;
bool iscut[N];
vector<int>bcc[N];
stack<pair<int,int> >stk;
void addedge(int u,int v){
    e[++ecnt]=(edge){v,head[u]};head[u]=ecnt;
    e[++ecnt]=(edge){u,head[v]};head[v]=ecnt;
void dfs(int u,int fa){
    low[u]=dfn[u]=++dfs clock;
   int child=0;
   for(int i=head[u],v;i;i=e[i].nxt){
        if(!dfn[v=e[i].to]){
            stk.push(make_pair(u,v));
            ++child;
            dfs(v,u);
            low[u]=min(low[u],low[v]);
```

```
if(low[v]>=dfn[u]){
                 iscut[u]=1;
                 bcc[++bcc_cnt].clear();
                 for(;;){
                     pair<int,int>x=stk.top();stk.pop();
                     if(bccno[x.first]!=bcc cnt){
                          bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(x.first);
                          bccno[x.first]=bcc_cnt;
                     }
                     if(bccno[x.second]!=bcc cnt){
                          bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(x.second);
                          bccno[x.second]=bcc_cnt;
                     }
                     if(x.first==u&&x.second==v)break;
                 }
             }
        }else if(dfn[v]<dfn[u]&&v!=fa){</pre>
             stk.push(make pair(u,v));
             low[u]=min(low[u],dfn[v]);
        }
    }
    if(fa<0&&child==1)iscut[u]=0;</pre>
}
void tarjan(){
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
        if(!dfn[i])dfs(i,-1);
}
int main(){
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i){</pre>
        int u, v;
        scanf("%d %d",&u,&v);
        addedge(u,v);
    }
}
```

6.5 Strongly Connected Component

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int N=100;
struct edge{int to,nxt;}e[N];
int head[N],n,ecnt;
int low[N],dfn[N],stk[N],sccno[N],size[N],top,dfs_clock,scc_cnt;
bool instk[N];
void addedge(int u,int v){
    e[++ecnt]=(edge){v,head[u]};head[u]=ecnt;
}
void dfs(int u){
    dfn[u]=low[u]=++dfs_clock;
    stk[++top]=u;instk[u]=1;
    for(int i=head[u],v;i;i=e[i].nxt)
```

```
if(!dfn[v=e[i].to]){
             dfs(v);
             low[u]=min(low[u],low[v]);
        }else if(instk[v]){
             low[u]=min(low[u],dfn[v]);
        }
    if(dfn[u] == low[u])
        for(++scc_cnt;;){
             int x=stk[top--];
             instk[x]=0;
             sccno[x]=scc cnt;
             ++size[scc_cnt];
             if(x==u)break;
        }
}
void tarjan(){
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
        if(!dfn[i])dfs(i);
}
int main(){
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i){</pre>
        int u, v;
        scanf("%d %d",&u,&v);
        addedge(u,v);
    }
}
```

6.6 Cut Edge

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int N=100;
struct edge{int to,nxt;}e[N*2];
int head[N],n,ecnt;
int low[N],dfn[N],dfs clock;
vector<pair<int,int> >bridge;
void addedge(int u,int v){
    e[++ecnt]=(edge){v,head[u]};head[u]=ecnt;
    e[++ecnt]=(edge){u,head[v]};head[v]=ecnt;
}
void dfs(int u,int fa){
   dfn[u]=low[u]=++dfs clock;
   for(int i=head[u],v;i;i=e[i].nxt)
        if(!dfn[v=e[i].to]){
            dfs(v,u);
            low[u]=min(low[u],low[v]);
            if(low[v]>dfn[u]){
                bridge.push_back(make_pair(u,v));
            }
        }else if(dfn[v]<dfn[u]&&v!=fa){</pre>
            low[u]=min(low[u],dfn[v]);
```

```
}

void tarjan(){
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)
        if(!dfn[i])dfs(i,-1);
}

int main(){
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i){
        int u,v;
        scanf("%d %d",&u,&v);
        addedge(u,v);
    }
}</pre>
```

6.7 Cut Vertex

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int N=100;
struct edge{int to,nxt;}e[N*2];
int head[N],n,ecnt;
int low[N],dfn[N],dfs_clock;
bool iscut[N];
void addedge(int u,int v){
    e[++ecnt]=(edge){v,head[u]};head[u]=ecnt;
    e[++ecnt]=(edge){u,head[v]};head[v]=ecnt;
}
void dfs(int u,int fa){
    dfn[u]=low[u]=++dfs clock;
    int child=0;
    for(int i=head[u],v;i;i=e[i].nxt)
        if(!dfn[v=e[i].to]){
            dfs(v,u);
            ++child;
            low[u]=min(low[u],low[v]);
            if(low[v]>=dfn[u]){
                 iscut[u]=1;
            }
        }else if(dfn[v]<dfn[u]&&v!=fa){</pre>
            low[u]=min(low[u],dfn[v]);
    if(fa<0&&child==1){</pre>
        iscut[u]=0;
    }
}
void tarjan(){
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
        if(!dfn[i])dfs(i,-1);
}
int main(){
    scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
for(int i=1;i<=n;++i){
    int u,v;
    scanf("%d %d",&u,&v);
    addedge(u,v);
}</pre>
```

6.8 Dijkstra

```
#include <ext/pb_ds/priority_queue.hpp>
typedef __gnu_pbds::priority_queue<std::pair<long</pre>
→ long,int>,std::greater<std::pair<long long,int>
-- >,__gnu_pbds::pairing_heap_tag> Heap;
long long Dijkstra(int s,int t) {
   static long long sp[XN];
   static Heap::point iterator ref[XN];
   memset(sp,31,sizeof(sp));
   sp[s]=0;
   Q.push(std::make_pair(0,s));
   while(!Q.empty()) {
        int pos=Q.top().second;Q.pop();
        for(Edge *e=G[pos];e;e=e->pre) {
            int u=e->to;
            if(Reduce(sp[u],sp[pos]+e->v)) {
                if(ref[u]!=0)
                    Q.modify(ref[u],std::make_pair(sp[u],u));
                else
                    ref[u]=Q.push(std::make pair(sp[u],u));
            }
        }
   }
   return sp[t];
}
```

6.9 Hungary

```
    return 0;
}
    int run(){
    int res=0;
    for(int x=1;x<=nx;++x)
        if(!girl[x]){
            memset(vis,0,sizeof (bool)*(ny+1));
            res+=dfs(x);
        }
    return res;
}
</pre>
```

6.10 ISAP

```
const int INF=1e9,XN=200+11;
struct Edge {
   int to,cap,v;
   Edge *rev,*pre;
   Edge(int to,int cap,Edge *pre):to(to),cap(cap),v(0),rev(0),pre(pre) {}
   void *operator new(size t flag) {
        static Edge *Pool=(Edge*)malloc((XN<<1)*sizeof(Edge)),*Me;</pre>
        return flag?Me++:(Me=Pool);
    }
}*G[XN],*preArc[XN];
int Aug(int t) {
   int d=INF;
   for(int pos=t;preArc[pos];pos=preArc[pos]->rev->to)
        Reduce(d,preArc[pos]->cap-preArc[pos]->v);
   for(int pos=t;preArc[pos];pos=preArc[pos]->rev->to) {
        preArc[pos] ->v+=d;
        preArc[pos] ->rev->v-=d;
   }
   return d;
}
int ISAP(int s,int t,int n) {
   static int num[XN],d[XN];
   static Edge *cArc[XN];
   std::fill(num+1,num+n,0);
    std::fill(d+1,d+1+n,0);
    std::copy(G+1,G+1+n,cArc+1);
   num[0]=n;preArc[s]=0;
   int flow=0;
   for(int pos=s;d[s]<n;) {</pre>
        if(pos==t) {
            flow+=Aug(t);
```

```
pos=s;
        }
        bool adv=0;
        for(Edge *&e=cArc[pos];e;e=e->pre) {
            int u=e->to;
            if(e->cap>e->v \&\& d[u]+1==d[pos]) {
                adv=1;
                preArc[pos=u]=e;
                break;
            }
        }
        if(!adv) {
            if (--num[d[pos]]==0)
                break;
            d[pos]=n;
            for(Edge *e=cArc[pos]=G[pos];e;e=e->pre)
                if(e->cap>e->v)
                     Reduce(d[pos],d[e->to]+1);
            num[d[pos]]++;
            if(pos!=s)
                pos=preArc[pos]->rev->to;//cArc
        }
    }
    return flow;
}
```

6.11 Kuhn-Munkres

```
namespace KM {
   using namespace std;
   const int N=400+10;
   const int oo=2e9+10;
   int n,boy[N],girl[N],slack[N],pre[N],q[N],lx[N],ly[N],w[N][N];
   bool visx[N], visy[N];
   void aug(int y){//翻转匹配边和非匹配边,使匹配点对 +1
       for(int x,z;y;y=z){
           x=pre[y],z=girl[x];//pre 为增广路径的上一个点
           girl[x]=y,boy[y]=x;
       }//girl[x] 为男生 x 的伴侣, boy[y] 为女生 y 的伴侣
   }
   void bfs(int s){
       memset(visx,0,sizeof (bool)*(n+1));
       memset(visy,0,sizeof (bool)*(n+1));
       for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)slack[i]=oo;</pre>
       int h=0,t=1;q[0]=s;
       for(;;){
           for(;h!=t;){
               int x=q[h++];
               visx[x]=1;
               for(int y=1;y<=n;++y)</pre>
                   if(!visy[y]){
                       if(1x[x]+1y[y]==w[x][y]){
```

```
pre[y]=x;
                             if(!boy[y]){
                                 aug(y);
                                 return;//找到完备匹配
                             }else{
                                 visy[y]=1;
                                 q[t++]=boy[y];
                         }else if(lx[x]+ly[y]-w[x][y] < slack[y]){
                             pre[y]=x;
                             slack[y]=lx[x]+ly[y]-w[x][y];//更新 slack
                         }
                    }
            }
            int d=oo;
            for(int y=1;y<=n;++y)</pre>
                if(!visy[y])d=min(d,slack[y]);
            for(int i=1;i<=n;++i){</pre>
                if(visx[i])lx[i]-=d;
                if(visy[i])ly[i]+=d;else slack[i]-=d;//松弛操作
            }
            for(int y=1;y<=n;++y){</pre>
                if(!visy[y]&&!slack[y]){
                     if(!boy[y]){
                         aug(y);
                         return;
                     }else{
                         visy[y]=1;
                         q[t++]=boy[y];//松弛之后加入新的点
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
    long long run(int nx,int ny){//nx 为男生数量,ny 为女生数量
        n=max(nx,ny);//补足人数
        for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
            for(int j=1; j<=n;++j)</pre>
                lx[i]=max(lx[i],w[i][j]);//lx,ly 为点标,w 为边权
        for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)bfs(i);</pre>
        long long res=0;
        for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)res+=lx[i]+ly[i];</pre>
        return res;
        //w[i][girl[i]]?girl[i]:0
    }
}
int main() {
}
```

7 Number Theory

7.1 Discrete Logarithm with BSGS

```
int BSGS(int y,int z,int P) {
    if(y%P) {
        std::unordered map<int,int> S;
        int B=sqrt(P)+0.5;
        long long zyi=z;
        for(int i=0;i<=B;i++,(zyi*=y)%=P)</pre>
             if(!S.count(zyi))
                 S[zyi]=i;
        int yb=Pow(y,B,P);
        long long ybi=yb;
        for(int i=1;i<=B;i++) {</pre>
             if(S.count(ybi))
                 return B*i-S[ybi];
             (ybi*=yb)\%=P;
        }
    }
    return -1;
}
```

7.2 Extended Lucas

```
int Exgcd(int a,int b,long long &x,long long &y) {
    if(!b) {
        x=1, y=0;
        return a;
    } else {
        int d=Exgcd(b,a%b,x,y);
        long long t=y;y=x-(a/b)*y,x=t;
        return d;
    }
}
int Inverse(int a,int n) {
    long long x,y;
    int d=Exgcd(a,n,x,y);
    assert(d==1);
    return (x%n+n)%n;
}
int Pow(long long base,long long v,int P) {
    long long res=1;
    for(;v;v>>=1,(base*=base)%=P)
        if(v&1)
            (res*=base)%=P;
    return res;
}
struct Lucas {
```

```
struct Divisor {
    int p,t,pt,tM;
    std::vector<int> table;
    Divisor(int p,int t,int pt,int tM):p(p),t(t),pt(pt),tM(tM),table(pt) {
        table[0]=1;
        for(int i=1;i<pt;++i)//0?</pre>
            table[i]=i%p==0?table[i-1]:(long long)table[i-1]*i%pt;
    }
    int Calc(long long n) {
        if(n<p)//pt..
            return table[n];
        else
            return (long
             → long)Calc(n/p)*Pow(table[pt-1],n/pt,pt)%pt*table[n%pt]%pt;
    }
    long long CalcTimes(long long x) {
        long long res=0;
        for(;x;x/=p)
            res+=x/p;
        return res;
    }
    long long Solve(long long n, long long m) {
        long long times=CalcTimes(n)-CalcTimes(m)-CalcTimes(n-m);
        if(times>=t)
            return 0;
        else
            return (long long)Pow(p,times,pt) *Calc(n)%pt *Inverse((long
             → long)Calc(m)*Calc(n-m)%pt,pt)%pt *tM;
    }
};
int P;
std::vector<Divisor> ps;
Lucas(int P):P(P) {
    for(int d=2,x=P;x!=1;d=(long long)d*d<=P?d+1:x)
        if(x%d==0) {
            int t=0,pt=1;
            do {
                ++t;pt*=d;
                x/=d;
            } while(x\%d==0);
            ps.push_back(Divisor(d,t,pt,(long
             → long) Inverse(P/pt,pt)*(P/pt)%P));
        }
}
int operator ()(long long n, long long m) {
```

7.3 Lucas Theorem

```
int Lucas(int n,int m) {
   int res=1;
   while(n && m) {
        (res*=C(n%P,m%P))%=P;
        n/=P,m/=P;
   }
   return res;
}
```

7.4 Min25

```
const int N=1e5,XN=N+11;
int prime[XN*2],pcnt;
void Prep() {
    static bool notPrime[XN*2];
    for(int i=2;i<=N*2;++i) {</pre>
        if(!notPrime[i])
            prime[++pcnt]=i;
        for(int j=1;j<=pcnt && i*prime[j]<=N*2;++j) {</pre>
             notPrime[i*prime[j]]=1;
             if(i%prime[j] == 0)
                 break;
        }
    }
}
namespace Min25 {
    typedef unsigned long long ans_t;
    std::function<ans_t(int,int)> F;
    long long n;
    int lim,psz;
    struct Identifier {
        int id[2][XN],cnt;
        int &operator [](long long x) {
             int &res=x<=lim?id[0][x]:id[1][n/x];</pre>
             if(res==0)
                 res=++cnt;
            return res;
```

```
}
    }id:
    ans_t g[XN*2],fps[XN];
    ans_t H(long long n,int m) {
        if(n<=1 || m>psz)
            return 0;
        ans_t res=g[id[n]]-fps[m-1];
        for(int i=m;i<=psz && (long long)prime[i]*prime[i]<=n;++i) {</pre>
            long long pt=prime[i],pt1=pt*prime[i];
            for(int t=1;pt1<=n;++t,pt=pt1,pt1*=prime[i])</pre>
                 res+=F(prime[i],t)*H(n/pt,i+1)+F(prime[i],t+1);
        }
        return res;
    }
    ans_t Solve(long long n,std::function<ans_t(int,int)>
    → F,std::function<ans_t(long long)> gInit) {
        static long long kp[XN*2];
        int kpc=0;
        lim=sqrt(n)+0.5,psz=std::upper_bound(prime+1,prime+1+pcnt,lim)-prime;
        for(int i=id.cnt=0;i<=lim;++i)</pre>
            id.id[0][i]=id.id[1][i]=0;
        Min25::F=F;
        Min25::n=n;
        for(long long l=1,r;l<=n;l=r+1) {</pre>
            r=n/(n/1);
            g[id[kp[++kpc]=n/1]]=gInit(n/1);
        }
        for(int i=1;i<=psz;++i)</pre>
            fps[i]=fps[i-1]+F(prime[i],1);
        for(int j=1;j<=psz;++j)</pre>
            for(int i=1;i<=kpc && (long long)prime[j]*prime[j]<=kp[i];++i)</pre>
                 g[id[kp[i]]]-=F(prime[j],1)*(g[id[kp[i]/prime[j]]]-fps[j-1]);
        return H(n,1);
    }
}
```

7.5 Polynomial

```
const int XN=1<<18;//Make2(n)*2?

namespace Polynomial {
    const int P=998244353;

    int Add(int x,int const &y) {
        return (x+=y)>=P?x-P:x;
    }

    int Minus(int x,int const &y) {
```

```
return (x-=y)<0?x+P:x;
}
int Mul(long long x,int const &y) {
    return x*y%P;
}
int Pow(long long base,int v) {
    long long res;
    for(res=1;v;v>>=1,(base*=base)%=P)
        if(v&1)
             (res*=base)%=P;
    return res;
}
int Inverse(int x,int P=Polynomial::P) {
    return Pow(x,P-2);
}
int Make2(int x) {
    return 1 << ((32-\_builtin\_clz(x))+((x&(-x))!=x));
}
void NTT(int a[],int n,int op) {
    for(int i=1,j=n>>1;i<n-1;++i) {</pre>
        if(i<j)
             std::swap(a[i],a[j]);
        int k=n>>1;
        while(k<=j) {</pre>
             j-=k;
             k >> = 1;
        }
        j+=k;
    }
    for(int len=2;len<=n;len<<=1) {</pre>
        int rt=Pow(3, (P-1)/len);
        for(int i=0;i<n;i+=len) {</pre>
             int w=1;
             for(int j=i;j<i+len/2;++j) {</pre>
                 int u=a[j],t=Mul(a[j+len/2],w);
                 a[j]=Add(u,t), a[j+len/2]=Minus(u,t);
                 w=Mul(w,rt);
             }
        }
    }
    if(op==-1) {
        std::reverse(a+1,a+n);
        int in=Inverse(n);
        for(int i=0;i<n;++i)</pre>
             a[i]=Mul(a[i],in);
    }
}
```

```
int Mul(int A[],int An,int B[],int Bn,int R[]) {
    static int a[XN],b[XN];
    int n=Make2(An+Bn-1);
    for(int i=0;i<n;++i) {</pre>
        a[i]=i<An?A[i]:0;
        b[i]=i<Bn?B[i]:0;
    NTT(a,n,1); NTT(b,n,1);
    for(int i=0;i<n;++i)</pre>
        a[i]=Mul(a[i],b[i]);
    NTT(a,n,-1);
    std::copy(a,a+An+Bn-1,R);
    return An+Bn-1;
}
void Inverse(int A[],int An,int R[]) {
    int n=Make2(An);
    static int inv[XN],a[XN];
    inv[0] = Inverse(A[0]);
    for(int len=2;len<=n;len*=2) {</pre>
        for(int i=0;i<len*2;++i) {</pre>
             inv[i]=i<len/2?inv[i]:0;
             a[i]=i<std::min(An,len)?A[i]:0;
        NTT(inv,len*2,1); NTT(a,len*2,1);
        for(int i=0;i<len*2;++i)</pre>
             inv[i]=Mul(inv[i],Minus(2,Mul(a[i],inv[i])));
        NTT(inv,len*2,-1);
    }
    std::copy(inv,inv+An,R);
}
void Differentiate(int A[],int n,int R[]) {
    for(int i=0;i<n-1;++i)</pre>
        R[i]=Mul(A[i+1],i+1);
    R[n-1]=0;
}
void Integrate(int A[],int n,int R[]) {
    for(int i=n-1;i>=1;--i)
        R[i]=Mul(A[i-1],Inverse(i));
    R[0]=0;
}
void SquareRoot(int A[],int An,int R[]) {
    int n=Make2(An);
    static int irt[XN],rt[XN],a[XN];
    assert(A[0]==1);rt[0]=1;
    int i2=Inverse(2);
    for(int len=2;len<=n;len*=2) {</pre>
        std::fill(rt+len/2,rt+len,0);
```

```
Inverse(rt,len,irt);
        for(int i=0;i<len;++i) {</pre>
             a[i]=i<std::min(An,len)?A[i]:0;
             rt[i]=i<len/2?rt[i]:0;
             irt[i]=i<len/2?irt[i]:0;</pre>
        }
        NTT(irt,len,1);NTT(rt,len,1);NTT(a,len,1);
        for(int i=0;i<len;++i)</pre>
             rt[i]=Mul(i2,Add(Mul(a[i],irt[i]),rt[i]));
        NTT(rt,len,-1);
    }
    std::copy(rt,rt+An,R);
}
void Logarithm(int A[],int An,int R[]) {
    static int a[XN],b[XN];
    Differentiate(A,An,b);
    std::copy(A,A+An,a);
    Inverse(a,An,a);
    Mul(a,An,b,An,b);
    Integrate(b,An,b);
    std::copy(b,b+An,R);
}
void Exponent(int A[],int An,int R[]) {
    static int a[XN],b[XN],c[XN];
    int n=Make2(An);
    b[0]=1;
    for(int len=2;len<=n;len*=2) {</pre>
        std::fill(b+len/2,b+len,0);
        Logarithm(b,len,c);
        for(int i=0;i<len*2;++i) {</pre>
             a[i]=i<std::min(An,len)?A[i]:0;</pre>
             b[i]=i<len/2?b[i]:0;
             c[i]=i<len?c[i]:0;
        NTT(a,len*2,1);NTT(b,len*2,1);NTT(c,len*2,1);
        for(int i=0;i<len*2;++i)</pre>
             b[i]=Mul(b[i],Add(Minus(1,c[i]),a[i]));
        NTT(b,len*2,-1);
    std::copy(b,b+An,R);
}
void Pow(int A[],int An,int v,int R[]) {
    static int a[XN];
    int A0=A[0],i0=Inverse(A[0]);
    for(int i=0;i<An;++i)</pre>
        a[i]=Mul(i0,A[i]);
    Logarithm(a,An,a);
    for(int i=0;i<An;++i)</pre>
        a[i]=Mul(a[i],v);
```

```
Exponent(a,An,a);
    int k=Pow(A0,v);
    for(int i=0;i<An;++i)
        R[i]=Mul(a[i],k);
}</pre>
```

7.6 Polynomial mod Any Prime

```
typedef long long LL;
const int XN = (1 \ll 19) + 31, P = 1000000007;
const double PI2 = 2 * 3.141592653589793238462643383279;
int N = 1 \ll 19, L = 15, K = (1 \ll L) - 1;
struct X {
   double x, y;
   X() \{ \}
   X(double _x, double _y) : x(_x), y(_y) {}
   X operator+(const X &z) const { return X(x + z.x, y + z.y); }
   X operator-(const X &z) const { return X(x - z.x, y - z.y); }
   X operator*(const X &z) const { return X(x * z.x - y * z.y, x * z.y + y *
    \rightarrow z.x); }
   X conj() const { return X(x, -y); }
} w[XN];
void init() {
   for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) w[i] = X(cos(PI2 / N * i), sin(PI2 / N * i));
}
void trans(int n, X x[], bool f) {
   for (int i = 0, j = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (i < j)
            std::swap(x[i], x[j]);
        for (int 1 = n >> 1; (j ^= 1) < 1; 1 >>= 1)
   }
   for (int i = 2; i <= n; i <<= 1) {
        int l = i >> 1, d = N / i;
        for (int j = 0; j != n; j += i)
            for (int k = 0; k != 1; k++) {
                X \& a = x[j + k], \& b = x[j + k + 1], t = w[d * k] * b;
                b = a - t;
                a = a + t;
            }
    if (!f) {
```

```
std::reverse(x + 1, x + n);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) x[i].x /= n, x[i].y /= n;</pre>
    }
}
void conv(int na, int a[], int nb, int b[], int nc, int c[]) {
    int n = 1;
    static X x[XN], y[XN], z[XN], w[XN];
    while (n < na + nb - 1) n <<= 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        x[i] = i < na ? X(a[i] & K, a[i] >> L) : X(0, 0);
        y[i] = i < nb ? X(b[i] & K, b[i] >> L) : X(0, 0);
    trans(n, x, 1);
    trans(n, y, 1);
    X r0(0.5, 0), r1(0, -0.5), r(0, 1);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        int j = (n - i) & (n - 1);
        X \times 0 = (x[i] + x[j].conj()) * r0;
        X \times 1 = (x[i] - x[j].conj()) * r1;
        X y0 = (y[i] + y[j].conj()) * r0;
        X y1 = (y[i] - y[j].conj()) * r1;
        z[i] = x0 * (y0 + y1 * r);
        w[i] = x1 * (y0 + y1 * r);
    trans(n, z, 0);
    trans(n, w, 0);
    for (int i = 0; i < nc; i++) {</pre>
        int c00 = (LL)(z[i].x + 0.5) \% P, c01 = (LL)(z[i].y + 0.5) \% P;
        int c10 = (LL)(w[i].x + 0.5) % P, c11 = (LL)(w[i].y + 0.5) % P;
        c[i] = ((((LL)c11 << L) + c01 + c10 << L) + c00) % P;
    }
}
void inv(int n, int f[], int g[]) {
    if (n == 1)
        g[0] = 1;
    else {
        int 1 = n + 1 >> 1;
        static int t[XN];
        inv(1, f, g);
        conv(n, f, l, g, n, t), conv(l, g, n - l, t + l, n - l, g + l);
        for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)</pre>
            if (g[i])
                g[i] = P - g[i];
    }
}
int qpow(int a, int b) {
    int c = 1;
    for (; b; b >>= 1) {
        if (b & 1)
```

```
c = (LL)c * a % P;
        a = (LL)a * a % P;
   }
   return c;
}
int inv(int x) { return qpow(x, P - 2); }
int z[XN];
inline void ln(int n, int f[], int g[]) {
   static int t[XN];
   inv(n, f, t);
   for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) g[i - 1] = (LL)i * f[i] % P;
   g[n - 1] = 0;
   conv(n, t, n, g, n, t);
   for (int i = n - 1; i; i---) g[i] = (LL)t[i - 1] * z[i] % P;
   g[0] = 0;
}
inline void exp(int n, int f[], int g[]) {
   if (n == 1) {
        g[0] = 1;
        return;
   }
   static int t[XN];
   int 1 = n + 1 >> 1;
   exp(1, f, g);
   ln(n, g, t);
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) t[i] = (f[i] + P - t[i]) % P;
   t[0]++;
   conv(n, g, n, t, n, g);
}
int f[XN], g[XN];
int n = 0, k = 0;
int main() {
   init();
   scanf("%d%d", &n, &k);
   for (int i = 1; i <= k; i++) z[i] = inv(i);</pre>
   for (int i = 1; i \le k; i++) f[i] = (LL)z[i] * (n - 1) % P;
   for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++)</pre>
        for (int j = 1; i * j \le k; j++) f[i * j] = (f[i * j] + P - z[j]) % P;
   exp(k + 1, f, g);
   printf("%d\n", g[k]);
   return 0;
```

8 Uncategorized

8.1 Array Pointer

```
template <class T>
struct ArrayPointer {
   int id;
   ArrayPointer(T *x=0) {
        if(!x)
            id=-1;
        else
            a[id=cnt++]=*x;
   }
   T *operator ->() {
        return a+id;
   }
   T &operator *() {
        return a[id];
   }
   static T *a;
   static int cnt;
};
/*
template <> TypeName
→ *ArrayPointer<TypeName>::a=(TypeName*)malloc(SIZE*sizeof(TypeName));
template <> int ArrayPointer<TypeName>::cnt=0;
overload operator_new
*/
```

8.2 Shared Pointer

```
template <class T>
struct SharedPointer {
    T *ptr;
    int *cnt;

    void Release() {
        if(ptr && --*cnt==0) {
            delete ptr;
            delete cnt;
        }
    }

    SharedPointer():ptr(0),cnt(0) {}

    SharedPointer(T *p):ptr(0) {
        *this=p;
```

```
}
    SharedPointer(SharedPointer const &other):ptr(0) {
        *this=other;
    }
    ~SharedPointer() {
        Release();
    }
    T *operator ->() {
        return ptr;
    }
    T &operator *() {
        return *ptr;
    }
    bool operator ==(SharedPointer const &other) const {
        return ptr==other.ptr;
    }
    bool operator !=(SharedPointer const &other) const {
        return ptr!=other.ptr;
    }
    SharedPointer &operator =(T *p) {
        Release();
        if(p) {
            ptr=p;
            (*(cnt=new int))=1;
        } else {
            ptr=0;
            cnt=0;
        }
        return *this;
    }
    SharedPointer &operator =(SharedPointer const &other) {
        Release();
        if(other.ptr) {
            ptr=other.ptr;
            (*(cnt=other.cnt))++;
        } else {
            ptr=0;
            cnt=0;
        return *this;
    }
};
```

8.3 Mo Tree

```
//By SiriusRen
#include <cmath>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
const int N=100050;
int n,m,q,xx,yy,Block,block[N],cnt=1,fa[N][20],tot,top,cnt1,cnt2,op,num[N];
int first[N],next[N*2],v[N*2],C[N],stk[N],deep[N],V[N],W[N],last[N],vis[N];
typedef long long ll;ll Ans[N],ans;
struct Query{
    int l,r,lca,id,time;Query(){}
    Query(int ll,int rr,int zz,int ii,int tt){l=ll,r=rr,lca=zz,id=ii,time=tt;}
    friend bool operator<(Query a,Query b){</pre>
        if (block[a.1] == block[b.1]) {
            if(block[a.r] == block[b.r])return a.time < b.time;</pre>
            return block[a.r] < block[b.r];</pre>
        }
        return block[a.1] < block[b.1];</pre>
    }
}query[N];
struct Change{
    int position,color,lastcolor;Change(){}
    Change(int pp,int cc,int ll){position=pp,color=cc,lastcolor=ll;}
}change[N];
void add(int x,int y){v[tot]=y,next[tot]=first[x],first[x]=tot++;}
void dfs(int x){
    for(int i=first[x];~i;i=next[i])if(v[i]!=fa[x][0])
        fa[v[i]][0]=x,deep[v[i]]=deep[x]+1,dfs(v[i]);
    stk[++top]=x;
    if(top==Block){
        for(int i=1;i<=top;i++)block[stk[i]]=cnt;</pre>
        top=0,cnt++;
    }
int lca(int x,int y){
    if(deep[x] < deep[y]) swap(x,y);</pre>
    for(int i=19;i>=0;i--)if(deep[x]-(1<<i)>=deep[y])x=fa[x][i];
    if(x==y)return x;
    for(int i=19;i>=0;i--)if(fa[x][i]!=fa[y][i])x=fa[x][i],y=fa[y][i];
    return fa[x][0];
void reverse(int x){
    if(vis[x])ans-=(11)V[C[x]]*W[num[C[x]]],num[C[x]]--;
    else num[C[x]]++, ans+=(11)V[C[x]]*W[num[C[x]]];
    vis[x]^=1;
}
void change color(int x,int y){
    if(vis[x])reverse(x),C[x]=y,reverse(x);
    else C[x]=y;
}
```

```
void work(int x,int y){
    while(x!=y){
        if(deep[x] < deep[y]) swap(x,y);</pre>
        reverse(x), x=fa[x][0];
    }
}
int read(){
    char p=getchar();int x=0;
    while(p<'0'||p>'9')p=getchar();
    while (p>='0' \& p<='9') x=x*10+p-'0', p=getchar();
    return x;
}
int main(){
    memset(first,-1,sizeof(first));
    scanf("%d%d%d",&n,&m,&q);
    for(int i=1;i<=m;i++)V[i]=read();</pre>
    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)W[i]=read();</pre>
    Block=pow(n,2.0/3.0)*0.5;
    for(int i=1;i<n;i++)xx=read(),yy=read(),add(xx,yy),add(yy,xx);</pre>
    deep[1]=1,dfs(1);
    for(int i=1;i<=top;i++)block[stk[i]]=cnt;</pre>
    for(int j=1; j<=19; j++)</pre>
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
             fa[i][j]=fa[fa[i][j-1]][j-1];
    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)C[i]=read(),last[i]=C[i];</pre>
    for(int i=1;i<=q;i++){</pre>
        op=read(),xx=read(),yy=read();
        if(op){
             if(block[xx]>block[yy])swap(xx,yy);
             query[++cnt1] = Query(xx,yy,lca(xx,yy),cnt1,cnt2);
        else change[++cnt2]=Change(xx,yy,last[xx]),last[xx]=yy;
    sort(query+1, query+1+cnt1);
    for(int i=1,T=0;i<=cnt1;i++){</pre>
           for(;T<query[i].time;T++)change_color(change[T+1].position,change[T+1].color)</pre>

→ for(;T>query[i].time;T--)change_color(change[T].position,change[T].lastcolor)
        if(i==1)work(query[i].l,query[i].r);
        else work(query[i-1].1,query[i].1),work(query[i-1].r,query[i].r);
        reverse(query[i].lca), Ans[query[i].id] = ans, reverse(query[i].lca);
    for(int i=1;i<=cnt1;i++)printf("%lld\n",Ans[i]);</pre>
}
```

8.4 Mo Sequence

```
//By SiriusRen
#include <cmath>
#include <cstdio>
#include <algorithm>
```

```
using namespace std;
const int N=1050000;
int n,m,a[N],cnt1,cnt2,Block,block[N],xx,yy,ans,sum[N],last[N],Ans[N];
char op[105];
struct Query{
    int L,R,time,id;
    Query(int LL, int RR, int TT, int II){
        L=LL,R=RR,time=TT,id=II;
    }Query(){}
}query[N];
struct Change{
    int position,color,lastcolor;
    Change(int II,int CC,int LL){
        position=II,color=CC,lastcolor=LL;
    }Change(){}
}change[N];
bool operator<(Query a,Query b){</pre>
    if(block[a.L] == block[b.L]){
        if(a.R!=b.R)return a.R<b.R;</pre>
        return a.time<b.time;</pre>
    }
    return block[a.L] < block[b.L];</pre>
}
void update(int x,int f){
    if(f==1){if(!sum[x])ans++;sum[x]++;}
    else if (f==-1)\{if(sum[x]==1)ans--; sum[x]--;\}
}
int main(){
    scanf("%d%d",&n,&m);
    Block=(int)pow(n, 2.0/3.0);
    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)scanf("%d",&a[i]),last[i]=a[i],block[i]=(i-1)/Block+1;</pre>
    for(int i=1;i<=m;i++){</pre>
        scanf("%s%d%d",op,&xx,&yy);
        if(op[0] == 'Q')query[++cnt1] = Query(xx, yy, cnt2, cnt1);
        else change[++cnt2]=Change(xx,yy,last[xx]),last[xx]=yy;
    sort(query+1,query+1+cnt1);
    for(int L=1,R=0,i=1,T=0;i<=cnt1;i++){</pre>
        for(;T<query[i].time;T++){</pre>
            if(change[T+1].position>=L&&change[T+1].position<=R)</pre>
                 update(a[change[T+1].position],-1),update(change[T+1].color,1);
            a[change[T+1].position]=change[T+1].color;
        for(;T>query[i].time;T--){
            if(change[T].position>=L&&change[T].position<=R)</pre>
                 update(a[change[T].position],-1),update(change[T].lastcolor,1);
            a[change[T].position]=change[T].lastcolor;
        for(;R<query[i].R;R++)update(a[R+1],1);</pre>
        for(;R>query[i].R;R--)update(a[R],-1);
        for(;L<query[i].L;L++)update(a[L],-1);</pre>
        for(;L>query[i].L;L--)update(a[L-1],1);
```

```
Ans[query[i].id]=ans;
}
for(int i=1;i<=cnt1;i++)printf("%d\n",Ans[i]);
}</pre>
```