

# Spring Boot with MySQL Database

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# Spring Boot annotations

- Spring uses annotation-based programming
  - Simplifies coding requirements
  - Classes do not have to extend specific base classes or implement specific interfaces
- `@SpringBootApplication`
  - Enables Spring Boot auto configuration and component scanning
- `@Controller`
  - Marks the class as a web controller, capable of handling requests
- `@Autowired`
  - Marks a constructor, field, or setter method to be autowired by Spring dependency injection.
  - <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-autowire>
- `@RequestMapping("/add")`
  - Maps HTTP request at a particular URL onto a particular handler method or onto an entire class
  - `@GetMapping`
    - Shortcut for `@RequestMapping(method=RequestMethod.GET)`
  - `@PostMapping`
    - Shortcut for `@RequestMapping(method=RequestMethod.POST)`
- `@RequestParam`
  - Extract parameters for the handler from the HTTP request
  - <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-request-param>
- `@ResponseBody`
  - <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-request-response-body>

- **Two steps to create the handler:**

- **@RestController**

- Put annotation above "class" keyword.
- This lets Spring know that this class should be managed by the Spring IoC container.

- Create handler method in that class

`@GetMapping("/hello")`

```
public String sayHello(@RequestParam(value = "myName", defaultValue = "World") String name) {  
    return String.format("Hello %s!", name);  
}
```

- This handler will listen for a HTTP GET event for the URL "localhost:XXXX/hello"
- When that event is triggered (i.e., by the user), this handler method (sayHello) executes.
- Using @RequestParam, we can use the "myName" information sent in the GET request as the value for the name parameter of the handler.
  - If no myName info was provided in the GET request, then use the default value "World" for the name parameter.
- The method returns a text string to display on the "/hello" page.

# @RestController vs @Controller

- We've now seen both @RestController and @Controller. What's the difference?
- Basically, @RestController is the same as using @Controller and then putting @ResponseBody before every handler in the class.
  - i.e., just a short-cut convenience.
- In our CRUD, we use @Controller because sometimes we won't be returning information to display at the URL, but instead will be returning the view (i.e., actual html page) to display.
  - If we use @ResponseBody, we can't return the html page to use.
  - So, some handlers will return information and others html pages.
- <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-controller-vs-restcontroller>

- Thymeleaf is a Java library.
- An XML/XHTML/HTML5 template engine able to apply a set of transformations to template files in order to display data and/or text produced by your applications.
- Main goal: provide an elegant and well-formed way of creating templates.
- Based on XML tags and attributes that define the execution of predefined logic, instead of explicitly writing that logic as code inside the template.
- <https://www.baeldung.com/thymeleaf-in-spring-mvc>

# JPA (Java Persistence API)

- Java Persistence API provides a specification for persisting, reading, and managing data from your Java object to relational tables in the database.

- Object/Relational Mapping (ORM)

- Map application objects to relational database
- Allow application to focus on objects

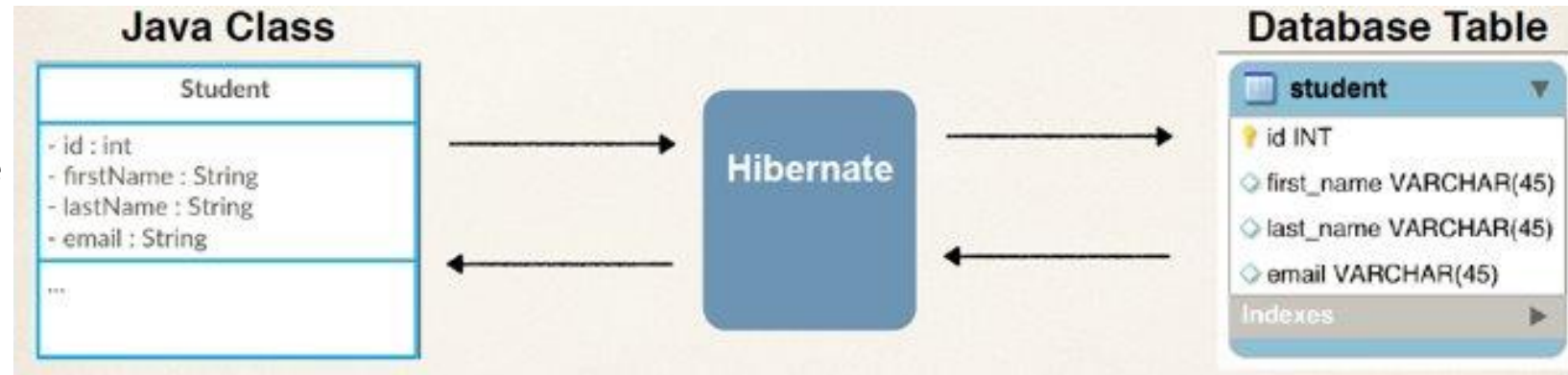
- Hibernate is an implementation of JPA

- Spring Data JPA is not an implementation, it's just an abstraction used to significantly reduce the amount of boilerplate code

- JPA is a separate ORM container that instantiates and manages the lifecycles of entities

- Separate from Spring's IoC Container

- Does Dependency Injection based on @Entity relationships only.



- Use annotations to inform the Hibernate framework

- @Entity

- Annotation that we use on a "POJO" Plain Old Java Object that we have created
  - Simplest form of POJO is a Java Bean.

- @Id

- Annotation to specify the field value that will be used to unique distinguish data being stored in the database

- @GeneratedValue

- Annotation that lets the framework handle the creation of unique Id values for our POJO objects that we are storing
  - More approaches: <https://www.baeldung.com/hibernate-identifiers>

```
spring.mvc.view.prefix=/view/
```

```
spring.mvc.view.suffix=.jsp
```

```
spring.datasource.url=  
jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/springdatabase?autoReconnect=true&useSSL=false
```

```
spring.datasource.username=root
```

```
spring.datasource.password=eliemambou
```

```
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
```



# Potential topics for projects

- Will be covered:
  - MySQL
    - <https://www.springboottutorial.com/spring-boot-with-mysql-and-oracle>
    - <https://springbootdev.com/2017/11/13/spring-boot-and-mysql-simple-crud-application-rest-apis-with-spring-data-jpa/>
  - Hibernate – More complex data relationships (Composition, Joins, etc.)
    - @ManyToMany <https://www.toptal.com/spring/beginners-guide-to-mvc-with-spring-framework>
    - @OneToMany <https://www.baeldung.com/hibernate-one-to-many>
    - @OneToOne
    - @ManyToOne
    - <https://docs.jboss.org/hibernate/orm/3.3/reference/en/html/associations.html>
  - More GUI Elements for I/O with Thymeleaf
    - <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-thymeleaf-request-parameters>
    - <https://medium.com/@grokwich/spring-boot-thymeleaf-html-form-handling-762ef0d51327>
  - May explore based on project needs:
  - Form Validation / Error Messages (Advanced)
    - <https://howtodoinjava.com/spring-mvc/spring-mvc-display-validate-and-submit-form-example/>
    - <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-thymeleaf-error-messages>
    - <https://medium.com/@grokwich/spring-boot-thymeleaf-html-form-handling-part-2-b4c9e83a189c>
  - Misc links (Advanced)
    - <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-boot-start>
    - <https://howtodoinjava.com/spring-mvc/spring-mvc-requestmapping-annotation-examples/>

- <https://spring.io/guides/gs/serving-web-content/>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YywLS8XdxLQ>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dVTh--j1sul>
- <https://www.codejava.net/frameworks/spring/spring-mvc-spring-data-jpa-hibernate-crud-example>
- <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-boot-h2-database>
- <https://www.springboottutorial.com/spring-boot-with-mysql-and-oracle>

Q & A

