

Spring Boot with MySQL Demo

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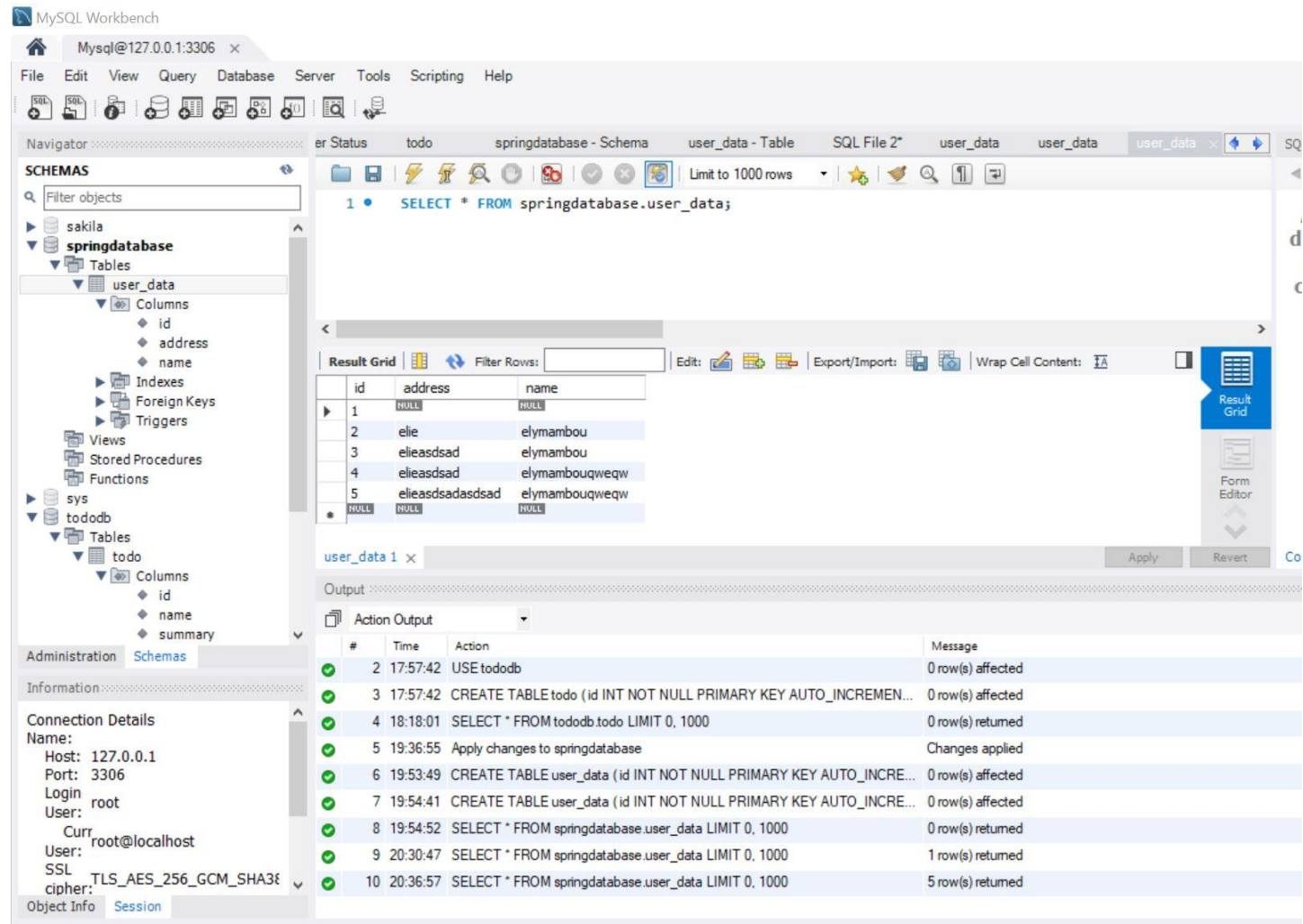
(420-JD5-AB) Programming III

Summer 2022

Install new things

• INSTALL MYSQL

- <https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/installer/>



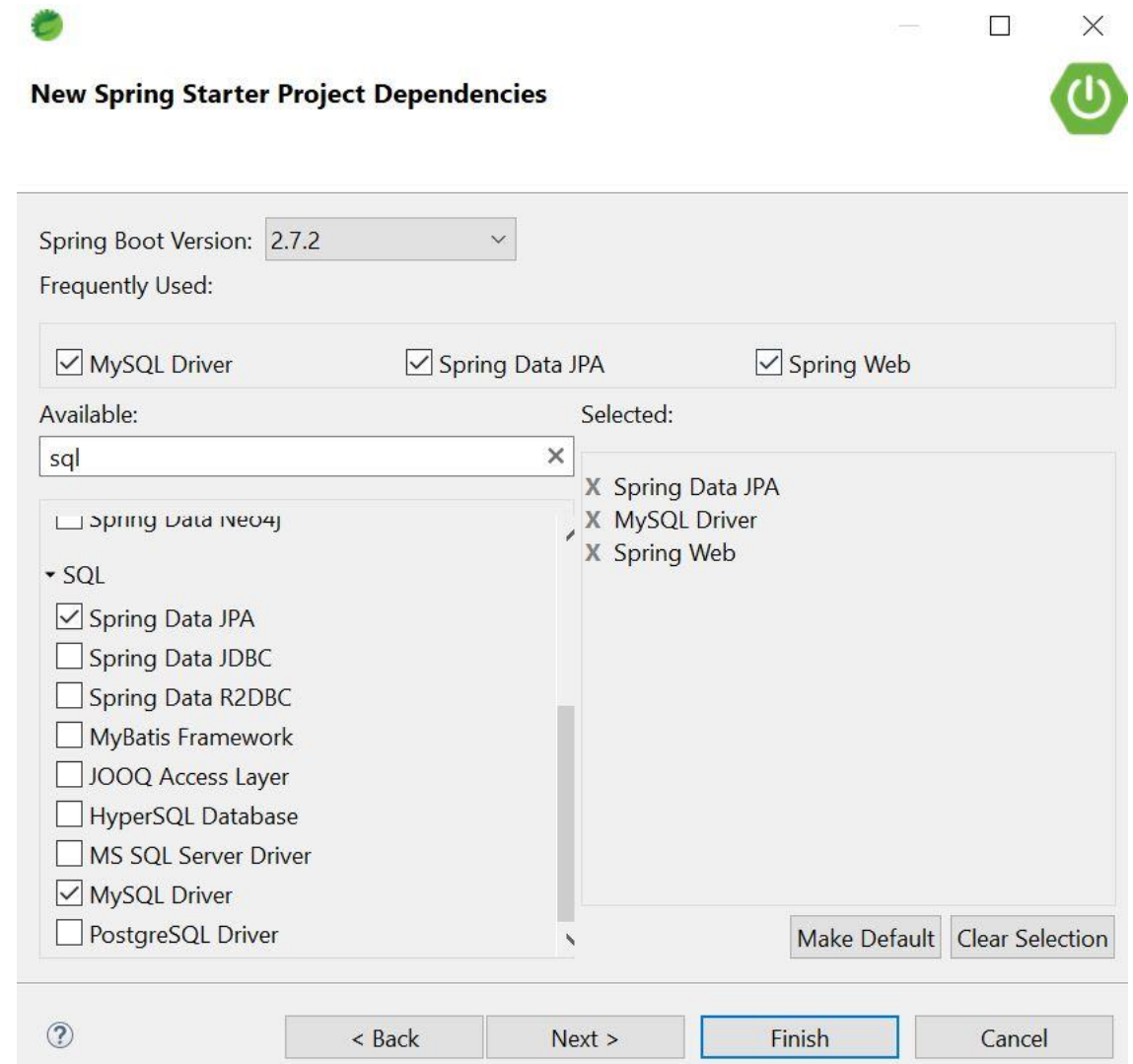
The screenshot displays the MySQL Workbench interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Query, Database, Server, Tools, Scripting, and Help. The left sidebar shows the 'SCHEMAS' pane with a tree view of databases: sakila, springdatabase, sys, and tododb. The 'springdatabase' database is expanded, showing tables like 'user_data' and 'todo'. The 'user_data' table is selected, showing its columns: id, address, and name. The 'todo' table is also visible under the 'sys' database. The main workspace shows a SQL query: `SELECT * FROM springdatabase.user_data;`. Below the query, the 'Result Grid' displays the data from the 'user_data' table. The bottom pane shows the 'Action Output' log, which records the execution of SQL commands and their results.

#	Time	Action	Message
2	17:57:42	USE tododb	0 row(s) affected
3	17:57:42	CREATE TABLE todo (id INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT...	0 row(s) affected
4	18:18:01	SELECT * FROM tododb.todo LIMIT 0, 1000	0 row(s) returned
5	19:36:55	Apply changes to springdatabase	Changes applied
6	19:53:49	CREATE TABLE user_data (id INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCRE...	0 row(s) affected
7	19:54:41	CREATE TABLE user_data (id INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCRE...	0 row(s) affected
8	19:54:52	SELECT * FROM springdatabase.user_data LIMIT 0, 1000	0 row(s) returned
9	20:30:47	SELECT * FROM springdatabase.user_data LIMIT 0, 1000	1 row(s) returned
10	20:36:57	SELECT * FROM springdatabase.user_data LIMIT 0, 1000	5 row(s) returned

Make a new spring boot project

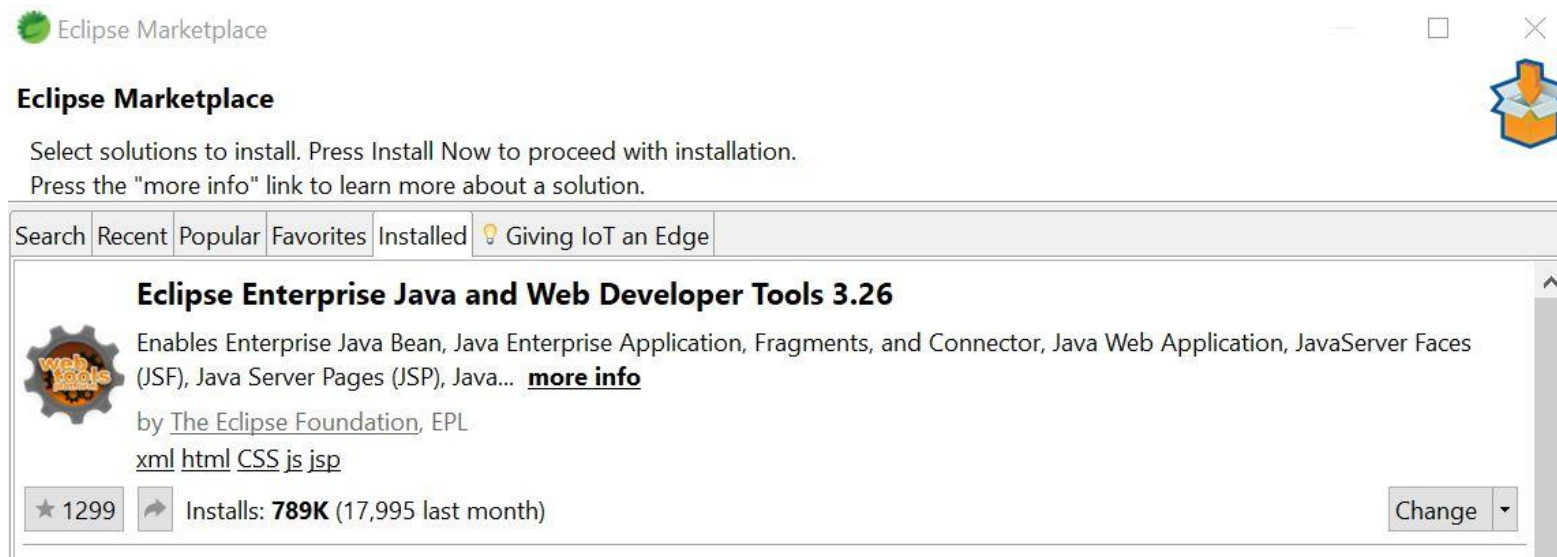
Name: ConnectDatabase

- Choose Java 11
- Maven Project
- Spring Web, Spring data JPA, and MySQL driver



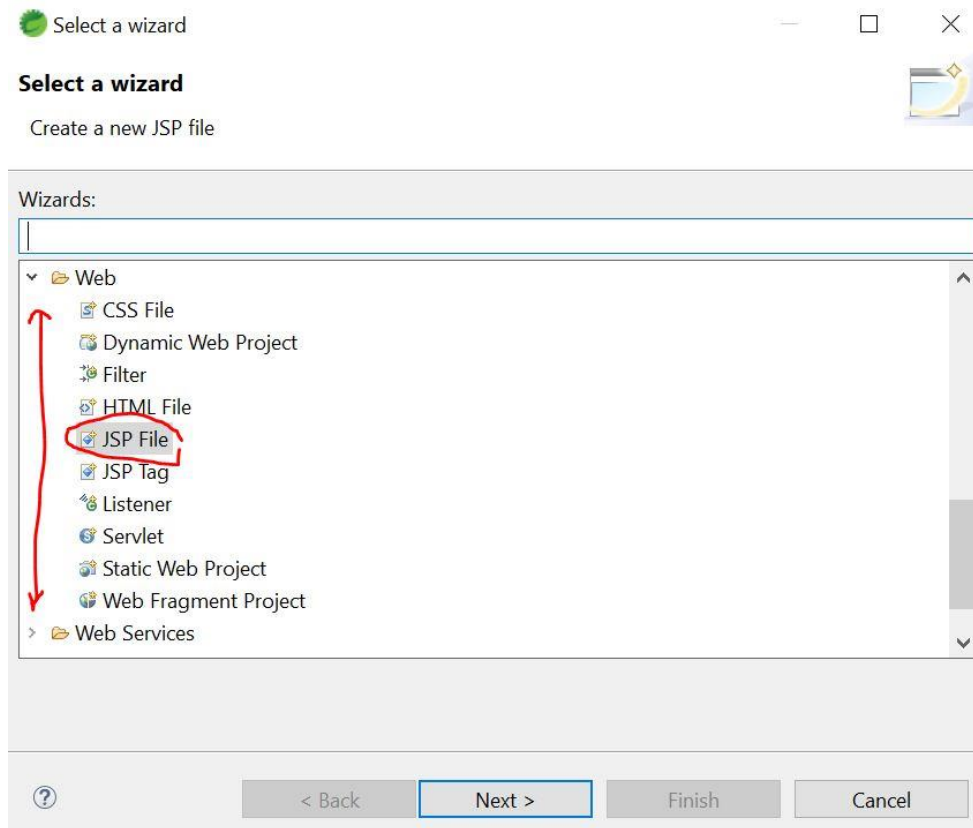
Add package for file wizard

- Go to Help > Eclipse Marketplace
- Search and install **Eclipse Enterprise Java and Web Developer Tools 3.26**
- Reboot IDE



Add index.jsp file

- Make a directory src/main/webapp/view/
- Right-click on view folder > new > other> Web> JSP File



```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1"
    pageEncoding="ISO-8859-1"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="ISO-8859-1">
<title>Insert title here</title>
</head>
<body>
<form action="welcome" method="post" onsubmit="return validate()">
<label>Input name: </label>
<input type="text" name="name"><br>
<label>Input address: </label>
<input type="text" name="address"><br>
<input type="submit" value="Save">
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

Add new controller called DataController

- Under package **com.data.controller**

```
package com.data.controller;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.ui.Model;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam;

@Controller
public class DataController {

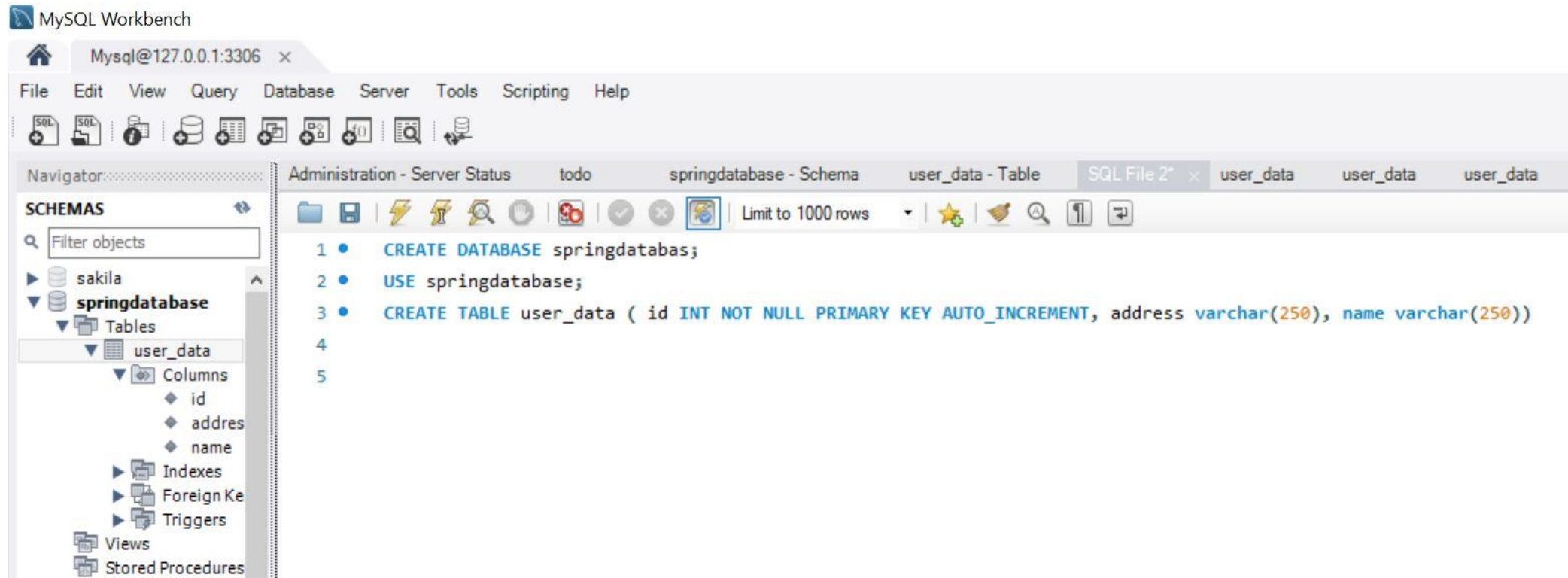
    @RequestMapping("/saveData")
    public String indexPage() {

        return "index";
    }

    @PostMapping("/welcome")
    public String sayHello(@RequestParam("name") String name,
        @RequestParam("address") String address, Model model) {
        model.addAttribute("name", name);
        model.addAttribute("address", address);
        return "welcome";
    }
}
```

Add a new sql database

- Open MySQL workbench
- Make a new sql and run



- Under package src/main/resources

```
spring.mvc.view.prefix=/view/  
spring.mvc.view.suffix=.jsp
```

```
spring.datasource.url=  
jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/springdatabase?autoR  
econnect=true&useSSL=false  
spring.datasource.username=root  
spring.datasource.password=eliemambou
```

```
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update  
server.port=8081
```

add this in pom.xml

```
<!-- JSTL tag lib -->  
<dependency>  
  <groupId>javax.servlet</groupId>  
  <artifactId>jstl</artifactId>  
</dependency>  
  
<dependency>  
  <groupId>taglibs</groupId>  
  <artifactId>standard</artifactId>  
  <version>1.1.2</version>  
</dependency>  
  
<!-- Tomcat for JSP rendering -->  
<dependency>  
  <groupId>org.apache.tomcat.embed</groupId>  
  <artifactId>tomcat-embed-jasper</artifactId>  
  <scope>provided</scope>  
</dependency>
```


- Under src/main/webapp/view/

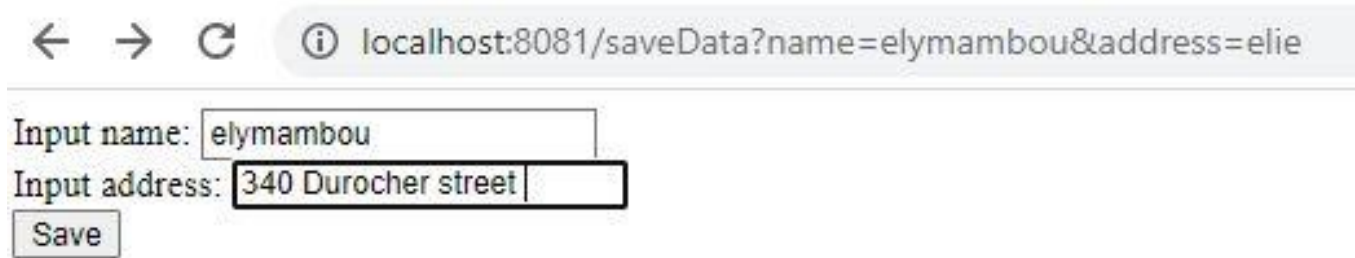
```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1"
    pageEncoding="ISO-8859-1"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="ISO-8859-1">
<title>Insert title here</title>
</head>
<body>

    <h1>Spring Boot - MVC web application demo with MySQL database</h1>
    <hr>

    <h2>Your name is ${name} and your address is ${address} </h2>

</body>
</html>
```

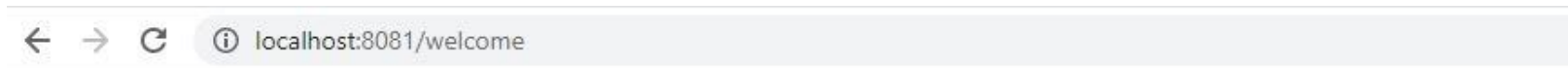
This is where we stopped last time!!
Now let us add a **model**

A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows "localhost:8081/saveData?name=elymambou&address=elie". Below the address bar, there is a form with two input fields: "Input name:" containing "elymambou" and "Input address:" containing "340 Durocher street". A "Save" button is located below the address field.

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:8081/saveData?name=elymambou&address=elie

Input name:

Input address:

A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows "localhost:8081/welcome".

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:8081/welcome

Spring Boot - MVC web application demo with MySQL database

Your name is elymambou and your address is 340 Durocher street

Add a model under package com.data.model

- Under package src/main/java
- Make a class UserData
- Select all attributes then do Alt+Shift+s, then **generate setters and getters**
- Then add a constructor

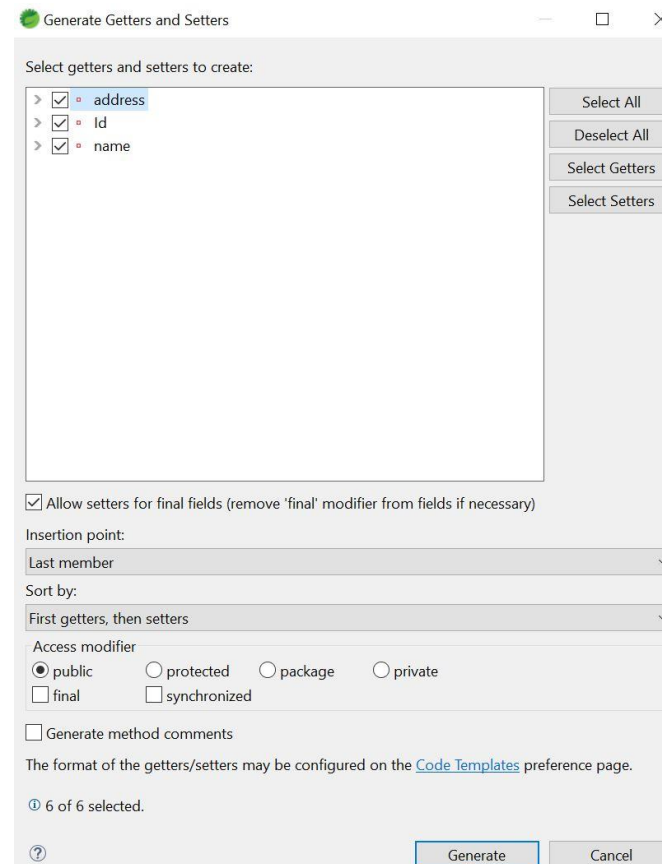
```
package com.data.model;
```

```
import javax.persistence.Entity;  
import javax.persistence.Id;  
import javax.persistence.GeneratedValue;  
import javax.persistence.GenerationType;
```

```
@Entity  
public class UserData {
```

```
@Id  
@GeneratedValue(strategy= GenerationType.AUTO)  
private int Id;  
private String name;  
private String address;
```

```
}
```



```
package com.data.model;
```

```
import javax.persistence.Entity;  
import javax.persistence.Id;  
import javax.persistence.GeneratedValue;  
import javax.persistence.GenerationType;
```

```
@Entity  
public class UserData {
```

```
@Id  
@GeneratedValue(strategy= GenerationType.AUTO)  
private int Id;  
private String name;  
private String address;  
public int getId() {  
    return Id;  
}  
public String getName() {  
    return name;  
}  
public String getAddress() {  
    return address;  
}  
public void setId(int id) {  
    Id = id;  
}  
public void setName(String name) {  
    this.name = name;  
}  
public void setAddress(String address) {  
    this.address = address;  
}
```

```
public UserData()  
{  
    super();  
    this.name=name;  
    this.address=address;  
}
```

Add a userDataRepo interface

- Under package src/main/java/com.data.dao

```
package com.data.dao;  
  
import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;  
  
import com.data.model.UserData;  
  
public interface UserDataRepo extends JpaRepository<UserData, Integer>{  
  
}
```

Update the controller (MVC magic!)

```
package com.data.controller;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ResponseBody;

import com.data.dao.UserDataRepo;
import com.data.model.UserData;

@Controller
public class DataController {

    @Autowired
    UserDataRepo repo;

    @RequestMapping("/saveData")
    public String indexPage() {

        return "index";
    }

    @RequestMapping("/welcome")
    @ResponseBody
    public String sayHello(UserData userData) {
        repo.save(userData);
        return "Welcome "+userData.getName()+" and you stay at "+userData.getAddress();
    }
}
```

RUN the application on plain view

@RequestMapping and @ResponseBody

localhost:8081/saveData?name=elymambou&address=elie

Input name:

Input address:

localhost:8081/welcome

Welcome Elie Mambou and you stay at 340 Durocher street

todo springdatabase - Schema user_data - Table SQL F

Limit to 1000 rows

1 • SELECT * FROM springdatabase.user_data;

Result Grid Filter Rows: Edit:

	id	address	name
▶	1	NULL	NULL
	2	elie	elymambou
	3	elieasdsad	elymambou
	4	elieasdsad	elymambouqweqw
	5	elieasdsadasdsad	elymambouqweqw
	6	340 Durocher street	elymambou
	7	340 Durocher street	elymambou
	8	340 Durocher street	elymambou
	9	340 Durocher street	elymambou
	10	340 Durocher street	elymambou12
	11	340 Durocher street	elymambou12
	12	340 Durocher street	Elie Mambou
	13	340 Durocher street	Elie Mambou
•	NULL	NULL	NULL

- **@NotEmpty**: to say that a list field must not empty.
- **@NotBlank**: to say that a string field must not be the empty string (i.e. it must have at least one character).
- **@Min** and **@Max**: to say that a numerical field is only valid when it's value is above or below a certain value.
- **@Pattern**: to say that a string field is only valid when it matches a certain regular expression.
- **@NotNull**: to say that a field must not be null.
- **@Email**: to say that a string field must be a valid email address.

<https://www.codejava.net/frameworks/spring-boot/spring-boot-form-validation-tutorial>

<https://javaee.github.io/javaee-spec/javadocs/javax/validation/constraints/package-summary.html>

```
public class User {  
    @Size(min = 3, max = 50)  
    private String name;  
  
    @NotBlank  
    @Email(message = "Please enter a valid e-mail address")  
    private String email;  
  
    @NotBlank  
    @Size(min = 8, max = 15)  
    private String password;  
  
    @NotBlank  
    private String gender;  
  
    @Size(max = 100)  
    private String note;  
  
    @AssertTrue  
    private boolean married;  
  
    @DateTimeFormat(pattern = "yyyy-mm-dd")  
    private Date birthday;  
  
    @NotBlank  
    private String profession;  
  
    @Min(value = 20_000)  
    @Max(value = 200_000)  
    private long income;  
}
```

Q & A

