SQL - Aujourd'hui je code

SQL	Definition	Syntax	Example
SELECT	Affiche toutes les colonnes	SELECT * FROM Table	SELECT * FROM datamart.dim_employee
	Affiche des colonnes spécifiques	SELECT col1, col2 FROM Table	SELECT full_name, email FROM datamart.dim_employee
DISTINCT	Supprime les valeurs dupliquées	SELECT DISTINCT col1 FROM Table	SELECT DISTINCT country FROM datamart.dim_employee
WHERE	Filtre le résultat Operations :	SELECT * FROM Table WHERE condition1 AND condition2	<pre>SELECT * FROM datamart.dim_employee WHERE job_status = 'LIVE'</pre>
LIMIT	Limite le nombre de ligne à afficher	SELECT * FROM Table LIMIT n	<pre>SELECT * FROM datamart.dim_employee LIMIT 50;</pre>
ORDER BY	Tri le résultat ASC (ascendant) DESC (descendant)	SELECT * FROM Table ORDER BY col1 [ASC/DESC]	SELECT * FROM datamart.dim_employee ORDER BY start_date DESC;
Operateurs arithmétiques	 Multiplication: * Division: / Addition: + Substraction: - Modulo: % 	SELECT col1 operator [col2/constante] FROM Table	SELECT client_id, clicks * 2 FROM datamart.fact_client_stats_daily WHERE day = '2018-01-01'
Fonctions d'agrégation	 SUM (Somme) AVG (Moyenne) MAX (Maximum) MIN (Minimum) COUNT (Nb de valeur) 	SELECT col1, agg(col2) FROM table1 GROUP BY col1	SELECT client_id, count(campaign_id), sum(clicks) FROM datamart.dim_campaign GROUP BY client_id
GROUP BY	Definis par quel champ grouper les données	SELECT col1, agg(col2) FROM table1 GROUP BY col1	SELECT day, sum(clicks) FROM datamart.fact_client_stats_daily WHERE day = '2018-01-01' GROUP BY day