# DMPG '19 B5 - Triangles

#### **Time Limit:** 2.0s **Memory Limit:** 256M

There are N points labelled from 1 to N. The point labelled i is located at  $(x_i,y_i)$ . These N points are coloured such that the point labelled i has colour  $c_i$ . There are only two colours, red or blue. If  $c_i$  is 1, the point is red and if  $c_i$  is 2, the point is blue. It is guaranteed that no two have the same coordinates. Can you choose 3 of the N points such that none of the other N-3 points lie within the interior of the (possibly degenerate) triangle formed by the 3 points and such that the colours of the 3 points are not all the same? A point on the boundary of the triangle is not considered within the interior of the triangle for this problem. In particular, choosing 3 collinear points will guarantee no other points in its interior.

#### **Constraints**

```
1 \leq c_i \leq 2 for all 1 \leq i \leq N 1 \leq x_i, y_i \leq 10^6 for all 1 \leq i \leq N 3 \leq N \leq 200~000
```

#### **Input Specification**

The first line contains a single integer, N.

The next N lines each contain three space-separated integers,  $x_i$ ,  $y_i$ , and  $c_i$ .

### **Output Specification**

If it is not possible to find 3 such points, output -1. Otherwise, print three space-separated integers i j k on a single line representing the three points chosen. If there are multiple possibilities, any triplet will be accepted. The triplet does not need to be written in any particular order.

### Sample Input 1

6	
1 1 1	
7 7 2	
, , <u>-</u>	
171	
<b>1</b> / <b>1</b>	
7 1 1	
7 1 1	
2 3 1	
6 5 1	

## **Sample Output 1**

2 3 5

## Sample Input 2

4 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 1 4 1

## **Sample Output 2**

1 2 4