

PRACTICAL No. 4

Topic: Parsing

Platform: Windows or Linux

Language to be used: Python or Java (based on the companies targeted for placement)

Aim: (A) Write a program to validate a natural language sentence. Design a natural language grammar, compute and input the LL (1) table. Validate if the given sentence is valid or not based on the grammar.

Input: NLP grammar and LL (1) parsing table (from file)

Implementation: String parsing rules

Output: Each step-in string parsing and whether the input string is valid or invalid.

Code⇒

```
table = [["", "", "", "S->NP VP", "S-> NP VP", "S->NP VP",
        "S->NP VP", "S->NP VP", "S->NP VP", "S->NP VP", "S->NP VP",
        "S->NP VP", "S->NP VP", "S->NP VP",
        "S->NP VP", "S->NP VP", "S->NP VP"], [ "", "", "", "",
        "", "", "", "NP->P",
        "NP->P", "NP->P", "NP->PN", "NP->PN",
        "NP->PN", "NP->PN", "NP->D N", "NP->D N", "NP->D N"],
        [ "", "", "", "VP->V NP", "VP->V NP", "VP->V NP", "VP->V NP",
        "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "",
        ["N->championship", "N->ball", "N->toss", "", "", "", "", "", "",
        "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "",
        ["", "", "", "V->is", "V->want", "V->won", "V->played", "", "",
        "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "",
        ["", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "P->me", "P->I", "P->you", "", "",
        "", "", "", "", ""],
        ["", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "PN->India",
        "PN->Australia", "PN->Steve", "PN->John", "", "", ""],
        [ "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "", "D->the",
        "D->a", "D->an"]
    ]

def validate(parsing_table, table_term_list, input_string, term_userdef):

    print(f"\nValidate String => {input_string}\n")

    stack = ['$', '$']
    buffer = []
```

```

input_string = input_string.split()
input_string.reverse()
buffer = ['$'] + input_string

print("{:>20} {:>20} {:>20}".
      format("Buffer", "Stack", "Action"))

while True:
    # end loop if all symbols matched
    if stack == ['$'] and buffer == ['$']:
        print("{:>20} {:>20} {:>20}"
              .format(' '.join(buffer),
                      ' '.join(stack),
                      "Valid"))
        return "\nValid String!"
    elif stack[0] not in term_userdef:
        # take front of buffer (y) and tos (x)
        x = list(['S', 'NP', 'VP', 'N', 'V', 'P', 'PN',
'D']).index(stack[0])
        y = table_term_list.index(buffer[-1])
        if parsing_table[x][y] != '':
            # format table entry received
            entry = parsing_table[x][y]
            print("{:>20} {:>20} {:>25}"
                  .format(' '.join(buffer),
                          ' '.join(stack),
                          f"T[{stack[0]}][{buffer[-1]}] = {entry}"))
            lhs_rhs = entry.split(">")
            lhs_rhs[1] = lhs_rhs[1].replace('#', ' ').strip()
            entryrhs = lhs_rhs[1].split()
            stack = entryrhs + stack[1:]
        else:
            return f"\nInvalid String! No rule at " \
                  f"Table[{stack[0]}][{buffer[-1]}]."
    else:
        # stack top is Terminal
        if stack[0] == buffer[-1]:
            print("{:>20} {:>20} {:>20}"
                  .format(' '.join(buffer),
                          ' '.join(stack),
                          f"Matched:{stack[0]}"))
            buffer = buffer[:-1]
            stack = stack[1:]
        else:
            return "\nInvalid String! " \
                  "Unmatched terminal symbols"

nonterm_userdef = ['S', 'NP', 'VP', 'N', 'V', 'P', 'PN', 'D']
term_userdef = ["championship", "ball", "toss", "is", "want",
                "won", "played", "me", "I", "you", "India",

```

```

        "Australia","Steve", "John", "the", "a", "an"]
tabTerm = ["championship", "ball", "toss", "is", "want",
           "won", "played", "me", "I", "you", "India",
           "Australia","Steve", "John", "the", "a", "an", "$"]
sample_input_string = "India won the championship"
validity = validate(table,tabTerm, sample_input_string, term_userdef)
print(validity)

```

Output:-

```

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Buffer      Stack      Action
$ championship the won India  S $      T[S][India] = S->NP VP
$ championship the won India  NP VP $   T[NP][India] = NP->PN
$ championship the won India  PN VP $   T[PN][India] = PN->India
$ championship the won India  India VP $   Matched:India
$ championship the won        VP $   T[VP][won] = VP->V NP
$ championship the won        V NP $   T[V][won] = V->won
$ championship the won        won NP $   Matched:won
$ championship the            NP $   T[NP][the] = NP->D N
$ championship the            D N $   T[D][the] = D->the
$ championship the            the N $   Matched:the
$ championship                N $   T[N][championship] = N->championship
$ championship                championship $   Matched:championship
$                                $   Valid

Valid String!
PS C:\Users\asus\OneDrive\Desktop\college_sem\5th sem\cd_lab>

```

(B) Use Virtual Lab on LL1 parser to validate the string and verify your string validation using simulation.

Link for Virtual Lab:

http://vlabs.iitb.ac.in/vlabs-dev/vlab_bootcamp/bootcamp/system_deligators/labs/exp2/index.php

Output: Validation from Virtual lab simulator

LL(1) Parser Visualization

Write your own context-free grammar and see an LL(1) parser in action!

Written by Zak Kincaid and Shaowei Zhu based on
http://jsmachines.sourceforge.net/machines/ll1.html

1. Write your LL(1) grammar (empty string " represents ϵ):

```
S ::= NP VP
NP ::= P
NP ::= PN
NP ::= D N
VP ::= V NP
N ::= championship
N ::= ball
N ::= toss
V ::= is
V ::= want
V ::= won
P ::= me
P ::= I
P ::= you
PN ::= India
PN ::= Australia
PN ::= Steve
PN ::= John
D ::= the
D ::= a
D ::= an
```

Valid LL(1) Grammars

For any production $S \rightarrow A | B$, it must be the case that:

- For no terminal t could A and B derive strings beginning with t
- At most one of A and B can derive the empty string
- if B can derive the empty string, then A does not derive any string beginning with a terminal in Follow(A)

Formatting Instructions

- The non-terminal on the left-hand-side of the first rule is the start non-terminal
- Write each production rule in a separate line (see example to the left)
- Separate each token using whitespace
- $\$$ is reserved as the end-of-input symbol, and S is reserved as an artificial start symbol. The grammar is automatically augmented with the rule $S ::= \text{start } \$$

Debugging

- More information about the parser construction is printed on the console
- The source code follows the pseudocode in lecture. In particular, see `computeNullable`, `computeFirst`, `computeFollow`, and `computeLL1Tables`

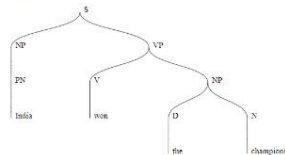
Generate tables

nd Transition Table

First	Follow	\$	championship	ball	toss	is	want	won	played	me	I	you	India	Australia	Steve	John	the	a	an
S	\$																		
NP	is, want, won, played, \$																		
VP	\$																		
N	is, want, won, played, \$																		
V	me, I, you, India, Australia, Steve, John, the, a, an																		
P	is, want, won, played, \$																		
PN	is, want, won, played, \$																		
D	championship, ball, toss																		

the championship

Partial Parse Tree



```
PN ::= John
D ::= the
D ::= a
D ::= an
```

- More information about the parser construction is printed on the console
- The source code follows the pseudocode in lecture. In particular, see `computeNullable`, `computeFirst`, `computeFollow`, and `computeLL1Tables`

Generate tables

2. Nullable/First/Follow Table and Transition Table

Nonterminal	Nullable?	First	Follow
S	X	me, I, you, India, Australia, Steve, John, the, a, an	\$
NP	X	me, I, you, India, Australia, Steve, John, the, a, an	is, want, won, played, \$
VP	X	is, want, won, played	\$
N	X	championship, ball, toss	is, want, won, played, \$
V	X	is, want, won, played	me, I, you, India, Australia, Steve, John, the, a, an
P	X	me, I, you	is, want, won, played, \$
PN	X	India, Australia, Steve, John	is, want, won, played, \$
D	X	the, a, an	championship, ball, toss

\$	championship	ball	toss	is	want	won
S						
NP						
VP				VP ::= V NP	VP ::= V NP	VP ::= V NP
N	N ::= championship	N ::= ball	N ::= toss			
V				V ::= is	V ::= want	V ::= won
P						
PN						
D						

3. Parsing

Token stream separated by spaces:

Start/Reset Step Forward

