D9

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

In [2]: df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Downloads\13_placement.csv")
 df

Out[2]:

	cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed
0	7.19	26.0	1
1	7.46	38.0	1
2	7.54	40.0	1
3	6.42	8.0	1
4	7.23	17.0	0
995	8.87	44.0	1
996	9.12	65.0	1
997	4.89	34.0	0
998	8.62	46.0	1
999	4.90	10.0	1

1000 rows × 3 columns

In [3]: df.head(10)

Out[3]:

_		cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed
	0	7.19	26.0	1
	1	7.46	38.0	1
	2	7.54	40.0	1
	3	6.42	8.0	1
	4	7.23	17.0	0
	5	7.30	23.0	1
	6	6.69	11.0	0
	7	7.12	39.0	1
	8	6.45	38.0	0
	9	7.75	94.0	1

```
In [4]: df.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
        Data columns (total 3 columns):
             Column
                                   Non-Null Count Dtype
         0
             cgpa
                                   1000 non-null
                                                    float64
                                                    float64
         1
             placement_exam_marks 1000 non-null
         2
             placed
                                   1000 non-null
                                                    int64
        dtypes: float64(2), int64(1)
        memory usage: 23.6 KB
```

In [5]: df.describe()

Out[5]:

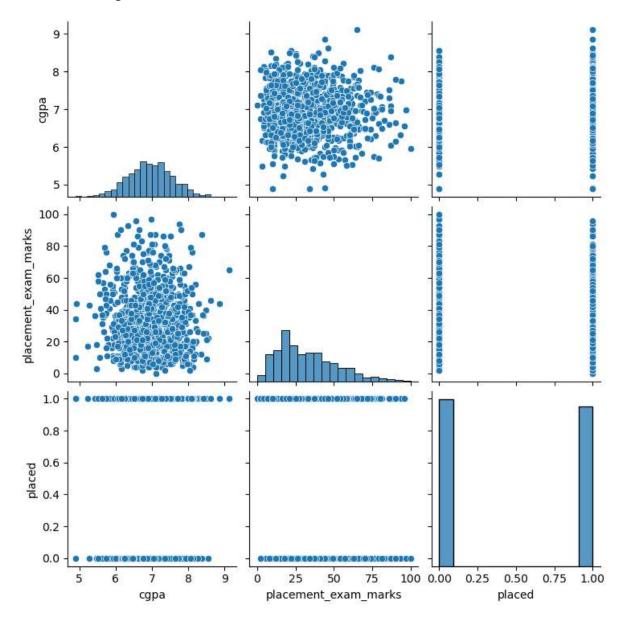
	cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000
mean	6.961240	32.225000	0.489000
std	0.615898	19.130822	0.500129
min	4.890000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	6.550000	17.000000	0.000000
50%	6.960000	28.000000	0.000000
75%	7.370000	44.000000	1.000000
max	9.120000	100.000000	1.000000

```
In [6]: df.columns
```

Out[6]: Index(['cgpa', 'placement_exam_marks', 'placed'], dtype='object')

In [7]: sns.pairplot(df)

Out[7]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2cfe35cb390>



In [8]: sns.distplot(df['placed'])

C:\Users\user\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_1180\3382675032.py:1: UserWarning:

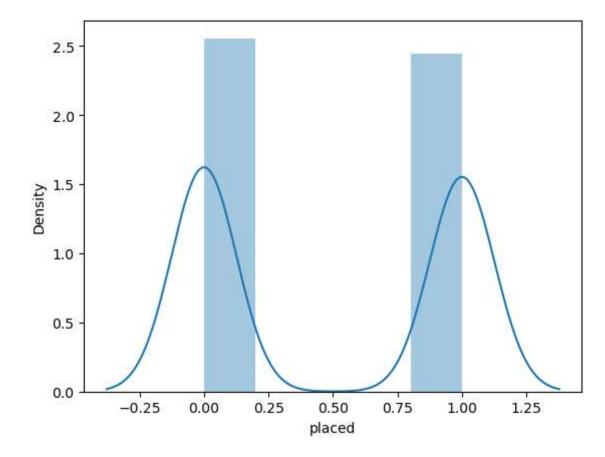
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751 (https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751)

sns.distplot(df['placed'])

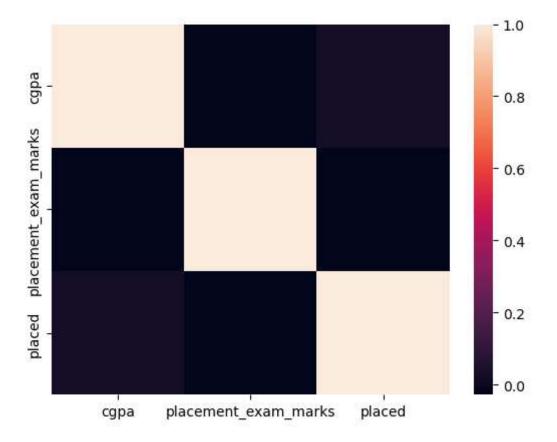
Out[8]: <Axes: xlabel='placed', ylabel='Density'>



In [9]: df1=df[['cgpa', 'placement_exam_marks', 'placed']]

```
In [10]: sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

```
Out[10]: <Axes: >
```



```
In [11]: x=df1[['cgpa', 'placement_exam_marks']]
y=df1['placed']
```

```
In [12]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

```
Out[13]: v LinearRegression
LinearRegression()
```

```
In [14]: print(lr.intercept_)
```

0.38564190651315755

```
In [15]: coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co-efficient'])
coeff
```

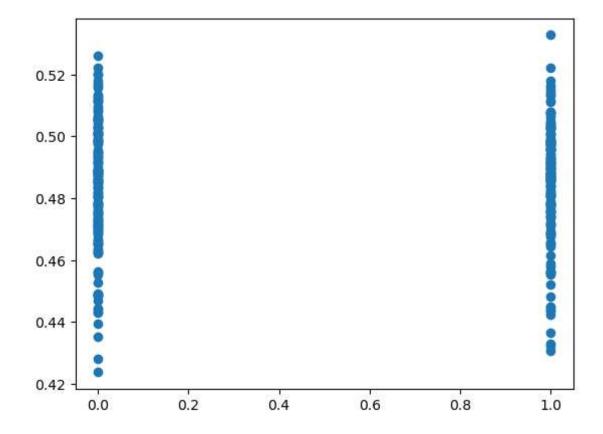
Out[15]:

Co-efficient cgpa 0.018215

placement_exam_marks -0.000874

```
In [16]: prediction=lr.predict(x_test)
    plt.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[16]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2cfde3e2490>



```
In [17]: print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
```

-0.0007266943491739397

In []: