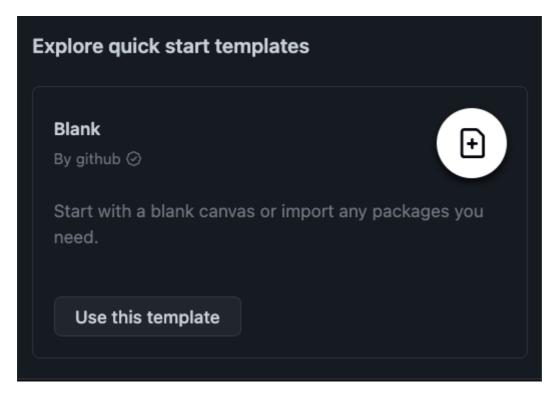
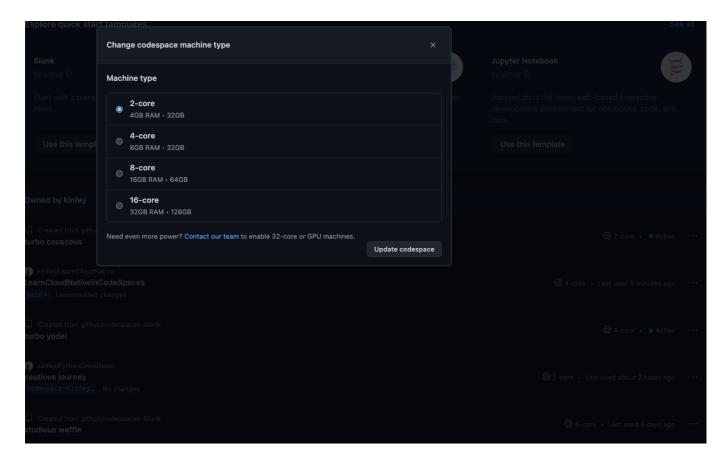
配置 GitHub Codespaces 上的云原生开发环境

现阶段有非常多的云原生技术,通过 GitHub Codespaces 我们可以应对不同的云原生场景。如容器的开发,如 K8s 应用场景的配置以及维护,可以协助不同的项目上云。这对于开发团队有不同的挑战,首先环境的统一性,其次就是多场景多技术的整合。或者你可以把 GitHub Codespaces 看做成一个云端的在线 Visual Studio Code,但他的功能至于 Visual Studio Code,不仅兼容插件,还支持不同的云端场景以及模版。我们可以快速通过 GitHub Codespaces 构建云原生的开发环境。下面我们就通过简易的步骤构建一个云原生开发环境。

1. 选择空模版构建一个 GitHub Codespaces 项目

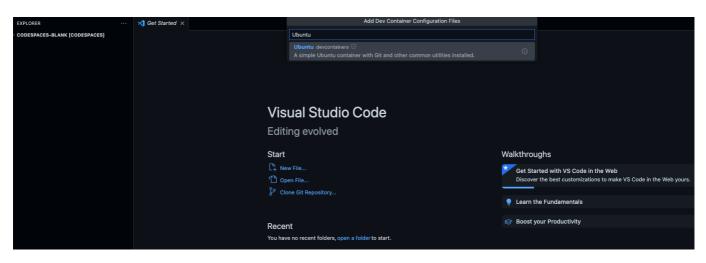


2. 并把机器配置切换为 4核 CPU, 8GB 内存, 32GB 存储

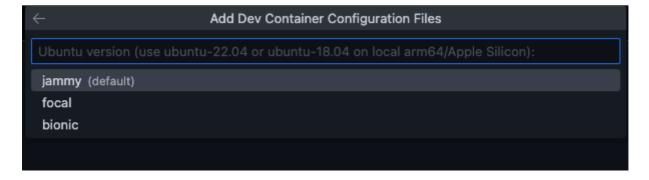


3. 为 GitHub Codespaces 搭配设置好环境

macOS 使用 CMD + Shift + P, Windows / Linux 使用 Ctrl + Shift + P 选择 Codespaces 下的 Add Dev Container 选择 Ubuntu 22.04 开发容器 (对于云原生环境 Ubuntu 是最好的开发系统)



版本选择 jammy - 22.04



4. 添加不同的 SDK 和语言环境的支持

Azure 相关的如 Azure CLI , Azure Functions 等

Dotnet CLI, Miniforge, 以及 nodejs 等

选择成功后可以参考以下 devcontainer.json 的配置

```
{
    "name": "Ubuntu",
    "image": "mcr.microsoft.com/devcontainers/base:jammy",
    "features": {
        "ghcr.io/devcontainers/features/azure-cli:1": {},
        "ghcr.io/devcontainers/features/dotnet:1": {},
        "ghcr.io/devcontainers/features/node:1": {},
        "ghcr.io/rocker-org/devcontainer-features/miniforge:0": {},
        "ghcr.io/jlaundry/devcontainer-features/azure-functions-core-tools:1": {}
    }
}
```

5. 这里可以为环境添加一些 extensions 的插件

在 devcontainer.json 增加下面的语句, 为你的云原生 GitHub Codespaces 环境添加 .NET , Python , Thunder-Client 等插件。

```
"customizations": {
    // Configure properties specific to VS Code.
    "vscode": {

    // Add the IDs of extensions you want installed when the container
is created.

    "extensions": [
        "ms-python.python",
        "ms-python.vscode-pylance",
        "ms-dotnettools.csharp",
        "rangav.vscode-thunder-client"
        ]
    }
}
```

我们可以看看完整的 devcontainer.json

```
// For format details, see https://aka.ms/devcontainer.json. For config
options, see the
// README at:
https://github.com/devcontainers/templates/tree/main/src/ubuntu
{
    "name": "Ubuntu",
    // Or use a Dockerfile or Docker Compose file. More info:
https://containers.dev/guide/dockerfile
    "image": "mcr.microsoft.com/devcontainers/base:jammy",
    "features": {
        "ghcr.io/devcontainers/features/azure-cli:1": {},
        "ghcr.io/devcontainers/features/dotnet:1": {},
        "ghcr.io/devcontainers/features/node:1": {},
        "ghcr.io/rocker-org/devcontainer-features/miniforge:0": {},
        "ghcr.io/jlaundry/devcontainer-features/azure-functions-core-
tools:1": {}
    },
    "customizations": {
         // Configure properties specific to VS Code.
        "vscode": {
        // Add the IDs of extensions you want installed when the container
is created.
            "extensions": [
                "ms-python.python",
                "ms-python.vscode-pylance",
                "ms-dotnettools.csharp",
                "rangav.vscode-thunder-client"
            1
        }
    }
    // Features to add to the dev container. More info:
https://containers.dev/features.
    // "features": {},
    // Use 'forwardPorts' to make a list of ports inside the container
available locally.
    // "forwardPorts": [],
    // Use 'postCreateCommand' to run commands after the container is
created.
    // "postCreateCommand": "uname -a",
    // Configure tool-specific properties.
    // "customizations": {},
    // Uncomment to connect as root instead. More info:
https://aka.ms/dev-containers-non-root.
    // "remoteUser": "root"
}
```

6. 完成后, Rebuild 你的 GitHub Codespaces

```
// READER at https://github.com/decontainers/templates/streyhand/stre/dubuntu/
// For use a Bockerfile or Docker Compose file. Hore info: https://containers.dev/guide/dockerfile

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```

你的环境就配置好了,接下来我们尝试构建两个项目,为后面的联系打好基础

在终端创建一个文件夹 apps , 并在 apps 下构建一个 backend.app 和 frontend.app 的子文件夹

```
Edit away, then run your build command to see your code running in the browser.

@kinfey \to /workspaces/codespaces-blank \times mkdir apps

@kinfey \to /workspaces/codespaces-blank \times cd apps

@kinfey \to /workspaces/codespaces-blank/apps \times mkdir frontend.app

@kinfey \to /workspaces/codespaces-blank/apps \times mkdir backend.app

@kinfey \to /workspaces/codespaces-blank/apps \times ls

backend.app

@kinfey \to /workspaces/codespaces-blank/apps \times
```

项目一: 构建一个 .NET Blazor Web Assbembly 应用

1. 通过终端进入刚才建立好的 frontend.app 文件夹

```
cd apps
cd frontend.app
```

2. 在 frontend.app 下输入以下命令构建一个 .NET Blazor Wasm 应用

```
dotnet new blazorwasm -o BlazorUI.App

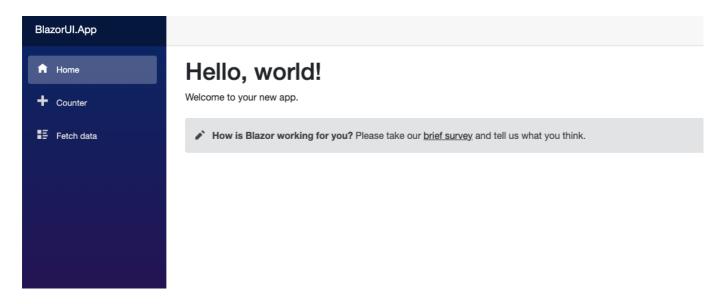
cd BlazorUI.App

dotnet restore

dotnet build

dotnet run
```

3. 在浏览器可以直接打开 Blazor Wasm 的应用



项目二: 构建一个 Python 写的 Azure Functions

1. 进入终端, 安装配置好你的 Python

```
conda create -n pydev python=3.9.10

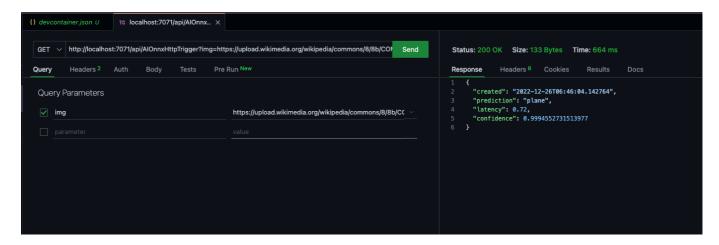
conda activate pydev
```

- 2. macOS 使用 CMD + Shift + P , Windows / Linux 使用 Ctrl + Shift + P 选择 Azure Functions 下的 Create Function , 选择好之前构建的 backend.app 文件夹, 选择 HttpTrigger 和匿名访问 ,并命名为 AlOnnxHttpTrigger
- 3. 把 https://github.com/kinfey/PythonOnnxDemo/tree/codespace-kinfey-bug-free-space-winner-gwjxj67qvv6fvr6/OnnxHttpTriggerDemo 内的文件替换为 AIOnnxHttpTrigger 文件下的文件

4. 在命令行通过 func start 启动你的 Azure Functions

```
func start
```

5. 通过 Thunder Client 验证一下



这样大家就完成了本次 GitHub Codespaces 的云原生环境配置了,如果大家希望了解更多请进入下一章节

相关资源

- 0. 注册你的 GitHub https://github.com/signup
- 1. 了解 GitHub Codespaces https://github.com/features/codespaces
- 2. 学习 .NET Blazor 的相关知识 https://dotnet.microsoft.com/en-us/apps/aspnet/web-apps/blazor
- 3. 学习 Azure Functions 的相关知识 https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-overview