

Assignment 8

Problem Statement:

Given sequence $k = k_1 \leq \dots \leq k_n$ of n sorted keys, with a search probability p_i for each key k_i . Build the Binary search tree that has the least search cost given the access probability for each key?

Source Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <climits>

using namespace std;

// Function to compute the sum of probabilities for a subarray from i to j
int sum(const vector<int>& prob, int i, int j) {
    int s = 0;
    for (int k = i; k <= j; k++) {
        s += prob[k];
    }
    return s;
}

// Function to find the minimum search cost and build the optimal BST
int optimalBST(const vector<int>& keys, const vector<int>& prob, int n) {
    // dp[i][j] will store the minimum cost for the subtree from i to j
    vector<vector<int>> dp(n, vector<int>(n, 0));

    // w[i][j] will store the sum of probabilities from i to j
    vector<vector<int>> w(n, vector<int>(n, 0));

    // Calculate the sum of probabilities for each subarray
```

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for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    w[i][i] = prob[i];
    for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
        w[i][j] = w[i][j - 1] + prob[j];
    }
}

// Fill the dp table using bottom-up dynamic programming
for (int len = 1; len <= n; len++) {
    for (int i = 0; i <= n - len; i++) {
        int j = i + len - 1;
        if (len == 1) {
            dp[i][j] = prob[i];
        } else {
            dp[i][j] = INT_MAX;
            for (int r = i; r <= j; r++) {
                int cost = (r > i ? dp[i][r - 1] : 0) + (r < j ? dp[r + 1][j] : 0) + w[i][j];
                dp[i][j] = min(dp[i][j], cost);
            }
        }
    }
}

return dp[0][n - 1];
}

int main() {
    int n;

    // Take input for number of keys
    cout << "Enter the number of keys: ";
    cin >> n;

    vector<int> keys(n), prob(n);

```

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// Take input for the keys
cout << "Enter the keys (in sorted order): ";
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    cin >> keys[i];
}

// Take input for the probabilities
cout << "Enter the probabilities for each key: ";
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    cin >> prob[i];
}

// Call the optimalBST function to get the minimum cost
int minCost = optimalBST(keys, prob, n);

cout << "The minimum search cost is: " << minCost << endl;

return 0;
}

```

Output

```
Activities Terminal Apr 10 09:31 lab314@lab314-ThinkCentre-M70s: ~/Documents
lab314@lab314-ThinkCentre-M70s:~/Documents$ g++ pr8.cpp
lab314@lab314-ThinkCentre-M70s:~/Documents$ ./a.out
Enter the number of keys: 5
Enter the keys (in sorted order): 10 20 30 40 50
Enter the probabilities for each key: 1 2 3 4 5
The minimum search cost is: 30
lab314@lab314-ThinkCentre-M70s:~/Documents$
```