

/\*a) Write C++ program to draw 2-D object and perform following basic transformations, Scaling, Translation c) Rotation. Apply the concept of operator overloading.

OR

b) Write C++ program to implement translation, rotation and scaling transformations onequilateral triangle and rhombus. Apply the concept of operator overloading.\*/

```
#include<iostream>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<math.h>
using namespace std;

class transform
{
    int m, a[20][20], c[20][20];
    int i, j, k;
public:
    void Object();
    void Accept();
    void operator *(float b[20][20]) // matrix multiplication
    {
        for(int i = 0; i<m; i++)
        {
            for(int j = 0; j<m; j++)
            {
                c[i][j] += a[i][k]*b[k][j];
            }
        }
    }
};

void transform::Object()
{
    int gd,gm;
    gd = DETECT;
    initgraph(&gd,&gm,NULL);
    line(300,0,300,600); //Vertical line
    line(0,300,600,300); //Horizontal line

    for(int i = 0; i<m-1; i++)
    {
        line(300+a[i][0],300-a[i][1],300+a[i+1][0],300-a[i+1][1]);
    }
    line(300+a[0][0],300-a[0][1],300+a[i][0],300-a[i][1]);

    for(int i = 0; i<m-1; i++)
    {
        line(300+c[i][0],300-c[i][1],300+c[i+1][0],300-c[i+1][1]);
    }
    line(300+a[0][0],300-a[0][1],300+a[i][0],300-a[i][1]);

    int temp;
    cout<<"Press 1 for continue: ";
    cin>>temp;
    closegraph();
}

void transform::Accept()
```

```

{
    cout<<"\n";
    cout<<"Enter the number of edges: ";
    cin>>m;
    cout<<"Enter the Co-ordinates: ";

    for(int i = 0; i<m; i++)
    {
        for(int j = 0; j<m; j++)
        {
            if(j>=2) a[i][j] = 1;
            else cin>>a[i][j];
        }
    }
}

int main()
{
    int gd = DETECT, v, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, NULL);
    int ch, tx, ty, sx, sy;
    float deg, theta, b[20][20];
    transform t;
    t.Accept();

    cout<<"\nEnter your choise: ";
    cout<<"\n1) Translation \n2) Scaling \n3) Rotation";
    cin>>ch;
    switch(ch)
    {
        case 1:
            cout<<"Translation Operation"<<endl;
            cout<<"Enter the value of tx and ty: ";
            cin>>tx>>ty;
            b[0][0] = b[2][2] = b[1][1] = 1;
            b[0][1] = b[0][2] = b[1][0] = b[1][2] = 0;
            b[2][0] = tx;
            b[2][1] = ty;
            t*b;
            t.Object();
            break;

        case 2:
            cout<<"\nScaling Operation";
            cout<<"Enter the value of sx, sy: ";
            cin>>sx>>sy;
            b[0][0] = sx;
            b[1][1] = sy;
            b[0][1] = b[0][2] = b[1][0] = b[1][2] = b[2][0] = b[2][2] = 0;
            b[2][2] = 1;
            t*b;
            t.Object();
            break;

        case 3:
            cout<<"\nRotation Operation"<<endl;
            cout<<"Enter the value for angle: ";
            cin>>deg;
            theta = deg*(3.14/180);

```

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        b[0][0] = b[1][1] = cos(theta);
        b[0][1] = sin(theta);
        b[1][0] = sin(-theta);
        b[0][2] = b[1][2] = b[2][0] = b[2][1] = 0;
        b[2][2] = 1;
        t*b;
        t.Object();
        break;
    default:
        cout<<"Invalid choise";
}

getch();
return 0;
}

```