#### Assignment 4

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# Part I: Self-organizing maps

A self-organizing map is a type of artificial neural network (ANN) that is trained using unsupervised learning to produce a low-dimensional, discretized representation of the input space of the training samples, called a map. Self-organizing maps are different from other artificial neural networks in the sense that they use a neighborhood function to preserve the topological properties of the input space.

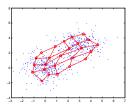
In this homework, we are mapping two gaussian distributions to 5\*5 neural network.

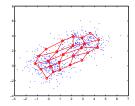
# Part II: Matlab implementation

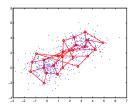
According to the algorithm, we can easily implement it in Matlab. But there are some parameters to tweak such as the learning rate and the gaussian neighborhood function.

### Part III: Test results

I run this implementation with different parameters, and the results is shown in the following figures. With larger learning rate the results will converge slower, but smaller learning rate and  $\sigma$  will produce incorrect results.







(a) learning rate 1000,  $\sigma=4$  (b) learning rate 500,  $\sigma=4$  (c) learning rate 500,  $\sigma=1$ 

Figure 1: Comparison of different parameters