

# Security Assessment

# **Lucky Lion**

Oct 12th, 2021



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## **Summary**

This report has been prepared for Lucky Lion to discover issues and vulnerabilities in the source code of the Lucky Lion project as well as any contract dependencies that were not part of an officially recognized library. A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Static Analysis and Manual Review techniques.

The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards.
- Ensuring contract logic meets the specifications and intentions of the client.
- Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders.
- Thorough line-by-line manual review of the entire codebase by industry experts.

The security assessment resulted in findings that ranged from critical to informational. We recommend addressing these findings to ensure a high level of security standards and industry practices. We suggest recommendations that could better serve the project from the security perspective:

- Enhance general coding practices for better structures of source codes;
- Add enough unit tests to cover the possible use cases;
- Provide more comments per each function for readability, especially contracts that are verified in public;
- Provide more transparency on privileged activities once the protocol is live.



## **Overview**

## **Project Summary**

Project Name	Lucky Lion
Description	Lucky Lion distributes Lion \$Lucky token as credit to play games and win rewards.  They support swapping via PancakeSwap and provides the farming by staking token in the revenue sharing pool.
Platform	BSC
Language	Solidity
Codebase	
Commit	259c10d1656d2434650edd5ad92add88b105d317

## **Audit Summary**

Delivery Date	Oct 12, 2021
Audit Methodology	Static Analysis, Manual Review
Key Components	LuckyToken, MasterChef, SyrupBar

## **Vulnerability Summary**

Vulnerability Level	Total	① Pending	⊗ Declined	(i) Acknowledged	① Partially Resolved	⊗ Resolved
<ul><li>Critical</li></ul>	0	0	0	0	0	0
<ul><li>Major</li></ul>	3	0	0	1	2	0
<ul><li>Medium</li></ul>	0	0	0	0	0	0
<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	4	0	0	4	0	0
<ul><li>Informational</li></ul>	2	0	0	2	0	0
<ul><li>Discussion</li></ul>	0	0	0	0	0	0

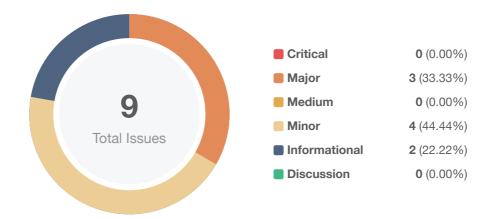


## **Audit Scope**

ID	File	SHA256 Checksum
LTL	contracts/LuckyToken.sol	7938df5d32a5e0c42741d7a93e9687cb19d2c4c72bf199f188ac04b4a75a9e08
MLL	contracts/Masterchef.sol	7df558e517fb07184d079ea340ea8f5e4bd9d21231223b0bedfe08514e310bf4
MSL	contracts/MasterchefShield.sol	53f81e6eae25bce43f84928b5fa9dd4b853dc1ebedc55a7ec7461e6fb0b701d0
SBL	contracts/SyrupBar.sol	10d97bb3b9260e1abbd9535b03bd5f0d26f421408cec14a399f8c2223d1f198f
TLL	contracts/Timelock.sol	b66b8435b0f601a809ae1b13cecfa99e099ff0765a3d9268415295d3e6620596



## **Findings**



ID	Title	Category	Severity	Status
<u>LTL-01</u>	Missing Input Validation	Volatile Code	<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	(i) Acknowledged
LTL-02	Centralization Risk	Centralization / Privilege	<ul><li>Major</li></ul>	(i) Acknowledged
MLL-01	Missing Input Validation	Volatile Code	<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	(i) Acknowledged
MLL-02	Unbounded Loop	Gas Optimization	<ul><li>Informational</li></ul>	(i) Acknowledged
MLL-03	Centralization Risk	Centralization / Privilege	<ul><li>Major</li></ul>	Partially Resolved
MLL-04	Storage Manipulation in view function	Gas Optimization	<ul><li>Informational</li></ul>	(i) Acknowledged
MLL-05	Danger use of Migrate	Centralization / Privilege	<ul><li>Major</li></ul>	Partially Resolved
MSL-01	<pre>Ignored Input Value    _harvestIntervalInMinutes and    _farmStartIntervalInMinutes</pre>	Volatile Code	<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	(i) Acknowledged
TLL-01	Missing Input Validation	Volatile Code	<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	(i) Acknowledged



## LTL-01 | Missing Input Validation

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Volatile Code	<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	contracts/LuckyToken.sol: 24~26	Acknowledged

## Description

The given input is missing the check for the non-zero address.

#### Recommendation

We advise adding the check for the passed-in values to prevent unexpected error as below:

#### Alleviation

Dev team had set the owner, eco and warchest wallet address on deploy contract to mainnet with the solid addresses which are shown in Git doc: <a href="https://docs.luckylion.io/security/contract-wallet-addresses">https://docs.luckylion.io/security/contract-wallet-addresses</a>."



## **LTL-02** | Centralization Risk

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Centralization / Privilege	<ul><li>Major</li></ul>	contracts/LuckyToken.sol: 53, 45	(i) Acknowledged

## Description

In the contract SyrupBar, the role owner has the authority over the following function:

- mint
- \_mint

Any compromise to the owner account may allow the hacker to take advantage of this.

#### Recommendation

We advise the client to carefully manage the owner account's private key to avoid any potential risks of being hacked. In general, we strongly recommend centralized privileges or roles in the protocol to be improved via a decentralized mechanism or smart-contract-based accounts with enhanced security practices, e.g., Multisignature wallets.

Indicatively, here is some feasible suggestions that would also mitigate the potential risk at the different level in term of short-term and long-term:

- Time-lock with reasonable latency, e.g., 48 hours, for awareness on privileged operations;
- Assignment of privileged roles to multi-signature wallets to prevent a single point of failure due to the private key;
- Introduction of a DAO/governance/voting module to increase transparency and user involvement.

#### Alleviation

LuckyLion team has resolved this issue by implementing a timelock mechanism. Platform users could monitor the execution of functions in the timelock and act accordingly. The MasterChef contract is owned



by the Timelock contract with 7 days delay and 2 days minimum delay. Timelock contract with 2 days minimum delay: <a href="https://bscscan.com/address/0x4b6c8959a41475347226d51f37ec9a1e09f39a92#code">https://bscscan.com/address/0x4b6c8959a41475347226d51f37ec9a1e09f39a92#code</a> MasterChef contract:

https://bscscan.com/address/0xb6fe67c8a28d50c50f65fdb5847ee4477c550568#code Ownership transfer of MasterChef to Timelock contract:

 $\underline{\text{https://bscscan.com/tx/0xb54a48f780f6912f283b0113dfbb9fbef4d0f9e421bc532bb9c41a4}} \\ 3cc15140f\#eventlog$ 



## MLL-01 | Missing Input Validation

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Volatile Code	<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	contracts/Masterchef.sol: 104~105	① Acknowledged

## Description

The given input is missing the check for the non-zero address.

#### Recommendation

We advise adding the check for the passed-in values to prevent unexpected error as below:

#### Alleviation

Dev team had set the owner, eco and warchest wallet address on deploy contract to mainnet with the solid addresses which are shown in Git doc: <a href="https://docs.luckylion.io/security/contract-wallet-addresses">https://docs.luckylion.io/security/contract-wallet-addresses</a>."



## MLL-02 | Unbounded Loop

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Gas Optimization	<ul><li>Informational</li></ul>	contracts/Masterchef.sol: 193~195	(i) Acknowledged

## Description

The for loop within functions massUpdatePools() takes the following variable poolInfo.length, as the maximal iteration times. If the size of the array is very large, it could exceed the gas limit to execute the functions. In this case, the contract might suffer from DoS (Denial of Service) situation.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the team ensure this pools would not cause loss to the project.

#### Alleviation

The team has prepared a testing process on the local network (environment with the same settings as the main network) which has the same number of pools as the mainnet.



## MLL-03 | Centralization Risk

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Centralization / Privilege	<ul><li>Major</li></ul>	contracts/Masterchef.sol: 152, 132, 198, 377, 383, 377, 3	Partially Resolved

### Description

In the contract MasterChef, the role owner has the authority over the following function:

- setMigrator
- add
- set
- setDevAddress
- transferLuckyOwnership
- updateLuckyPerBlock

Any compromise to the owner account may allow the hacker to take advantage of this

#### Recommendation

We advise the client to carefully manage the <code>[fixme]</code> account's private key to avoid any potential risks of being hacked. In general, we strongly recommend centralized privileges or roles in the protocol to be improved via a decentralized mechanism or smart-contract-based accounts with enhanced security practices, e.g., Multisignature wallets.

Indicatively, here is some feasible suggestions that would also mitigate the potential risk at the different level in term of short-term and long-term:

- Time-lock with reasonable latency, e.g., 48 hours, for awareness on privileged operations;
- Assignment of privileged roles to multi-signature wallets to prevent a single point of failure due to the private key;
- Introduction of a DAO/governance/voting module to increase transparency and user involvement.



## Alleviation

By process, The tean have now made a shield to cover Masterchef so the owner can't use functions that affect investors such as migrator, transfer lucky ownership and havest lock-up. This shield is public on gitbook but not deployed yet as it's waiting for audit completion, ownership masterchef will be transferred to shield and timelock will take over the shield again (owner->timelock->shield->masterchef)



## MLL-04 | Storage Manipulation in view function

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Gas Optimization	<ul><li>Informational</li></ul>	contracts/Masterchef.sol: 186	① Acknowledged

## Description

There should not be any storage variable manipulation in the view function

## Recommendation

We advise the client to consider changing storage into memory for data in L352 and use a local variable to store the value of result



## MLL-05 | Danger use of Migrate

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Centralization / Privilege	<ul><li>Major</li></ul>	contracts/Masterchef.sol: 21, 208~210	Partially Resolved

## Description

The migrate function could be used to transferring user deposited tokens to another address. Any compromise to the migrator address could cause user funds loss.

#### Recommendation

We advise the client to carefully manage the owner account's private key to avoid any potential risks of being hacked. In general, we strongly recommend centralized privileges or roles in the protocol to be improved via a decentralized mechanism or smart-contract-based accounts with enhanced security practices, e.g., Multisignature wallets.

Indicatively, here is some feasible suggestions that would also mitigate the potential risk at the different level in term of short-term and long-term:

- Time-lock with reasonable latency, e.g., 48 hours, for awareness on privileged operations;
- Assignment of privileged roles to multi-signature wallets to prevent a single point of failure due to the private key;
- Introduction of a DAO/governance/voting module to increase transparency and user involvement.

#### Alleviation

By process, The team have now made a shield to cover Masterchef so the owner can't use functions that affect investors such as migrator, transfer lucky ownership and havest lock-up.



## MSL-01 | Ignored Input Value \_harvestIntervalInMinutes and

#### farmStartIntervalInMinutes

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Volatile Code	<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	contracts/MasterchefShield.sol: 14~16, 18~20	① Acknowledged

### Description

The input variables \_harvestIntervalInMinutes and \_farmStartIntervalInMinutes is not used in function add and set, but 0 is used to invoke masterchef.

```
function add(uint256 _allocPoint, IERC20 _lpToken, uint256
_harvestIntervalInMinutes,uint256 _farmStartIntervalInMinutes) external onlyOwner {
    masterchef.add(_allocPoint, _lpToken, 0, 0);
    }

function set(uint256 _pid, uint256 _allocPoint, uint256
_harvestIntervalInMinutes,uint256 _farmStartIntervalInMinutes) external onlyOwner {
    masterchef.set(_pid, _allocPoint, 0, 0);
}
```

The pool added or modified by MasterchedSheild would have 0 harvest interval and 0 farm start interval but ignore the values from \_harvestIntervalInMinutes and \_farmStartIntervalInMinutes.

#### Recommendation

We suggest dev team use the input intervals to avoid 0 harvest interval and 0 farm start interval.

#### Alleviation

**[Lucky Lion Team]**: We add this parameter for check a signature to execution function on timelock.



## TLL-01 | Missing Input Validation

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Volatile Code	<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	contracts/Timelock.sol: 43	(i) Acknowledged

## Description

The given input is missing the check for the non-zero address.

#### Recommendation

We advise adding the check for the passed-in values to prevent unexpected error as below:

#### Alleviation

Dev team had set the owner, eco and warchest wallet address on deploy contract to mainnet with the solid addresses which are shown in Git doc: <a href="https://docs.luckylion.io/security/contract-wallet-addresses">https://docs.luckylion.io/security/contract-wallet-addresses</a>."



## **Appendix**

### **Finding Categories**

### Centralization / Privilege

Centralization / Privilege findings refer to either feature logic or implementation of components that act against the nature of decentralization, such as explicit ownership or specialized access roles in combination with a mechanism to relocate funds.

## Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimal EVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

#### Volatile Code

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that may result in a vulnerability.

#### **Checksum Calculation Method**

The "Checksum" field in the "Audit Scope" section is calculated as the SHA-256 (Secure Hash Algorithm 2 with digest size of 256 bits) digest of the content of each file hosted in the listed source repository under the specified commit.

The result is hexadecimal encoded and is the same as the output of the Linux "sha256sum" command against the target file.



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