

Hyperbolic Functions

$$\sinh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2} \quad \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\cosh x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \quad \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (1, +\infty)$$

$$\tanh x = \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^{2x} + 1} \quad \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (-1, 1)$$

$$\operatorname{csch} x = \frac{2}{e^x - e^{-x}} \quad \mathbb{R} - \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$$

$$\operatorname{sech} x = \frac{2}{e^x + e^{-x}} \quad \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (0, 1)$$

$$\operatorname{coth} x = \frac{e^{2x} + 1}{e^{2x} - 1} \quad \mathbb{R} - \{0\} \rightarrow (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$\operatorname{arcsinh} x = \ln \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) \quad \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\operatorname{arccsch} x = \ln \left(\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 + x^2}}{x} \right) \quad \mathbb{R} - \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$$

$$\operatorname{arccosh} x = \ln \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right) \quad [1, +\infty) \rightarrow [0, +\infty) \quad \operatorname{arcsech} x = \ln \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{x} \right) \quad (0, 1] \rightarrow [0, +\infty)$$

$$\operatorname{artanh} x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{1 + x}{1 - x} \right) \quad (-1, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\operatorname{arcoth} x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{x + 1}{x - 1} \right) \quad (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$$

Derivatives

$$\frac{d}{dx} x^\alpha = \alpha x^{\alpha-1}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \cos x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \csc x = -\csc x \cot x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \arcsin x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{arccsc} x = -\frac{1}{|x| \sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} a^x = a^x \ln a$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cos x = -\sin x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sec x = \sec x \tan x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \arccos x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{arcsec} x = \frac{1}{|x| \sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \log_a x = \frac{1}{x \ln a}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \tan x = \sec^2 x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cot x = -\csc^2 x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \arctan x = \frac{1}{1 + x^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{arccot} x = -\frac{1}{1 + x^2}$$

Taylor Series

$$(1+x)^\alpha = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{\alpha}{n} x^n = 1 + \alpha x + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)}{2} x^2 + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)(\alpha-2)}{6} x^3 + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)(\alpha-2)(\alpha-3)}{24} x^4 + \dots \quad |x| < 1$$

$$e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!} = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{x^5}{120} + \frac{x^6}{720} + \dots \quad |x| < \infty$$

$$\ln(1+x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^n}{n} = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{x^6}{6} + \dots \quad |x| \leq 1$$

$$\sin x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} = x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + \dots \quad |x| < \infty$$

$$\cos x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} - \frac{x^6}{720} + \dots \quad |x| < \infty$$

$$\tan x = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{2x^5}{15} - \frac{17x^7}{315} + \frac{62x^9}{2835} - \frac{1382x^{11}}{155925} + \dots \quad |x| < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\arcsin x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!}{2^{2n} (n!)^2 (2n+1)} x^{2n+1} = x + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{3x^5}{40} + \frac{5x^7}{112} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{2} - \arccos x \quad |x| \leq 1$$

$$\arctan x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{x^7}{7} + \dots \quad |x| \leq 1$$

$$\sinh x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} = x + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + \dots \quad |x| < \infty$$

$$\cosh x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} = 1 + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{x^6}{720} + \dots \quad |x| < \infty$$

$$\tanh x = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{2x^5}{15} - \frac{17x^7}{315} + \frac{62x^9}{2835} - \frac{1382x^{11}}{155925} + \dots \quad |x| < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\arcsin x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{(2n)!}{2^{2n} (n!)^2 (2n+1)} x^{2n+1} = x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{3x^5}{40} - \frac{5x^7}{112} + \dots \quad |x| \leq 1$$

$$\arctan x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} = x + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^7}{7} + \dots \quad |x| \leq 1$$