# Causal Inference in R

## Welcome

### Part 1: Asking Causal Questions

- Chapter 1: What is a causal question?
  - Description, prediction, and explanation
  - Causal assumptions
  - Whole game example
- Chapter 2: Expressing causal questions as DAGs
  - Visualizing causal assumptions
  - DAGs in R: ggdag and dagitty
- Chapter 3: Preparing data to answer causal questions
  - Data wrangling with dplyr
  - Recognizing missing data: visdat, tidyr, mice
  - Working with multiple data sources
- Chapter 4: Observational data as causes and effects
  - Exploring and visualizing data and assumptions: skimr, ggplot2
  - Calculating summary statistics: gtsummary, tableone

#### Part 2: The counterfactual framework

- Chapter 5: Estimating counterfactuals
  - What is a counterfactual?
  - Target trials
  - Estimating the average treatment effect
  - Estimating treatment effects with other targets in mind
- Chapter 6 Building a propensity score models
  - Logistic regression
  - Choosing variables to include
  - Continuous and categorical exposures
- $\bullet\,$  Chapter 7: Using the propensity score
  - Matching

- Weighting
- Weighting and matching with more complex exposures
- Chapter 8: Evaluating your propensity score model
  - Calculating the standardized mean difference
  - Visualizing balance via Love Plots, boxplots, and eCDF plots
  - Pruning, trimming, and stabilizing propensity scores

#### Part 3. Estimating causal effects

- Chapter 9: Incorporating propensity scores in generalized linear models
  - Using matched data sets
  - Using weights in outcome models
  - Estimating uncertainty
  - Estimating causal effects for complex exposures
- Chapter 10: Incorporating propensity scores in survival models
  - Preparing data for survival analysis
  - Pooled logistic regression
  - Confidence intervals for causal survival models
- Chapter 11: Sensitivity analyses
  - Quantitative bias analyses
  - Tipping point analyses: tipr, EValue
- Chapter 12: Other approaches to causal inference
  - G-computation
  - Targeted Learning
  - Instrumental variable analysis
  - Regression discontinuity
  - Difference-in-Difference