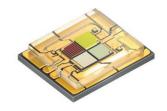
# LE RTDUW S2WM

### OSRAM OSTAR® Stage

Compact lightsource in SMT technology, glass window on top, RoHS compliant







### **Applications**

- Architecture

Stage Lighting (LED & Laser)

Mood Lighting

### Features:

- Package: compact lightsource in multi chip SMT technology with glass window on top
- Chip technology: Thinfilm / UX:3
- Typ. Radiation: 120° (Lambertian emitter)
- − Color:  $\lambda_{\text{dom}}$  = 625 nm (• red);  $\lambda_{\text{dom}}$  = 527 nm (• true green);  $\lambda_{\text{dom}}$  = 453 nm (• deep blue); Cx = 0.31, Cy = 0.32 acc. to CIE 1931 (• ultra white)
- Corrosion Robustness Class: 3B
- ESD: 2 kV acc. to ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (HBM, Class 2)



# **Ordering Information**

Туре	Brightness 1)	Ordering Code
LERTDUWS2WM-JBI	LA-1+LBMA-P+4V5A-P+MBNA-CQ	Q65112A2120
• red	• ΦV = 56 140 lm (IF = 700 mA)	
• true green	• ΦV = 140 224 lm (IF = 700 mA)	
• deep blue	• ΦE = 1000 1250 mW (IF = 700 mA)	
<ul><li>ultra white</li></ul>	• ΦV = 224 355 lm (IF = 700 mA)	
LERTDUWS2WM-KA	KB-1+LBMA-P+4V5A-P+MBNA-CQ	Q65113A2305
• red	• ΦV = 71 112 lm (IF = 700 mA)	
• true green	• ΦV = 140 224 lm (IF = 700 mA)	
• deep blue	• ΦE = 1000 1250 mW (IF = 700 mA)	
<ul><li>ultra white</li></ul>	• ΦV = 224 355 lm (IF = 700 mA)	
LERTDUWS2WM-JBI	KB-1+LBMA-C+4V-T+MB-P	Q65113A2306
• red	• ΦV = 56 112 lm (IF = 700 mA)	
• true green	• ΦV = 140 224 lm (IF = 700 mA)	
• deep blue	• ΦE = 1000 1120 mW (IF = 700 mA)	
<ul><li>ultra white</li></ul>	• ΦV = 224 280 lm (IF = 700 mA)	

### Q65112A2120 and Q65113A2305 contain

true green 3+4 and

deep blue 3+4 dominant wavelength and ultra white CQ color coordinate bins

### Q65113A2306 contains

true green 5+6

deep blue 3+5 dominant wavelength and ultra white 61+67 color coordinate bins



### LE RTDUW S2WM

Maximum Rating	S					
Parameter	Symbol		Values • red	Values • true green	Values • deep blue	Values <ul><li>ultra white</li></ul>
Operating Tempera-	T <sub>op</sub>	min.	-40 °C	-40 °C	-40 °C	-40 °C
ture	op.	max.	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	min.	-40 °C	-40 °C	-40 °C	-40 °C
		max.	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C
Junction Temperature	$T_{j}$	max.	125 °C	125 °C	125 °C	125 °C
Forward Current	I <sub>E</sub>	min.	100 mA	100 mA	100 mA	100 mA
$T_s = 25  ^{\circ}C$		max.	1000 mA	1500 mA	1500 mA	1500 mA
ESD withstand volt-	$V_{\rm ESD}$		2 kV	2 kV	2 kV	2 kV

age acc. to ANSI/ESDA/

JEDEC JS-001 (HBM,

Class 2)

Reverse current  $^{1)}$   $I_{R}$  max. 200 mA 200 mA 200 mA 200 mA

# **Characteristics**

 $I_F$  = 700 mA;  $T_S$  = 25 °C

Parameter	Symbol		Values ● red	Values • true green	Values • deep blue	Values  ultra white
Chromaticity Coordinate 2)	Cx Cy	typ. typ.				0.31 0.32
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{peak}$	typ.	632 nm	521 nm	445 nm	443.0 nm
Dominant Wave- length <sup>3)</sup>	$\lambda_{dom}$	min. typ. max.	620 nm 625 nm 632 nm	521 nm 527 nm 533 nm	449 nm 453 nm 457 nm	
Spectral bandwidth at 50% I <sub>rel,max</sub>	Δλ	typ.	18 nm	33 nm	25 nm	
Viewing angle at 50% I <sub>v</sub>	2φ	typ.	120 °	120 °	120 °	130 °
Radiating surface For value(s) see red column, all chips oper- ated simultaneously	$A_{color}$	typ.	2.1 x 2.1 mm <sup>2</sup>			
Partial Flux acc. CIE 127:2007 4) $\Phi_{E/V 120^{\circ}} = x * \Phi_{E/V 180^{\circ}}$	Φ <sub>E/V, 120°</sub>	typ.	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.77
Forward Voltage <sup>5)</sup> I <sub>F</sub> = 700 mA	V <sub>F</sub>	min. typ. max.	2.10 V 2.20 V 2.90 V	2.80 V 3.50 V 4.00 V	2.70 V 3.00 V 3.70 V	2.70 V 3.00 V 3.70 V
Reverse voltage (ESD device)	V <sub>R ESD</sub>	min.	45 V	45 V	45 V	45 V
Reverse voltage <sup>1)</sup> I <sub>R</sub> = 20 mA	$V_R$	max.	1.2 V	1.2 V	1.2 V	1.2 V
Real thermal resistance junction/solderpoint <sup>6)</sup> For value(s) see red column, all chips operated simultaneously	R <sub>thJS real</sub>	typ. max.	1.20 K / W 1.40 K / W			
Electrical thermal resistance junction/solder-point $^{6)}$ With efficiency $\eta_e$ = 23%; for value(s) see red column, all chips operated simultaneously		typ. max.	0.92 K / W 1.08 K / W			



# **Brightness Groups**

Color of emission	Group	Luminous Flux 7)	Luminous Flux 7)
COIOI OI EITIISSIOTI	Group		
		$I_{\rm F} = 700  \text{mA}$	$I_{F} = 700 \text{ mA}$
		min.	max.
		$\Phi_{V}$	$\Phi_{\vee}$
• red	JB	56 lm	71 lm
• red	KA	71 lm	90 lm
• red	KB	90 lm	112 lm
• red	LA	112 lm	140 lm
• true green	LB	140 lm	180 lm
• true green	MA	180 lm	224 lm
<ul><li>deep blue</li></ul>	4V	1000 mW	1120 mW
• deep blue	5A	1120 mW	1250 mW
<ul><li>ultra white</li></ul>	MB	224 lm	280 lm
<ul><li>ultra white</li></ul>	NA	280 lm	355 lm



### Wavelength Groups 3)

• true green

Group	Dominant wavelength 3)	Dominant wavelength 3)
	$I_F = 700 \text{ mA}$	$I_F = 700 \text{ mA}$
	min.	max.
	$\lambda_{dom}$	$\lambda_{\text{dom}}$
3	521 nm	527 nm
4	527 nm	533 nm
5	521 nm	528 nm
6	526 nm	533 nm

# Wavelength Groups 3)

• deep blue

Group	Dominant wavelength 3)	Dominant wavelength 3)
	min.	max.
	$\lambda_{dom}$	$\lambda_{dom}$
3	449 nm	453 nm
4	453 nm	457 nm
5	452 nm	458 nm

# **Chromaticity Coordinate Groups**

ultra white

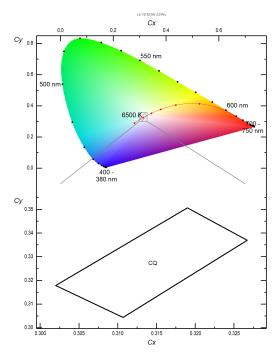
Group		Сх			Су	
CQ		0.3190			0.3507	
		0.3267			0.3370	
		0.3107			0.3043	
		0.3020			0.3178	
		Center	Center	4step	4step	
Group	CCT	Сх	Су	а	b	Θ
61	6100K	0.3196	0.3343	0.0120	0.0075	54.7
67	6700K	0.3114	0.3190	0.0121	0.0071	56.0

Chromaticity coordinates are measured during a current pulse of typically 25 ms, with an internal reproducibility of  $\pm 0.005$  and an expanded uncertainty of  $\pm 0.01$  (acc. to GUM with a coverage factor of k = 3)



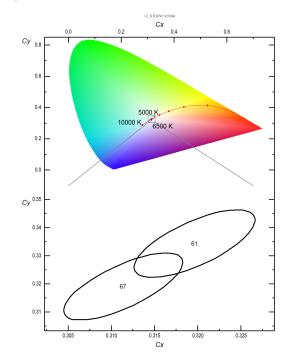
# **Chromaticity Coordinate Groups**

Colour Coordinates for Q65112A2120 LERTDUWS2WM-JBLA-1+LBMA-P+4V5A-P+MBNA-CQ and Q65113A2305 LERTDUWS2WM-KAKB-1+LBMA-P+4V5A-P+MBNA-CQ



# **Chromaticity Coordinate Groups**

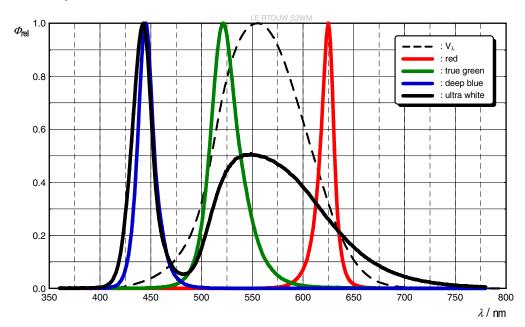
Colour Coordinates for Q65113A2306 LERTDUWS2WM-JBKB-1+LBMA-P+4V-P+MB-P





# Relative Spectral Emission 4)

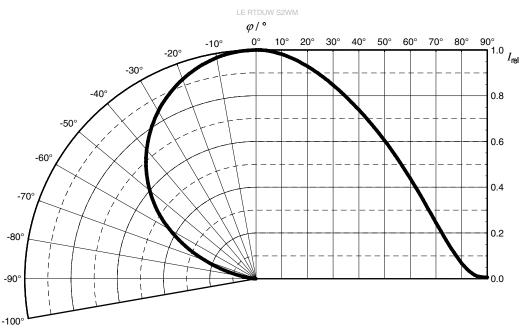
 $\Phi_{rel}$  = f ( $\lambda$ ); I<sub>F</sub> = 700 mA; T<sub>J</sub> = 25 °C





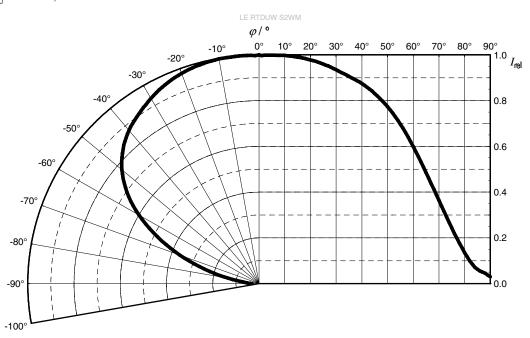
### Radiation Characteristics 4)

 $I_{rel} = f(\phi); T_J = 25 \, ^{\circ}C; red, true green, deep blue$ 



### Radiation Characteristics 4)

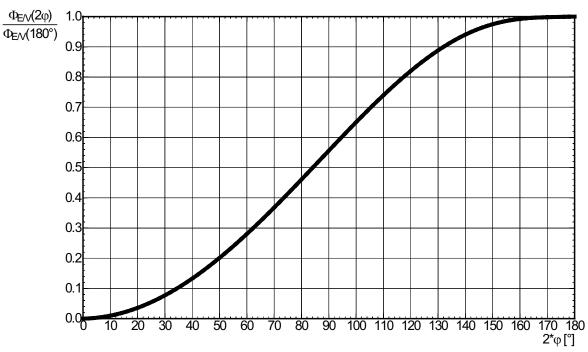
 $I_{rel} = f(\phi); T_J = 25 °C; ultra white$ 





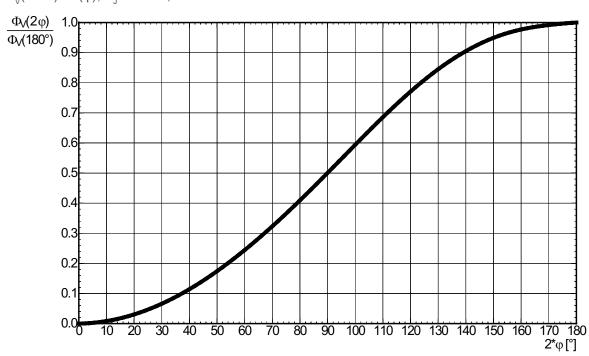
# Relative Partial Flux 4)

 $\Phi_{_{E/\!V}}(2\phi)/\Phi_{_{E/\!V}}(180^\circ)$  = f( $\phi$ ); T  $_{_J}$  = 25  $^\circ C$ ; red, true green, deep blue



### Relative Partial Flux 4)

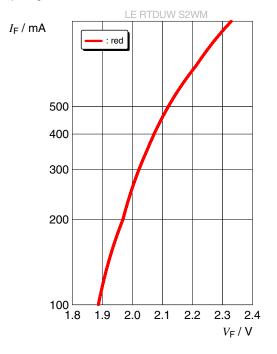
 $\Phi_{V}(2\phi)/\Phi_{V}(180^{\circ}) = f(\phi); T_{J} = 25 ^{\circ}C; \text{ ultra white}$ 





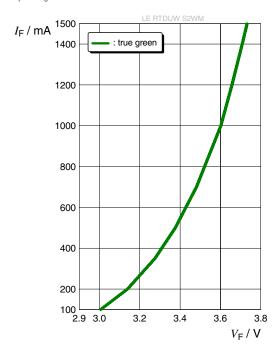
### Forward current 4)

$$I_F = f(V_F); T_J = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$



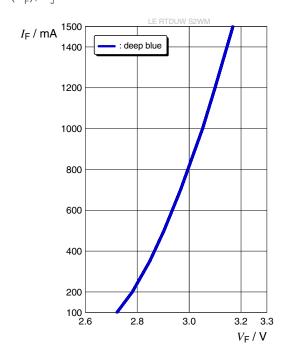
### Forward current 4), 8)

$$I_F = f(V_F); T_J = 25 °C$$



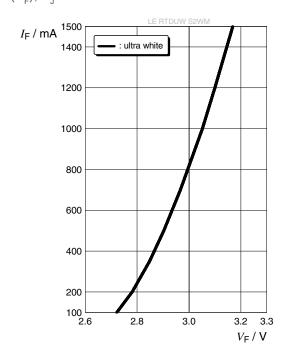
### Forward current 4), 8)

$$I_{F} = f(V_{F}); T_{J} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$



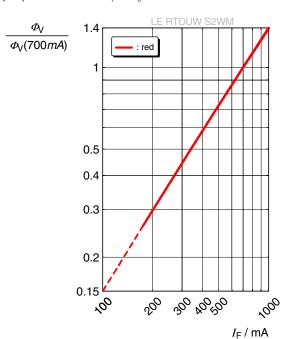
### Forward current 4), 8)

$$I_{F} = f(V_{F}); T_{J} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$



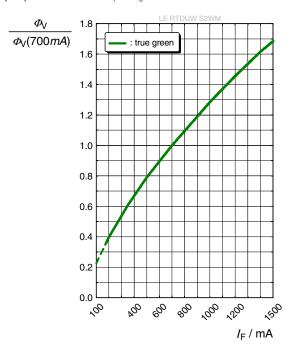
### Relative Luminous Flux 4), 8)

 $\Phi_{V}/\Phi_{V}(700 \text{ mA}) = f(I_{E}); T_{L} = 25 \text{ °C}$ 



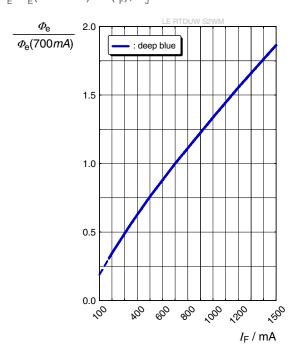
### Relative Luminous Flux 4), 8)

 $\Phi_{V}/\Phi_{V}(700 \text{ mA}) = f(I_{E}); T_{V} = 25 \text{ °C}$ 



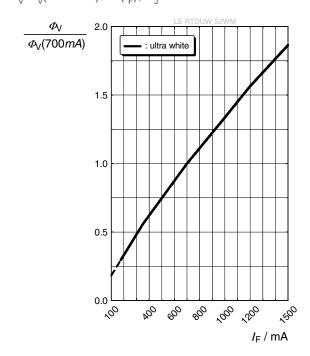
### Relative Radiant Power 4), 8)

 $\Phi_{\rm F}/\Phi_{\rm F}(700 \text{ mA}) = f(I_{\rm F}); T_{\rm J} = 25 \, ^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 



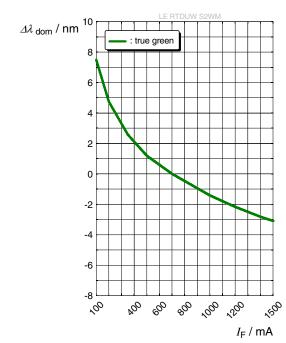
### Relative Luminous Flux 4), 8)

 $\Phi_{V}/\Phi_{V}(700 \text{ mA}) = f(I_{F}); T_{J} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 



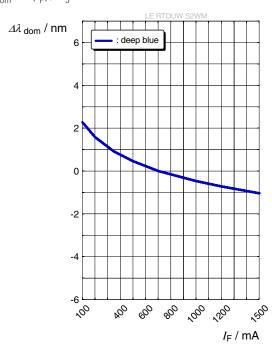
# Dominant Wavelength 4)

$$\Delta\lambda_{dom} = f(I_F); T_J = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$



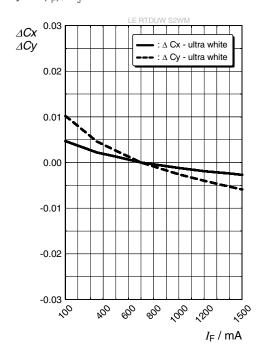
# **Dominant Wavelength** 4)

$$\Delta\lambda_{dom} = f(I_F); T_J = 25 \text{ °C}$$



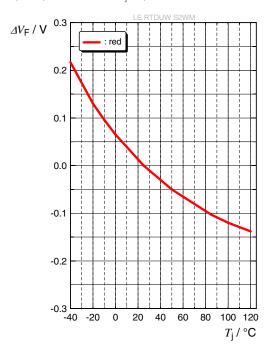
# **Chromaticity Coordinate Shift** 4)

$$\Delta Cx$$
,  $\Delta Cy = f(I_F)$ ;  $T_J = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$ 



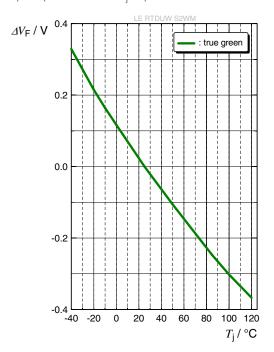
### Forward Voltage 4)

$$\Delta V_F = V_F - V_F (25 \text{ °C}) = f(T_j); I_F = 700 \text{ mA}$$



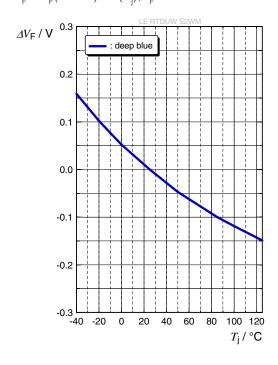
### Forward Voltage 4)

$$\Delta V_{F} = V_{F} - V_{F} (25 \text{ °C}) = f(T_{j}); I_{F} = 700 \text{ mA}$$



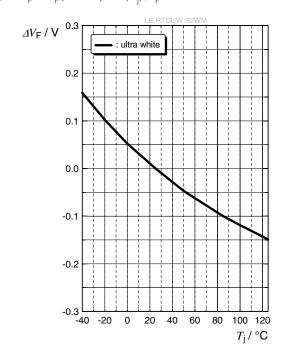
# Forward Voltage 4)

$$\Delta V_F = V_F - V_F (25 \ ^{\circ}C) = f(T_i); I_F = 700 \ mA$$



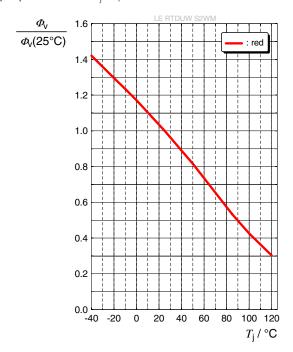
# Forward Voltage 4)

$$\Delta V_F = V_F - V_F (25 \text{ °C}) = f(T_i); I_F = 700 \text{ mA}$$



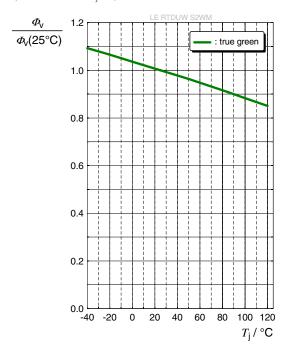
### Relative Luminous Flux 4)

 $\Phi_{V}/\Phi_{V}(25 \text{ °C}) = f(T_{i}); I_{E} = 700 \text{ mA}$ 



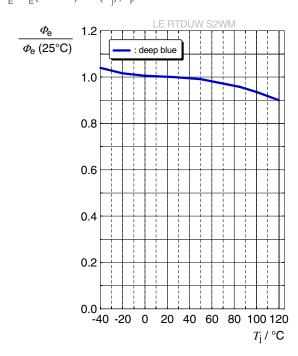
### Relative Luminous Flux 4)

 $\Phi_{v}/\Phi_{v}(25 \text{ °C}) = f(T_{i}); I_{F} = 700 \text{ mA}$ 



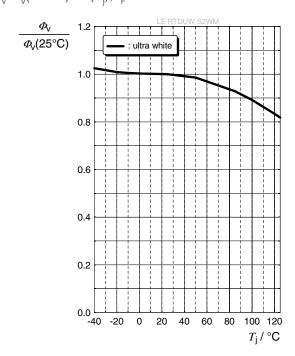
### Relative Radiant Power 4)

 $\Phi_{F}/\Phi_{F}(25 \text{ °C}) = f(T_{i}); I_{F} = 700 \text{ mA}$ 



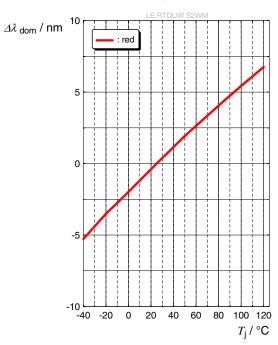
### Relative Luminous Flux 4)

 $\Phi_{v}/\Phi_{v}(25 \text{ °C}) = f(T_{i}); I_{F} = 700 \text{ mA}$ 



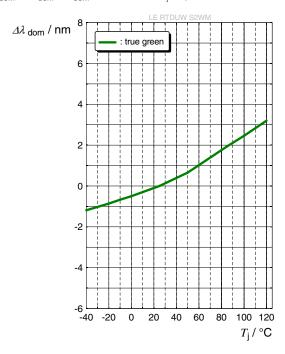
### **Dominant Wavelength** 4)

$$\Delta \lambda_{dom} = \lambda_{dom} - \lambda_{dom} (25 \ ^{\circ}C) = f(T_{j}); \ I_{F} = 700 \ mA$$



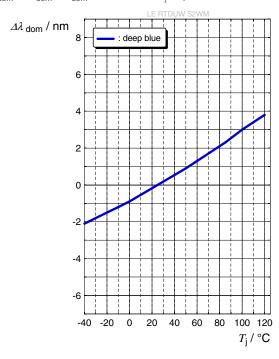
# **Dominant Wavelength** 4)

$$\Delta\lambda_{dom} = \lambda_{dom} - \lambda_{dom} (25 \ ^{\circ}C) = f(T_{j}); \ I_{F} = 700 \ mA$$



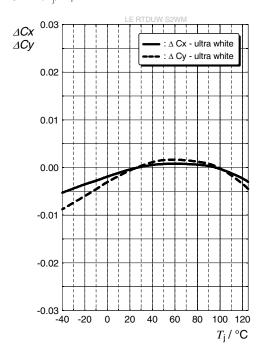
# **Dominant Wavelength** 4)

$$\Delta \lambda_{dom} = \lambda_{dom} - \lambda_{dom} (25 \ ^{\circ}C) = f(T_{j}); \ I_{F} = 700 \ mA$$

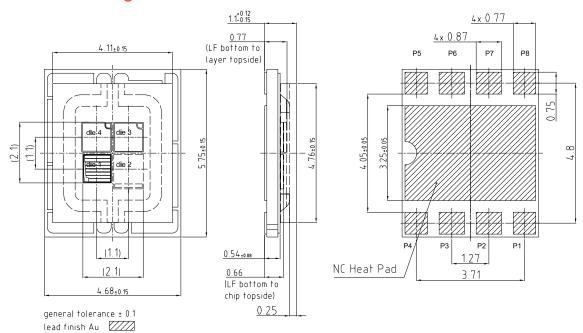


# **Chromaticity Coordinate Shift** 4)

$$\Delta Cx$$
,  $\Delta Cy = f(T_j)$ ;  $I_F = 700 \text{ mA}$ 



# **Dimensional Drawing** 9)



C67062-A4278-A3-03

### **Further Information:**

**Approximate Weight:** 90.0 mg

Corrosion test: Class: 3B

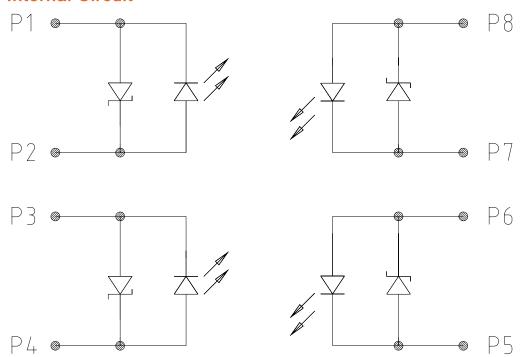
Test condition: 40°C / 90 % RH / 15 ppm H<sub>2</sub>S / 14 days (stricter than IEC

60068-2-43)

**ESD advice:** The device is protected by ESD device which is connected in parallel to the

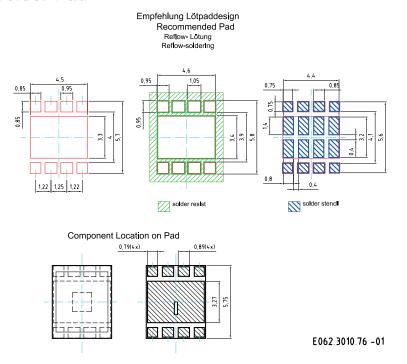
Chip.

# **Electrical Internal Circuit**



Pin	Description
Pin 1	cathode; red (die 1)
Pin 2	anode; red (die 1)
Pin 3	cathode; true green (die 2)
Pin 4	anode; true green (die 2)
Pin 5	cathode; deep blue (die 3)
Pin 6	anode; deep blue (die 3)
Pin 7	cathode; ultra white (die 4)
Pin 8	anode; ultra white (die 4)

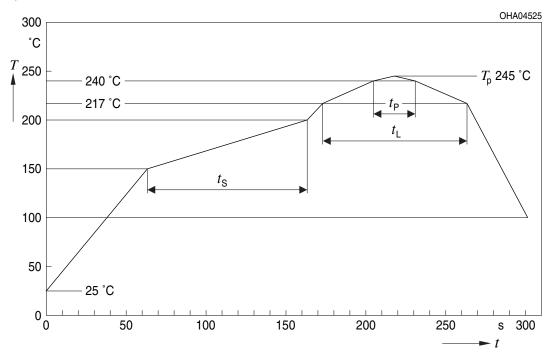
### Recommended Solder Pad 9)



For superior solder joint connectivity results we recommend soldering under standard nitrogen atmosphere. Package not suitable for any kind of wet cleaning or ultrasonic cleaning.

# **Reflow Soldering Profile**

Product complies to MSL Level 2 acc. to JEDEC J-STD-020E



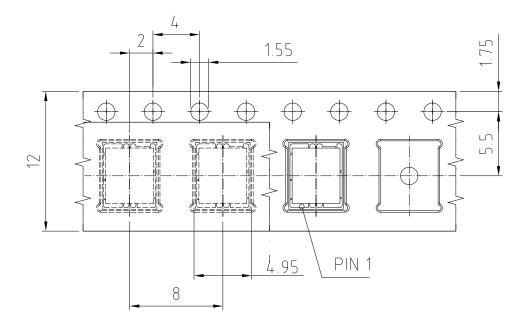
Profile Feature	Symbol	Pb-Free (SnAgCu) Assembly			Unit
		Minimum	Recommendation	Maximum	
Ramp-up rate to preheat*)	'		2	3	K/s
25 °C to 150 °C					
Time t <sub>s</sub>	$t_s$	60	100	120	S
$T_{Smin}$ to $T_{Smax}$					
Ramp-up rate to peak*)			2	3	K/s
$T_{Smax}$ to $T_{P}$					
Liquidus temperature	$T_{L}$		217		°C
Time above liquidus temperature	$t_{\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$		80	100	S
Peak temperature	$T_{P}$		245	260	°C
Time within 5 °C of the specified peak	t <sub>P</sub>	10	20	30	S
temperature T <sub>P</sub> - 5 K					
Ramp-down rate*			3	6	K/s
T <sub>P</sub> to 100 °C					
Time				480	S
25 °C to T <sub>P</sub>					

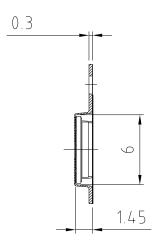
All temperatures refer to the center of the package, measured on the top of the component



<sup>\*</sup> slope calculation DT/Dt: Dt max. 5 s; fulfillment for the whole T-range

# Taping 9)





C63062-A4278-B22-01

# Tape and Reel 10)

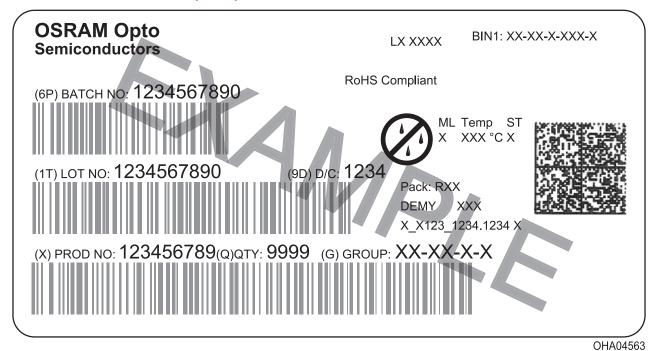


### **Reel Dimensions**

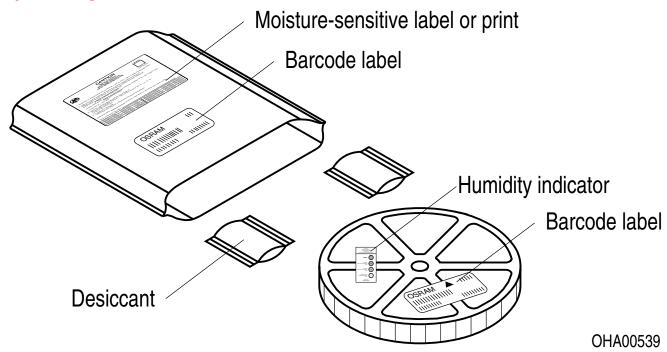
Α	W	$N_{\min}$	W <sub>1</sub>	$W_{2\text{max}}$	Pieces per PU
180 mm	12 + 0.3 / - 0.1 mm	60 mm	12.4 + 2 mm	18.4 mm	500



### **Barcode-Product-Label (BPL)**



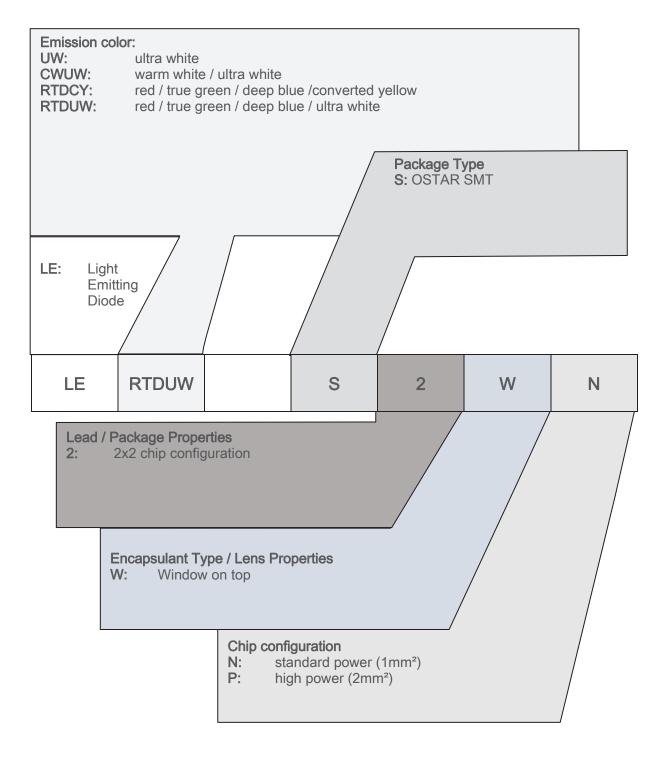
# Dry Packing Process and Materials 9)



Moisture-sensitive product is packed in a dry bag containing desiccant and a humidity card according JEDEC-STD-033.



# **Type Designation System**





#### **Notes**

The evaluation of eye safety occurs according to the standard IEC 62471:2006 (photo biological safety of lamps and lamp systems). Within the risk grouping system of this IEC standard, the device specified in this data sheet fall into the class **moderate risk (exposure time 0.25 s)**. Under real circumstances (for exposure time, conditions of the eye pupils, observation distance), it is assumed that no endangerment to the eye exists from these devices. As a matter of principle, however, it should be mentioned that intense light sources have a high secondary exposure potential due to their blinding effect. When looking at bright light sources (e.g. headlights), temporary reduction in visual acuity and afterimages can occur, leading to irritation, annoyance, visual impairment, and even accidents, depending on the situation.

Subcomponents of this device contain, in addition to other substances, metal filled materials including silver. Metal filled materials can be affected by environments that contain traces of aggressive substances. Therefore, we recommend that customers minimize device exposure to aggressive substances during storage, production, and use. Devices that showed visible discoloration when tested using the described tests above did show no performance deviations within failure limits during the stated test duration. Respective failure limits are described in the IEC60810.

For further application related information please visit www.osram-os.com/appnotes

#### **Disclaimer**

#### Attention please!

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics. Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances.

For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization.

If printed or downloaded, please find the latest version on the OSRAM OS website.

#### **Packing**

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

#### Product and functional safety devices/applications or medical devices/applications

OSRAM OS components are not developed, constructed or tested for the application as safety relevant component or for the application in medical devices.

OSRAM OS products are not qualified at module and system level for such application.

In case buyer – or customer supplied by buyer – considers using OSRAM OS components in product safety devices/applications or medical devices/applications, buyer and/or customer has to inform the local sales partner of OSRAM OS immediately and OSRAM OS and buyer and /or customer will analyze and coordinate the customer-specific request between OSRAM OS and buyer and/or customer.



### Glossary

- Reverse Operation: This product is intended to be operated applying a forward current within the specified range. Applying any continuous reverse bias or forward bias below the voltage range of light emission shall be avoided because it may cause migration which can change the electro-optical characteristics or damage the LED.
- Chromaticity coordinate groups: Chromaticity coordinates are measured during a current pulse of typically 25 ms, with an internal reproducibility of ±0.005 and an expanded uncertainty of ±0.01 (acc. to GUM with a coverage factor of k = 3).
- Wavelength: The wavelength is measured at a current pulse of typically 25 ms, with an internal reproducibility of ±0.5 nm and an expanded uncertainty of ±1 nm (acc. to GUM with a coverage factor of k =
- Typical Values: Due to the special conditions of the manufacturing processes of semiconductor devices, the typical data or calculated correlations of technical parameters can only reflect statistical figures. These do not necessarily correspond to the actual parameters of each single product, which could differ from the typical data and calculated correlations or the typical characteristic line. If requested, e.g. because of technical improvements, these typ. data will be changed without any further notice.
- Forward Voltage: The forward voltage is measured during a current pulse of typically 8 ms, with an internal reproducibility of ±0.05 V and an expanded uncertainty of ±0.1 V (acc. to GUM with a coverage factor of k = 3).
- 6) **Thermal Resistance:** Rth max is based on statistic values (6σ).
- Brightness: Brightness values are measured during a current pulse of typically 25 ms, with an internal reproducibility of ±8 % and an expanded uncertainty of ±11 % (acc. to GUM with a coverage factor of k = 3).
- Characteristic curve: In the range where the line of the graph is broken, you must expect higher differences between single devices within one packing unit.
- 9) Tolerance of Measure: Unless otherwise noted in drawing, tolerances are specified with ±0.1 and dimensions are specified in mm.
- Tape and Reel: All dimensions and tolerances are specified acc. IEC 60286-3 and specified in mm.



### LE RTDUW S2WM

Revision History				
Version	Date	Change		
1.0	2019-01-14	Initial Version		
1.1	2019-02-04	Ordering Information		
1.2	2020-06-03	Schematic Transportation Box Dimensions of Transportation Box		
1.3	2020-07-07	Characteristics		
1.4	2021-03-26	Ordering Information Wavelength Groups Chromaticity Coordinate Groups		
1.5	2021-10-22	Ordering Information		

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