

basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

SENIOR CERTIFICATE/SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT
NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE/
NASIONALE SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT

GRADE/GRAAD 12

PHYSICAL SCIENCES: PHYSICS (P1) FISIESE WETENSKAPPE: FISIKA (V1)

NOVEMBER 2020

MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE

MARKS/PUNTE: 150

These marking guidelines consist of 19 pages./
Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 19 bladsye.

QUESTION 1/VRAAG 1

1.1 B ✓ ✓ (2)

1.2 D ✓ ✓ (2)

1.3 C ✓✓ (2)

1.4 C ✓✓ (2)

1.5 C ✓✓ (2)

 $1.6 \qquad A \checkmark \checkmark \tag{2}$

 $1.7 \qquad A \checkmark \checkmark \tag{2}$

1.8 D √√ (2)

 $1.9 \qquad A \checkmark \checkmark \tag{2}$

1.10 B ✓ ✓ (2) **[20]**

QUESTION 2/VRAAG 2

2.1 Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

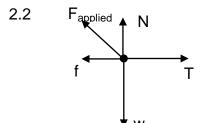
If any of the underlined key words/phrases in the correct context are omitted: - 1 mark per word/phrase.

Indien enige van die sleutelwoorde/frases in die korrekte konteks weggelaat word:
- 1 punt per woord/frase

The perpendicular force exerted by a surface on an object in contact with the surface. $\checkmark\checkmark$

Die <u>loodregte krag deur 'n oppervlak uitgeoefen op 'n voorwerp</u> wat daarmee in kontak is.

(2)



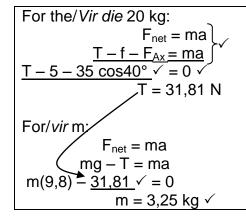
| | Accepted symbols/Aanvaarde simbole | |
|--|--|--|
| N✓ | F _N /Normal/Normal force/173,5N /Normaal/Normaalkrag | |
| f✓ | F _f /f _k /frictional force/wrywingskag/kinetic frictional force/kinetiese wrywingskrag/5 N | |
| w ✓ | F _g /mg/Weight/F _{Earth on block} /Fw/Gewig/Gravitational force/ Gravitasiekrag/196 N | |
| T✓ | Tension/Spanning/F _T | |
| F _{applied} ✓ F _{toegepas} | T // Applica 10100/00 N/ 100gcpasto Mag/ T A | |

Notes/Aantekeninge

- Mark is awarded for label and arrow./Punt word toegeken vir byskrif en pyltjie.
- Do not penalise for length of arrows./Moenie vir die lengte van die pyltjies penaliseer nie.
- Deduct 1 mark for any additional force./Trek 1 punt af vir enige addisionele krag.
- If all forces are correctly drawn and labelled, but no arrows, deduct 1 mark. / Indien all kragte korrek geteken en benoem is, maar geen lyne nie, trek 1punt af.

(5)

2.3



Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

- Formula for 20 kg or m kg/Formule vir 20 kg of m kg / F_{net} = ma √
- Substitution of zero into either formula √
 Vervanging van nul in een van die formules
- All substitutions into F_{net} for 20 kg as shown ✓
 Alle vervanging in F_{net} for 20 kg soos getoon
- Substitution of value of T in eqn for m
 /Substitusie van waarde vir T in vgl vir m ✓
- Final answer/finale antwoord: 3,25 kg √

2.4.1 Decreases/Neem af ✓

(1)

(5)

2.4.2 **POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 2.3**

POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 2.3

Moving to the right/Beweeg na regs

Velocity decreases/snelheid neem af ✓

Accelerates/Net force to left / Versnelling/netto krag na links√√

OR/OF

As the tension force decreases, the <u>net force/acceleration acts</u> in <u>the opposite</u> direction of motion /to the left. $\checkmark\checkmark$

Soos die spanning afneem, is daar '<u>n netto krag/versnelling</u> in die teenoorgestelde rigting / na links

Moving to the left/Beweeg na links

Velocity increases/snelheid neem toe ✓

Accelerates/Net force to left / Versnelling/netto krag na links✓✓

(3) **[16]**

QUESTION 3/VRAAG 3

3.1 (Motion of an object) under the influence of gravity (weight) only. ✓ ✓ (2 or 0) (Beweging van 'n voorwerp) slegs onder die invloed van gravitasie (gewig).

OR/OF

(Motion in which) the <u>only force</u> acting on the object is <u>gravity (weight)</u>. (Beweging waar) die <u>enigste krag</u> wat op die voorwerp inwerk, <u>gravitasie</u> (gewig) is.

(2)

3.2.1
$$\Delta t = 0.67 - 0.64 = 0.03 \text{ s} \checkmark \checkmark$$

(2)

| | _ | | |
|-------|--|---|-----|
| 3.2.2 | OPTION 1/OPSIE 1 | OPTION 2/OPSIE 2 | |
| | $\Delta t = \frac{(1,90-0,67)}{}$ | $\Delta x = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2$ | |
| | $\Delta t = \frac{1}{2}$ | $(-1.85) = 0 + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) \Delta t^2 \checkmark$ | |
| | = 0,62 s ✓ (0,615 s) | $\Delta t = 0.61 \text{ s} \checkmark (0.6145 \text{ s})$ | |
| | OPTION 3/OPSIE 3 | OPTION 4/OPSIE 4 | |
| | $\Delta t = \frac{(1,90+0,67)}{2} = 1,285 \text{ s}$ | $v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta x$ | |
| | $\Delta l = \frac{\Delta l}{2} = 1,285 \text{ s}$ | $0 = v_i^2 + 2(-9.8)(1.85)$ | |
| | Δt = 1,285 − 0,67 ✓ | $v_i = 6.02 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ | |
| | = 0,62 s ✓ (0,615 s) | | |
| | (=,===, | $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t$ | |
| | | $0 = 6.02 + (-9.8)\Delta t \checkmark$ | |
| | | Δt = 0,61 s ✓ | (2) |

3.2.3 POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 3.2.2 POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 3.2.2

Marking Criteria/Nasienriglyne

- Any appropriate formula/Enige geskikte formule ✓
- Correct substitution/Korrekte vervanging ✓
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: 5,94 to 6,08 m⋅s⁻¹ ✓

OPTION 1/OPSIE 1

Upwards positive/Opwaarts positief $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$ $0 = v_i + (-9.8)(0.62) \checkmark$

 $v_i = 6.08 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} (6.076 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}) \checkmark$

Downwards positive/Afwaarts positief $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t \checkmark$

 $\frac{0 = v_i + (9.8)(0.62)}{v_i = -6.08}$

 \therefore 6,08 m·s⁻¹ (6,076 m·s⁻¹) \checkmark

OPTION 2/OPSIE 2

Upwards positive/Opwaarts positief $\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$ $\frac{1,85}{v_i} = \frac{v_i (0,62) + \frac{1}{2} (-9,8) (0,62)^2}{(6,022 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1})} \checkmark$

Downwards positive/Afwaarts positief

 $\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$ $\frac{1.85 = v_i (0.62) + \frac{1}{2} (9.8) (0.62)^2 \checkmark}{v_i = -6.02}$

 \therefore $v_i = 6.02 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} (6.022 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}) \checkmark$

OPTION 3/OPSIE 3

Motion from top to bottom / Beweging vanaf bo na onder

Downwards positive/Afwaarts positief

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

 $v_f^2 = 0 + 2(9.8)(1.85) \checkmark$
 $v_f = 6.02 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$

initial velocity/beginsnelheid=6,02 m·s⁻¹

Upwards positive/Opwaarts positief

$$V_f^2 = V_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$
 $V_f^2 = \frac{0 + 2(-9.8)(-1.85)}{100} \checkmark$
 $V_f = 6.02 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$
initial valuabity/backpane/back 6

initial velocity/beginsnelheid=6,02 m·s⁻¹

OPTION 4/OPSIE 4

Upwards positive/Opwaarts positief $\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$ $0 = v_i (1,23) + \frac{1}{2} (-9,8)(1,23)^2 \checkmark$ $v_i = 6.03 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$

Downwards positive/Afwaarts positief $\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark 0 = v_i (1,23) + \frac{1}{2} (9,8)(1,23)^2 \checkmark v_i = -6,03 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \text{ speed/spoed} = 6,03 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$

Motion from bottom to top Beweging vanaf onder na bo

Downwards positive/Afwaarts positief

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

 $\frac{0^2 = v_i^2 + 2(9.8)(-1.85)}{v_i = 6.02 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$

Upwards positive/Opwaarts positief

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y_{\checkmark}$$

 $0 = v_i^2 + 2(-9.8)(1.85)_{\checkmark}$
 $v_i = 6.02 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark$

OPTION 5/OPSIE 5

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{V_f + V_i}{2}\right) \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1,85 = \left(\frac{0 + V_i}{2}\right) (0,62) \checkmark}{V_i = 5,97 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark}$$

OPTION 6/OPSIE 6

$$F_{net}\Delta t = m\Delta v$$

 $F_{net}\Delta t = m(v_f - v_i)$
 $m(9.8)(0.62) = m(0 - v_i)$ \checkmark
 $v_i = 6.08 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$

OPTION 7/OPSIE 7

(3)

3.2.4 OPTION/OPSIE 1, 2, 3, 4: Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

Calculate initial velocity:

Bereken aanvanklike snelheid:

- Appropriate formula/Geskikte formule ✓
- Substitution/Vervanging ✓

Calculate/Bereken Δt:

- Appropriate formula/Geskikte formule ✓
- Substitution/Vervanging ✓
- 1,97 s + Δt ✓
- Fin answer/Fin antwoord: 2,95 2,97 s ✓

Calculate initial velocity: Bereken beginsnelheid

OPTION 1/OPSIE 1

Downwards positive/Afwaarts positief

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

 $0 = v_i^2 + 2(9,8)(-1,2) \checkmark$
 $v_i = -4.85 \text{ m·s}^{-1}$

Upwards positive/Opwaarts positief

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta y \checkmark$$

 $0 = v_i^2 + 2(-9.8)(1.2) \checkmark$

 $v_i = 4.85 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$

OPTION 2/OPSIE 2

 $(E_{mech})_{top} = (E_{mech})_{bot/ond}$ \checkmark Any one/ $(E_p + E_k)_{top} = (E_p + E_k)_{Bot/Ond}$ \checkmark Enige een $(mgh + \frac{1}{2}mv^2)_{top} = (mgh + \frac{1}{2}mv^2)_{Bot/Ond}$ $(9.8)(1.2) + 0 = 0 + (\frac{1}{2})v^2$ \checkmark

 $v_i = 4,85 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \text{ upwards / opwaarts}$

OPTION 3/OPSIE 3

 $W_{nc} = \Delta E_p + \Delta E_k$ $0 = (0 - mgh) + \frac{1}{2}m(v_f^2 - v_i^2)$ Any one/ $0 = -(9.8)(1.2) + \frac{1}{2}v_i^2$

 $v_i = 4.85 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \text{ upwards /opwaarts}$

OPTION 4/OPSIE 4

 $W_{net} = \Delta E_k$ $w\Delta x \cos 180^\circ = \frac{1}{2} m (v_f^2 - v_i^2)$ Any one/ $(9.8)(1.2) \cos 180^\circ = \frac{1}{2} v_i^2$ $v_i = -4.85 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$

Calculate time Δt Bereken tyd Δt

Upwards positive

<u>Opwaarts positief</u> ∙∆y = v_i∆t + ½ a∆t²√

 $\Delta y = V_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t \checkmark$

 $\frac{1.2 = (4.85)\Delta t + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)\Delta t^2}{\Delta t = 0.4899 \cdot a + 0.5 \cdot a}$

 $\Delta t = 0.4898 \text{ s} / 0.5 \text{ s}$ $t = 1.97 + 2(0.4898) \checkmark$

 $= 2,95 \text{ s} / 2,97 \text{ s} \checkmark$

OR/OF

-Δy = v_iΔt + ½ aΔt² ✓

 $0 = (4.85)\Delta t + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)\Delta t^2$

 $\Delta t = 0.9898 \text{ s (or } \Delta t = 0)$

 $t = 1.97 + 0.9898 \checkmark = 2.96 s \checkmark$

Downwards positive

Afwaarts positief

 $\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$

 $1.2 = (-4.85)\Delta t + \frac{1}{2}(9.8)\Delta t^2$

 $\Delta t = 0.4898 \text{ s} / 0.5 \text{ s}$

 $t = 1.97 + 2(0.4898) \checkmark$

 $= 2,95 \text{ s} / 2,97 \text{ s} \checkmark$

OR/OF

 $\Delta v = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$

 $0 = (4,85)\Delta t + \frac{1}{2}(9,8)\Delta t^{2} \checkmark$

 $\Delta t = 0.9898 \text{ s} \quad (\text{or } \Delta t = 0)$

 $t = 1.97 + 0.9898 \checkmark = 2.96 s \checkmark$

OR/OF

.v_f = v_i + a∆t √

 $-4.85 = 4.85 + (-9.8)\Delta t$

 $\Delta t = 0.9898 \text{ s}$

 $\Delta t = 1.97 + 0.9898 \checkmark = 2.96 \text{ s}$

OR/OF

Upwards positive

Opwaarts positief

•v_f = v_i + aΔt √

 $0 = 4.85 + (-9.8)\Delta t$

 $\Delta t = 0.4949 \text{ s}$

 $\Delta t = 1.97 + (2)(0.4949) \checkmark$

 $= 2.96 s \checkmark$

OR/OF

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{V_i + V_f}{2}\right) \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$1,2 = \left(\frac{0 + 4,85}{2}\right) \Delta t \checkmark \Delta t = 0,4948s$$

 $\Delta t_{\text{total}} = 2(0,4948) = 0,99 \text{ s}$

 $\Delta t = 1.97 + 0.99 \checkmark = 2.96 s \checkmark$

OPTION 5/OPSIE 5

Downwards positive/Afwaarts positief

$$\Delta y = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$$

$$1.2 \checkmark = 0 + \frac{1}{2}(9.8) \Delta t^2 \checkmark$$

$$\Delta t = 0.49 \text{ s}$$

$$t = 1.97 + \checkmark 2(0.49) \checkmark$$

Upwards positive/Opwaarts positief

$$\Delta v = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \checkmark$$

$$-1.2 \checkmark = 0 + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)\Delta t^2 \checkmark$$

$$\Delta t = 0.49 \text{ s}$$

$$t = 1.97 + \checkmark 2(0.49) \checkmark$$

OPTION 5: Marking criteria/ OPSIE 5: Nasienriglyne

- Formula √/Formule
- Substitution/Vervanging
 Δy = 1,2 ✓
- Substitution/Vervanging 0 + ½(9,8) Δt²
- 1,97 s + ✓
- 2 Δt ✓
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: 2,95 - 2,97 s √

(6) **[15]**

QUESTION 4/VRAAG 4

4.1 (Linear) momentum (of an object) is the <u>product of mass and velocity</u>. ✓ ✓ (Liniêre) momentum (van 'n voorwerp) is die <u>produk van massa en snelheid</u>.
 (2 or/of 0)

(2)

4.2.1 **OPTION 1/OPSIE 1**

East as positive/Oos as positief

$$\sum p_i = \sum p_f$$

$$m_p v_{pi} + m_Q v_{Qi} = m_p v_{pf} + m_Q v_{Qf}$$
Any one/Enige een

$$(0,16)(10) + (0,2)(-15) \checkmark = (0,16)(-5) + (0,2)v_{Qf} \checkmark$$

$$v_{Qf} = -3 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$v_{Of} = 3 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark \text{ west/wes} \checkmark$$

OPTION 2/OPSIE 2
West as positive/Wes as positief

$$\sum p_i = \sum p_f$$

$$m_p v_{pi} + m_Q v_{Qi} = m_p v_{pf} + m_Q v_{Qf}$$
Any one/Enige een

$$(0,16)(-10) + (0,2)(15) \checkmark = (0,16)(5) + (0,2)Q_{Nf} \checkmark$$

 $v_{Of} = 3 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark \text{ west/wes} \checkmark$

OPTION 3/OPSIE 3

$$\Delta p_{\rm p} = -\Delta p_{\rm Q} \checkmark$$

$$(0,16)(-5-10) \checkmark = -(0,2)(v-(-15)) \checkmark$$

$$v = -3 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

(5)

4.2.2 For ball/Vir bal P:

West as negative/Wes as negatief Impulse = Δp $F_{net}\Delta t = \Delta p$ $\Delta p = m(v_{Pf} - v_{Pi})$ $= 0.16(-5 - 10) \checkmark$ = -2.4 $\therefore 2.4 \text{ N·s} \checkmark (2.4 \text{ kg·m·s}^{-1})$

OR/OF

West as positive /Wes as positief Impulse = Δp $F_{net}\Delta t = \Delta p$ $= m(v_{Pf} - v_{Pi})$ $= 0.16(5 - (-10)) \checkmark$ $= 2.4 \text{ N·s } \checkmark$

POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 4.2.1 /POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 4.2.1

For ball/Vir bal Q:

West as negative/Wes as negatief Impulse = Δp $\Rightarrow \checkmark$ Any one/

$$F_{\text{net}}\Delta t = \Delta p$$

= m(v_{Qf} - v_{Qi}) \rightarrow Any one/
= 0,2[-3 - (-15)] \checkmark
= 2,4 N·s \checkmark (2,4 kg·m·s⁻¹)

OR/OF

West as positive /Wes as positief

Impulse =
$$\Delta p$$

 $F_{net}\Delta t = \Delta p$
 $= m(v_{Qf} - v_{Qi})$
 $= 0.16(3 - (15)) \checkmark$
 $= -2.4 \text{ N·s}$
 $\therefore 2.4 \text{ N·s} \checkmark (2.4 \text{ kg·m·s}^{-1})$

(3) **[10]**

(2)

QUESTION 5/VRAAG 5

5.1 Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

If any of the underlined key words/phrases in the correct context are omitted:
- 1 mark per word/phrase. However, **IF**: The word "work" is omitted 0 marks
Indien enige van die sleutelwoorde/frases in die korrekte konteks weggelaat word:
- 1 punt per woord/frase. Maar, **INDIEN**: Die woord "arbeid" uitgelaat is, 0 punte

A force is non-conservative if the <u>work it does</u> on an object (which is moving between two points) <u>depends on the path taken</u>. \checkmark

'n Krag is nie-konserwatief indien die <u>arbeid wat dit verrig</u> (op 'n voorwerp wat tussen twee punte beweeg) <u>afhanklik is van die pad</u>.

OR/OF

A force is non-conservative if the <u>work</u> it does on an object <u>depends on the path taken.</u> $\checkmark\checkmark$

'n Krag is nie-konserwatief indien die <u>arbeid</u> wat dit verrig <u>afhanklik is van die</u> <u>pad.</u>

OR/OF

A force is non-conservative if the <u>work</u> it does <u>in moving</u> an object around a <u>closed path is non-zero.</u> $\checkmark\checkmark$

'n Krag is nie-konserwatief indien die <u>arbei</u>d wat dit verrig om 'n voorwerp op 'n <u>geslote pad te beweeg, nie-nul</u> is nie.

5.2
$$K = \frac{1}{2} mv^2 / E_k = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$$

$$\Delta K = K_f - K_i$$

$$\Delta K = \frac{1}{2} mv_f^2 - \frac{1}{2} mv_i^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m(v_f^2 - v_i^2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (200)(2^2 - 4^2) \checkmark$$

$$\Delta K = -1 \ 200 \ J \ \checkmark$$
(3)

5.3 **POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 5.2. POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 5.2.**

Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

- Appropriate formula/Geskikte formule ✓
- Substitution into appropriate formula together with/*Vervanging in geskikte* formule saam met -3,40 × 10³ ✓√
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: 8,88 m √

OPTION 1/OPSIE 1

$$\begin{array}{l} W_{nc} = \Delta K + \Delta U \\ W_{nc} = \frac{1}{2} \ m v_f^2 - \frac{1}{2} \ m v_i^2 + mgh_f - mgh_i \\ = \frac{1}{2} \ m \left(v_f^2 - v_i^2 \right) + mg(h_f - h_i) \\ \hline -\frac{3,40 \times 10^3}{h} \checkmark = \frac{-1\ 200 + 200(9,8)(h_f - 10)}{(8,87765\ m)} \end{aligned}$$

OPTION 2/OPSIE 2

OPTION 3/OPSIE 3

$$\begin{array}{l} \hline W_{\text{net}} = \Delta K \\ W_f + W_w = \frac{1}{2} \text{mv}_f^2 - \frac{1}{2} \text{mv}_i^2 \\ W_f - \Delta E_p = \frac{1}{2} \text{mv}_f^2 - \frac{1}{2} \text{mv}_i^2 \\ W_f - \text{mg}(h_f - h_i) = \frac{1}{2} \text{m}(v_f^2 - v_i^2) \\ \hline -3.40 \times 10^3 - 200(9.8)(\text{h}-10) \checkmark = -1\ 200\ \checkmark \\ \hline h = 8.88\ \text{m}\ \checkmark \qquad (8.87755\ \text{m}) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

(4)

5.4 OPTION 1 AND 2/OPSIE 1 EN 2: Marking criteria /Nasienriglyne

- Appropriate formula/Geskikte formule ✓ ✓
- Work done by friction/Arbeid verrig deur wrywing√√
- Substitution of/Vervanging van (200)(9,8)(13,12) √
- Appropriate formula/Geskikte formule
- Substitution into power formula/Vervanging in drywingformule
- Final answer / Finale antwoord: 1 814,35 W

OPTION 1/OPSIE 1

$$\begin{array}{l} W_{nc} = \Delta K + \Delta U \\ W_{engine} + W_f = \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2 - \frac{1}{2} m v_i^2 + mgh_f - mgh_i \\ = \frac{1}{2} m (v_f^2 - v_i^2) + mg(h_f - h_i) \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l} W_{engine} + \underbrace{(50)(15)(2) cos 180^\circ}_{\text{cos} 180^\circ} \checkmark \checkmark = 0 + \underbrace{200(9,8)}_{\text{cos} 180^\circ} \checkmark (22 - 8,88) \\ W_{engine} = 27 \ 215,20 \ J \\ P_{engine} = \frac{W_{engine}}{\Delta t} \\ = \frac{27 \ 215,20}{15} \\ = 1 \ 814,35 \ W \end{array}$$

OPTION/OPSIE 3: Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne Opsie 3

- Appropriate formula/Geskikte formule ✓√
- Substitution of/Vervanging van 50 √√
- Substitution of/Vervanging van (-200)(9,8)(0,4373) or/of (-200)(9,8)(0,44)√
- Appropriate formula/Geskikte formule
- Substitution into/Vervanging in Pave = Fvave
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: 1 814,35 W 1 824,8 W

(5) **[14]**

QUESTION 6/VRAAG 6

Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne 6.1

If any of the underlined key words/phrases in the correct context are omitted: - 1 mark per word/phrase.

Indien enige van die sleutelwoorde/frases in die korrekte konteks weggelaat word: - 1 punt per woord/frase

The change in frequency (or pitch) (of the sound) detected by a listener because the source and the listener have different velocities relative to the medium of propagation. ✓

Die verandering in die frekwensie (of toonhoogte) (van die klank) waargeneem deur 'n luisteraar omdat die bron en die luisteraar verskillende snelhede relatief tot die voortplantingsmedium het.

OR/OF

An (apparent) change in (observed/detected) frequency (pitch), as a result of the relative motion between a source and an observer (listener).

'n (Skynbare) verandering in (waargenome) frekwensie (toonhoogte), as gevolg van die relatiewe beweging tussen die bron en 'n waarnemer/ luisteraar.

(2)

(1)

6.2 Towards/*Nader* ✓

6.3

$$f_{L} = \frac{v \pm v_{L}}{v \pm v_{s}} f_{s} \checkmark OR/OF f_{L} = \frac{v}{v - v_{s}} f_{s} OR/OF OR/OF$$

$$OR/OF OR/OF OR/OF$$

$$3148 = \underbrace{\frac{340 + 0}{340 - v_s}}^{v} f_s$$

$$2073 = \underbrace{\frac{340 - 0}{340 + v_s}}^{\checkmark} f_s$$

$$\frac{3148(340-v_s)}{340+0} = \frac{2073(340+v_s)}{340-0}$$

$$v_s = 70 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark (69,95 - 70,16 \text{ m})$$

 $v_s = 70 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \checkmark (69,95 - 70,16 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1})$

6.4

POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 6.3 POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 6.3

| OPTION 1/OPSIE 1 |
|----------------------------------|
| $\Delta t = \frac{\Delta x}{}$ |
| Δt – V |
| $\Delta t = \frac{350}{50}$ |
| $\Delta t = \frac{\Delta t}{70}$ |
| ∆t = 5 s ✓ |
| |

$$\frac{\text{OPTION } 2/\text{OPSIE } 2}{\Delta x = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2}$$
$$350 = 70 \Delta t + 0 \checkmark$$

$$\Delta t = 5 \text{ s} \checkmark$$

| OPTION | 3/OPSIE 3 |
|----------|-------------|
| 01 11011 | SI OI OIL C |
| (v | - W) |

$$\frac{2}{350} = \left(\frac{70 + 70}{2}\right) \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\Delta t = 5 \text{ s}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

(2)[11]

(6)

(3)

(2)

QUESTION 7/VRAAG 7

7.1
$$n = \frac{Q}{e} \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{(-)4 \times 10^{-6}}{(-)1,6 \times 10^{-19}} \checkmark$$

$$= 2,5 \times 10^{13} \checkmark$$
(3)

7.2 Electrostatic force on B due to A:/Elektrostatiese krag op B a.g.v. A:

$$F_{AB} = \frac{kQ_1Q_2}{r^2} \checkmark$$

$$= \left[\frac{9 \times 10^9 (4 \times 10^{-6})(3 \times 10^{-6})}{0.2^2} \right] \checkmark \qquad \text{Ignore negative signs}$$

$$= 2.7 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

7.3 Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

If any of the underlined key words/phrases in the correct context are omitted: - 1 mark per word/phrase.

Indien enige van die sleutelwoorde/frases in die korrekte konteks weggelaat word:
- 1 punt per woord/frase

Electric field is a <u>region</u> (in space) where (in which) an (<u>electric</u>) charge <u>experiences a (electric) force</u>. $\checkmark\checkmark$

Elektriese veld is 'n <u>gebied (in die ruimte)</u> waarin 'n <u>(elektriese) lading 'n (elektriese) krag ondervind</u>.

7.4 Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

- Appropriate formula/Geskikte formule ✓
- Correct substitution for A and B/Korrekte vervanging van A en B √√
- Subtraction of electric fields/Aftrek van elektriesevelde√
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: 2,3 x10⁶ N·C⁻¹√

OPTION 1/OPSIE 1

Electric field at M due to / Elektriese veld by M as gevolg van: -4 x10⁻⁶ C

$$E_{AM} = k \frac{Q}{r^2} \checkmark$$

$$= 9 \times 10^9 \frac{(4 \times 10^{-6})}{(0,3)^2} \checkmark$$

$$= 4.0 \times 10^5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{C}^{-1} \text{ (to left /links)}$$

Electric field at M due to / Elektriese veld by M as gevolg van: +3 x10⁻⁶ C,

$$E_{BM} = k \frac{Q}{r^2}$$

$$= 9x10^9 \frac{(3x10^{-6})}{(0,1)^2} \checkmark$$

$$= 2,7 \times 10^6 \text{ N} \cdot \text{C}^{-1} \text{ (to right /regs)}$$

Net electric field at M / Netto elektrieseveld by M

$$E_{\text{net}} = E_{\text{BM}} + E_{\text{AM}}$$

= 4,0 x10⁵ - 2,7 x10⁶ \checkmark
= 2,3 x10⁶ N·C⁻¹ \checkmark (right/regs)

OR/OF

Net electric field at M / Netto elektrieseveld by M

$$E_{\text{net}} = E_{\text{BM}} + E_{\text{AM}}$$
= -4,0 x10⁵ + 2,7 x10⁶ \checkmark
= -2,3 x10⁶ N·C⁻¹
= 2,3 x10⁶ N·C⁻¹ \checkmark (right)

OPTION 2/OPSIE 2

$$\begin{aligned} & \overline{F_{\text{AM}}} = \frac{kQ_1Q_2}{r^2} = \frac{(9 \times 10^9)(4 \times 10^{-6})Q}{(0,3)^2} \checkmark = 4 \times 10^5 Q \text{ N} \\ & F_{\text{BM}} = \frac{kQ_1Q_2}{r^2} = \frac{(9 \times 10^9)(3 \times 10^{-6})Q}{(0,1)^2} \checkmark = 2,7 \times 10^6 Q \text{ N} \\ & F_{\text{net}} = 2,7 \times 10^6 Q + (-4 \times 10^5 Q) \checkmark = 2,3 \times 10^6 Q \end{aligned}$$

$$E = \frac{F}{q} \checkmark = \frac{2,3 \times 10^6 Q}{Q} = 2,3 \times 10^6 \text{ N} \cdot \text{C}^{-1} \checkmark (\text{right/regs})$$

(5)

7.5 Positive/Positief ✓

(1)

7.6 **POSITIVE MARKING FROM 7.2/POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF 7.2**

Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

- Correct substitution into Pythagoras's equation/Korrekte vervanging in Pythagoras se vergelyking √
- Correct substitution into Coulomb's Law/Korrekte vervanging in Coulomb se wet √
- Correct answer/Korrekte antwoord √

$$(F_{net})^2 = (F_{AD})^2 + (F_{AB})^2$$

 $(7,69)^2 = (F_{AD})^2 + (2,7)^2$ \checkmark
 $F_{AD} = 7,2 \text{ N}$

$$F_{AD} = \frac{kQ_1Q_2}{r^2}$$

$$7.2 = \frac{(9 \times 10^9)(4 \times 10^{-6})Q}{(0,15)^2}$$

$$Q_D = 4.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C} \checkmark$$

OR/OF

$$\begin{split} F_{AD} &= k \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{r^2} \\ &= 9 \times 10^9 \frac{(4 \times 10^{-6}) Q}{0,15^2} \checkmark \\ &= 1.6 \times 10^6 Q \\ F_{net} &= \sqrt{F_{AB}^2 + F_{AD}^2} \quad \textbf{OR/OF} \quad F_{net}^2 = \quad F_{AB}^2 + F_{AD}^2 \\ 7,69 &= \sqrt{2,7^2 + (1,6 \times 10^6 Q)^2} \checkmark \\ Q &= 4,50 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C} \checkmark \end{split}$$

(3) **[17]**

(2)

(2)

QUESTION 8/VRAAG 8

8.1 Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

If any of the underlined key words/phrases in the correct context are omitted: - 1 mark per word/phrase.

Indien enige van die sleutelwoorde/frases in die korrekte konteks weggelaat word:
- 1 punt per woord/frase

(Maximum) energy provided (work done) by a battery per coulomb/unit charge passing through it. 🗸 🗸

(Maksimum) <u>energie verskaf (arbeid verrig)</u> deur 'n battery <u>per coulomb/</u> eenheidslading wat daardeur beweeg.

Work done by the battery to move <u>a unit coulomb of charge across the circuit./Arbeid verrig</u> deur die battery <u>om 'n eenheidslading oor die stroombaan te beweeg.</u>

8.2 Energy (per coulomb of charge) is converted to heat in the battery <u>due to the internal resistance</u>. $\checkmark\checkmark$

Energie (per coulomb lading) word na hitte omskep binne-in die battery a.g.v. interne weerstand.

8.3.1
$$I = \frac{V}{R} \checkmark$$

$$I = \frac{1,5}{0,5} \checkmark$$

$$= 3 A \checkmark$$
(3)

8.3.2 $\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline \textbf{OPTION 1/OPSIE 1} \\ \hline \frac{1}{R_{p}} &= \frac{1}{R_{1}} + \frac{1}{R_{2}} & \\ \hline \frac{1}{R_{p}} &= \frac{1}{25} + \frac{1}{15} & \\ \hline R_{p} &= 9,375 & \\ R_{ext} &= 9,375 & + 4 & = 13,38 & \Omega \\ \hline \end{array}$ $R_{p} = 9,375 & \\ \hline R_{p} &= 9,375 & \\ \hline \end{array}$ $R_{p} = 9,375 & \\ \hline \end{array}$ $R_{p} = 9,375 & \\ \hline \end{array}$ $R_{p} = 9,375 & \\ \hline$ $R_{p} = 9,375 & \\ \hline$ $R_{ext} = 9,375 & \\ \hline$

(3)

8.3.3 POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTIONS 8.3.1 AND 8.3.2. POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 8.3.1 EN 8.3.2.

OPTION 1/OPSIE 1

$$\overline{\mathcal{E}} = I(R + r) \checkmark$$

= 3(13,38 + 0,5) \(\forall \)
= 41,64 \(\forall \) \(\forall \) (Range/Gebied: 41,625 - 41,64)

OPTION 2/OPSIE 2

$$\mathcal{E} = V_{\text{ext/eks}} + V_{\text{int}} \checkmark$$

= (3)(13,38) + 1,5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) = 41,64 \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\text{(Range/Gebied: 41,625 - 41,64)}

8.4 Yes. √/Ja

For the same voltage/potential difference, \checkmark a larger current will flow through a smaller resistor $(I = \frac{V}{R}) \checkmark Vir dieselfde spanning/ potensiaalverskil sal 'n groter stroom deur die kleiner weerstand vloei <math>(I = \frac{V}{R})$.

OR/OF

$$I\alpha \frac{1}{R} \checkmark$$
, V = constant /konstant \checkmark

I is inversely proportional to R and V is constant. I is omgekeerd eweredig aan R en V is konstant.

OR/OF

$$V_{\parallel} = IR$$

= (3)(9,38)
= 28,14 V

$$I_{R2} = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{28,14}{25} = 1,13 \text{ A} \checkmark$$
 $I_{R3} = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{28,14}{15} = 1,88 \text{ A} \checkmark$

OR/OF

V is the same / V is dieselfde ✓

$$I_{15\Omega} = \frac{25}{40}I$$

$$I_{25\Omega} = \frac{15}{40}I$$

8.5 Remains the same/Bly dieselfde√

(1) **[18]**

(3)

(2)

(3)

QUESTION 9/VRAAG 9

- 9.1.1 (DC) motor/(GS-)motor \checkmark (1)
- 9.1.2 POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 9.1.1
 POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 9.1.1

Electrical to mechanical /kinetic (energy) $\checkmark \checkmark$ (2 or 0)

Elektriese na meganiese/kinetiese (energie) (2 of 0) (2)

- 9.1.3 Split ring/commutator/*Splitring/kommutator* ✓ (1)
- 9.1.4 Anticlockwise/antikloksgewys ✓ ✓ (2)
- 9.2.1 (The rms voltage/value of AC is) the AC voltage/potential difference which dissipates the same amount of energy/heat/power as an equivalent DC voltage/potential difference. ✓ (2 or 0)

 (Die wgk-waarde van WS is) die WS-potensiaalverskil/spanning wat dieselfde hoeveelheid energie/hitte/drywing verbruik as 'n ekwivalente GS-spanning/potensiaalverskil. (2 of 0)

ACCEPT/AANVAAR

The rms voltage/value of AC is the DC potential difference which dissipates the same amount of energy/heat/power as AC.

Die wgk-waarde van WS is die GS-potensiaalverskil wat dieselfde hoeveelheid energie/hitte/drywing verbruik as die WS.

- 9.2.2 Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne
 - Appropriate formula for P_{ave}/Geskikte formule vir P_{ave} ✓
 - Substitution to calculate/Vervanging vir berekening van R ✓

| • Final answer/Finale | antwoord: 242 Ω ✓ | |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| OPTION 1/OPSIE 1 | OPTION 2/OPSIE 2 | OPTION 3/OPSIE 3 |
| $P_{\text{ave}} = \frac{V_{\text{ms}}^2}{R} \checkmark$ | $P_{ave} = V_{ms}I_{ms} \checkmark$ | $P_{ave} = V_{ms}I_{ms} \checkmark$ |
| | $200 = I_{rms}(220)$ | $200 = I_{rms}(220)$ |
| $200 = \frac{220^2}{R} \checkmark$ | $I_{rms} = 0.909 \text{ A } (0.91)$ | $I_{rms} = 0.909 A(0.91)$ |
| $200 = \frac{220}{D} \checkmark$ | $R = \frac{V_{ms}}{V_{ms}}$ or/of $R = \frac{V}{V_{ms}}$ | |
| R = 242 Ω ✓ | $R = \frac{1}{I_{ms}} OI/OI R = \frac{1}{I}$ | $P_{ave} = I_{rms}^2 R$ |
| N - 242 12 V | ***** | $200 = (0.909)^2 R \checkmark$ |
| | $R = \frac{220}{2000} \checkmark$ | R = 242 Ω ✓ |
| | 0,909 | (241,52 Ω) |
| | R = 242 Ω \checkmark (241,76 Ω) | |

Marking criteria for options 1,2 and 3 /Nasienriglyne vir opsies 1,2 en 3 9.2.3

- Appropriate formula to calculate P or I_{rms} /Geskikte formule om P of I_{rms} te bereken √
- Substitution/Vervanging ✓
- Formula for P or W containing Δt /Formule vir P of W wat Δt bevat \checkmark
- Substitution/Vervanging ✓
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: 55 785,12 J ✓

POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 9.2.2.

POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 9.2.2.

OPTION 1/OPSIE 1

Marking criteria / Nasienriglyne

- Appropriate formula for W containing V/Geskikte formule vir W wat V bevat √ √
- Substitution/Vervanging ✓ ✓
- Final answer/Finale antwoord: 55 785,12 J ✓

$$W = \frac{V^2 \Delta t}{R} \checkmark \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{(150^2)(10 \times 60)}{242} \checkmark$$

$$= 55.785.12 J \checkmark$$

$$R = \frac{V_{ms}}{I_{ms}} \checkmark / R = \frac{V}{I}$$

$$242 = \frac{150}{I_{ms}} \checkmark$$

$$I_{ms} = 0.620 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{ave} = I_{ms} V_{ms}$$

$$= (0.62)(150)$$

$$= 92.97 \text{ W} (93 \text{ W})$$

$$P = \frac{W}{\Delta t} \checkmark$$

$$92.975 = \frac{W}{(10)(60)} \checkmark$$

$$W = 55.785.12 \text{ J} \checkmark$$

(55785,12 – <u>5</u>5896 J)

 $W = VI\Delta t$

$$R = \frac{v_{ms}}{I_{ms}} \checkmark / R = \frac{v}{I}$$

$$242 = \frac{150}{I_{ms}} \checkmark$$

$$I_{ms} = 0,620 \text{ A}$$

$$W = I^{2}R \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$= (0,62)^{2}(242)(10)(60) \checkmark$$

$$= 55 814,88 \text{ J} \checkmark$$

$$(55785,12 - 55896 \text{ J})$$

$$OR/OF$$

= (150)(0,62)(600)

= 55800 J

OPTION 5/OPSIE 5

$$P_{\text{ave}} = \frac{V_{\text{ms}}^2}{R} \checkmark = \frac{150^2}{242} \checkmark = 92,975 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{\text{ave}} = I_{\text{rms}}^2 R$$

$$92,975 = I_{\text{rms}}^2 (242)$$

$$I_{rms} = 0.6198 \text{ A}$$

$$W = I^2 R \Delta t \checkmark$$

$$= (0,6198)^2(242)(10)(60) \checkmark$$

(5)[16]

QUESTION 10/VRAAG 10

- 10.1 <u>Photoelectric effect</u>/<u>Fotoëlektriese effek</u> ✓ (1)
- 10.2 Work function (of potassium)/Werksfunksie/Arbeidsfunksie (van kalium) ✓ (1)
- 10.3 Potassium/Kalium ✓

It has the <u>lowest work function</u> / <u>threshold frequency / highest threshold</u> wavelength. ✓

Dit het die <u>laagste arbeidsfunksie / drumpelfrekwensie / hoogste drumpel</u> golflengte.

10.4 Marking criteria/Nasienriglyne

If any of the underlined key words/phrases in the correct context are omitted: - 1 mark per word/phrase.

Indien enige van die sleutelwoorde/frases in die korrekte konteks weggelaat word: - 1 punt per woord/frase

The work function of a metal is the <u>minimum energy</u> that an <u>electron</u> (in the metal) <u>needs</u>√ to be <u>emitted/ejected</u> from the <u>metal / surface</u>. √ Die werkfunksie/arbeidsfunskie van 'n metaal is die <u>minimum energie</u> <u>benodig</u> om 'n <u>elektron</u> vanaf 'n <u>oppervlak / metaal vry te stel</u>.

10.5.1 $W_o = hf_o \checkmark$ = $(6.63 \times 10^{-34})(1.75 \times 10^{15}) \checkmark$ = $1.160 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J} \checkmark$

OR/OF

$$E = W_{o} + E_{k(max)}$$

$$hf = W_{o} + E_{k(max)}$$

$$(6,63 \times 10^{-34})(1,75 \times 10^{15}) = W_{o} + 0$$

$$W_{o} = 1,160 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J} \checkmark$$
(3)

10.5.2 **POSITIVE MARKING FROM QUESTION 10.5.1. POSITIEWE NASIEN VANAF VRAAG 10.5.1.**

$$E = W_0 + E_{k(max)}$$

$$hf = hf_o + \frac{1}{2}mv_{max}^2$$

$$\checkmark Any one/Enige een$$

$$(6,63 \times 10^{-34})f \checkmark = \underline{1,160 \times 10^{-18} + \frac{1}{2}} (9,11 \times 10^{-31}) (5,60 \times 10^{5})^{2} \checkmark$$

$$\therefore f = 1,97 \times 10^{15} \text{ Hz} \checkmark \tag{4}$$

TOTAL/TOTAAL: 150

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(2)

(2)