



UNINA - MACHINE LEARNING 21/22 - FINAL CONTEST

Fibrosarcoma cells classification

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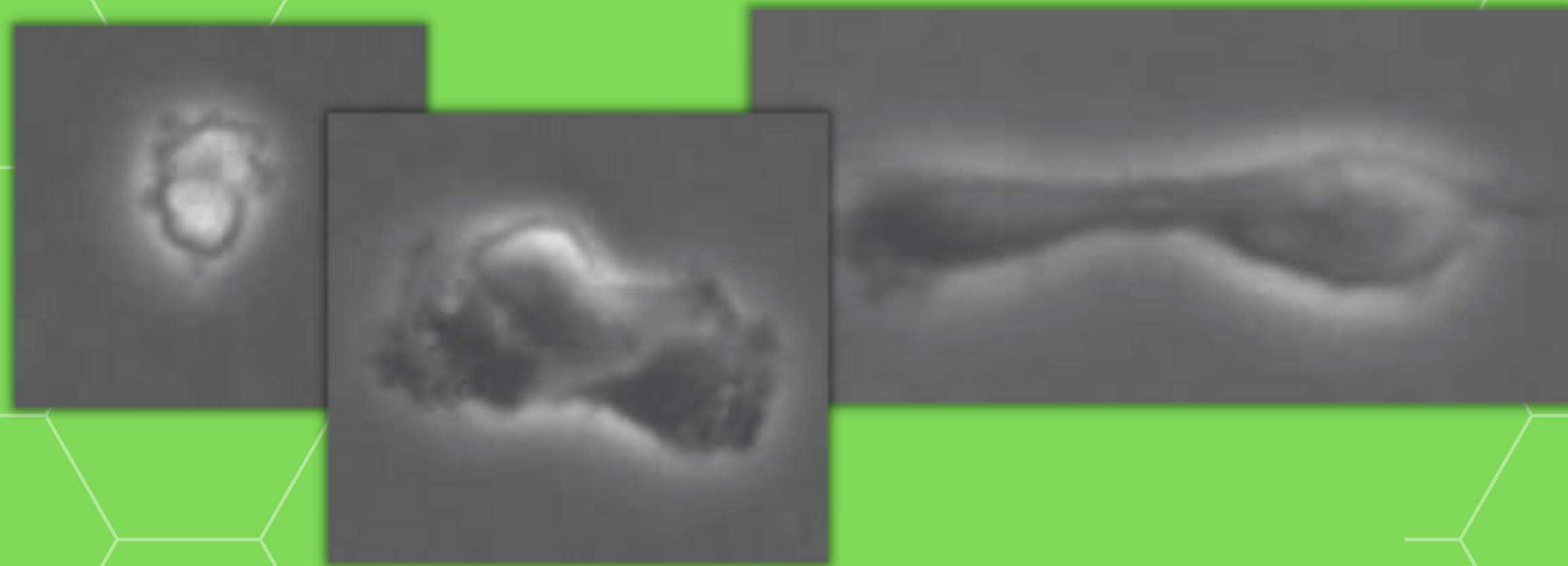
INTRODUCTION

FIBROSARCOMA IS A MALIGNANT TUMOUR AFFECTING THE FIBROUS CONNECTIVE TISSUE.

The aim of the final Machine Learning contest for the academic year 2021/2022 is to recognise four different cell types (multi-class classification) according to their morphology.

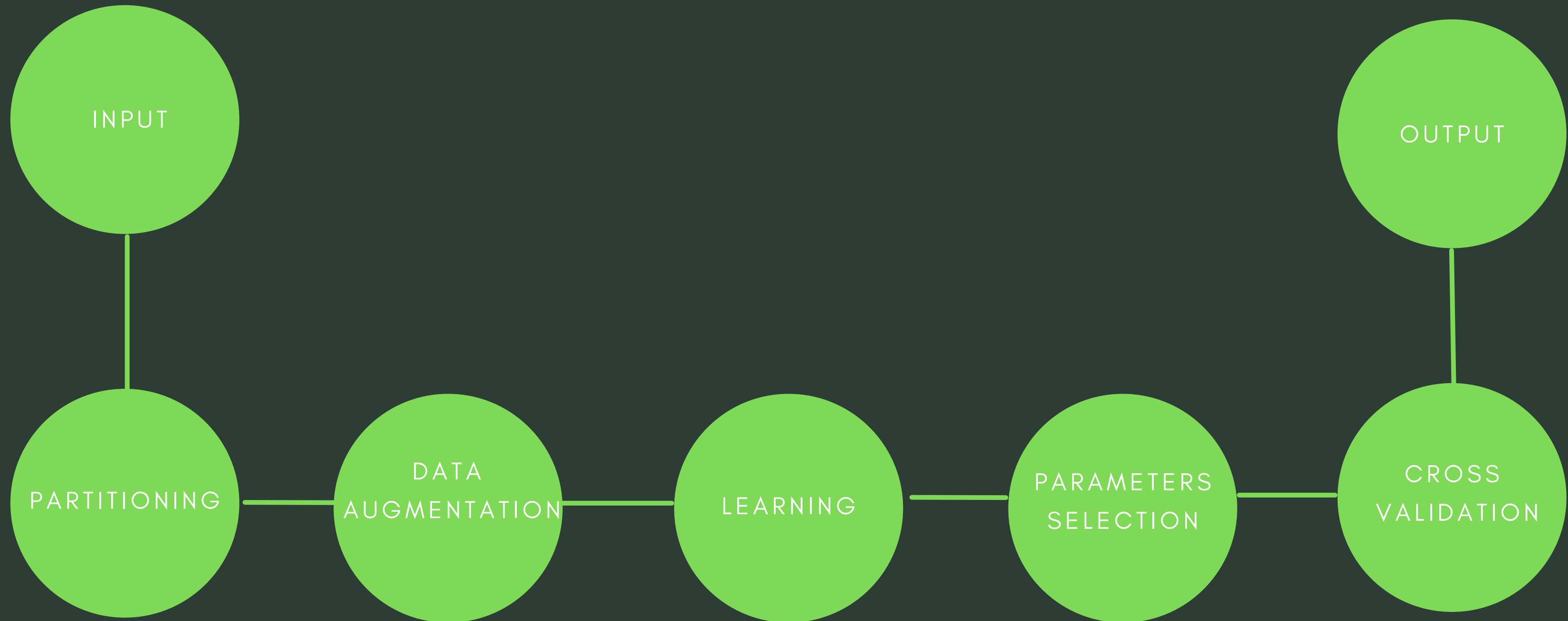


DATASET

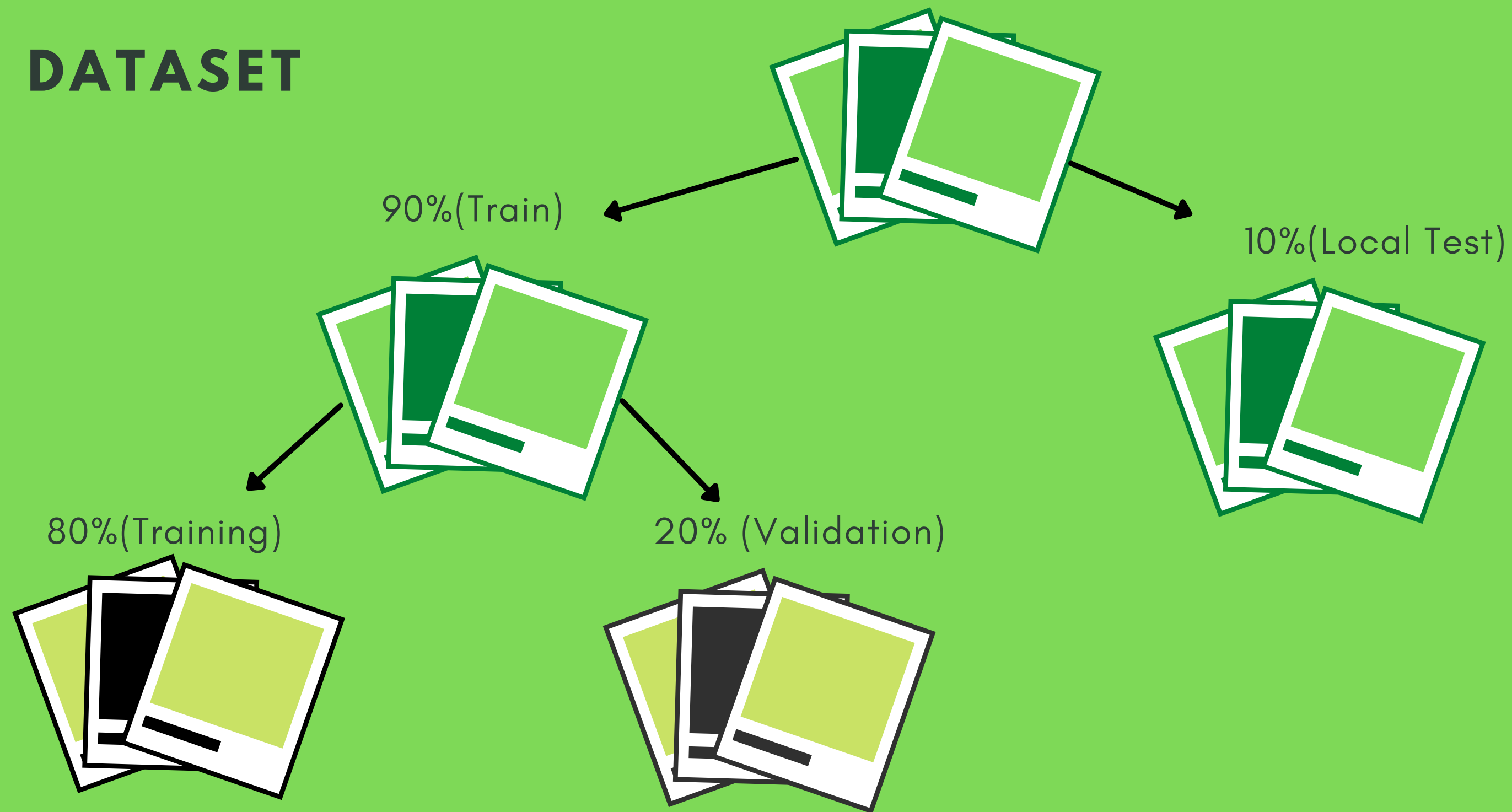


- 1374 TRAINING IMAGES AND LABELS
- 344 TEST IMAGES

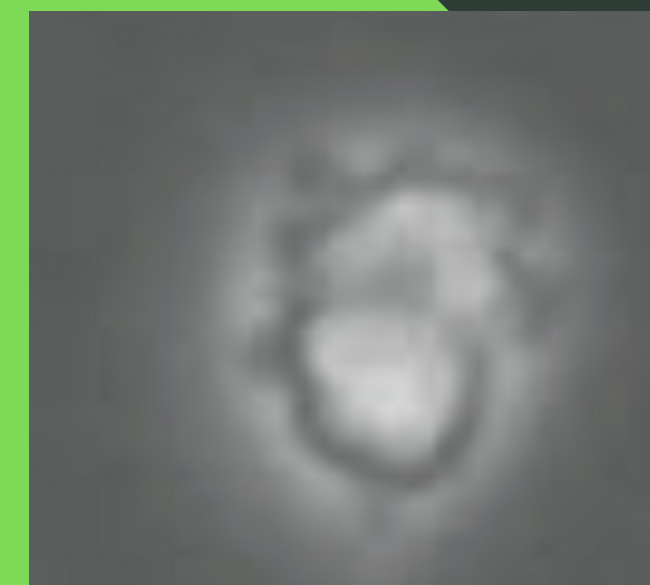
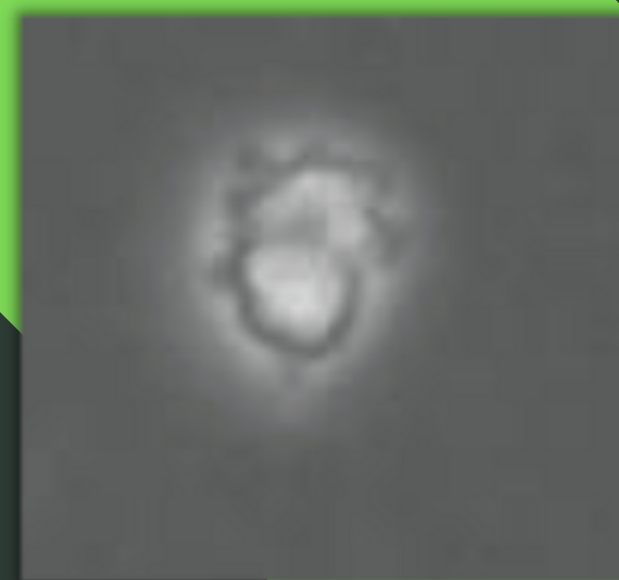
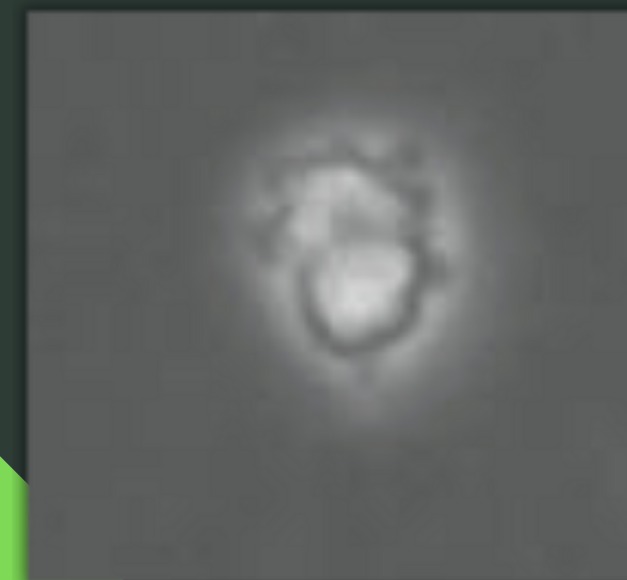
PROCESS



PARTITIONING OF THE DATASET

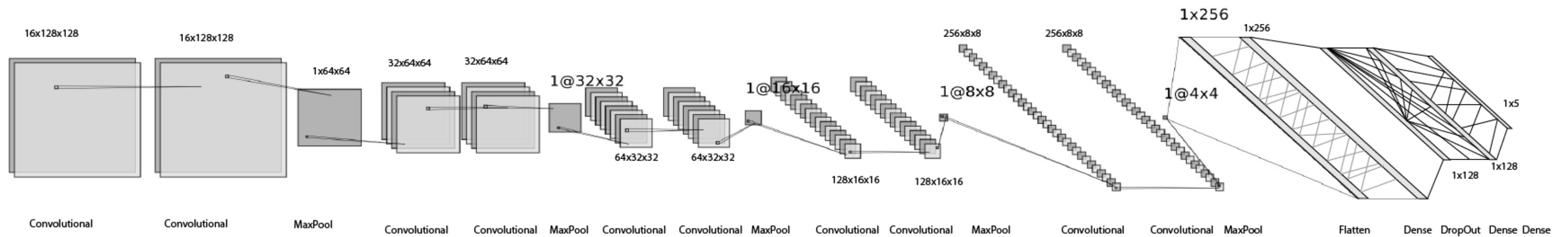


DATA AUGMENTATION



- VERTICAL/HORIZONTAL FLIP
- ROTATION (90°)
- ZOOM [0.7,1.3]
- FEATUREWISE NORMALIZATION(CENTER,STD)

MODEL



ADAM OPTIMIZER

MODEL

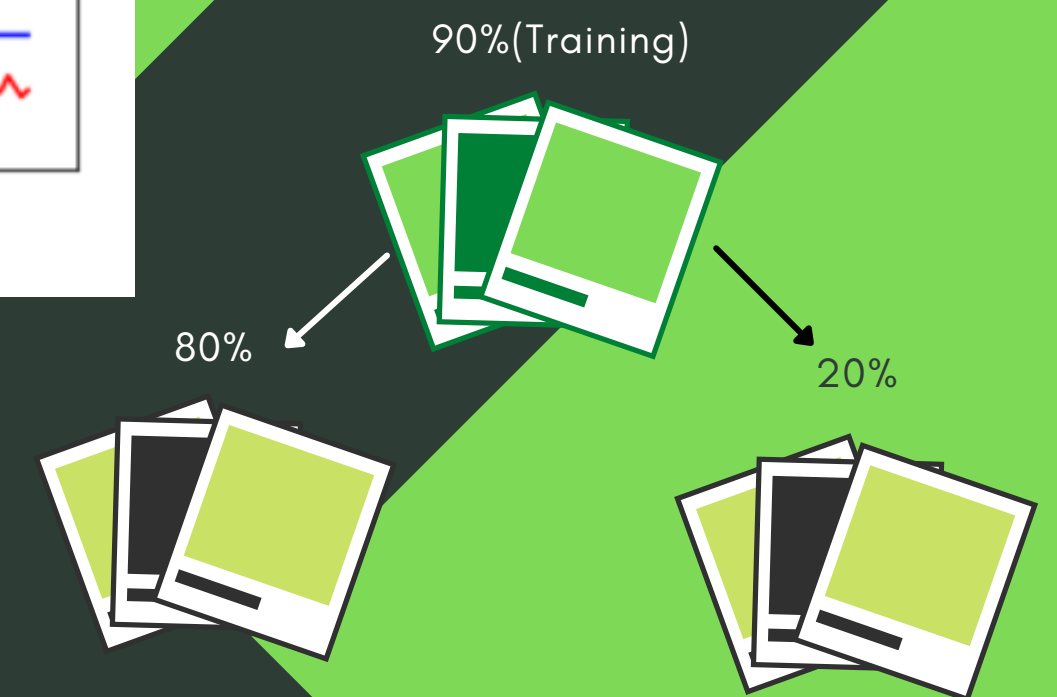
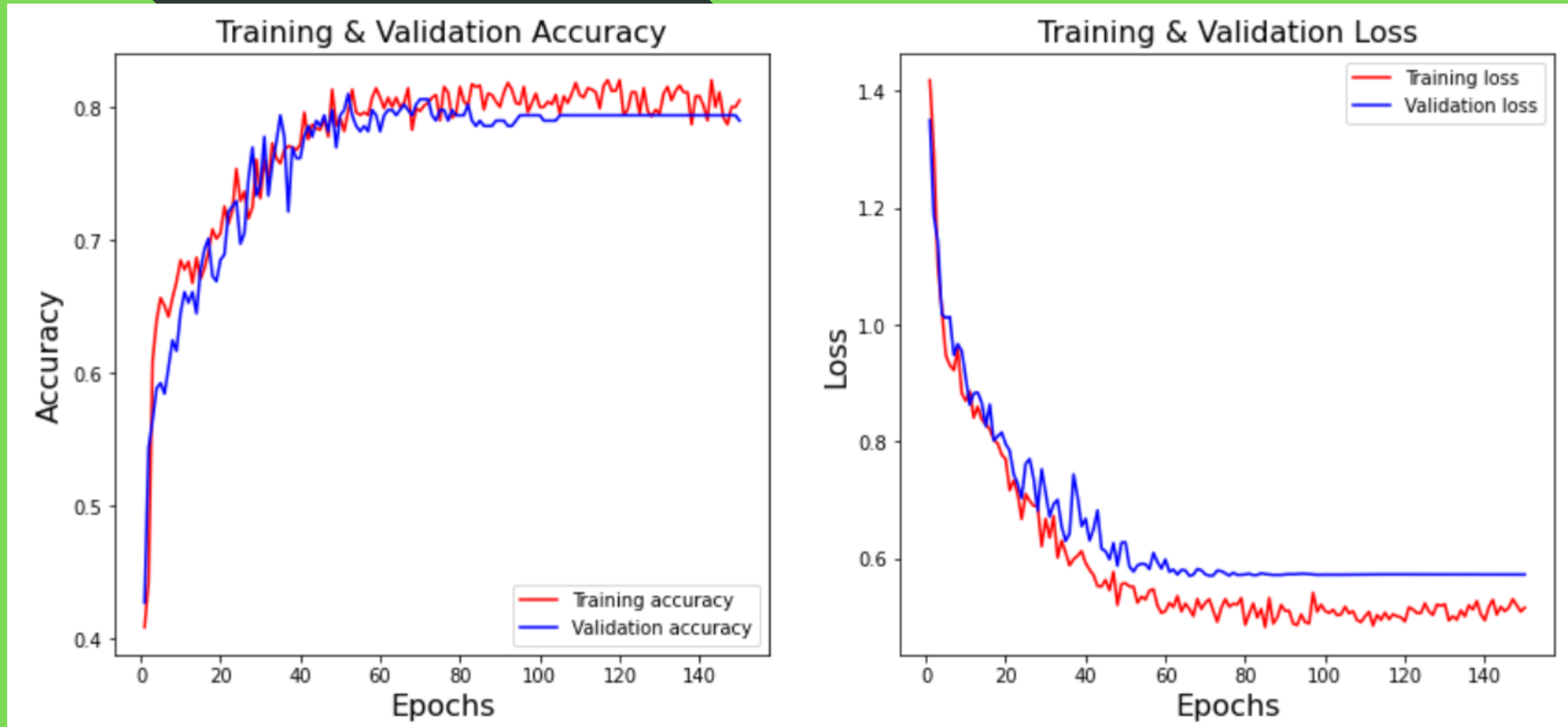
```
model = keras.Sequential()
#####v
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(16,(3,3), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', input_shape = (128,128,1)))
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(16,(3,3), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=None, padding="same", data_format=None))
#####
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(32,(3,3), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(32,(3,3), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=None, padding="same", data_format=None))
#####
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(64,(3,3), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(64,(3,3), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=None, padding="same", data_format=None))
#####
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(128,(2,2), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(128,(2,2), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=None, padding="same", data_format=None))
#####
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(256,(2,2), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(256,(2,2), activation = 'relu', padding = 'same'))
model.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=None, padding="same", data_format=None))
#####
model.add(keras.layers.Flatten())
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(256,activation = 'relu'))
model.add(keras.layers.Dropout(0.3))
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(128,activation = 'relu'))
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(5,activation='softmax'))

optimizer = Adam(learning_rate=0.001, beta_1=0.9, beta_2=0.999, epsilon=1e-07, amsgrad=False)
model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer,
              loss="categorical_crossentropy", metrics=["accuracy"])

# Set a learning rate annealer
learning_rate_reduction1=ReduceLRonPlateau(monitor='val_loss',patience=2,factor=0.8,min_lr=0.0000001)

epochs = 150
batch_size = 32
```


RESULTS



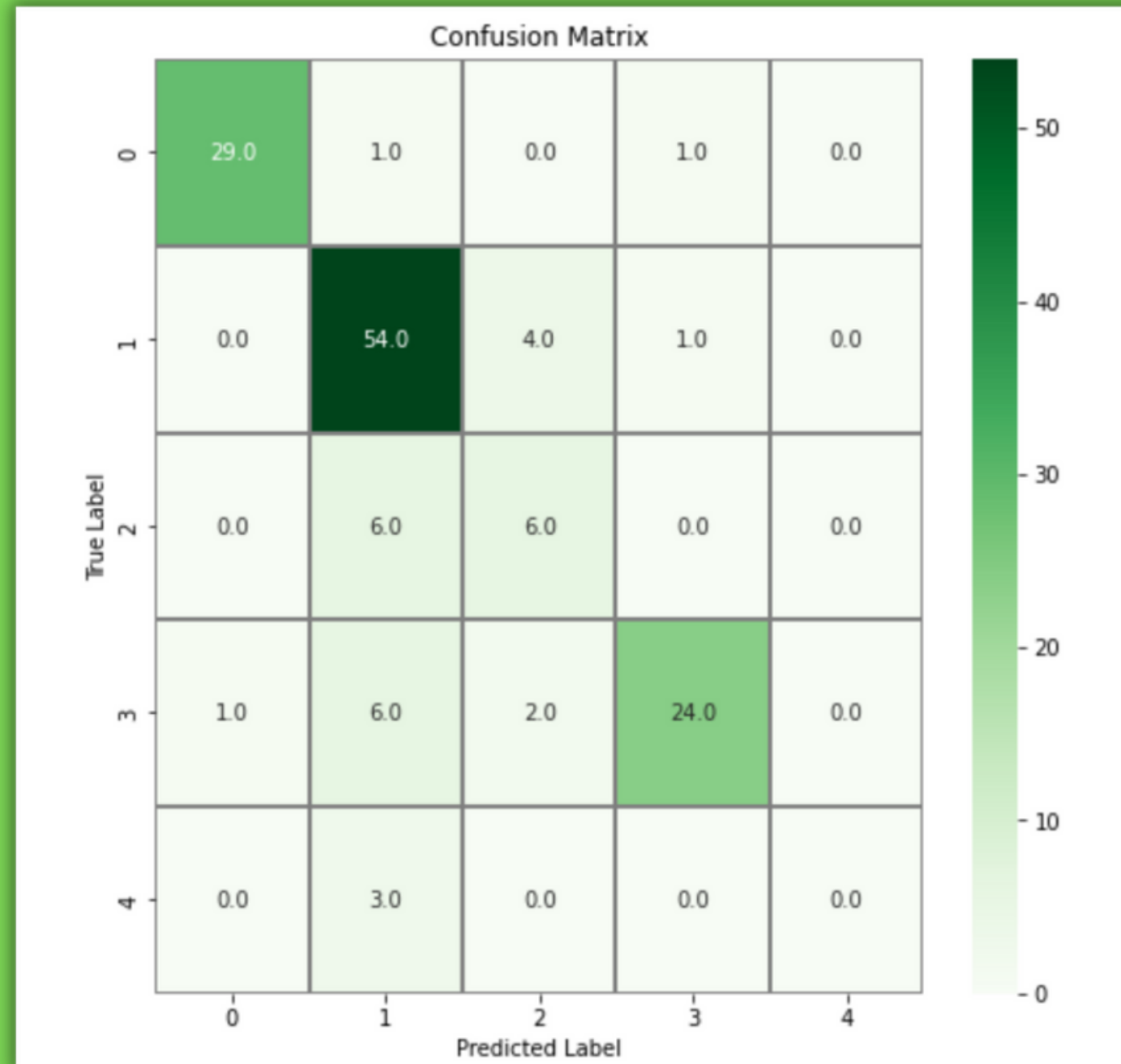
CROSS-VALIDATION



- LOSS AVERAGE: 0.495
- LOSS DEV.STD: 0.094
- ACCURACY AVERAGE: 0.815
- ACCURACY DEV.STD: 0.04



CONFUSION MATRIX AFTER RE-LEARNING



PRECISION & RECALL

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.97	0.94	0.95	31
1	0.77	0.92	0.84	59
2	0.50	0.50	0.50	12
3	0.92	0.73	0.81	33
4	0.00	0.00	0.00	3
accuracy			0.82	138
macro avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	138
weighted avg	0.81	0.82	0.81	138

OUTPUT

ID,Class	
img_1.tif,3	
img_10.tif,3	
img_100.tif,0	
img_101.tif,1	
img_102.tif,1	
img_103.tif,3	
img_104.tif,0	
img_105.tif,0	
img_106.tif,0	
img_107.tif,3	
img_108.tif,0	
img_109.tif,0	
img_11.tif,1	