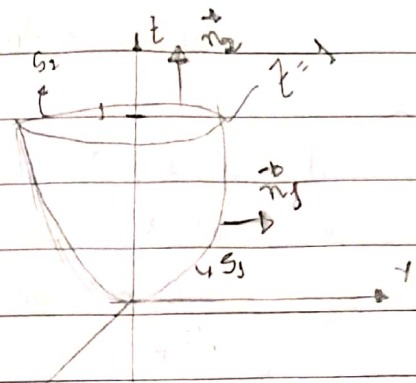


σ :

$$S_1: z = x^2 + y^2; \quad 0 \leq z \leq 1$$

$$S_2: x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, \quad z = 1$$

$$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = (0, z, -y)$$



$$\phi = \iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, dS = \iint_{S_1} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n}_1 \, dS + \iint_{S_2} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n}_2 \, dS$$

Em S_1 : Parabolóide

$$\begin{cases} x = t \cos \theta \\ y = t \sin \theta \\ z = t^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{r}_1(\theta, t) = (t \cos \theta, t \sin \theta, t^2)$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{r}_1}{\partial \theta} = (-t \sin \theta, t \cos \theta, 0); \quad \frac{\partial \vec{r}_1}{\partial t} = (\cos \theta, \sin \theta, 2t)$$

$$\theta \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$t \in [0, 1]$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{r}_1}{\partial \theta} \times \frac{\partial \vec{r}_1}{\partial t} =$$

\hat{i}	\hat{j}	\hat{k}	$2t^2 \cos \theta \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} - t \sin^2 \theta \hat{k}$
$-t \sin \theta$	$t \cos \theta$	0	$= 0 \hat{i} + 2t^2 \sin \theta \hat{j} - t \cos^2 \theta \hat{k}$
$\cos \theta$	$\sin \theta$	$2t$	

$$\vec{F}(\vec{r}_1(\theta, t)) = (0, -t, -2t^2 \sin \theta)$$

$$\vec{n}_1 = (2t^2 \cos \theta, 2t^2 \sin \theta, -t)$$

$$\vec{F}(\vec{r}_1(\theta, t)) \cdot \vec{n}_1 = (0, -t, -2t^2 \sin \theta) \cdot (2t^2 \cos \theta, 2t^2 \sin \theta, -t)$$

↳ indica que aponta

$$= 0 - 2t^3 \sin \theta + 2t^3 \sin \theta$$

para fora

$$\vec{F}(\vec{r}_1(\theta, t)) \cdot \vec{n}_1 = 0 \rightarrow \vec{F} \perp \vec{n}_1$$

Assim:

$$\phi_1 = \iint_{S_1} \vec{F}(\vec{r}_1(\theta, t)) \cdot \vec{n}_1 \, dt d\theta = \iint_{S_1} 0 \, dt d\theta = 0$$

Em S_2 : Disco

$$\begin{cases} x = t \cos \theta \\ y = t \sin \theta \\ z = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{r}_2(\theta, t) = (t \cos \theta, t \sin \theta, 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{r}_2}{\partial \theta} = (-t \sin \theta, t \cos \theta, 0); \quad \frac{\partial \vec{r}_2}{\partial t} = (\cos \theta, \sin \theta, 0)$$

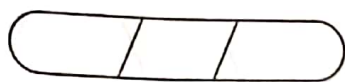
$$t \in [0, 1]$$

$$\theta \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{r}_2}{\partial \theta} \times \frac{\partial \vec{r}_2}{\partial t} =$$

\hat{i}	\hat{j}	\hat{k}	$-0 \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} + (-t \sin^2 \theta) \hat{k}$
$-t \sin \theta$	$t \cos \theta$	0	$= 0 \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} - t \cos^2 \theta \hat{k}$
$\cos \theta$	$\sin \theta$	0	$\vec{n}_2 = (0, 0, -t)$

tilibra



$$\vec{n}_2 = (0, 0, -t) = -\vec{n}_1 = (0, 0, t)$$

↳ sentido negativo, aponta
p/ dentro da superfície

$$\vec{F}(\vec{r}_2(0, t)) = (0, 1, -t \cos \theta)$$

$$\vec{F}(\vec{r}_2(0, t)) \cdot \vec{n}_2 = (0, 1, -t \cos \theta) \cdot (0, 0, t)$$

$$= 0 + 0 - t^2 \cos \theta$$

Em S_2 : 2π ,

$$\phi_2 = \iint_{S_2} -t^2 \cos \theta \, dt \, d\theta \rightarrow - \int_0^{2\pi} \cos \theta \left[\frac{t^3}{3} \right]_0^1 d\theta \rightarrow - \int_0^{2\pi} \cos \theta \left[\frac{1}{3} - 0 \right] d\theta$$

$$\rightarrow - \int_0^{2\pi} \cos \theta \left[\frac{1}{3} \right] d\theta \rightarrow - \frac{1}{3} [-\sin \theta]_0^{2\pi} \rightarrow + \frac{1}{3} [\sin(2\pi) - \sin(0)] \rightarrow + \frac{1}{3} [0 - 0]$$

$$\phi_2 = 0$$

Logo:

$$\phi = \iint_{S_1} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds + \iint_{S_2} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds$$

$$\phi = 0 + 0 =$$

$$\phi = 0$$