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## Lista 10 - CIV

a)

$$y'' + 2y' + y = \begin{cases} 4e^t & , 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & , t \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$y(0) = 0 ; y'(0) = 0$$

Usando o Teorema da função degrau:

$$f(t) = 4e^t + u(t-1)(0 - 4e^t)$$

$$f(t) = 4e^t - 4u(t-1)e^t \cdot e \cdot e^{-1}$$

$$f(t) = 4e^t - 4u(t-1)e^{t-1} \cdot e$$

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 4e^t - 4u(t-1)e^{t-1} \cdot e$$

Aplicando a Transformada de Laplace:

$$\mathcal{L}\{y'' + 2y' + y\} = \mathcal{L}\{4e^t - 4u(t-1)e^{t-1} \cdot e\}$$

$$s^2 \mathcal{L}\{y\} + 2s \mathcal{L}\{y\} + \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{4}{s-1} + e^{-s} \left( \frac{-4e}{s-1} \right)$$

$$Y(s)(s^2 + 2s + 1) = \frac{4}{s-1} - \frac{4e^{-s+1}}{s-1}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{4}{(s-1)(s^2 + 2s + 1)} - \frac{4e^{-s+1}}{(s-1)(s^2 + 2s + 1)}$$

$$s^2 + 2s + 1 = (s+1)^2$$
$$s = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(1)(1)}}{2}$$
$$s = -1$$
$$Y(s) = \frac{4}{(s-1)(s+1)^2} - \frac{4e^{-s+1}}{(s-1)(s+1)^2}$$

$$s = -1$$

$$\textcircled{I}: \frac{4}{(s-1)(s+1)^2} = \frac{A}{(s-1)} + \frac{B}{(s+1)} + \frac{C}{(s+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{A(s+1)^2 + B(s-1) + C(s-1)(s+1)}{(s-1)(s+1)^2}$$

$$4 = A(s+1)^2 + B(s-1) + C(s-1)(s+1)$$

$$p/s = 1$$

$$4 = A(1+1)^2$$

$$4 = 4A$$

$$\boxed{A=1}$$

$$p/s = -1$$

$$4 = B(-1-1)$$

$$4 = -2B$$

$$\boxed{B=-2}$$

$$p/s = 0$$

$$4 = A - B - C$$

$$4 = 1 + 2 - C$$

$$\boxed{C=-1}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{4}{(s-1)(s+1)^2} - \frac{4e^{-s+1}}{(s-1)(s+1)^2}\right\}$$

$$Y = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\left(\frac{1}{(s-1)} - \frac{2}{(s-1)^2} - \frac{1}{(s+1)}\right) - e^{-s+1}\left(\frac{1}{(s-1)} - \frac{2}{(s-1)^2} - \frac{1}{(s+1)}\right)\right\}$$

$$Y = e^t - 2\bar{e}^t + e^{-t} + e u(t-1) (e^{-(t-1)} + 2\bar{e}^{-(t-1)} - e^{t-1})$$

$$Y(t) = e^t - \bar{e}^t - 2t\bar{e}^t + u(t-1)(-e^{t-1} + 2\bar{e}^{t-1} - e^{t-1})$$

$$y'' + y = \cos(3t) + 2\delta(t - \pi/2)$$

$$y(0) = 1; y'(0) = -1$$

Para transformada:

$$\mathcal{L}\{y'' + y\} = \mathcal{L}\{\cos(3t) + 2\delta(t - \pi/2)\}$$

$$s^2 Y(s) + 1 - s + Y(s) = \frac{3}{s^2 + 9} + 2e^{-\pi/2 s}$$

$$Y(s)(s^2 + 1) = s - 1 + \frac{3}{s^2 + 9} + 2e^{-\pi/2 s}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{3}{(s^2 + 9)(s^2 + 1)} + \frac{2e^{-\pi/2 s}}{(s^2 + 1)}$$

III:

$$\frac{3}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 9)} = \frac{As + B}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{Cs + D}{s^2 + 9} = \frac{(As + B)(s^2 + 9) + (Cs + D)(s^2 + 1)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 9)}$$

medial



$$3 = (As+B)(s^2+9) + (Cs+D)(s^2+1)$$

$$3 = As^3 + 9As + Bs^3 + 9B + Cs^3 + Cs + Ds^2 + D$$

$$3 = s^3(A+C) + s^2(B+D) + s(9A+C) + 9B+D$$

$$\begin{cases} \textcircled{I} & A+C=0 \\ \textcircled{II} & B+D=0 \\ \textcircled{III} & 9A+C=0 \\ \textcircled{IV} & 9B+D=3 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{II}: B+D=0$$

$$\textcircled{IV}: 9B+D=3$$

$$-8B = -3$$

$$B = +3/8$$

$$\textcircled{I} \quad A+C=0$$

$$\textcircled{III} \rightarrow 9A+C=0$$

$$-8A=0$$

$$\textcircled{II}: \frac{3}{8} + D=0$$

$$D = -3/8$$

$$A=0$$

$$D+C=0$$

$$C=0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{(s^2+1)(s^2+9)} = \frac{3/8}{(s^2+1)} - \frac{3/8}{(s^2+9)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{ \left( \frac{s}{s^2+1} - \frac{1}{s^2+1} + \frac{3}{8} \left( \frac{1}{(s^2+1)} - \frac{1}{(s^2+9)} \right) + \frac{2e^{-\pi/2 s}}{(s^2+1)} \right) \right\}$$

$$Y(t) = \cos t - \sin t + \frac{3}{8} \left( \cos t - \frac{\sin 3t}{3} \right) + 2u(t - \pi/2) \cos(t - \pi/2)$$

$$\therefore Y(t) = \cos t - \frac{5}{8} \sin t - \frac{1}{8} \sin 3t + 2u(t - \pi/2) \cos(t - \pi/2)$$