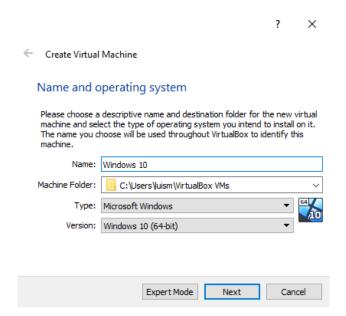
#### EXERCISES 1: Luis Monzón

- 1. Create an empty virtual machine and configure the following settings:
  - For Windows 10 (64 bits, or 32 if you do not have enough RAM in your physical computer).
  - 2GB of RAM memory.
  - Boot order (CD and hard drive).
  - Two hard drives: one with 50 GB for the operating system and another one with 30 GB empty. Select the type of disk that can dynamically increase.

### New empty VM:



# Create VM for Windows10 with the requiere configuration:



#### 2GB of Ram:

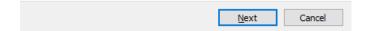
← Create Virtual Machine

### Memory size

Select the amount of memory (RAM) in megabytes to be allocated to the virtual machine.

The recommended memory size is 2048 MB.





Create the disk that the VM will use: 50GB

← Create Virtual Machine

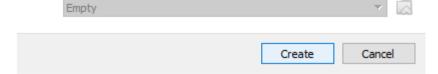
# Hard disk

If you wish you can add a virtual hard disk to the new machine. You can either create a new hard disk file or select one from the list or from another location using the folder icon.

If you need a more complex storage set-up you can skip this step and make the changes to the machine settings once the machine is created.

The recommended size of the hard disk is 50.00 GB.

- O not add a virtual hard disk
- Create a virtual hard disk now
- Use an existing virtual hard disk file



Configurate the disk to be Dynamically allocated:

#### ← Create Virtual Hard Disk

## Storage on physical hard disk

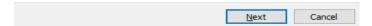
Please choose whether the new virtual hard disk file should grow as it is used (dynamically allocated) or if it should be created at its maximum size (fixed size).

A **dynamically allocated** hard disk file will only use space on your physical hard disk as it fills up (up to a maximum **fixed size**), although it will not shrink again automatically when space on it is freed.

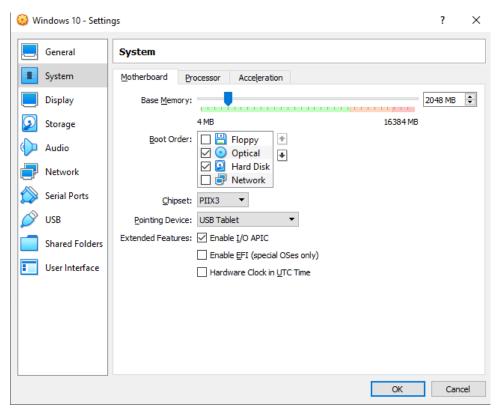
A  $\ensuremath{\mathbf{fixed}}$  size hard disk file may take longer to create on some systems but is often faster to use.

Dynamically allocated

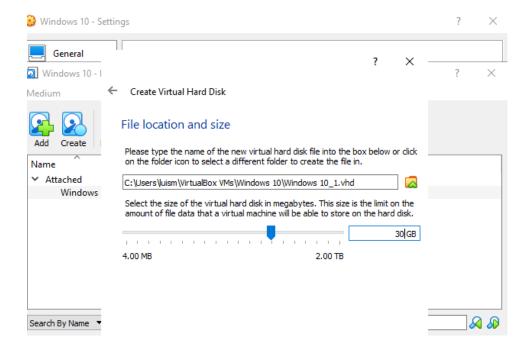
<u>Fixed size</u>



## Change boot order:

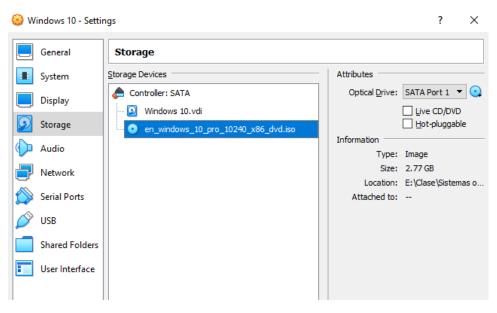


Create second Hard disk for the VM: 30GB

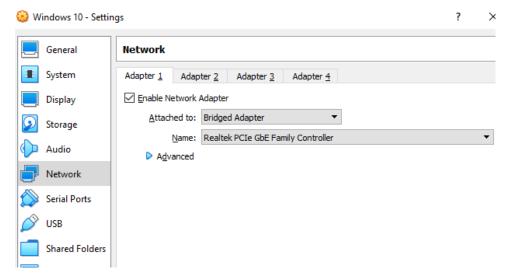


- 2. Install Windows 10 in the virtual machine from exercise 1. You must add the following settings:
  - USB 3.0 support.
  - Shared folders.
  - Internet connection including access to the rest of computers of the network.
  - You will be able to copy and paste from the host to the guest and vice versa.

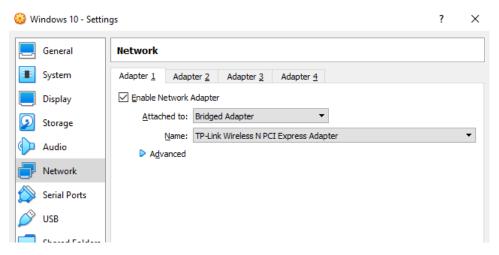
Add the ISO file for the Windows 10 instalation:



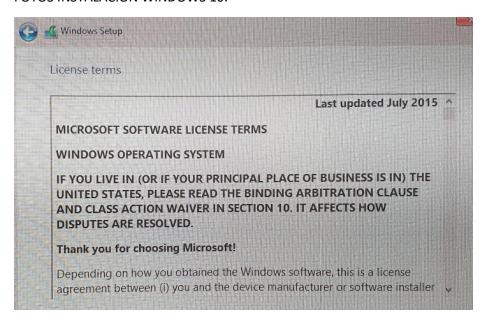
The network setting:

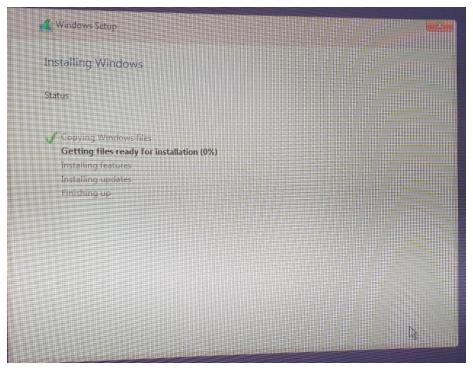


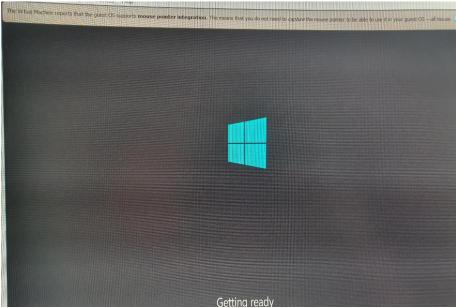
## The network settings for Wifi:



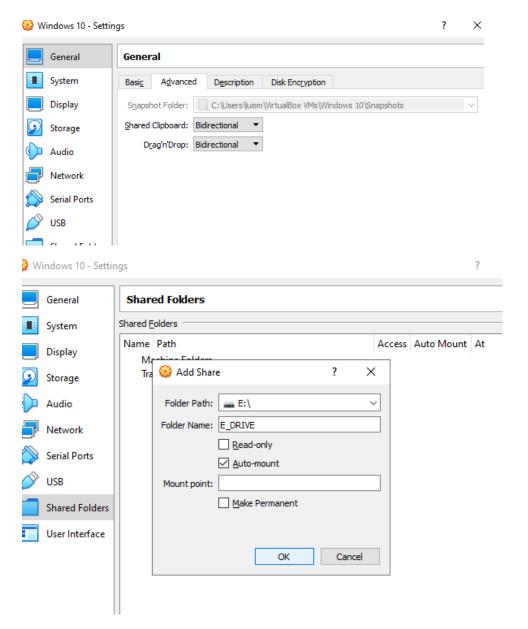
#### FOTOS INSTALACION WINDOWS 10:



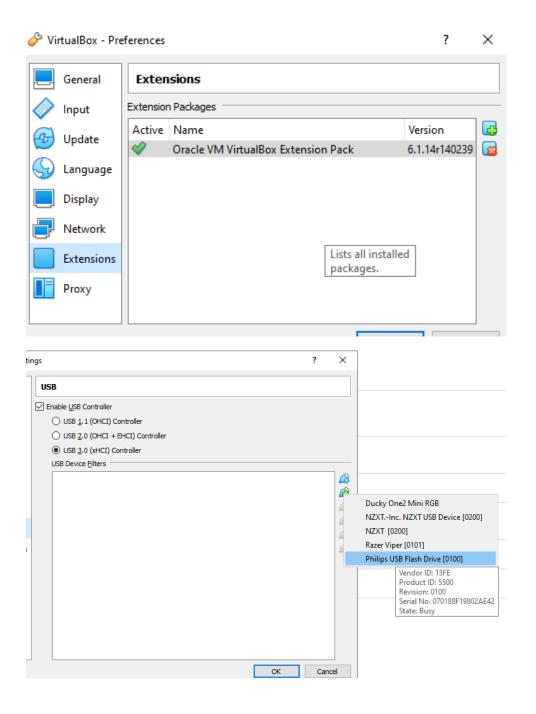




Another settings:

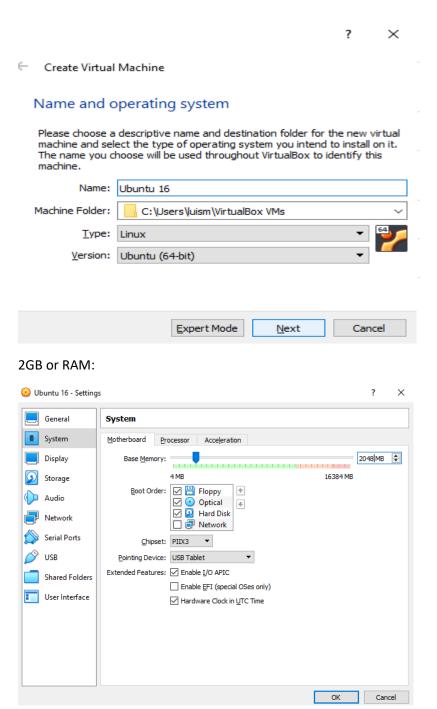


For the USB 3.0 you need to install the following extension:



- 3. Create another 64-bits virtual machine and install Ubuntu 16.04. The virtual machine must meet the following requirements:
  - 2 GB of RAM memory.
  - Just one disk of 30 GB.
  - A shared folder to an external disk.
  - Internet connection.
  - You will be able to copy and paste from the host to the guest and vice versa.

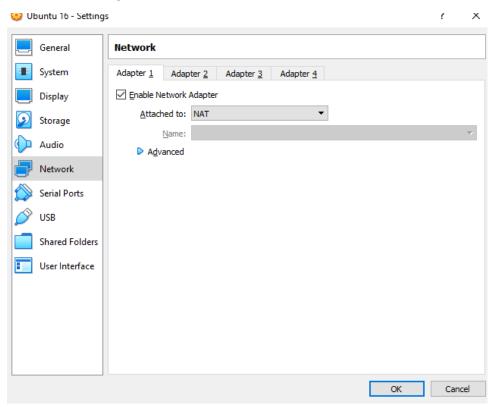
Creating the new VM for UbuntU:



And the result after following the steps for the 1 exercise for Linux:



The defualt setting for the network connection:



4. Create the snapshots like in the picture below using one of the virtual machines created in the previous exercises. Before each snapshot, you must change something in the operating system. This tool is normally used when performing a critical action or installing software. But, in this case, you can do something so easy as creating a new file to study the different states.

