#### Chess and Python revisited

- there exists a PyGame project (http://www.pygame.org/project-ChessBoard-282-.html) which draws a chess board and allows users to make FIDE legal moves (by clicking on the mouse)
  - it does not play against you
  - the graphics are pretty and it also has a neat feature that once you highlight a piece it proceeds to highlight all legal destination squares
- conversely here \http://floppsie.comp.glam.ac.uk/
  download/m2/m2chess-0.3.tar.gz is a command line chess
  game which plays a very basic game of chess
  - however it has a horrible command line interface
  - its redeeming virtue is that it is easy to beat!

# pexpect

- recall that the pexpect module can be used to allow Python to control command line programs
  - it should be possible to modify the ChessBoard package to use pexpect to control the m2chess program

```
$ m2chess
Enter Stage Of Game : opening
Is the present Board in initial position? yes
White - Computer or Human (c/h) ? h
Black - Computer or Human (c/h) ? c
The Board:
     abcdefqh
     rnbqkbnr
     RNBQKBNR
     abcdefqh
```

- recall from lecture 11 (http://floppsie.comp.glam.ac.uk/ Southwales/gaius/games/11.html) that we can import pexpect and interact with a command line program in a similar way to that of keyboard interaction
- however we must program all activity
  - we must make our python program match output from the command line tool and provide sensible input for this tool
- so in the case above we need to give the appropriate initialisation parameters to the program as it starts up
  - and respond to Please enter move: prompts
  - and retrieve output from My move is: statements

finally any outputs need to be fed to the ChessBoard GUI and a new move need

```
import pexpect, sys, string, os
from pexpect import TIMEOUT, EOF
class m2chess:
    def __init__ (self, debugging = False, level = 1,
        filename = "./chess", directory = "."):
        if os.path.isdir(directory):
            os.chdir(directory)
            print "cd ", directory, " and running ", filename
        else:
            print "error as, directory: ", \
                   directory, " does not exist"
            sys.exit(0)
        self.child = pexpect.spawn (filename)
        self.child.delaybeforesend = 0
        self.level = level
        self.finished = False
        self.debugging = debugging
```

```
self.child.expect('Enter Stage Of Game')
self.child.sendline('opening0)

if self.debugging:
    print self.child.before
self.child.expect('Is the present Board in initial position')
self.child.sendline('yes')
if self.debugging:
    print self.child.before
```

```
self.child.expect('Human')
self.child.sendline('h')
if self.debugging:
    print self.child.before
self.child.expect('Human')
self.child.sendline('c')
if self.debugging:
    print self.child.before
```

```
def makeMove(self, move):
    if self.debugging:
        print "making move"
        print self.child.before
    self.child.expect('Please enter move')
    self.child.sendline(move)
def getMove(self):
    if self.debugging:
        print "getting move"
        print self.child.before
    i = self.child.expect([pexpect.TIMEOUT, '(gdb)',
        'My move is: \s+(.*[A-H][1-8].*[A-H][1-8])'],
        timeout=1000)
    if i==0 \text{ or } i==1:
        print "something has gone wrong..."
        self.child.interact()
        sys.exit(0)
    return self.child.match.groups()[0]
```

```
def doInteract(self):
    if self.finished:
        print "no m2chess interactive session available"
    else:
        try:
        self.child.interact()
        except os.error:
        self.finished = True
```

```
def main():
    foo = m2chess(False)
    foo.makeMove('e2e4')
    print foo.getMove()
    foo.makeMove('d2d4')
    print foo.getMove()

if __name__ == '__main__': main()
```

## **Tutorial**

- using wikipedia search for Chess openings and in particular the openings starting D2-D4 (white plays Queens pawn to row 4)
  - find the book moves which classically are used to combat this move
  - now download m2chess-0.3.tar.gz \( \)http://
    floppsie.comp.glam.ac.uk/download/m2/
    m2chess-0.3.tar.gz \( \)
  - and extract and build the file contents by typing:

```
$ tar zxf m2chess-0.3.tar.gz
$ cd m2chess
$ make
```

from a command line terminal

### **Tutorial**

- now download a modified Modified Chess Board.tar.gz \( \) http://
  floppsie.comp.glam.ac.uk/download/m2/
  Modified Chess Board.tar.gz \( \)
  - and extract and run it by:
- \$ tar zxf ModifiedChessBoard.tar.gz
  - \$ cd ModifiedChessBoard
  - \$ python PlayGame.py
- firstly see whether the chess program can defend against fools mate:
  - white plays: e2-e4, f1-c4, d1-h5 and possibly h5-f7 checkmate
  - assuming black does not defend correctly

# **Tutorial**

- and extend the file Book with these recognised replies
- modify the weightings (held in file in) to make m2chess capture the center ground and also encourage the computer to castle

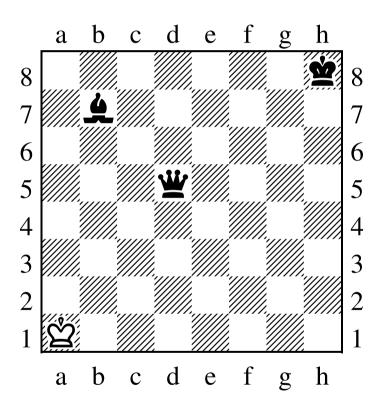
- there are three stages of the game of chess
  - opening, middle game and end game
- each of which has the following weightings for the evaluation function:
- Material Balance which scores points for pawns, knights, bishops, rooks and queen
  - ratio of 1, 3, 3, 6 and 9
  - the value given as the Material Balance determines the value of a pawn

- Mobility Wgt score points for number of moves the pieces are able to make
- Pawn Doubled counts the number of pawns on the same column (subtracts by one) and multiplies by this value
  - normally a negative value to encourage good pawn structure
- Bishop Doubled is added if a bishop is on the same diagonal as its queen
  - encourages good piece structure, both defensive and attacking

- Rook Doubled are the two rooks on the same row or column?
  - same reason as bishop doubling
- Fork Pts value of a fork
- Can Castle can player castle
- Has Castled has player castled
- Center Control how near the center is the piece

- Near King this weighting is multiplied by the number of squares away from the king
- King Safety how many squares away are the enemy pieces to our king
  - the total of this value (for each piece) is multiplied by this weighting
- King Center
  - how close is the king to the center?
  - if the king is in the center 16 squares this value is added to the evaluation function
- Advance Pawn a value of 1..8 is multiplied by this weighting depending upon how close a pawn is from the end of the board

# **Example of Bishop Doubled**



## Example of Bishop Doubled

here the evaluation function adds the Bishop Doubled value to the score for black as the bishop and queen are on the same diagonal