

Série 2

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MATERIA: Geometria Analítica

$$1.a) \partial_{11} \cdot \tilde{a}_{11} + \partial_{12} \cdot \tilde{a}_{12} = 2 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot (-1)^3 \cdot (-4) = 10$$

$$b) \partial_{11} \cdot \tilde{a}_{11} + \partial_{12} \cdot \tilde{a}_{12} = \sqrt{2} \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot \sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{6} \cdot (-1)^3 \cdot 2 = -5\sqrt{6}$$

$$c) \partial_{31} \cdot \tilde{a}_{31} + \partial_{32} \cdot \tilde{a}_{32} + \partial_{33} \cdot \tilde{a}_{33} = 1 \cdot (-1)^4 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 0 + 0 = 1 \cdot b_{11} \cdot \tilde{b}_{11} + b_{12} \cdot \tilde{b}_{12} =$$

$$= 1 \cdot (0 + 2 \cdot (-1)^3 \cdot (-1)) = 2$$

$$d) \partial_{11} \cdot \tilde{a}_{11} + \partial_{12} \cdot \tilde{a}_{12} + \partial_{13} \cdot \tilde{a}_{13} = -2 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + 1 \cdot (-1)^3 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ -3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + (-1) \cdot (-1)^4 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ -3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= -2(5 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot (-1)^3 \cdot 4) + (-1) \cdot (1 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot (-1)^3 \cdot (-3)) + (-1) \cdot (1 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot 4 + 5 \cdot (-1)^3 \cdot (-3)) =$$

$$= -2 \cdot (-6) + (-1) \cdot 14 + (-1) \cdot 19 = -21$$

$$e) \partial_{11} \cdot \tilde{a}_{11} + \partial_{12} \cdot \tilde{a}_{12} + \partial_{13} \cdot \tilde{a}_{13} = 0 + 2 \cdot (-1)^3 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + 0 = -2(1 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot (-1)^3 \cdot 2) =$$

$$= -2 \cdot (-8) = 16$$

$$f) \partial_{11} \cdot \tilde{a}_{11} + \partial_{21} \cdot \tilde{a}_{21} + \partial_{31} \cdot \tilde{a}_{31} + \partial_{41} \cdot \tilde{a}_{41} = 3 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} + 0 + 0 + 0 =$$

$$= 3(1 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} + 0 + 1 \cdot (-1)^4 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}) = 3[1(1 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot (-1) + 0 + 1(-1 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot 1 + 0))] =$$

$$= 3 \cdot -2 = -6$$

$$g) 1 \cdot (-1)^5 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 2 & \sqrt{3} & 0 & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0(3 \cdot (-1)^5 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ -3 & 6 & 1 \\ -3 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 0 + 0 + 0) =$$



1-g) continuação

$$1[-3(-3+0)^4 | \begin{vmatrix} 13 & 0 \\ 6 & 1 \end{vmatrix}] = 1[-3(-3(13 \cdot 1)^2 \cdot 1 + 0)]^2 = 1 \cdot 9\sqrt{3} = 9\sqrt{3}$$

$$h) 3 \cdot (1)^2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & -8 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 0 + 0 + 0 = 3(-2 \cdot (1)^5 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 0 + 0 + 0) =$$

$$= 3[2(1 \cdot (1)^5 | \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 \end{vmatrix})] = 3[2[-1(2 \cdot 1^3 \cdot (-2) + 0)]] = 3 \cdot (-8) = -24$$

OBS: b está antes da a

$$2-b) \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -5 & 7 & 3 & -5 \\ 4 & 2 & 8 & 4 & 2 \\ 1 & -9 & 6 & 1 & -9 \end{vmatrix} = 36 - 40 - 252 - (14 + (-216) + (-120)) =$$

$$\det(A) = 256 - (-322) = 66$$

$$+14 - 216 - 120 - 36 - 40 - 252$$

$$\det(B) = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 3 & 7 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 + 18 - 7 - (0 + 8 + 12) = 11 - 20 = -9$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 0 + 18 - 7 - (0 + 8 + 12) = 11 - 20 = -9$$

$$0 - 8 - 12 - 0 - 18 - 7$$

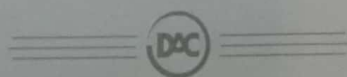
$$\det(AB) = \det(A) \cdot \det(B) = 66 \cdot -9 = -594$$

$$a) \det(A+B) = \begin{vmatrix} 3+4 & -5+3 & 7+7 \\ 4+(-1) & 2+0 & 8+2 \\ 1+3 & -9+1 & 6+(-4) \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 7 & -2 & 14 \\ 3 & 2 & 10 \\ 4 & -8 & 2 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$112 - 80 - 12 - 28 - 80 - 336$$

$$= 28 - 90 - 336 - (112 - 560 - 12) = -388 + 460 = 72$$

$$c) \det(B^t A^t) = \det(B^t) \cdot \det(A^t) = \det(B) \cdot \det(A) = -9 \cdot 66 = -594$$



$$d) \det(2A - 3C + B) = \begin{vmatrix} 6 & -10 & 14 \\ 8 & 4 & 16 \\ 2 & -18 & 12 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 9 & -3 \\ 18 & 27 & -6 \\ 24 & 36 & -9 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 3 & 7 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -16 & 24 \\ -11 & -23 & 24 \\ -19 & -53 & 17 \end{vmatrix} \quad \det(2A - 3C + B) = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -16 & 24 \\ -11 & -23 & 24 \\ -19 & -53 & 17 \end{vmatrix} = -1564 + 7296 + 13932 - (10488 - 5088 + 2932) = 11332$$

$$e) \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 6 & 9 & -2 \\ 8 & 12 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = -54 - 48 - 72 - (-54 - 48 - 72) = 0$$

$$\det(Ac^t) = \det(A) \cdot \det(c^t) = \det(A) \cdot \det(c) = 66 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$3-a) \det(A^t) = \det(A) = -2$$

$$b) \det(5A) = 5^4 \cdot \det(A) = 625 \cdot -2 = -1250$$

$$c) \det(A^6) = [\det(A)]^6 = (-2)^6 = 64$$

$$d) \det(A^{-1}) = 1/\det(A) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$4-a) \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ 5g & 5h & 5i \end{vmatrix} = 5 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} = 5 \cdot (-3) = -15$$

$$b) \begin{vmatrix} a & b & -2c \\ 3d & 3e & -6f \\ g & h & -2i \end{vmatrix} = (-2) \cdot 3 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} = (-2) \cdot 3 \cdot (-3) = 18$$

d) $\begin{vmatrix} g & h & i \\ a & b & c \\ d & e & f \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{b \leftrightarrow c} = \begin{vmatrix} (-1) & a & b & c \\ g & h & i \\ d & e & f \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{b \leftrightarrow c} = \begin{vmatrix} (-1)(-1) & a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} = (-1)(-1)(-3) = -3$

$$e) \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ 2d+a & 2e+b & 2f+c \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ 2d & 2e & 2f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} \cdot 2 = 2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} = 2 \cdot (-3) = -6$$

$$f) \begin{vmatrix} Ka+a & Kb+b & Kc+c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} = K \begin{vmatrix} Ka & Kb & Kc \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} = K \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{vmatrix}$$

$$6. a) \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 6 & X & 4 & 6 \\ 7 & 4 & X & 7 & 4 \\ 5 & 2 & X & 5 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -128 \Rightarrow -16X + 60X + 14X - (-42X + 16X + 20X) = -128$$

$$58X + 6X = -128$$

$$X = -128/64$$

$$X = -2$$

$$b) \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 5 & 7 & 3 & 5 \\ 2 & X & 3 & 2 & X \\ 4 & 6 & 7 & 4 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = 39 \Rightarrow 21X + 60X + 84X - (28X + 51X + 70X) = 39$$

$$165X - 152X = 39$$

$$X = 39/13$$

$$X = 3$$

$$c) \begin{vmatrix} X+3 & X+1 & X+4 & X+3 & X+1 \\ 4 & 5 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 9 & 10 & 7 & 9 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = -7 \Rightarrow 3X + 105 + 27X + 27 + 40X + 160 - (45X + 180 + 30X + 90 + 70X + 28) = -7$$

$$102X - 103X + 292 - 298 = -7$$

$$-X = -7 + 6$$

$$X = 1$$

$$d) \begin{vmatrix} X & X+2 \\ X+2 & X \end{vmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow X^2 - X - 2 = 0 \quad \Delta = 1 - (-8) = 9$$

$$X_1 = \frac{1+3}{2} = 2 \quad X_2 = \frac{1-3}{2} = -1$$

$$\{X \in \mathbb{R} / X = 2 \text{ ou } X = -1\}$$

$$e) \begin{vmatrix} X-4 & 0 & 3 & X-4 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & X & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow 18 - (2X^2 - 39X + 108) = 0$$

$$-3X^2 + 39X - 90 = 0 \quad \Delta = 1521 - 1080 = 441$$

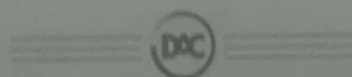
$$X_1 = \frac{39-21}{-6} = -3 \quad X_2 = \frac{39+21}{-6} = -10$$

$$X_1 \neq 10 \quad X_2 \neq 3$$

$$\{X \in \mathbb{R} / X \neq 10 \text{ e } X \neq 3\}$$

7. a) A matriz inversa de A irá existir se $\det(A) \neq 0$.

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad-bc} \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$$



$$7.b) \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 5 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 6 - 5 = 1 \quad A^{-1} = \frac{1}{1} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 8 - 7 = 1 \quad B^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -7 \\ -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AB = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \cdot 4 + 1 \cdot 1 & 3 \cdot 7 + 1 \cdot 2 \\ 5 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 1 & 5 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 13 & 23 \\ 22 & 39 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 13 & 23 \\ 22 & 39 \end{vmatrix} = 507 - 506 = 1 \quad (AB)^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 39 & -23 \\ -22 & 13 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$8.a) \tilde{a}_{11} = (-1)^2 \cdot 1 = 1 \quad \tilde{a}_{21} = (-1)^3 \cdot -2 = 2 \quad \text{Cof}(A) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{a}_{12} = (-1)^3 \cdot 3 = -3 \quad \tilde{a}_{22} = (-1)^4 \cdot 2 = 2$$

$$b) \tilde{b}_{11} = (-1)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (-2 - 1) = -3 \quad \tilde{b}_{12} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 6 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (-1 - 6) = 7$$

$$\tilde{b}_{13} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (1 - 0) = 1 \quad \tilde{b}_{21} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (2 - 0) = -2$$

$$\tilde{b}_{22} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (-2 - 0) = -2 \quad \tilde{b}_{23} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (2 - 0) = -2$$

$$\tilde{b}_{31} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (-2 - 0) = -2 \quad \tilde{b}_{32} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (2 - 0) = -2$$

$$\tilde{b}_{33} = (-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (4 - (-2)) = 6 \quad \text{Cof}(B) = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -2 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$



9 a) $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 2 - (-6) = 8$ $\text{adj}(A) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $A^{-1} = \frac{1}{8} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{8} & \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{3}{8} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$

$$\text{adj}(B) = [\text{cof}(B)]^t$$

$$\text{adj}(B) = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{-8} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{8} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

c) continuação

$$\tilde{C}_{11} = (-1)^1 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (0 - (-1)) = 1 \quad \tilde{C}_{12} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (0 - (-1)) = -1$$

$$\tilde{C}_{13} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (2 - 0) = 2 \quad \tilde{C}_{21} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (0 - 1) = 1$$

$$\tilde{C}_{22} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (0 - 1) = -1 \quad \tilde{C}_{23} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (0 - (-1)) = -1$$

$$\tilde{C}_{31} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (1 - 0) = 1 \quad \tilde{C}_{32} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (0 - 2) = 2$$

$$\tilde{C}_{33} = (-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (0 - (-2)) = 2 \quad \text{adj}(C) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

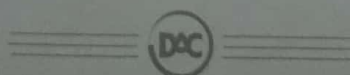
$$\text{adj}(C) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad C^{-1} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d) \det D = 1 \cdot (-1)^7 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (3 - 2) = 1$$

$$\tilde{d}_{11} = (-1)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 3 = 3 \quad \tilde{d}_{12} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\tilde{d}_{13} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 0 = 0 \quad \tilde{d}_{14} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot 2 = -2$$

$$\tilde{d}_{21} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot 0 = 0 \quad \tilde{d}_{22} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$



d) Continuação

$$\tilde{d}_{33} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\tilde{d}_{34} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\tilde{d}_{31} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (-1) = -1 \quad \tilde{d}_{32} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\tilde{d}_{33} = (-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 0 = 0 \quad \tilde{d}_{34} = (-1)^7 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (-1) = 1$$

$$\tilde{d}_{41} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot 2 = -2 \quad \tilde{d}_{42} = (-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\tilde{d}_{43} = (-1)^7 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot 1 = -1 \quad \tilde{d}_{44} = (-1)^8 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 2 = 2$$

$$\text{adj}(\mathbf{D}) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{adj}(\mathbf{D}) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{D}^{-1} = \frac{1}{1} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$10-a) A^t \cdot Bx = 2C$$

$$Bx = A^t \cdot 2C$$

$$x = B^{-1}(A^t \cdot 2C)$$

B não pode possuir determinante igual à 0.

$$b) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = -8 + 4 - (-8 + 3) = 1$$

$$\sim \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{b}_{11} = (-1)^{1+1} \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (-11) = -11$$

$$\tilde{b}_{12} = (-1)^{1+2} \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (-4) = 4$$

$$\tilde{b}_{13} = (-1)^{1+3} \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 6 = 6$$

$$\tilde{b}_{21} = (-1)^{2+1} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (-2) = 2$$

$$\tilde{b}_{22} = (-1)^{2+2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\tilde{b}_{23} = (-1)^{2+3} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (-3) = 3$$

$$\tilde{b}_{31} = (-1)^{3+1} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 2 = 2$$

$$\tilde{b}_{32} = (-1)^{3+2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \cdot (-1) = 1$$

$$\tilde{b}_{33} = (-1)^{3+3} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (-1) = -1$$

$$\text{Cof}(B) = \begin{pmatrix} -11 & 4 & 6 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{adj}(B) = \begin{pmatrix} -11 & -2 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & 1 \\ 6 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -11 & -2 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & 1 \\ 6 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^t \cdot Bx = 2C \Leftrightarrow x = B^{-1}(A^t \cdot 2C) = x = \begin{pmatrix} -11 & -2 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & 1 \\ 6 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \cdot 0 & 2 \cdot 2 & 6 \cdot 6 \\ 2 \cdot 2 & -1 \cdot 0 & 4 \cdot 4 \\ 6 \cdot 6 & 4 \cdot 4 & -1 \cdot 0 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} -11 & -2 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & 1 \\ 6 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 11 & 2 & -2 \\ 4 & 0 & -1 \\ -6 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = x$$

