F	Write in the missing words.
1.	A: How do you want?
	B: Just a little.
2.	A: How many lemons do we need?
	B: It's a big party, so we need of them.
3.	A: How cookies are there?
	B: Not many. Just a at the bottom of the box.
4.	A: How much juice do I need to buy?
	B: Only a
U	NIT 5
Le	esson A
Pre	esent Continuous
For	rm the present continuous with to be + verb + -ing. We

happening now	(or around the time	e of speaking).
Affirmative and	Negative Stateme	ents
I	am ('m) am not ('m not)	
He / She / It		
You / We / They		

use the present continuous to talk about things that are

Yes / No	Questions	
Am	1	
Are	you / we / they	playing soccer?
Is	he / she / it	

Short An	swers		
Affirmativ	/e		
	1	am.	
Yes,	he / she / it	is.	
	you / we / they	are.	
Negative			
	1	'm not.	
No,	he / she / it	isn't.	
	you / we / they	aren't.	

Wh- Questio	ns		
What	am	I	doing?
Where	is	he / she / it	going?
How long	are	you / we / they	staying?

Spelling rules:

Add -ing to most verbs: play → playing, do → doing

With verbs ending with a consonant + e, drop the e before adding -ing: have → having, come → coming

Double the final consonant for verbs that end in consonant-vowel-consonant (not including verbs ending in -w, -x, or -y): $sit \rightarrow sitting$

- Mrite complete sentences using the present continuous.
- 1. They / play / baseball / now. They're playing baseball now.
- 2. I / not / study / today. _____
- **3.** It / rain / outside. _____
- **4.** We / not / do / any exercise.
- **5.** Sarah / climb / and / hike / in the mountains.
- **6.** My family / go / on vacation / this morning.
- 7. Barcelona / play / against Real Madrid today.
- **8.** I / do / yoga. _____
- B Match the guestions to the answers.
- 1. Are you working today? _____
- 2. Is he driving to your house? _____
- 3. What are Peter and Sue doing? _____
- **4.** Where are you walking? _____
- **5.** Are we meeting in this room? _____
- **6.** What are you watching? _____
- a. No, he isn't. He's taking the bus.
- **b.** In Yosemite park. It's beautiful!
- **c.** I think they're studying today.
- **d.** Yes, we are. Let's go in.
- e. Basketball.
- f. No, I'm not. I have a day off.

Simple Present and Present Continuous

Use the simple present to talk about:

- Habits and routines: I play soccer once a week.
- Things that are true all the time: In soccer, each team has 11 players.

Use the present continuous to talk about:

- Things that are happening now or at the moment of speaking: I'm studying English (at the moment).
- · Things that are happening around the time of speaking or temporary situations: I'm working for a company in London.

Write the verbs in parentheses in the simple present or the present continuous.

Helen: Hi, Chen. It's Helen. I (1)

(call) from the gym.

Chen: What sports (2) _____ (you / do)

there?

Helen: I (3) _____ (not / do) anything

at the moment. I (4) _____ (eat)

lunch in the cafe! Meet me here!

Chen: Sorry, but Jill and I (5) _____ (play)

tennis. We're at the park now.

Helen: But you usually (6) _____ (play)

tennis on Tuesdays.

Chen: I know, but Jill (7) _____(have) a

new job and she (8) _____ (work)

on Tuesdays.

Lesson C

Stative	Stative Verbs						
like	Why do you like outdoor sports?	know	You know I can't swim.				
hate	I hate indoor sports.	want	I don't want to go bungee jumping.				
think	I think indoor sports are boring.	need	You need a lot of equipment.				
prefer	Do you prefer outdoor sports?	cost	The equipment costs a lot of money.				

Stative verbs refer to states, thoughts, and feelings. We don't often use them with the present continuous:

I love tennis. I'm loving tennis.

I don't understand the answer to this question. I'm not understanding the answer to this question.

I hate outdoor sports. I am hating outdoor sports.

Underline the correct verb in these sentences.

- 1. Skiing costs / is costing a lot of money.
- **2.** The children *need* / <u>are needing</u> new soccer shirts.
- 3. Roger and Christine play I are playing in the yard right now.
- 4. I don't like team games. I prefer / am preferring individual sports.
- **5.** Ashira *doesn't like | is not liking* to go swimming.
- 6. We go / are going hiking. Can I call you back?
- 7. I like rock climbing, but my friend hates / is hating it.
- 8. Frederick can't come. He does / is doing his homework.

UNIT 6

Lesson A

Simple Past						
I / You / He / She / It / We / They		in Singapore in 2018.				
Use the simple past to talk about finished actions and events. Add -ed to regular verbs to form the simple past.						

Regular verbs include:

arrive – arrived	pack – packed
ask – asked	play – played
change – changed	relax - relaxed
help – helped	return – returned
learn - learned	stay – stayed
like – liked	travel – traveled
love – loved	visit – visited
need – needed	want - wanted

Spelling rules:

Add -ed to most verbs. There are some exceptions:

- Two syllable verbs ending with -y: study studied (not studyed)
- Verbs ending with -e: like liked, live lived
- Double the last consonant with verbs ending in a vowel + a consonant: stop - stopped

Some verbs are irregular (such as go and fly). Do not add -ed.

	went flew	to Singapore in 2018.
We / They	11044	

Other irregular verbs include:

buy - bought pay - paid drink - drank say - said eat - ate see - saw find - found spend - spent take - took have - had know - knew tell - told think - thought leave - left

Negative			
	ما:ماسانه	live	in Singapore.
1	didn't	go	to Hanoi.

Yes /	No Questions	Answers		
Did	I / you / he / she / it / we / they	live go	there?	Yes, we did. No, we didn't.

Information	Que	stions			
Where	did			on vacation last year?	To Cancun.
How long		you	go		For 2 weeks.
When					In the summer.

Complete the travel diary. Write the simple past of the words in parentheses.

Day 1 Arrived (arrive) in Dar es Salaam.

_checked (check) into hotel.Unpacked
(unpack) suitcases. Went swimming.

Day 2 Took (take) boat to the island of Zanzibar.

Days 3–5 Sunbathed(sunbathe) on the beach.

go (go) diving.

Day 6 Flyed (fly) to Arusha. Saw Kilimanjaro. It's BIG!

Days 7–10 __Took___ (take) a safari tour. __saw___ (see) hundreds of wild animals. Took lots of photos.

Day 11

Returned (return) to Arusha. _____
(buy) souvenirs. Took plane to Dar es
Salaam and then flew home. Great trip!

B 1 29 Complete the questions for these answers. Then listen and check your answers.

1. A: When _____ did you go to ____ Beijing?

B: We went to Beijing in 2015.

2. A: How long _____ at the hotel?

B: I stayed at the hotel for 2 weeks.

3 A: ______ your friends?

B: No, I didn't visit my friends. I visited my family.

4. A: ______ to?

B: We flew to Hanoi.

5. A: ______ good time?

B: Yes, I did. I had a really good time.

Lesson C

Simple Past of to be				
Affirmative				
I / He / She / It	was	tired last pight		
You / We / They	were	tired last night.		
Use was / were to talk about the past: I am He is → was He was They are → They were				

Negative			
I / He / She / It	wasn't	tired lest night	
You / We / They	weren't	tired last night.	

	Vo Questions		Short Answers
Was	I / he / she / it	tired last night?	Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't. Yes, we were. / No, they weren't.
Were	you / we / they		

Information Questions		Answers	
How	was	your weekend?	It was great!
Why	were	you late?	I was busy at work.

- C Underline was or were to complete the sentences.
- **1.** We didn't enjoy the vacation. The weather was / were very bad.
- 2. How was / were the food?
- 3. Was / Were you tired when you got home?
- **4.** We was / were really interested in the ruins. They was / were amazing.
- 5. Was / Were the hotels clean?
- 6. Why was / were your flight late?
- D Write the correct form of be.

A: How (1) ______ your vacation?

B: It (2) _____ OK, but we had some problems.

A: Why? What happened?

B: We went with a tour, but our tour guide

(3) ______ very good. He didn't know anything about history. Also, the seats on the bus

(4) _____ very comfortable. Next time I want to go by train!

A: What (5) ______ your favorite city?

B: Venice (6) ______ beautiful, but there (7) _____ thousands of other tourists.

A: (8) _____ the hotels comfortable?

B: Yes, they (9) _____. I liked all the hotels!

UNIT 7

Lesson A

Verbs with Direct and Indirect Objects				
Subject	Verb	Indirect Object	Direct Object	
Rose	sent	Jim	an email.	
They	bought	me	a smartphone.	
1	am writing	Helen	a text message.	
	Find	me	his number, please.	
My boss	didn't email	her	the report.	
	Give	me	a call.	