Aproximaciones

Luis Eduardo Robles Jimenez

0224969

Input

```
In [11]: \#xInput = (1, 4, 6, 5)
         #yInput = "ln(x)"
         #xInput = (1, 4, 6)
         #yInput = "ln(x)"
         \#xInput = (1.0, 1.3, 1.6, 1.9, 2.2)
         #yInput = (0.765197, 0.6200860, 0.4554022, 0.2818186, 0.1103623)
         #xInput = (1.0, 1.3, 1.6)
         #yInput = (0.7651977, 0.6200860, 0.4554022)
         \#xInput = (8.1, 8.3, 8.6, 8.7)
         #yInput = (16.94410, 17.56492, 18.50515, 18.82091)
         \#xInput = (1.3, 1.6, 1.9)
         #yInput = (0.6200860, 0.4554022, 0.2818186)
         #dInput = (-0.5220232, -0.5698959, -0.5811571)
         #xInput = (8.3, 8.6)
         #yInput = (17.56492, 18.50515)
         \#dInput = (3.116256, 3.151762)
         #xInput = (0, 0.6, 0.9)
         #yInput = "ln(x+1)"
         #xInput = (8, 9, 11)
         #yInput = "log(x, 10)"
         #xInput = (8, 9, 11)
         #yInput = Cloud(xInput, "log(x, 10)")
         \#dInput = Cloud(xInput, "1/(x*log(10))")
         #HERMITE SEGUNDO EXAMEN
         #xInput = (8.3, 8.6)
         #vInput = (17.5649, 18.5051)
         \#dInput = (3.1162, 3.1517)
         #NEWTON SEGUNDO EXAMEN
         #xInput = (2, -3, 5, -7)
         #yInput = (-15, 15, -153, 291)
         #LAGRANGE SEGUNDO EXAMEN
         xInput = (1, -4, -7)
         yInput = (10, 10, 34)
```

Method

```
In [14]: f, e = Lagrange(xInput, yInput), -3
         print("\ng(", e, ") \approx ", N(f.subs(x, e)), sep = "")
         3 points:
                  f(1) = 10
                  f(-4) = 10
                  f(-7) = 34
         Polynomial
          10*(x - -4)/(1 - -4)*(x - -7)/(1 - -7) + 10*(x - 1)/(-4 - 1)*(x - -7)/(-4 - 1)
          -7) + 34*(x - 1)/(-7 - 1)*(x - -4)/(-7 - -4)
         Simplified
         x**2 + 3*x + 6
         By Powers
         x**2 + 3*x + 6
         g(-3) \approx 6.0000000000000
 In [8]: | f, e = Newton(xInput, yInput), -4
         print("\nf(", e, ") \approx ", N(f.subs(x, e)), sep = "")
         4 points:
                  f(2) = -15
                  f(-3) = 15
                  f(5) = -153
                  f(-7) = 291
         Polynomial
          -15 + -6.0*(x-2) + -5.0*(x-2)*(x--3) + -1.0*(x-2)*(x--3)*(x-5)
         Simplified
          -1.0*x**3 - 1.0*x**2 - 3.0
          By Powers
          -1.0*x**3 - 1.0*x**2 - 3.0
         f(-4) \approx 45.000000000000
```

```
In [5]: | f, e = Hermite(xInput, yInput, dInput), 10
        \#print("\nf(", e, ") \approx ", N(f.subs(x, e)), sep = "")
        2 points:
                                      f'(8.3) = 3.1162
                f(8.3) = 17.5649
                f(8.6) = 18.5051
                                        f'(8.6) = 3.1517
        Polynomial
        17.5649 + 3.1162*(x-8.3) + 0.05933333333334033*(x-8.3)*(x-8.3) + -0.00111111
        11111578535*(x-8.3)*(x-8.3)*(x-8.6)
        Simplified
        -0.0011111111111578535*x**3 + 0.0873333333451824*x**2 + 1.8960999999899908*
        x - 3.5538044444162686
        By Powers
        -0.0011111111111578535*x**3 + 0.087333333334518238*x**2 + 1.8960999999899908
        *x - 3.5538044444162685
```

Lagrange

Newton's Polynomial

Hermite

```
In [4]: def Hermite(xInput, yInput, dInput):
             n = len(xInput)
             print(n, "points:")
             for i in range(n):
                 print("\tf(", xInput[i], ") = ", yInput[i], "\tf'(", xInput[i], ") =
             m = [[0 \text{ for i in } range(2*n)] \text{ for j in } range(2*n)]
             for i in range(n):
                 m[2*i][0] = m[2*i+1][0] = yInput[i]
                 m[2*i][1] = dInput[i]
                 if i: m[2*i-1][1] = (m[2*i][0]-m[2*i-1][0])/(xInput[i]-xInput[i-1])
             for j in range(2, 2*n):
                 for i in range(2*n-j):
                     m[i][j] = (m[i+1][j-1] - m[i][j-1])/(xInput[int((i+j)/2)] - xInput[int((i+j)/2)])
             r, a = str(m[0][0]), ""
             for i in range(1, 2*n):
                 a += "*" + "(x-" + str(xInput[int((i - 1)/2)]) + ")"
                 r += " + " + str(m[0][i]) + a
             return showPoly(r)
```

AuxFucnt

```
In [3]: def Cloud(xI, yI):
    if isinstance(yI, str):
        a, yI = list(), parse_expr(yI)
        for xVal in xI: a.append(N(yI.subs(x, xVal)))
        yI = tuple(a)
        return yI
    def showPoly(s):
        print("\nPolynomial", s, sep = "\n")
        print("\nSimplified", simplify(parse_expr(s)), sep = "\n")
        print("\nBy Powers", r := collect(expand(parse_expr(s)), x), sep = "\n")
        return r
```

Run First

```
In [2]: from sympy import *
x = symbols("x")
```