# Aproximación de Ecuaciones Diferenciales

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### Input

```
In []: \#yp, a, b, n, c = 'y - t**2 + 1', 0, 2, 10, 0.5 \#yp, a, b, n, c = '-2*t**3 + 12*t**2 - 20*t + 8.5', 0, 4, 8, 1 \#yp, a, b, n, c = 'y - t**2 + 1', 0, 2, 10, 0.5 yp, a, b, n, c = '-5*y + 5*t**2 + 2*t', 0, 1, 10, 1/3
```

#### Method

```
In [ ]: Euler(yp, a, b, n, c)
In [ ]: RunggeKutta(yp, a, b, n, c)
```

#### **Euler**

```
In [ ]: def Euler(fun, a, b, n, c):
    f = parse_expr(fun)
    print("\tf(x) =", f, end = "\n\n")
    h = (b - a)/n
    tT, yV, p = a, c, []
    for i in range(1, n+1):
        print(tT, yV, sep = "\t")
        yV += h*N(f.subs([(t, tT), (y, yV)]))
        tT += h
        p.append(yV)
    return (tT, yV)
```

## Rungge Kutta (Cuarto Grado)

```
In []:

def RunggeKutta(fun, a, b, n, c):
    f = parse_expr(fun)
    print("\tf(x) =", f, end = "\n\n")
    h = (b - a)/n
    tT, yV, p = a, c, []
    for i in range(n):
        ku = h*N(f.subs([(t, tT), (y, yV)]))
        kd = h*N(f.subs([(t, tT + h/2), (y, yV + ku/2)]))
        kt = h*N(f.subs([(t, tT + h/2), (y, yV + kd/2)]))
        kc = h*N(f.subs([(t, tT + h), (y, yV + kt)]))
        yV += (ku + 2*kd + 2*kt + kc)/6
        tT += h
        p.append(yV)
        print(tT, yV, sep = "\t")
    return (tT, yV)
```

#### **Run first**

```
In [ ]: from sympy import *
t, y = symbols("t"), symbols("y")
```