Protocol: Salmon sperm DNA (4/4/06) p1 of 1

Salmon sperm DNA

For use in yeast transformations and blocking agent in blotting

Use a better grade as a carrier in nucleic acid precipitations

- 1. Weigh out 400mg dried salmon sperm DNA (eg. <u>Sigma</u> Sperm nuclei type II-S; **S3126**) Cut the strands with scissors to small fibers.
- 2. Place DNA in a 50ml Falcon tube. Add ddH₂O to 40mls (10mg/ml final). Swirl to release trapped bubbles.
- 3. Heat tube in 65°C bath overnight to dissolve DNA. Invert tube occasionally to aid resuspension.
- 4. When in solution, the DNA will be a gooey mess. Sonicate at about 50% power for a minute at a time for several cycles until the solution becomes less viscous. A good rule of thumb is when bubbles can rise easily to the top (this is real rocket science).
- 5. Pierce the lid of the Falcon with a needle and place in a beaker of boiling H₂O for 15 minutes. Repeat sonication.
- **6.** Cool and dispense 1ml aliquots. Store at -20° C.
- 7. To use as a carrier in yeast transformations pierce cap and boil for 5 mins. Store at 4°C for repeated usage.