

Optimization and Decision Support Methodologies

2nd Assessment Test

Date: **January 21, 2022**

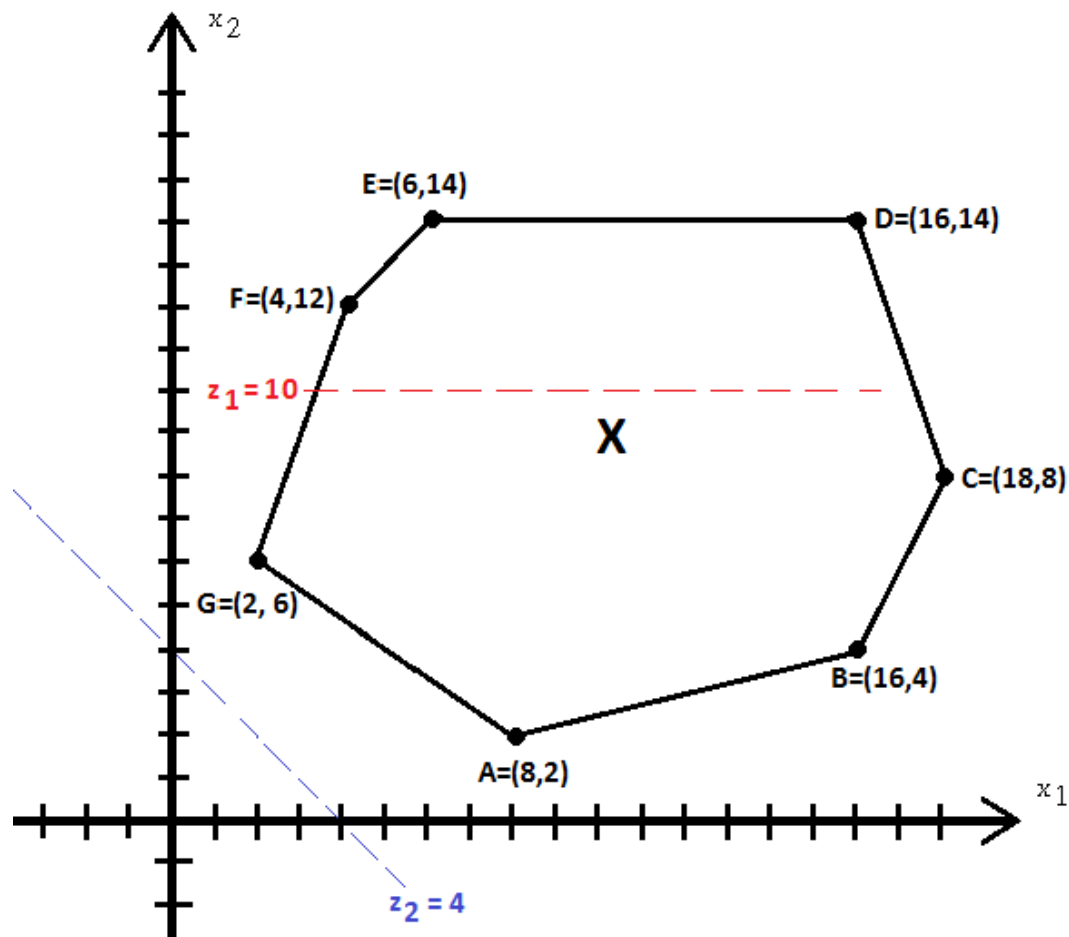
Duration: **1h 30m**

Note: Present all the calculations you carry out, as well as any comments, justifications or conclusions you deem appropriate.

1. (Predicted quotation: 4,0 values = 2,75 + 1,25)

Consider the following **linear programming** problem with **two objective functions**:

Maximize $z_1 = x_2$
Minimize $z_2 = x_1 + x_2$
subject to
 $\underline{x} = (x_1, x_2)^T \in X$



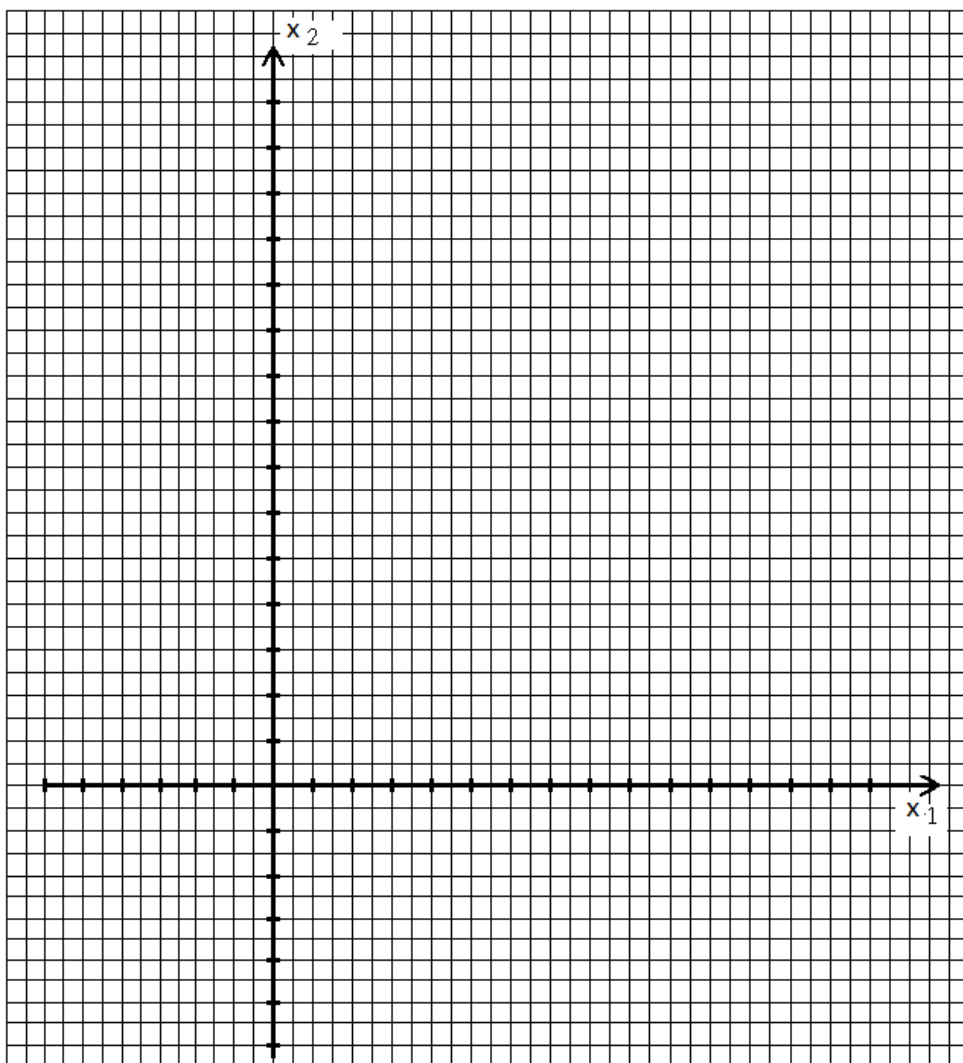
- Determine the **set of strictly (and/or weakly) efficient solutions** using the graphical representation of this problem in the space of decision variables. Justify your answer.
- Obtain the pay-off table corresponding to this problem and identify the **ideal solution** and the **anti-ideal solution**.

2. (Predicted quotation: 4,5 values = 2,75 + 1,25 + 0,5)

Now consider the following **goal programming** problem:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Minimize } Z = \{ d_3^-, d_5^+, d_4^- \} \\
 &\text{subject to} \\
 &\quad -x_1 + 2x_2 + d_1^- = 6 \quad (1) \\
 &\quad x_1 + 2x_2 + d_2^- = 12 \quad (2) \\
 &\quad 3x_1 - 2x_2 + d_3^- - d_3^+ = 12 \quad (3) \\
 &\quad x_2 + d_4^- - d_4^+ = 4 \quad (4) \\
 &\quad x_1 + d_5^- - d_5^+ = 8 \quad (5) \\
 &\quad x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, d_i^- \geq 0, d_i^+ \geq 0 \quad (i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
 \end{aligned}$$

a) Solve this problem by **the graphical method**.



- b) For **each goal** of the problem, indicate, justifying, what was the intended objective and whether it **was achieved or not**.
- c) Comment the following statement: "Goal programming cannot be considered a multi-objective decision methodology because the only objective is to minimize deviations from goals".

Name _____ No. _____