

⑥ Dado a ellipse:

$$\left(\frac{x_1}{2}\right)^2 + x_2^2 = 4$$

Temos que o maior retângulo inscrito nesta ellipse é dado por:

$$\frac{x_1^2}{4} + x_2^2 = 4 \Rightarrow \frac{x_1^2}{16} + \frac{x_2^2}{4} = 1$$

max  $A = 4x_1x_2$  restrito a:

$$g(x_1, x_2) = \frac{x_1^2}{16} + \frac{x_2^2}{4} = 1 \quad \textcircled{I}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dx_1} = 4x_1 \frac{dx_2}{dx_1} + 4x_2$$

$$\frac{d}{dx_1} \textcircled{I} = \frac{2x_1}{16} + \frac{2x_2}{4} \frac{dx_2}{dx_1} = 0$$

$$\frac{dx_2}{dx_1} = -\frac{4x_1}{16x_2}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dx_1} = 4x_2 - \frac{16x_1^2}{16x_2}$$

$$4x_2 - \frac{16x_1^2}{16x_2} = 0$$

$$x_2^2 = \frac{4x_1^2}{16}, \text{ é sabido que } x_2^2 = 4 - \frac{4x_1^2}{16}, \text{ logo } x_2^2 = 4 - x_2^2, 2x_2^2 = 4 \text{ e } \frac{x_2^2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$\text{Logo, } \frac{x_2^2}{16} = \frac{1}{2}. \text{ Podemos concluir que a área máxima do retângulo é: } \frac{\max(x_1, x_2)}{2} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{2} = 2\sqrt{2} \text{ e } x_2 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow (2\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}).$$

$$\textcircled{\text{II}} f_0 = 4xy$$

$$g = -4 + \frac{x^2}{4} + y^2$$

$$\phi_p = (-1) \cdot f_0(x, y) + r_p \cdot (\max(0, g(x, y)^2))$$

