

COMPUTAÇÃO GRÁFICA

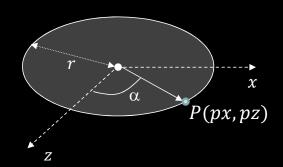


Camera Motion Drawing a Cylinder



Polar Coordinates

• Polar coordinates specify points based on an angle and a radius.



Polar Coordinates (α, r)



Cartesian Coordinates

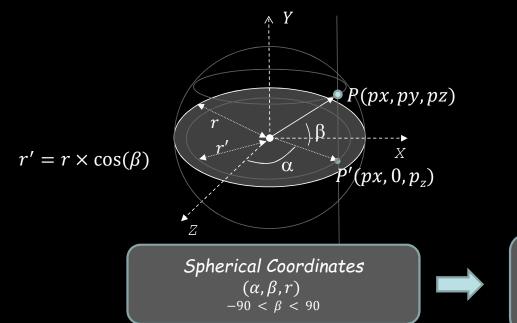
$$px = r * \sin(\alpha);$$

 $pz = r * \cos(\alpha);$



Spherical Coordinates

• Specify a point on the surface of a sphere



Cartesian Coordinates

$$z = r \times \cos(\beta) \times \cos(\alpha);$$

 $x = r \times \cos(\beta) \times \sin(\alpha);$
 $y = r \times \sin(\beta);$



Explorer Mode Camera

- The camera moves in the surface of a sphere, always looking at the centre of the sphere.
- Don't allow the camera to be upside down.

- The look at point is constant (0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f)
- The camera position is defined based on spherical coordinates (alpha, beta, radius) that must be converted to Cartesian coordinates (p, p, p)
 - (alpha, beta) determine the position of the camera in a sphere of radius r. Limit |beta| < 1.5 (radians)
 - radius determines the distance of the camera to the look at point

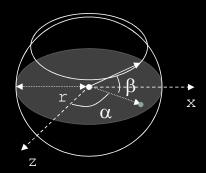


FPS Camera

• Camera Orientation

- The view direction is obtained using spherical coordinates. The look at point is defined based on the view direction and the actual camera position.
- The view direction is a vector D computed based on the two angles (alpha and beta) that define the horizontal and vertical orientation respectively.
- Considering P = (px, py, pz), the camera position, and D = (dx, dy, dz), the view direction is:

```
gluLookAt(px,py,pz,
px+dx, py+dy, pz+dz,
ux, uy, uz);
```

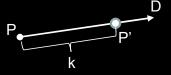




FPS Camera

- Camera Motion
- Forward and backward movement is achieved using vector D
- D should be normalized
- To move the camera k units forward, and considering D to be a unit vector, implies recomputing the camera position as follows:

$$P' = P + k \times D$$

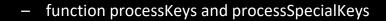


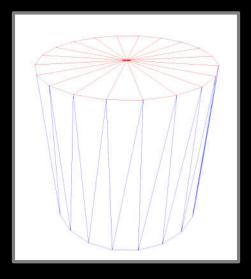
• Note: the look at point must also be displaced.



Practical Assignment

- Build a cylinder using triangles defining the vertices based on polar coordinates
 - function drawCylinder(float radius, float height, int slices)
- Complete the code skeleton to build an interactive application using the keyboard to move the camera up/down and left/right (explorer mode) using spherical coordinates.







π and math.h

- A value for PI is defined in constant M_PI in math.h
- To have this constant available we should write:

```
#define _USE_MATH_DEFINES // always before the include
#include <math.h>
```

• Usage example:

```
float x = M PI / n;
```



Useful functions

• Set a color:

```
glColor3f(r,g,b)
```

- note: call the function <u>before</u> sending the vertices to the GPU
- Change drawing mode:

```
glPolygonMode(faces, mode);
- faces: GL_FRONT, GL_BACK, GL_FRONT_AND_BACK
- mode: GL FILL, GL LINE, GL POINT
```