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CID 0 Parte 3

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$$3.1) \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} = g(t) \quad \left| \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = \int_a^t g(t) dt = \int_{t_0}^t g(t) dt + d$$

$$y(t_0) = c \quad y'(t_0) = d$$

$$y(t) = \int_{t_0}^t \int_{t_0}^z g(s) ds + d dz + c$$

$$3.2) \begin{cases} \frac{dp}{dt} = 0,5p - 450 \\ p(t, p) \end{cases} \quad y^n = p(t, y, y', y'', \dots, y^{(n)})$$

$$- y' = p(t, p) = 0,5p - 450 //$$

$$3.3) \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} = g(t) = \int \int \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} dt = \int \int g(t) dt + c_1 + c_2$$

3.4) Exercício do livro

$$3) \frac{dy}{dt} = -ay + b = y' = -ay + b$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -ay + b \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{-ay + b} = dt = \int \frac{dy}{-ay + b} = \int dt$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{-ay + b} = T + c = -\ln|ay + b| = T + c$$

$$u = -ay + b \Rightarrow -\ln|ay + b| = aT + c$$

$$\frac{du}{a} = -a dy \Rightarrow ay + b = e^{aT + c}$$

$$\frac{du}{a} = -a dy \Rightarrow -ay = e^{aT + c} + b$$

$$\frac{1}{a} \quad y = \frac{ce^{-aT}}{a} + b //$$

$$b) S = \{a, b \in \mathbb{R} / a \neq 0\}$$

