Conversing verses - haiku generation using a LSTM-based auto-encoder matching model

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ABSTRACT

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Categories and Subject Descriptors

H.4 [Information Systems Applications]: Miscellaneous

General Terms

Theory

Keywords

text generation, neural networks, LSTM

1. INTRODUCTION

- neural networks so zakon RNN, LSTM generiranje zgodbe [6] RNN, LSTM abstracitve text summarization [8] CNN za image classification, RNN (LSTM) za caption generation image captioning [9] sklepanje, generiranje hipotez na podlagi naravnega besedila [2] tezave s katerimi se metode srecujejo (objektivno, avtomatizirano ovrednotenje semanticna smiselnost besedila) ponekod lahko uporabimo metrike (kjer imamo target/label text) image captioning BLEU [5] METEOR [1] ponekod nimamo "pravega"/target/label teksta, in tako niso mozna avtomatska ovretnotenja (ovrednotijo anketiranci, human evaluation) generiranje kitajskih pesmi [10] Haiku generation using seed word(s), associations, heuristics for selecting optimal one [4].
- clanki s katerimi primerjamo, vzamemo za osnovo generiranje vsakdanjih pogovorov. Tri nevronske mreze se uporabijo za; LSTM za encodanje ene replike v semanticno predstavitev -> simple feedforward mreza za mapiranje semantike replike v semantiko odgovora -> LSTM decoder za tvorjenje stavka iz dobljene nove semantike. [3] generiranje besedila rapperskih pesmi z LSTM [7]. primerjamo lahko

svojo metodo z[4],ki tudi se ukvarja z generiranjem haikujev

ideja - generiranje haikov, nova metoda motivacija - LSTM ima zmoznost posnemati ritem, znacilnosti poezije, kot so uporaba za zvrst znacilnih fraz, posnemanje sloga pisanja [7]
nov nacin navezave med verzi - pogovor (vrstici haikuja, encoder-decoder se pogovarjata) metodologija, postopek - generiranje prve vrstice z lstm - generiranje naslednjih vrstic v obliki pogovora (uporaba encoder/decoder pristopa)

2. DRUGI NASLOVI

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3. CONCLUSIONS

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4. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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