Logic Self-Assessment Test

Artificial Intelligence, AY 2015/2016, UNIZG FER April 5, 2016

- 1. Abduction is not a sound rule of inference because it is *not* the case that:
 - (a) $A \rightarrow B, A \models B$
 - (b) $A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C \models A \rightarrow C$
 - (c) $A \models A \land B$
 - (d) $A \rightarrow B, B \models A$
- 2. If $F \equiv G$ hold, then it must be the case that:
 - (a) $\models G$
 - (b) *⊢ F*
 - (c) *G* ⊢ *F*
 - (d) *G* ⊧ *F*
- 3. Formula $F \lor \neg G$ is:
 - (a) satisfiable
 - (b) valid
 - (c) inconsistent
 - (d) syntactically ill-formed
- 4. We are given the following facts: *Unicorn is immortal* (*I*), *if it is a mythical creature* (*C*). *If unicorn is immortal or an ordinary mortal animal* (*A*), *then it is horned* (*H*). *As soon as unicorn is horned, it is magical* (*M*). *But, if it is not immortal, then it is an ordinary mortal animal.* Which of the following *cannot* be proven?
 - (a) If unicorn is not an ordinary mortal animal, then it is immortal.
 - (b) If unicorn is horned, then unicorn is horned.
 - (c) Unicorn is magical.
 - (d) Unicorn is a mythical creature.
- 5. Which of the following FOL formulae is *interpretable*?
 - (a) $\forall x \forall y P(x, y)$
 - (b) $\left(P(a,x) \leftrightarrow Q(y)\right)$
 - (c) $P(x, y) \wedge (Q(x) \wedge Q(y))$

- (d) $\forall x P(x, y)$
- 6. Which of the following formulae is *not* a well-formed formula of FOL?

(a)
$$\forall x \exists y \Big(P(f(x), y) \land Q(y) \Big)$$

(b)
$$\forall x \Big(ODD(x \lor add(x+1)) \Big)$$

(c)
$$P(x) \rightarrow \forall x Q(x)$$

(d)
$$\forall x P(x, y) \land (Q(x) \land Q(y))$$

- 7. FOL formula $\forall x (P(x) \land \neg P(x))$ is:
 - (a) inconsistent
 - (b) non-interpretable
 - (c) not wff
 - (d) valid
- 8. We are given an interpretation with a domain $D = \{a, b\}$ and an extension $P(a) \equiv \top$. This interpretation is a *model* of:

(a)
$$\exists x P(x) \rightarrow \forall x P(x)$$

(b)
$$\exists x P(x) \rightarrow P(b)$$

(c)
$$P(b) \rightarrow \forall x P(x)$$

(d)
$$\forall x P(x) \leftrightarrow P(a)$$

9. What is the correct formalization of "Ann doesn't like any animal" in FOL?

(a)
$$\neg LIKE(Ann, Animal)$$

(b)
$$\neg \forall animal LIKE(Ann, animal)$$

(c)
$$\neg \forall x \Big(ANIMAL(x) \land LIKE(Ann, x) \Big)$$

(d)
$$\forall x \Big(ANIMAL(x) \rightarrow \neg LIKE(Ann, x) \Big)$$

10. Let W(x) denote "x is a word", P(x) denote "x is pleasant" and T(x) denote "x is truthful". Which of the following FOL formulas represents the statement "Pleasant words need not be truthful"?

(a)
$$\forall x \Big((W(x) \land \neg P(x)) \to \neg T(x) \Big)$$

(b)
$$\exists x \neg \Big((W(x) \land T(x)) \rightarrow P(x) \Big)$$

(c)
$$\exists x \Big(W(x) \land T(x) \land \neg P(x) \Big)$$

(d)
$$\exists x \Big(W(x) \land P(x) \land \neg T(x) \Big)$$

Answers

- 1. D
- 2. D
- 3. A
- 4. D
- 5. A
- 6. B
- 7. A
- 8. C
- 9. D
- 10. D