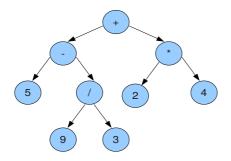
159.201 Algorithms & Data Structures Summer 2014

Tutorial 5

1. A Tree class was presented in the slides. The main function can be used to manually build a tree, creating nodes from bottom-to-top (leaves to root). Modify the Tree class and the main function to create a tree like the one in the figure below:



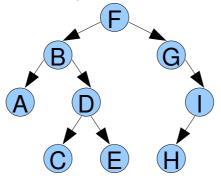
Use **chars** for the data type. Use the three traversal functions and check that they work correctly:

Pre-order:

In-order:

Post-order:

- **2.** Modify the recursive *In-order* function to be able to fully parenthesise the in-order traversal, i.e., the in-fix expression from the Tree above.
- **3.** The algorithms for traversing a Binary tree are easy to implement as recursive functions. Write a program that implements an *iterative* algorithm to perform an in-order traversal on a Binary tree. **Tip:** use a *stack* to store temporary pointers.
- **4.** Draw the threads in the following tree to assist a in-order traversal. How about other traversal orders?



5. Write a C++ program that modifies all the NULL pointers of an existing tree into threads. Check your algorithm with the tree of the previous question.

(**Tip:** start with the standard InOrder() function and keep track of both the previous and next nodes).