

Datakommunikation Lab 1 - assignments

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1. Delay components:

- Processing delay, constant
- Transmission delay, constant
- Propagation delay, constant
- Queueing delay, variable

2. Total time = transmission delay + propagation delay

Transmission delay $\frac{L}{R}$ where $L = 8 * 1000$ bits and $R = 2000000$ bps

$$\rightarrow \frac{8000}{2000000} = 4 \text{ ms}$$

Propagation delay $\frac{d}{s}$ where $d = 2500$ m and $s = 2.5 * 10^5$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2500}{2.5 * 10^5} = 10 \text{ ms}$$

Total time = 4 ms + 10 ms = **14 ms**

The delay does **not** depend on package length **nor** the transmission rate.

3.

a) Throughput given by the smallest rate amongst the three, given there's no other traffic.

$$\rightarrow 500 \text{ kbps} < 1 \text{ mbps} < 2 \text{ mbps} \rightarrow \mathbf{500 \text{ kbps}}$$

b) 4 million bytes in bits = 4 million * 8 = 32 million bits

A \rightarrow B, throughput = 500 kbps

$$\text{Time} = \frac{\text{file size}}{\text{throughput}} = \frac{32000000}{500000} = \mathbf{64 \text{ s}}$$

c) R2 now has the smallest throughput (100 kbps) \rightarrow a) **100 kbps**

$$\text{Time} = \frac{\text{file size}}{\text{throughput}} = \frac{32000000}{100000} = \mathbf{320 \text{ s}} \text{ (b)}$$

4. Application layer message - Where the application chooses the appropriated protocol to send the message tex HTTP or FTP

Transport layer segment - transport the application layer message, between the clients and server. Transport layer utilizes the protocol TCP or UDP for transfer

Network layer datagram - sends the packages containing the message to the network.

Link-layer frame - provides the mean of transferring data packages between nodes on a network.

5.

a) Propagation delay = $\frac{d}{s}$ where $d = \text{distance (m)} = 3600 * 1000 =$

$$36\,000\,000 \text{ m and } s = \text{speed (m/s)} = 240\,000\,000 \text{ m/s} \rightarrow \frac{36000000}{240000000}$$

$$= \mathbf{0,15 \text{ s}}$$

b) $R = \text{transmission rate} = 10 \text{ Mbps} \rightarrow \text{convert to bits} \rightarrow 10 * 10^6 = 10^7 \text{ bits}$

Propagation delay = 0,15 s (from a)

$R * \text{propagation delay} = 10^7 * 0,15 = \mathbf{1\ 500\ 000 \text{ bits}}$

c) Interval = 60 sec

Transmission rate = 10^7

Min value of $x = \text{transmission rate} * \text{interval} = 10^7 * 60 =$

600 000 000 bits