

Building Knowledge Graphs

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<https://github.com/LukasBluebaum/BKG>

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Overview

- 1 Preprocessing (Cleaning and Coreference Resolution)
- 2 Named Entity Recognition
- 3 Entity Disambiguation
- 4 Relation Extraction
- 5 Architecture
- 6 Upcoming Tasks

Extraction and Cleaning of text from Wikipedia Dump

Foundation

Wikipedia dump consisting of plain text without markup, infoboxes or chapter subdivision

- Using regular expressions to remove unnecessary URLs, parentheses, whitespace, null char, symbols
- WikiCleaner class using Writer and Reader Threads for faster cleaning

Extraction and cleaning of text from Wikipedia Dump

```
package wikicleaner;

import java.util.concurrent.BlockingQueue;

public class Worker implements Runnable{

    private static final Pattern URLS = Pattern.compile("http.*?\\s");
    private static final Pattern PARENTHESES = Pattern.compile("\\(.*?\\)");
    private static final Pattern SYMBOLS = Pattern.compile("[a-zA-Z0-9. ]");
    private static final Pattern NULLCHAR = Pattern.compile("\\0");
    private static final Pattern WHITESPACE = Pattern.compile("\\s+");

    private BlockingQueue<String> readQueue = null;
    private BlockingQueue<String> writeQueue = null;

    public Worker(BlockingQueue<String> readQueue, BlockingQueue<String> writeQueue){
        this.readQueue = readQueue;
        this.writeQueue = writeQueue;
    }

    @Override
    public void run() {
        try {
            while(true) {
                String article = readQueue.take();
                if(article.equals(WikiCleaner.END)){
                    readQueue.put(WikiCleaner.END);
                    writeQueue.put(WikiCleaner.END);
                    break;
                }
                writeQueue.put(cleanArticle(article));
            }
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    private String cleanArticle(String article) {
        article = NULLCHAR.matcher(article).replaceAll("");
        article = URLS.matcher(article).replaceAll("");
        article = PARENTHESES.matcher(article).replaceAll("");
        article = SYMBOLS.matcher(article).replaceAll("");
        article = WHITESPACE.matcher(article).replaceAll(" ");
        return article;
    }
}
```

```
public class WikiCleaner {

    protected final static int WORKERAMOUNT = 4;
    protected final static String END = "END";
    private final static int QUEUESIZE = 10000;

    public void cleanWikiDump(File input, File output) {
        BlockingQueue<String> readQueue = new ArrayBlockingQueue<String>(QUEUESIZE);
        BlockingQueue<String> writeQueue = new ArrayBlockingQueue<String>(QUEUESIZE);

        Reader reader = new Reader(readQueue, input);
        Writer writer = new Writer(writeQueue, output);

        Worker[] workers = new Worker[WORKERAMOUNT];
        for(int i = 0; i<workers.length; i++) {
            workers[i] = new Worker(readQueue, writeQueue);
        }

        new Thread(reader).start();
        for(int i = 0; i<workers.length; i++) {
            new Thread(workers[i]).start();
        }
        new Thread(writer).start();
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        File input = new File("resources/emwiki-20171103-pages.tsv");
        File output = new File("resources/out.txt");

        WikiCleaner cleaner = new WikiCleaner();
        cleaner.cleanWikiDump(input, output);
    }
}
```

- Stanford NLP CoreRef to find the representative mention
- Replace pronouns and possessive pronouns

Example

- John met Judy in 1960. He married her during his college year.
⇒ John met Judy in 1960. John married Judy during John's college year.

Named Entity Recognition

- Requesting Spotlight Demo and parsing JSON response to Entity class

```
public class Entity {  
  
    private ArrayList<String> types = new ArrayList<String>();  
  
    private String uri;  
  
    private String surfaceForm;  
  
    private int offset;  
  
    public Entity(String types, String uri, String surfaceForm, int offset) {  
        this.toList(types);  
        this.setUri(uri);  
        this.setSurfaceForm(surfaceForm);  
        this.setOffset(offset);  
    }  
  
    private void toList(String t) {  
        String[] comma = t.split(",");  
        for(String typeLink: comma) {  
            String[] type = typeLink.split(":");  
            if(type.length == 2) types.add(type[1]);  
        }  
    }  
  
    public ArrayList<String> getTypes() {  
        return types;  
    }  
  
    public String getUri() {  
        return uri;  
    }  
  
    public void setUri(String uri) {  
        this.uri = uri;  
    }  
  
    public String toString() {  
        return "URI: " + uri + "- Type:" + types + "- Surface Form: " + surfaceForm;  
    }  
  
    public String getSurfaceForm() {  
        return surfaceForm;  
    }  
  
    public void setSurfaceForm(String surfaceForm) {  
        this.surfaceForm = surfaceForm;  
    }  
  
    public int getOffset() {  
        return offset;  
    }  
  
    public void setOffset(int offset) {  
        this.offset = offset;  
    }  
}
```

Frameworks

- Spotlight: Integrated disambiguation with two approaches:
 - The information (context) next to a candidate's surface forms is used to find the most likely disambiguation. The best match determines the selection.
 - Weigh words on their ability to disambiguate between the resources
- [Mendes, Jakob, Garca-Silva, Bizer, 2011]
- Fox: AGDISTIS

⇒ Done by given frameworks

- Two ways of extracting relations:
 - Fox in 're' mode, performing entity recognition as well as relation extraction
 - Saving triple statements
 - Our RelationExtraction method using OpenIE and Spotlight
- Limited to the first part of each article (summarizes the facts)

Relation Extraction: Fox

```
private void getTriple(Statement statement, StmtIterator iterator) {
    Resource subject = ResourceFactory.createResource(statement.getObject().toString());
    Statement next = iterator.next();
    Property predicate = ResourceFactory.createProperty(next.getObject().toString());
    next = iterator.next();

    RDFNode object = null;
    if(next.getObject().isResource()) {
        object = ResourceFactory.createResource(next.getObject().toString());
    } else {
        object = ResourceFactory.createStringLiteral(next.getObject().toString());
    }
    Statement triple = ResourceFactory.createStatement(subject, predicate, object);
    System.out.println(triple);
    graph.add(triple);
}

private void getRelations(String article) throws MalformedURLException, ProtocolException, IOException, ParseException {
    count = new AtomicInteger(0);

    final List<CoreMap> sentences = PARSER.getSentences(article);
    final ScheduledExecutorService executor = Executors.newScheduledThreadPool(1);

    Runnable askFox = new Runnable() {
        public void run() {
            try {
                Model model = ModelFactory.createDefaultModel();
                System.out.println(sentences.get(count.get()));
                model.read(new ByteArrayInputStream(SERVICE.extract(sentences.get(count.get()).toString(), "en", "re").getBytes()), null, "TTL");
                StmtIterator iterator = model.listStatements();

                while(iterator.hasNext()) {
                    Statement s = iterator.next();
                    if(s.getPredicate().toString().contains("subject")) {
                        getTriple(s, iterator);
                    }
                }

                if(count.incrementAndGet() == sentences.size()) {
                    executor.shutdownNow();

                    StmtIterator foundTriples = graph.listStatements();

                    while(foundTriples.hasNext()) {
                        System.out.println(foundTriples.next());
                    }
                }
            } catch (Exception e) {
                executor.shutdownNow();
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
    };

    executor.scheduleWithFixedDelay(askFox, 0, DELAYSECONDS, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
}
```



Relation Extraction: Own Approach

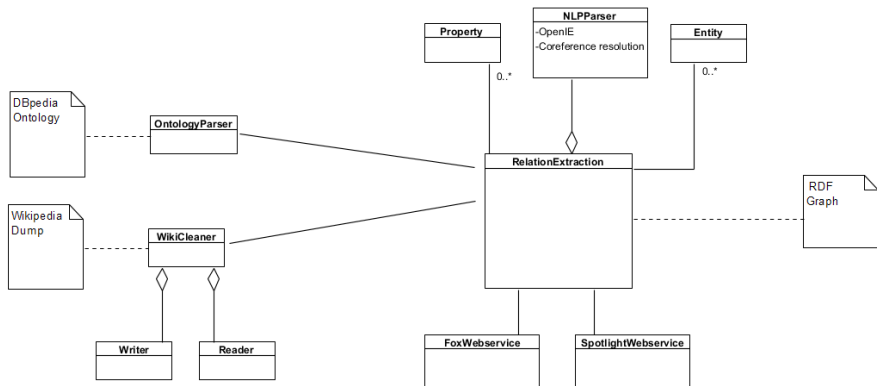
- Parsing ontology and creating a list of properties
- Using Spotlight for NER, so we can run it concurrent to Fox
- Using Stanford CoreNLP
 - experimented with different approaches to find relations given two entities (search algorithms on dependency trees, semanticGraph)
 - decided to use OpenIE

- Splitting sentences into shorter fragments, appeal to natural logic to maintain context
- Traverse dependency parse tree recursively
[Angeli, Premkumar, Manning, 2015]
- Disadvantage in our case: have to filter for entity to entity relations
- After finding the binary relation (OpenIE Triple) between entities:
Map them to DBpedia ontology

Relation Extraction: OpenIE

- Parse DBpedia properties to Java objects
- Search for a valid property (check domain and range)
- Map relation to keywords to find proper property
- Write triple to graph

Architecture



- Already able to build a knowledge graph, but thinking about further improvements for our own relation extraction
 - e.g. more keywords / heuristics for finding the best property
 - e.g. find entity to literal relations
 - long runtime due to the response time of Fox/Spotlight and delay for scheduling Fox/Spotlight requests
 - ⇒ avoid running it before all improvements are made
- Benchmarking as soon as we are pleased with the result (whether improvements are needed)



Pablo N. Mendes, Max Jakob, Andrs Garca-Silva and Christian Bizer (2011)
DBpedia Spotlight: Shedding Light on the Web of Documents
*Proceedings of the 7th International Conference on Semantic Systems
(I-Semantics)* 3.



Gabor Angeli, Melvin Johnson Premkumar, and Christopher D. Manning (2015)
Leveraging Linguistic Structure For Open Domain Information Extraction
In Proceedings of the Association of Computational Linguistics (ACL) 2.

Example

- *Multiple Sentences (as many as Spotlight can handle):*
 - Obama was born on August 4, 1961, at Kapiolani Medical Center for Women and Children in Honolulu, Hawaii. He graduated from Harvard University.
- Coreference Resolution:
 - Obama was born on August 4 , 1961 , at Kapiolani Medical Center for Women and Children in Honolulu , Hawaii . Obama graduated from Harvard University.
- Binary Relation Extraction:
 - First sentence: Obama - be bear on - August 4 1961. (among others)
 - Second sentence: Obama - graduate from - Harvard University (among others)

Example

- *Named Entity Recognition and mapping surface form back to sentences*
 - Obama was born on August 4, 1961, at Kapiolani Medical Center for Women and Children in Honolulu, Hawaii. Obama graduated from Harvard University .
- Entity to literal extraction: Obama - be bear on - August 4 1961.
 - Search for entity in subject of the binary relations.
⇒ Obama (Types: Person, ...)
 - Search for literal in object: ⇒ detects numbers
 - Search if object contains a date if not extract single literal:
⇒ detects month + numbers (date found)
 - Convert to date format: ⇒ 1961-08-04
 - Map relation to property: keyword: bear ⇒ dbo:birthDate (Domain: Person Range: xsd:date)
 - write dbo:Barack_Obama dbo:birthDate "1961-08-04"^^xsd:date to graph.

Example

- *Named Entity Recognition and mapping surface form back to sentences*
 - Obama was born on August 4, 1961, at Kapiolani Medical Center for Women and Children in Honolulu, Hawaii. Obama graduated from Harvard University .
- Entity to entity extraction: Obama - graduate from - Harvard University
 - Search for entity in subject and in object of the binary relations.
⇒ Obama (Types: Person, ...), Harvard University (Type: EducationalInstitution)
 - Iterate over all properties with given domain and range
 - Map relation to property:
keyword: graduate ⇒ dbo:almaMater
 - write dbo:Barack_Obama dbo:almaMater dbo:Harvard_University to graph.