hu-berlin-bundle

Documents and Documentations for **MEX** at the Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin (unofficial)

»Documentation must be regarded as an integral part of the process of design and coding. A good programming language will encourage and assist the programmer to write clear, self-documenting code, and even perhaps to develop and display a pleasant style of writing.« [3, p. 195]



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1 Introduction

With this (unofficial) bundle you have several documents which are designed according to the corporate design of the Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin.

Following documents or documentclasses are available:

- letter (hu-berlin-letter.cls); via .tex and .md
- base package (hu-berlin-base.sty)

1.1 Installation of the bundle

hu-berlin is part of the distributions MiKTeX and TeXLive – thus, you can easily install it using the respective package manager. If you would like to install hu-berlin-bundle into your local folder manually, do the following: Go to your terminal, browse to the folder of this bundle and run

```
make install
```

If you are using macOS you might be asked for your user account password for the installation.

Further options of this makefile are:

- clean: deletes all unnecessary files
- cleanbundle: deletes all files except .dtx, .md. You will get the plain version of this bundle. This might be helpful if you send the bundle to someone else.
- ctan: this will create a zip file which can be used to send to CTAN.
- files: will only create the files from the .dtx-scratch.
- uninstall: will erase the locally installed files.

This bundle is constantly updated. For hints, errors or suggestions use the GitHub repository https://github.com/LukasCBossert/hu-berlin-bundle.

1.2 Changelog

All notable changes to this project will be documented in the README.md. This project **does not** adhere to Semantic Versioning. The markdown syntax is inspired by the conventions proposed by keepachangelog.com.

1.2.1 v1.0.8 (2020/10/30)

• (letter) replacing actual logo with a dummy text (due to possible copyright conflicts). The correct logo has to be called hu-berlin-logo.pdf and needs to be put somewhere in PATH so it will be found. If such file cannot be found a dummy text will be taken instead ('Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin')

1.2.2 v1.0.7 (2020/10/29)

• (letter) fixed missing \removereffields

• (letter) added missing suffix for hu-logo (.pdf)

1.2.3 v1.0.6 (2020-10-22)

- (letter) changed address separator
- (letter) fixed empty minipage when no metadata given
- (letter) changed default backaddress

1.2.4 v1.0.5 (2020-04-28)

- (general) Changed logo format to .pdf
- (letter) Changed \ifkomavarempty to \ifkomavarempty, fixes github-issue nr. 1

1.2.5 v1.0.4 (2019-12-19)

• Added hu-berlin-base.sty as a package which contains all relevant code for documents and documentclasses of the bundle.

1.2.6 v1.0.3 (2019-06-26)

• Changed the main font for compatibility with UNIX-systems (TeX Gyre Heros instead of Verdana).

1.2.7 v1.0.2 (2019-06-22)

Renaming files for CTAN compatability.

1.2.8 v1.0.1 (2019-06-21)

Internal changes for publishing. Still one documentclass for a letter.

1.2.9 v1.0.0 (2019-06-21)

First release with a document class for letter.

1.3 Copyright

Various parts of this bundle have different copyrights. If not otherwise stated the copyright is The LaTeX project public license (LPPL), version 1.3c

1.3.1 Boilerplate / markdown-template

The template for the markdown conversion, forked from the pandoc-templates and JensErat pandoc-scrlttr2 is dual-licensed, under both the GPL (v2 or higher, same as pandoc) and the BSD 3-clause license (included below).

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2 Preambel

This bundle consists of various files which are either generated by the core file (.dtx) or are part of the basic structure of this bundle. You can easily pick up the basic file structure from fig. 2.1.

hu-berlin-bundle	
hu-berlin-bundle.dtx	code and documentation
hu-berlin-bundle.pdf	documentation
hu-berlin-base.sty	basic components of the bundle
hu-berlin-letter-example-lualatex.tex	letter
hu-berlin-letter-example.lco	datafile for letter
hu-berlin-letter-example-lualatex.pdf	letter
hu-berlin-letter-example-markdown.pdf	converted letter from markdown
hu-berlin-letter-example-markdown.md .	example markdown file
hu-berlin-letter-template.latex	template for conversion
img	folder for images
texografie-logo.pdf	logo of maintainer
makefile	makefile to generate all required files
README.mdREA	DME file with information on installation

Figure 2.1: Structure of hu-berlin bundle

When you run the makefile you get all these various files described above.

Guideline for Users

```
1 (*example)
```

3 Letter

We give an example on how to create a letter.

you can also write the position of this person in brackets, this is optional; [\langle position \rangle]

```
[Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter]
```

```
But you need to give a name:
```

```
6 {Dr. Max Mustermann}
```

The mail address

```
7\setkomavar{fromemail}{max.mustermann@hu-berlin.de}
```

For phone and fax number you only need to type the last digits.

```
8\setkomavar{fromphone}{1234}
```

If you don't have a fax (or a phone), leave it empty. Do not delete it.

```
9\setkomavar{fromfax}{5678}
```

And finally the URL.

```
10 \setkomavar{fromurl} {www.hu-berlin.de}
```

If your backaddress is to long – it will be set up automatically – you can redefine it.

```
11 %% \setkomavar{backaddress}{HU Berlin\\
12 %% Unter den Linden 6\\
13 %% D-10099 Berlin}
```

Selfexplaining: the faculty.

```
14\setkomavar{faculty}{%
15Philosophische Fakultät
16}
17\setkomavar{institute}{%
```

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```
\mbox{Institut für Briefvorlagen}
19 }
20\setkomavar{institute.additional}{Here you can add more text.}
21\setkomavar{institute.head}[Dekanin]{Prof. Dr. Maike Musterfrau}
22\setkomavar{institute.head.mail}{maike.musterfrau@hu-berlin.de}
23\setkomavar{local}{%
   Mohrenstraße 40/41\\
   Zimmer X\\
   D-10117 Berlin}
27\setkomavar{connections}{U Bahnhof Hausvogteiplatz (U2)}
28\setkomavar{accessibility}{Hausvogteiplatz}
29\setkomavar{signature}{%
   \usekomavar{institute.head} --
   \usekomavar{fromname}
32 }
<sub>33</sub> (/Ico)
```

```
Example 1
   \ProvidesFile{hu-berlin-letter-example.lco}
   \setkomavar{fromname}
     [Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter]
     {Dr. Max Mustermann}
   \setkomavar{fromemail}{max.mustermann@hu-berlin.de}
   \setkomavar{fromphone}{1234}
   \setkomavar{fromfax} {5678}
   \setkomavar{fromurl} {www.hu-berlin.de}
   %% \setkomavar{backaddress}{HU Berlin\\
10 %% Unter den Linden 6\\
   %% D-10099 Berlin}
   \setkomavar{faculty}{%
  Philosophische Fakultät
   \setkomavar{institute}{%
     \mbox{Institut für Briefvorlagen}
   \setkomavar{institute.additional}{Here you can add more text.}
   \setkomavar{institute.head} [Dekanin] {Prof. Dr. Maike
      Musterfrau}
   \setkomavar{institute.head.mail}{maike.musterfrau@hu-berlin.de}
   \setkomavar{local}{%
     Mohrenstraße 40/41\\
     Zimmer X\\
     D-10117 Berlin}
   \setkomavar{connections}{U Bahnhof Hausvogteiplatz (U2)}
   \setkomavar{accessibility}{Hausvogteiplatz}
   \setkomavar{signature}{%
     \usekomavar{institute.head} --
     \usekomavar{fromname}
```

```
30 }
31 %%
```

3.2 .tex-file

```
34 (*lefter)
35 \documentclass{hu-berlin-letter}
```

Now we load the personal data-file which has the ending .lco.

```
36 \LoadLetterOption{hu-berlin-letter-example}
```

If you have the HU font installed on your computer, you can load it, too:

```
37% \setmainfont[%
38% BoldFont=ScalaSans-BoldLF,
39% Numbers=OldStyle]{ScalaSans-RegularLF}
```

Now following the reference information

```
40 \setkomavar{myref}{}
41 \setkomavar{yourref}{}
42 \setkomavar{yourmail}{}
43 \setkomavar{customer}{}
44 \setkomavar{invoice}{}
45 \setkomavar{subject}{Betreff}
46 \usepackage{blindtext}
```

We close the preamble and start the letter

```
47 \begin{document}
```

The address is written as { ⟨address⟩ }

```
48 \begin{letter} {%

49    Erika Musterfrau\par

50    Musterweg 43\par

51    56789 Musterhausen%
```

Closing now again.

```
52 }
53 \opening{Sehr geehrte Frau Musterfrau,}
```

This is just some blindtext.

```
54 \blindtext[2]
55 \clearpage
56 \blindtext
```

Closing letter

```
57 \closing{Mit freundlichen Grüßen}
```

If you still have something to say/write.

```
58\ps PS: \dots
```

Any amendment.

```
59 \enc1{%
60 Anlage 1\\
61 Anlage 2%
62 }
```

This is the distribution

```
63 \cc{%
64 Verteiler 1\\
65 Verteiler 2%
66}
```

That's it. Done.

```
67 \end{letter}
68 \end{document}
```

And how does a example letter looks like?

```
Example 2
   \documentclass{hu-berlin-letter}
   \LoadLetterOption{hu-berlin-letter-example}
   \setkomavar{myref}{}
   \setkomavar{yourref}{}
   \setkomavar{yourmail}{}
   \setkomavar{customer}{}
   \setkomavar{invoice}{}
   \setkomavar{subject}{Betreff}
   \usepackage{blindtext}
   \begin{document}
10
   \begin{letter}{%
     Erika Musterfrau\par
     Musterweg 43\par
     56789 Musterhausen%
   \opening{Sehr geehrte Frau Musterfrau,}
   \blindtext[2]
   \clearpage
   \blindtext
   \closing{Mit freundlichen Grüßen}
   \ps PS: \dots
   \encl{%
     Anlage 1\\
     Anlage 2%
24
     Verteiler 1\\
     Verteiler 2%
   \end{letter}
   \end{document}
```

```
69 (/letter)
```

3.3 Letter from markdown

```
70 (*letter-md)
```

You need to have pandoc installed on your computer. To create letters via markdown and pandoc run from the command line:

pandoc –pdf-engine=lualatex –template hu-berlin-letter-template.latex -o YOUR-FILE.pdf YOUR-FILE.md

The .md file needs a section with metadata.

It starts and ends with three ---. All necessary metadata information are listed inbetween.

```
71 ---
72 documentclass: hu-berlin-letter
```

The following will load the .lco-file, you replace that with the name of your .lco-file.

```
73 sender: hu-berlin-letter-example
```

You should also tell a short subject

```
74 subject: Short description
```

The information for the addressee has to be written like this:

```
75 addressee:
76 - Alexander von Humboldt
77 - Unter den Linden 6
78 - 10099 Berlin
```

You find a list with possible options for this metadata information header below.

Now the content of your letter

```
80 Thank you very much for your letter.
```

Let's see how this example file looks like:

```
documentclass: hu-berlin-letter
sender: hu-berlin-letter-example
subject: Short description
addressee:
- Alexander von Humboldt
- Unter den Linden 6
- 10099 Berlin
---
Thank you very much for your letter.
```

81 (/letter-md)

Here we close the example files.

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 $_{82}\left</example\right>$

Guide for Coders

1 (*Sty)

4 hu-berlin-base-package

We do not need many packages. The ones we need are loaded now.

```
12 \RequirePackage[english, ngerman] {babel}
```

Common package for handling figures is **graphicx** [1].

```
13 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
```

For loading fonts.

```
14 \RequirePackage { fontspec }
```

Actually the corporate design says that the font Verdana should be used. But since this font is not included in UNIX-systems we use a derivative.

```
15\setmainfont{TeX Gyre Heros}
```

If you have Verdana on your system you can uncomment the following line.

```
16 % \setmainfont {Verdana}
```

For the wheelchair symbol we load marvosym [9]

```
17 \RequirePackage{marvosym}
```

1 https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/75065

And we define various colors from the corporate design manual.

```
18 \RequirePackage {xcolor}

19 \definecolor {hu-berlin-blue} {RGB} {0,65,137}

20 \definecolor {hu-berlin-green} {RGB} {150,190,20}

21 \definecolor {hu-berlin-grey} {RGB} {169,169,169}

22 \definecolor {hu-berlin-brown} {RGB} {82,79,60}
```

```
23 \definecolor{hu-berlin-red} {RGB} {180, 0, 0} That's all for the base package, so we close it. 24 \langle/base\rangle 25 \langle/sty\rangle 26 \langle*Cls\rangle
```

5 Letter

```
27 (*letter)
```

We load scrlttr2 [5] which is the documentclass for letters. Furthermore we set up some options.

```
28 \LoadClass[%
29 fontsize=10pt,
30 version=last,
```

If there is anything to debug, you can enable visualize

```
31 % visualize
32]{scrlttr2}
```

For debugging also uncomment the \showfields $\{\langle fields \rangle\}$ commanand.

```
33% \showfields{head, address, location, refline, foot}
```

Since all common and basic features of the bundle are located in a separate package we load that first.

```
34 \RequirePackage{hu-berlin-base}
```

To get the HU logo on the second and following pages we load scrlayer-scrpage [4].

```
35 \RequirePackage{scrlayer-scrpage}
36 \clearpairofpagestyles
37 \DeclareNewLayer[
38 foreground,
39 voffset=\useplength{firstheadvpos},
40 hoffset=\useplength{firstheadhpos},
41 width=\useplength{firstheadwidth},
42 mode=picture,
43 contents=\putUL{\raisebox{-\height}{\usekomavar{firsthead}}}}
44 ] {likefirstpage.head}
45 \AddLayersToPageStyle{scrheadings}{likefirstpage.head}
46 \DeclareNewLayer[
47 foreground,
```

1 https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/495258/98739

```
48 align=r,
  49 voffset=\useplength{locvpos},
  50 hoffset=\paperwidth-\useplength{lochpos},
  51 width=\useplength{locwidth},
  52 height=\useplength{locheight},
  53 contents=\usekomavar{nextlocation},
  54 %pretocontents=\layercontentsmeasure% to show the position of the layer
  55 | {likefirstpage.loc}
  56 \AddLayersToPageStyle { scrheadings } { likefirstpage.head, likefirstpage.loc }
 Now we apply the code for following pages.
  57 \newkomavar{nextlocation}
  58 \setkomavar{nextlocation} {%
      \raggedright
      \fontsize{7}{8.5}\selectfont
      \pagemark
  62 }
 For better adjustments of the layout we load geometry [2].
  63 \RequirePackage{geometry}
  64 \geometry { %
  65 a4paper
                       =2.5 \text{mm}
  66 ,left
  67 , bottom
                        =16mm
  68 , foot
                        =4\,\mathrm{mm}
                        =77 \,\mathrm{mm}
  69 , top
                       =15pt
  70 , headheight
                        =117mm
  71 , textwidth
                        =0 \text{mm}
  72 , marginparsep
  73 , marginparwidth = 0mm
  74 }
 Main Text and signature should be raggedright.
  75\renewcommand*{\raggedsignature}{\raggedright}
  76 \raggedright
 We also want to put the enclosures at the bottom of the page.<sup>2</sup>
  77 \def\stopletter{}
  78 \let\enclold\encl
  79\renewcommand\encl[1]{\vskip0ptplus1filll\enclold{#1}}
 We define new komavars.
   First the possibility to name the faculty,
  80 \newkomavar{faculty}
  81 \newkomafont{faculty}{\bfseries\fontsize{8.5}{10}\selectfont}
 then the institute
  82 \newkomavar{institute}
  83\newkomafont{institute}{\fontsize{8.5}{10}\selectfont}
2 https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/77991/put-the-encl-at-the-bottom-of-the-page-lettre-cl
```

```
and further fields for information.
```

```
84 \newkomavar{institute.additional}
```

We pass the name of the head of the institute.

```
85 \newkomafont{institute.head} {\bfseries}
86 \newkomavar{institute.head} %
```

Its position will be written as the optional argument.

There is even the possibility to print the email-address onto the letter.

```
87 \newkomavar{institute.head.mail}%
```

Since there are many buildings with offices we tell where to find the sender

```
88 \newkomavar{local}
89 \setkomavar*{local}{Sitz:}
```

and how to get there.

```
90 \newkomavar{connections}
91 \setkomavar*{connections} {Verkehrsverbindungen:}
```

Furthermore we inform about office hours

```
92 \newkomavar{officehours}
93 \setkomavar*{officehours}{Sprechzeiten:}
```

and if there is accessibility for wheelchairs etc.

```
94 \newkomavar{accessibility}
95 \setkomavar*{accessibility}{{\large\reflectbox{\Wheelchair}} Eingang:}
96 \newkomavar{bank}
97 \setkomavar*{bank}{Bankverbindung:}
98 \setkomavar{bank}{Deutsche Bank PGK AG}
99 \newkomavar{IBAN}
100 \setkomavar{IBAN} {\mbox{IBAN DE95 1007 0848 0512 6206 01}}
101 \newkomavar{BIC}
102 \setkomavar{BIC} {BIC DEUTDEDB110}
```

Now we set the location field, which is the section on the right with additional information:

```
103 \setkomavar{location}{%
```

First anything regarding the font

```
104 \raggedright
105 \fontsize{7}{8.5}\selectfont
106% \begin{macrocode}
107% and for the section of faculty, institute etc. we use \env{minipage}
108% \begin{macrocode}
109 \begin{minipage}[t][64mm]{\useplength{locwidth}}
```

then the faculty

```
110 \Ifkomavarempty{faculty}
```

This is a fake space to avoid any trouble if no custom metadata are given.

```
111 {\hspace*{lem}}
112 {\usekomafont{faculty}%
113 \usekomavar{faculty}\\[1\baselineskip]}
```

```
and the institute.
```

```
114 \ If komavarempty{institute}
115 { }
116 { \ usekomafont{institute} \ usekomavar{institute} \ [1\baselineskip] }
```

Now anything else regarding the institute.

```
117 \Ifkomavarempty{institute.additional}
118 {}
119 {\usekomavar{institute.additional}\\[1\baselineskip]}
```

What follows is the head of institute and its position name.

```
120 \Ifkomavarempty{institute.head}
121 {}
122 {{\usekomafont{institute.head}%
123 \usekomavar{institute.head}}\\%
124 \usekomavar*{institute.head}}
```

We close this section and the minipage.

```
125 \end{minipage}
```

Let's turn to further information.

For example date:

```
126 \textbf{\usekomavar*{date}}\\
127 \usekomavar{date}\par
```

and the sender of the letter.

```
128 \Ifkomavarempty{fromname}
129 {}
130 {\textbf{\usekomavar*{fromname}}\\
131 \usekomavar{fromname}\par}
```

And the reference of correspondence.

```
132 \Ifkomavarempty{myref}
133 {}
134 {\textbf{\usekomavar*{myref}}\\
135 \usekomavar{myref}\par}
```

To complete this template we provide the possibility to name further reference fields.

```
136 \Ifkomavarempty{yourref}
137 {}
138 {\textbf{\usekomavar*{yourref}}\\
139 \usekomavar{yourref}\par}
140 \Ifkomavarempty{yourmail}
141 {}
142 {\textbf{\usekomavar*{yourmail}}\\
143 \usekomavar{yourmail}\par}
144 \Ifkomavarempty{customer}
145 {}
146 {\textbf{\usekomavar*{customer}}\\
147 \usekomavar{customer}\par}
```

186

{ }

```
148 \Ifkomavarempty{invoice}
    {\textbf{\usekomavar*{invoice}}\\
150
     \usekomavar{invoice}\par}
151
     \textbf{\usekomavar*{fromaddress}}\\
152
     \usekomavar{fromaddress}
153
     \Ifkomavarempty{fromphone}
154
       {\par}
155
       {\\\usekomavar*{fromphone}\usekomavar{fromphone}
156
        \Ifkomavarempty{fromfax}
157
       {\par}
158
       { \ \ } }
159
     \Ifkomavarempty{fromfax}
160
161
        {\usekomavar*{fromfax}\usekomavar{fromfax}\par}
162
Next, emails and url:
163 \Ifkomavarempty{institute.head.mail}
164
     {\usekomavar{institute.head.mail}
165
     \Ifkomavarempty{fromemail}
166
     {\Ifkomavarempty{fromurl}
167
      {\par}
168
      { \ \ } }
169
     { \ \ } }
171 \Ifkomavarempty{fromemail}
172
     { }
     {\usekomavar{fromemail}
173
     \Ifkomavarempty{fromurl}
174
     {\par}
175
     { \ \ }
176
177 \Ifkomavarempty { fromurl }
178
     {\usekomavar{fromurl}\par}
179
Now the actual location of the sender
180 \Ifkomavarempty{local}
     {\textbf{\usekomavar*{local}}\\
     \usekomavar{local}\par}
The last information section should be pinned to the bottom.
184 \vfill
Inform your addressee about the connection possibilities.
185 \Ifkomavarempty{connections}
```

187

```
{\textbf{\usekomavar*{connections}}\\
     \usekomavar{connections}\par}
189 \Ifkomavarempty{officehours}
     {\textbf{\usekomavar*{officehours}}\\
     \usekomavar{officehours}\par}
If there is a barrier free entrance, tell it.
193 \Ifkomavarempty{accessibility}
194
     {\textbf{\usekomavar*{accessibility}}\\
195
     \usekomavar{accessibility}\par}
And last the bank connection
197 \Ifkomavarempty{bank}
198
     {\textbf{\usekomavar*{bank}}\\
     \usekomavar{bank}\\
200
     \usekomavar{IBAN}\\
     \usekomavar{BIC}
Finally we close \setkomavar { \langle location \rangle }
204 }
To fulfill the Corporate Design rules we adjust a few things.
205 \KOMAoptions {%
     numericaldate =true
                 =nodate
     ,refline
     ,backaddress =plain
208
     ,parskip
                      =half-
200
210 }
Getting rid of all other fields and their default position.
211 \removereffields
Redefining length.
212 \setplength{refvpos}{110mm}
213 \setplength{refaftervskip}{Opt}
214\setplength{toaddrhpos}{25mm}
215 \setplength{firstheadhpos} { \useplength{toaddrhpos}}
216 \setplength{lochpos}{15mm}
217 \setplength{locvpos}{\useplength{toaddrvpos}}
218 \addtoplength{locvpos}{.75\baselineskip}
219 \setplength{locwidth}{45mm}
220\setplength{locheight}{232mm}
```

Now resetting or pre-defining some variables.

First we set the head of the first page, which is the logo. Be sure that you have the right using it! Everything regarding the logo is defined in the corporate design guidlines.³ You need to have the actual logo of the Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin which has to be called hu-berlin-logo.pdf. It can be downloaded here: http://zope.hu-berlin.de/hu-intern/design/downloads/logo If this logo is not found a replacement text is shown instead.

```
221\setkomavar{firsthead}{%
222 \IfFileExists{hu-berlin-logo.pdf}
     {\includegraphics[width=145mm]{hu-berlin-logo.pdf}}
     {{\vspace*{2em}\hfil\scshape [humboldt-universität zu berlin]}}%
224
225 }
226 \setkomavar{backaddressseparator} { ~ \textbar~}
227 \setkomavar{fromphone} {0000}
228\setkomavar*{fromphone}{Telefon +49 [30] 2093-}
229 \setkomavar{fromfax} {0000}
230\setkomavar*{fromfax}{Telefax +49 [30] 2093-}
231 \setkomavar*{fromaddress}{Postanschrift:}
232 \setkomavar{fromaddress}{%
     Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin\\
     Unter den Linden 6\\
234
    D-10099 Berlin}
235
The default backaddress is slightly changed:
236 \setkomavar{backaddress}{%
     Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin∖\
237
    UdL 6\\
238
    D-10099 Berlin}
239
```

```
240 \setkomavar*{date}{Datum:}

241 \setkomavar*{fromname}{Bearbeiter:}

242 \setkomavar*{myref}{Geschäftszeichen:}

243 \setkomavar*{enclseparator}{Anlage}

244 \setkomavar*{ccseparator}{Kopie an}

245 % \RequirePackage{hyperref}

246 % \AtBeginDocument{{
247 % \usekomavar[\def\author]{fromname}

248 % \usekomavar[\def\subject]{subject}

249 % \hypersetup{%
```

3 https://www.hu-berlin.de/de/hu-intern/design/basiselemente/ leitfaden-corporate-design-hu.pdf

pdftitle

pdfauthor

250 %

251 %

= {\subject},

= {\author},

```
pdfsubject
252 %
                                  = {\subject},
                                 = {\author, \subject},
          pdfkeywords
253 %
          pdflang
                                = de,
254 %
          pdfdisplaydoctitle = true,
255 %
256 %
          colorlinks
                                  = true,
257 %
          plainpages
                                  = false,
258 %
          hypertexnames
                                  = false,
          unicode,
259 %
260 %
261 % } }
262 (/letter)
<sub>263</sub> (/Cls)
264 (*template)
```

6 Boilerplate / Template for letters

```
265 (*letter-md)
 266 \documentclass {hu-berlin-letter}
We predefine two variables.
 267 \newkomavar{opening}
 268 \newkomavar{closing}
 269\setkomavar{opening}{Sehr geehrte Damen und Herren}
 270\setkomavar{closing}{Mit freundlichen Grüßen}
 271 $for (letteroption) $
 272 \LoadLetterOption{$letteroption$}
 273 $endfor$
 274 $if (sender) $\LoadLetterOption {$sender$} $endif$
 275 $if(addresseeimage) $\setkomavar{addresseeimage} { $addresseeimage$ } $endif$
 276 $if (backaddress) $\setkomavar{backaddress} { $backaddress$} \KOMAoptions{backaddress}
 277 $if(fromalign) $\KOMAoptions{fromalign=$fromalign$} $endif$
 278 $if(customer) $\setkomavar{customer} {$customer$} $endif$
 279 $if(date) $\setkomavar{date} {$date$} $endif$
 280 $if(fromaddress) $\setkomavar{fromaddress}{$fromaddress$}$endif$
 281 $if(frombank) $\setkomavar{frombank}{$frombank$} $endif$
 282 $if(fromemail) $\setkomavar{fromemail}{\$fromemail$}\KOMAoptions{fromemail=tr
 283 $if(fromfax) $\setkomavar{fromfax} {$fromfax$} \KOMAoptions{fromfax=true} $endi:
  284 \ (from logo) \ (from l
 285 $if(frommobilephone) $\setkomavar{frommobilephone} { $frommobilephone$} \KOMAop
 286 $if(fromname) $\setkomavar{fromname} {$fromname$} $endif$
```

```
287 $if(fromphone) $\setkomavar{fromphone}{\$fromphone$}\KOMAoptions{fromphone=tr
288 $if(fromurl) $\setkomavar{fromurl} { $fromurl$} \KOMAoptions { fromurl=true} $endi:
289 $if(fromzipcode) $\setkomavar{fromzipcode} {\$fromzipcode$} $endif$
290 $if(invoice) $\setkomavar{invoice} {\$invoice\} \$endif\$
291 $if(location) $\setkomavar{location} {$location$} $endif$
292 $if (myref) $\setkomavar{myref} { $myref$} $endif$
293 $if (myrefname) $\setkomavar*{myref} { $myrefname$ } $endif$
294 $if(place) $\setkomavar{place} { $place$} $endif$
295 $if (PPcode) $\setkomavar{PPcode} { $PPcode$} $endif$
296 $if(signature) $\setkomavar{signature}{$signature$}$endif$
297 $if(specialmail) $\setkomavar{specialmail} {$specialmail$} $endif$
298 $if(subject) $\setkomavar{subject} {$subject$} $endif$
299 $if(title) $\setkomavar{title} {$title$} $endif$
300 $if(yourmail)$\setkomavar{yourmail}{$yourmail$}$endif$
301 $if(yourref)$\setkomavar{yourref}{$yourref$}$endif$
302 $if(opening) $\setkomavar{opening} {$opening$} $endif$
303 $if(closing) $\setkomavar{closing} {$closing$} $endif$
304 $if(firstfoot) $\setkomavar{firstfoot} {\$firstfoot$} \$endif\$
```

Ok, let's sum up the possible options you can use to pass data to the letter:

- addresseeimage
- backaddress
- customer
- date
- fromaddress
- frombank
- fromemail
- fromfax
- fromlogo
- frommobilephone
- fromname
- fromphone
- fromurl
- fromzipcode
- invoice
- location
- myref
- myrefname
- place
- PPcode
- signature
- specialmail
- subject
- title
- yourmail
- yourref
- opening

- closing
- firstfoot

Sometimes you might not have an addressee – we are checking this, too.

```
305 $if(addressee)$
306 $else$
307 \KOMAoptions{addrfield=false}
308 $endif$
```

Now the actual content of the letter

```
309 \begin{document}
310 \begin{letter} {%
311 $for (addressee) $
312 $addressee$$sep$\\
313 $endfor$
314 }
315 $for (include-before) $
316 $include-before$
317 $endfor$
318 \opening{\usekomavar{opening}}
319 $body$
320 \closing{\usekomavar{closing}}
321 $if (ps) $\ps{$ps$}$endif$
322 $if (encl) $\encl{$encl$}$endif$
323 $for (include-after) $$include-after$$endfor$
324 \end{letter}
325 \end{document}
326 (/letter-md)
327 (/template)
```

7 Documentation preamble <style>

```
328 (*sty)
329 (*style)
330 \makeatletter
331 \addtolength\marginparwidth{-40pt}
332 \addtolength\marginparsep{4mm}
333 \addtolength\oddsidemargin{-20pt}
334 \addtolength\evensidemargin{-20pt}
335 \let\PrintDescribeMacro=\@gobble
336 \let\PrintDescribeEnv=\@gobble
337 % \def\Describe@Macro#1{\endgroup
338 % \marginnote{\PrintDescribeMacro{#1}}%
```

```
\SpecialUsageIndex{#1}\@esphack\ignorespaces%
339 <sup>%</sup>
340 %
341 % \def\Describe@Env#1 {\endgroup
342 %
         %\marginnote{\PrintDescribeEnv{#1}}%
         \SpecialEnvIndex{#1}\@esphack\ignorespaces%
343 <sup>%</sup>
344 <sup>%</sup>
         }
345\makeatother
346 \AtBeginDocument { \normalmarginpar }
347\setlength\MacrocodeTopsep{.5\baselineskip}
348 \setlength\MacroIndent { 6mm}
349
350
351 \RequirePackage{luatexbase}
352 \RequirePackage[ngerman, english] {babel}
353 \RequirePackage { calc }
354
355 \RequirePackage[
                = a4paper, % - use A4 paper size
    paper
356
                 = 2cm
    foot
357
                 = 3cm,
                          % - total body: left margin (odd pages)
    inner
358
                 = 3cm,
                          % - total body: top margin
    top
                          % - total body: right margin (odd pages)
                 = 3cm,
360
    outer
                          % - total body: bottom margin
    bottom
                 = 3cm,
    marginparwidth = 2cm, % - width for side note
    marginparsep = .5cm, % - space between notes and body text (content)
364% showframe,
365] {geometry}
366
367 \newlength\fullwidth
368\setlength\fullwidth{\textwidth+\marginparwidth+\marginparsep}
369
370 \KOMAoptions {
371 numbers
             = noenddot,
372 }
373 \AtBeginDocument {
374 \KOMAoptions{
375% headwidth = {\fullwidth},
376% footwidth = {\fullwidth},
_{377} footheight = 20pt,
_{37}8 headheight = 29pt,
379 captions
             = tableheading,
380 } }
381
382
383
384 \title { \huberlintitle }
385 %\subtitle{\huberlinsubtitle}
```

```
386 \author{\huberlinauthor}
 387 \date{\Version}
 388
 389
 390 %---- Required Packages
 391 \RequirePackage{ifluatex, luatex85}
 392\ifx\directlua\relax
      \let\directlua\UnDeFiNeD
 394 \fi
 395\ifluatex
 396\else
 397 \GenericError{hu-berlin}%
 398 {Please use 'LuaLaTeX' as Compiler.^^J I abort here.}
 399 \fi
 For fonts we load the package fontspec [8] which has almost no limits handling font-stuff.
 400 \RequirePackage { fontspec }
 401 \RequirePackage [mono=false] {libertine}
 402 \RequirePackage { amssymb }
 403
 404 \defaultfontfeatures {%
      Ligatures = TeX
 406 }
 For fonts we use the available TeX Gyre Pagella as main font. 1
 407\setmainfont[%
 408
       Ligatures = TeX
      , Numbers = OldStyle]{TeX Gyre Pagella}
 409
 And we declare also the other fonts, too.
 410 \setmonofont[%
  411 Scale=1
 412] {TeX Gyre Cursor}
 413 \setsansfont[%
 , LetterSpace = .8
 415] {TeX Gyre Adventor-Regular}
 416 \linespread{1.05}
 417
 418
 420 \RequirePackage {marginnote}
 421 \renewcommand* { \marginfont } {%
      \rule{0pt}{0.7\baselineskip}%
 422
      \footnotesize%
 423
      \color{hu-berlin-brown}}
 424
 425
1 http://www.gust.org.pl/projects/e-foundry/tex-gyre
```

```
426 \RequirePackage[
    german = guillemets,
    style = german,
428
429] {csquotes}
431 \RequirePackage {enumitem}
432\setlist{
   nosep,
    % itemindent=1em,
434
    % labelindent=0.5\parindent,
435
    leftmargin=*}
437 \newlist{tabitemize}{itemize}{2}% neue Listenumgebung
438 \setlist[tabitemize] {%
   nosep,
439
    leftmargin=*
440
441 }
442\setlist[tabitemize,1]{label=\labelitemi}
443\setlist[tabitemize, 2]{label=\labelitemii}
444
445
446 \clubpenalty=10000 % prevent single lines at the beginning of a paragraph
447\widowpenalty=10000 % prevent single lines at the end of a paragraph (Hure
448 \displaywidowpenalty=10000
450 \RequirePackage { pdfpages }
451 \RequirePackage{biblatex}
452 \addbibresource { \ jobname-bibliography.bib}
453 \addbibresource { \jobname-ctan.bib}
454 \RequirePackage{ccicons} %creative commons
455 \RequirePackage { xparse }
456 \RequirePackage { ragged2e }
457 \RequirePackage {microtype}
458 \RequirePackage { xspace }
459 \RequirePackage { graphicx }
460 \graphicspath { \limg/ \right\}
461 \RequirePackage { etoolbox }
462 %https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/235881/98739
463 \AfterEndPreamble { %
    \maketitle
464
    \renewcommand\MacroFont{\ttfamily}
465
    \renewcommand\AltMacroFont{\ttfamily\linespread{.8}}% slanted verbatim
466
467 }
468
469% https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/401466/98739
470 \makeatletter
471 \renewcommand* { \maketitle } {%
```

```
% taken and shortened from /usr/share/texmf/tex/latex/koma-script/scrartc
472
    \begin{titlepage}
473
    \newgeometry{left=3cm, right=3cm, top=1.5cm, bottom=2cm}
474
    \global\@topnum=\z@
475
    \setparsizes{\z@}{\z@}{\z@\endown}  a fill \pareupdate relative
476
    \null
477
     {\large\@author\hfill \href{mailto:lukas@texografie.de} {lukas@texografie.de
478
    \vskip 10em%
479
480 {\begin{center}\color{hu-berlin-blue}
481 {\fontsize{50}{55}\selectfont\huberlinshort{} \par\vskip .5em%
482 \Large\sffamily\@title}\par
483 \vskip .5em
484 \end{center}}%
485 {\ifx\@subtitle\@empty\else\usekomafont{subtitle}\@subtitle\par\fi}%
486 \null\vskip 5em%
487 \blockcquote[195] {Hoare1973} {Documentation must be regarded as an integral |
488 A good programming language will encourage and assist the programmer to wr.
489 self-documenting code,
490 and even perhaps to develop
491 and display a pleasant style
492 of writing.}
493 \null\vfill
494 {\usekomafont{subtitle}{\@date \hfill
495\includegraphics[width=4cm]{img/texografie-logo.pdf}\\}}%
    \par
497 \vskip 0em
498
    \restoregeometry
    \end{titlepage}
500 } %
501 \makeatother
502
503 \RequirePackage {xcolor}
504 \definecolor{hu-berlin-blue} {RGB} {0,65,137} % HEX 004189
505 \definecolor{hu-berlin-green}{RGB}{150,190,20} % HEX 93C11A % Topoi
506 \definecolor{hu-berlin-grey} {RGB} {169, 169, 169}
507 \definecolor{hu-berlin-brown} {RGB} {82,79,60}
508 \definecolor{hu-berlin-red} {RGB} {180,0,0}
510
511 \RequirePackage { dirtree }
512 \renewcommand*\DTstylecomment {%
    \color{hu-berlin-grey}%
    \footnotesize%
514
    \sffamily}
515
516 \renewcommand*\DTstyle {%
    \ttfamily%
517
518
    \small%
```

```
}
519
520
521 \RequirePackage[
         markcase
                                        = noupper,
          footsepline = .5pt,
          % headsepline = .5pt,
          autooneside = false, % use left and right marks with a onesided document
          automark, % set \leftmark and \rightmark automatically by *\section and \si
          draft = false,
527
          ] {scrlayer-scrpage}
528
530 \pagestyle { scrheadings }
531 \clearscrheadfoot
532 \rofoot * { \thepage }
533 \lofoot*{\textcolor{hu-berlin-blue}{\huberlintitle}\ \vrule\ \textcolor{hu-
     534 \rohead* {hu-berlin-bundle}
535 \lohead*{Version: \Version}
536% https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/352925/98739
537 \newcommand*\partnumber{}
538 \DeclareNewLayer[
         background,
539
          textarea,
540
          addwidth=\marginparsep+\marginparwidth,
         mode=picture,
542
         contents={%
544\putC{\makebox[0pt][c]{\raisebox{-.5\height}{\scalebox{50}{\textcolor{black
546 ] {partnumber}
547 \DeclareNewPageStyleByLayers{part}{partnumber}
548 \renewcommand\partpagestyle{part}
549 \renewcommand* {\partformat} {\qdef\partnumber {\thepart}}
551% only a dirty workaround for the part title
552 \newcommand*\changedpartwidth[1] {%
          \makebox[\linewidth][1]{%
554 \parbox{\dimexpr\textwidth+\marginparsep+\marginparwidth\relax}{\raggedpart
          } 응
555
556 }
557 % add \changedpartwidth as last command to the settings for font element pas
558 \addtokomafont{part}{\Huge\changedpartwidth}
560
562 %-https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/339516/98739 | https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/339516/98739 | https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/339516/98799 | https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/339516/98799 | https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/339516/98799 | https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/399999 | https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/3999999 | https://tex.stackexchange.com/
563% footnotes in the footer:
```

```
564 \deffootnote%
     %[\normalparindent]%<width of mark>
     {0.0cm}%<indent of footnote text>
566
     {\normalparindent}%<paragraph indent in the footnote text>
567
     {\makebox[\normalparindent][r]%
568
     {\thefootnotemark\hspace*{3pt}}}%<definition of mark>
570 \newlength {\normalparindent}
571 \AtBeginDocument {\setlength {\normalparindent} {\parindent}}
572 \setfootnoterule{Opt}% Kein Fußnotenstrich
573 %\setfootnoterule[<height>]{<length>}
574
This will put the numbers of the chapters and sections into the margin.
575 \renewcommand\sectionlinesformat[4] {%
     \makebox[0pt][r]{#3}#4%
577 }
578 \RequirePackage {url}
579 <sup>%</sup>
     \urlstyle{same}
581\setkomafont{title}{\sffamily\color{hu-berlin-blue}\flushleft\bfseries}
582\setkomafont{disposition}{\color{hu-berlin-brown}\sffamily\bfseries\large}
583\setkomafont{section}{\usekomafont{disposition}}
584\setkomafont{subsection}{\usekomafont{disposition}}
585\setkomafont{subsubsection}{\usekomafont{disposition}}
586% \setkomafont{paragraph}{\bfseries}
587 % \setkomafont{subsubsection}{\sffamilybold}
588 \setkomafont {subtitle} {\large\color {hu-berlin-brown} \sffamily\flushleft}
589\setkomafont{pageheadfoot}{\footnotesize\sffamily\color{hu-berlin-
  grey } }
590 \setkomafont{descriptionlabel} {\bfseries}
591 \setkomafont{footnotelabel}{\bfseries}
592 \addtokomafont{titlehead} {\flushright}
593 % \setkomafont{headsepline}{\color{hu-berlin-blue}}
594 %\setkomafont {marginnote} {\MakeUppercase\color {hu-berlin-brown}}
595 \addtokomafont{caption}{\scriptsize}
596 \setkomafont{captionlabel} {\bfseries\sffamily}
597 \setkomafont { subject } { \bfseries \sffamily }
598 \setcapindent { Opt }
600 \raggedbottom
602 \RequirePackage { listings }
603 \PassOptionsToPackage{final} {listings}
604 \RequirePackage[%
      skins
605
     ,listings
606
     , breakable
607
```

```
608  ,xparse
609  ,documentation
610]{tcolorbox}
611\lstMakeShortInline[language=TeX,basicstyle=\ttfamily]|
```

Following we load **hyperxmp** [6] and **hyperref** [7] for PDF-meta data and interactive linked text.

```
612 \RequirePackage { hyperxmp }
613 \RequirePackage{hyperref}
614 \hypersetup{% setup the hyperref-package options
    unicode
                = true,
615
    pdfauthor
                    = {hu-berlin}, % - author (PDF meta)
616
    pdfauthortitle
                        = \{ \}
617
    pdfcopyright
                   = {Copyright (c) \the\year . All rights reserved.},
618
619
    pdfhighlight
                    = /N,
    pdfdisplaydoctitle = true,
620
              = {},%de en
    pdflang
621
    pdfcaptionwriter = {Lukas C. Bossert},
622
    pdfkeywords
                   = {hu-berlin},
    pdfencoding
                    = auto,
    pdfproducer
                   = {hu-berlin with LuaLaTeX},
625
    bookmarksnumbered = true,
    bookmarksopenlevel = 2,
627
    bookmarksopen = true,
628
    bookmarksdepth = 3,
629
    colorlinks
                   = true,
                                %Colours links instead of ugly boxes
630
    urlcolor
                    = hu-berlin-blue,
                                         %Colour for external hyperlinks
631
    linkcolor
                    = black,
                                %Colour of internal links
632
                                %Colour of citations
    citecolor
                    = black,
633
    linktoc
634
                    = page,
                    = \{0 \ 0 \ 0 \},
    pdfborder
    breaklinks
                    = true, %allow line break inside links
    final
637
639 \RequirePackage {bookmark}
640
641 \RequirePackage[
642
    sort,
    nameinlink,
643
    compress,
644
    ngerman, english
645
646]{cleveref}
647
648
649 %---- newcommands
650 \newcommand{\TeXografie}{Lukas C. Bossert
651 (www.texografie.de) }
```

```
652 \newcommand\huberlin{\huberlintitle\xspace}
653
654
655 \newcommand\huberlinFolder{%
    \begingroup%
656
    \normalfont%
657
    \color{hu-berlin-blue}%
658
    % \faFolderOpen% taken from fontawesome
    \hspace{.3em}%
660
    \endgroup}
661
663
664
665 \RedeclareSectionCommands[
    tocraggedpagenumber,
    toclinefill=\tocpageseparator,
667
668
    tocindent=0em,
    tocnumwidth=4em,
669
    tocpagenumberbox=\tocpagenumberbox% <- added</pre>
670
671% tocpagenumberformat=\textsf,
672 ] {chapter, section, subsection, subsubsection, paragraph}
674\newcommand\tocgobble[1]{}% <- added
675 \newcommand\tocpageseparator{\footnotesize\,\mbox{---}\,}
676 \newcommand\tocpagenumberbox[1] {\mbox{#1}}% <- added
677 \KOMAoptions {toc=indentunnumbered}
679 \RedeclareSectionCommand[
    tocbeforeskip=1.25em plus 1pt
     ,tocentryformat=\large\scshape%
681
     ,tocindent=0em
682
     ,tocnumwidth=4em
683
     ,tocpagenumberbox=\tocgobble% <- added
685] {part}
686 %\addtokomafont{partentry}{\scshape\sffamily\bfseries}
687
688 \RedeclareSectionCommand[%
       ,beforeskip=1.15em plus 1pt%
690, tocentryformat=\textbf%
    % ,toclinefill={\TOCLineLeaderFill}%\TOCLineLeaderFill[\textbf{.}]
692 ] {chapter}
693
694
695
697 \newtcolorbox{example}[1][]{
   breakable,
```

```
top=5pt,
699
    bottom=5pt,
700
    colback=hu-berlin-blue!10,
701
    colframe=hu-berlin-blue,
702
    left=5pt,
703
    right=5pt,
704
     sharp corners,
    boxrule=0pt,
    bottomrule=2pt,
707
    toprule=2pt,
708
     enhanced jigsaw,
709
    lefttitle=0pt,
710
     coltitle=white,
711
     fonttitle=\bfseries,
712
     fontupper=\small, %\ttfamily,
713
    % colbacktitle=hu-berlin-blue!20
714
    #1,
715
716 }
717
718% Replace the squat-u symbol for spaces
719% https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/488123/98739
720\makeatletter
721 \def\lst@visiblespace{\lst@ttfamily{\char32}$\textcolor{hu-berlin-
  grey}{\cdot}$}
722 \makeatother
723
724
725 \lstset{%
   basicstyle = \linespread{0.7}\ttfamily
727 , breaklines = true
728 , breakatwhitespace
729 ,alsoletter=\\\{\}\*\[\]\-
730 , showstringspaces=true
731 }
733 \lstdefinestyle{hu-berlinlistingstyledef}{%
                  = 4,
    tabsize
734
    breaklines
                   = true,
735
    breakatwhitespace = true,
736
    postbreak=\mbox{$\hookrightarrow$},
737
    %keepspaces
                   = true,
738
    escapeinside = \{(*@)\{@*)\},
739
    moredelim
                  = {[is][\ttfamily\bfseries\color{hu-berlin-blue}]{|}{|}},
740
    moredelim
                   = {[is][\ttfamily\bfseries\color{hu-berlin-blue}]{|1}{1|}},
741
                   = {[is][\ttfamily\bfseries\color{hu-berlin-red}]{|2}{2|}},
    moredelim
742
    aboveskip=0pt,
743
    belowskip=0pt,
744
```

```
captionpos=b,
745
     resetmargins=true,
746
     sensitive=true,
747
    upquote=true,
748
     showspaces=true,
749
     showtabs=true,
750
     tab=\textcolor{hu-berlin-grey}{\rightarrowfill},
751
     %numbers=left,
752
     %numberstyle=\footnotesize\ttfamily\color{hu-berlin-grey},
753
                   = [1] \{ \ \},
754
    commentstyle = \footnotesize\color{hu-berlin-grey}\addfontfeature{LetterS}
755
     % deletecomment = [1] \{ \
756
     % morecomment = [1][\nullfont]{\%<},</pre>
757
     % deletecomment = [is] \{ \ \ \ \} \}
758
759 }
760
761 \lstdefinestyle {hu-berlinlistingstyle} {%
     language = {TeX},
              = {hu-berlinlistingstyledef},
     style
763
764 }
765
766
767
768
769
770
771 \tcbset {%
772 hu-berlinstyle/.style={%
    enhanced,
773
    before skip=2mm,
774
    after skip=3mm,
775
    boxrule=0.7pt,
776
    left=2mm,
    right=2mm,
778
    top=2mm,
779
    bottom=2mm,
78o
    sharp corners,
781
    colback=white,
782
    colbacklower=white,
     % fonttitle=\sffamily\bfseries,
784
    breakable,
785
     %before skip=\baselineskip,
786
     coltitle=white,
787
788
    colbacktitle=hu-berlin-blue!50!black,
    fonttitle=\bfseries\sffamily\footnotesize,
789
     % before upper={\mynote{\thetcbcounter}},
790
    title={\hfill{Example \thetcbcounter}},
```

```
792
    },
793 codecomment/.style={%
    listing outside comment, %
    boxrule=0pt,
795
    colback=white,
796
    }
798 }
799
800 \newtcolorbox{warning}[1][]{
    enhanced,
    before skip=2mm,
    after skip=3mm,
803
    boxrule=0.7pt,
804
    left=5mm,
805
806
    right=2mm,
    top=2mm,
807
808
    bottom=2mm,
    colback=white,
809
    colframe=yellow!20!black,
810
811
    sharp corners,
    rounded corners=southeast,
812
    arc is angular,
813
    arc=3mm,
814
    underlay={%
816 \path[fill=hu-berlin-grey!80!black] ([yshift=3mm]interior.south east)--
  ++(-0.4,-0.1)--++(0.1,-0.2);
817\path[draw=hu-berlin-grey, shorten <=-0.05mm, shorten >=-0.05mm] ([yshift=3mm
  ++(-0.4,-0.1)--++(0.1,-0.2);
818 \path[fill=red!50!black, draw=none] (interior.south west) rectangle node[white
819 },
820
    drop fuzzy shadow,
    #1
821
    }
822
823
824 \newtcblisting[%
    auto counter,
                = {example} {examples},
826
    crefname
    Crefname
              = {Example} {Examples},
827
828] {codetext}[2][]{%
   hu-berlinstyle,
830 %
    side text,
   rounded corners=northeast,
831
    arc=6mm,
832
    listing style=hu-berlinlistingstyle,
833
    label = \#2,
834
    #1,
835
    }
836
```

```
837
838 \newtcblisting[%
    use counter from=codetext,
    crefname={code example} {code examples},
   Crefname={Code example} {Code examples} %
841
842 ] {code} [2] [] {%
   hu-berlinstyle,
    rounded corners=southeast,
    arc=6mm,
    listing only,
    listing style=hu-berlinlistingstyle,
    label = #2,
848
    #1,
849
850 }
851
852
853 \DeclareTCBInputListing[%
    use counter from=codetext,
854
    crefname={code example} {code examples},
855
    Crefname={Code example} {Code examples} %
857]{\huberlinlisting}{ O{} m }{%
   hu-berlinstyle,
    listing file={#2},
    listing only,
      listing style=hu-berlinlistingstyle,
    #1,
863 }
864
865 \makeatletter
866 \newrobustcmd* {\fnurl}[1][] {\hyper@normalise\ltd@fnurl{#1}}
867 \def\ltd@fnurl#1#2{\footnote{#1\hyper@linkurl{\Hurl{#2}}{#2}}}
868 \makeatother
```

The first command is used to refrence packages with: $\pkg{\langle package\ name \rangle}$.² The name of the package is linked to its entry on CTAN and refrenced to the bibliography in the end of this documentation.

```
869 \RequirePackage{newfile}
870 \newoutputstream{pkglist}

871 \NewDocumentCommand{\pkg} {om} {%
872 \IfNoValueTF{#1}
873 {\lowercase{\href{http://www.ctan.org/pkg/#2}} {\textbf{#2}}}
874 {\lowercase{\href{http://www.ctan.org/pkg/#1-#2}} {\textbf{#2}}}%
875 \space\cite{#2}%
876 \addtostream{pkglist} {#2}}
```

2 Do not forget to insert the name of the package into the makefile in the definition of PKG.

```
877 \newrobustcmd*{\lit}[1]{\textsf{#1}}
878 \newrobustcmd* { \Code } [1] { \texttt { #1 } }
879 \newrobustcmd* { \tex} { \TeX}
88o \newrobustcmd* {\etex} {\mbox{e-TeX}}
881 \newrobustcmd* {\pdftex} {pdf\-\tex}
882 \newrobustcmd* { \xetex} {Xe\-\tex}
883 \newrobustcmd* {\luatex} {Lua\-\tex}
884\newrobustcmd*{\latex}{\LaTeX}%{La\kern-0.07em TeX}
885 \newrobustcmd* { \pdflatex } {pdf\-\latex }
886 \newrobustcmd* {\xelatex} {Xe\-\latex}
887 \newrobustcmd* {\lualatex} {Lua\-\latex}
888 \newrobustcmd* { \miktex } {Mik \-\tex }
889 \newrobustcmd* { \texlive } { \tex~live }
890 \newrobustcmd* {\bibtex} {Bib\kern-0.07em TeX}
891 \newrobustcmd*{\lppl}{\latex{} Project Public License}
892 \newrobustcmd* { \pdf } { { PDF } }
893 \newrobustcmd* { \md} { {MarkDown} }
894 \newrobustcmd* {\utf} {\mbox{{UTF}-8}}
895% no \mbox here, we may have to break things
896 \newrobustcmd* {\bibfield} [1] {\Code{#1}}
897 \newrobustcmd* {\opt} [1] {\Code{#1}}
898 \newrobustcmd* {\bibmacro} [1] {\Code{#1}}
899 \newrobustcmd* {\bibtype} [1] {\Code{@#1}}
900 %\renewrobustcmd* {\cmd}[1] {\Code{\textbackslash #1}}
901\renewrobustcmd\meta[1]{\normalfont{\textlangle}{\itshape#1\/}{\textrangle}}
903% directly taken from ltxdoc.dtx
904 \renewrobustcmd\marg[1] {%
    {\ttfamily\textcolor{hu-berlin-red}{\{}}%
905
     \meta{#1}%
906
     {\ttfamily\textcolor{hu-berlin-red}{\}}}%
907
    }
908
909
910 \renewrobustcmd\oarg[1] {%
    {\ttfamily\textcolor{hu-berlin-green}{[}}%
     \meta{#1}%
912
    {\ttfamily\textcolor{hu-berlin-green}{]}}%
914
915
916% adapted from listings.dtx (lstdoc.sty)
917 \renewrobustcmd\cmd[1] {%
    \texttt{\color{hu-berlin-blue}\textbackslash\string#1}\xspace%
    }
919
920
921 \newrobustcmd\env[2][]{%
   \texttt{%
923 \color{hu-berlin-blue}%
```

```
924 \textbackslash begin\{\string#2\}#1}%
925 \ldots
926 \texttt{%
927 \color{hu-berlin-blue}%
928 \textbackslash end\{\string#2\}}%
929 \xspace}
```

For a common layout of the parameter style to identify code of the different documents, files and packages we use \param{\(name of the parameter \) \}.

```
930 \newcommand\param[1]{%
    \begingroup%
931
    \normalfont%
932
    \ttfamily%
933
    \bfseries%
934
    \textless%
935
    #1%
    \ttfamily%
937
    \bfseries%
938
    \textgreater%
939
940
    \endgroup}
941 \pdfstringdefDisableCommands { %
942 \def\lstinline#1{<#1>}
943 \def\tex{TeX}%
944 \def\etex{e-TeX}%
945 \def\xetex{XeTeX}%
946 \def\latex{LaTeX}%
947 \def\xelatex{XeLaTeX}%
948 \def\bibtex{BibTeX}%
949 \def\lppl{LaTeX Project Public License}%
950 \def\pdf{PDF}%
951 \def\utf{UTF-8}%
952 \def\\{}%
953 \def\texttt#1{<#1>}%
954 \def\marg#1{\{#1\}}%
955 \def\oarg#1{[#1]}%
956 \def\color#1#2{}%
957 \def\env#1{<#1>}
958 \def\cmd#1{#1}
960% https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/24067/98739
961 \makeatletter
962 \patchcmd{\scr@startchapter}{\if@openright\cleardoublepage\else\clearpage\fi
963 \makeatother
964 %
965 \RequirePackage[tightLists=false] {markdown}
966 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={%
967 link = { href{#3}{#1}} %
```

```
968 } }
969 </style>
```

References

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Example files

Version: 2020/10/30 v1.0.8 hu-berlin-bundle

8 Letter

8.1 From .tex

Version: 2020/10/30 v1.0.8 hu-berlin-bundle

[HUMBOLDT-UNIVERSITÄT ZU BERLIN]

mboldt-Universität zu Berlin | UdL 6 | D-10099 Berlin

Erika Musterfrau Musterweg 43 56789 Musterhausen

Sehr geehrte Frau Musterfrau,

Dies hier ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textausgaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an. Ist das wirklich so? Ist es gleichgültig, ob ich schreibe: "Dies ist ein Blindtext" oder "Huardest getburn"? Kjift – mitnichten! Ein Blindtext bietet mir wichtige Informationen. An ihm messe ich die Lesbarkeit einer Schrift, ihre Anmutung, wie harmonisch die Figuren zueinander stehen und prüc, wie breit oder schmal sie läuft. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben entbalten und in der Originalserache gesetzt. wie breit oder schmal sie läuft. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergeben, sollte aber lesbar sein. Fremdsprachige Texte wie "Lorem ipsum" dienen nicht dem eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine Ialsche Anmutung vermitteln. Dies hier ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textausgaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an. Ist das wirklich so? Ist es gleichgütlig, ob ich schreibe: "Dies ist ein Blindtext" oder "Huardest gefburn" Stifft – mitnichten! Ein Blindtext bietet mit wichtige Informationen. An ihm messe ich die Lesbarkeit einer Schrift, ihre Anmutung, wie harmonisch die Figuren zueinander stehen und prüfe, wie breit oder schmal sie läuft. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergeben, sollte aber lesbar sein. Fremdsprachige Texte wie "Lorem ipsum" dienen nicht dem eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine falsche Anmutung vermitteln.

Institut für Briefvorlagen

Prof. Dr. Maike Musterfrau Dekanin

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[HUMBOLDT-UNIVERSITÄT ZU BERLIN]

Dies hier ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textausgaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an. Ist das wirklich so? Ist es gleichgültig, ob ich schreibe: "Dies ist ein Blindtext" oder "Huardest gefbum"? Kjift — mitnichtent lien Blindtext bietet mir wichtige Informationen. An ihm messe ich die Lesbarkeit einer Schrift, ihre Anmutung, wie harmonisch die Figuren zueinander stehen und prüfe, wie breit oder schmal sie läuft. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergeben, sollte aber lesbar sein. Fremdsprachige Texte wie "Lorem ipsum" dienen nicht dem eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine falsche Anmutung vermitteln.

Mit freundlichen Grüßen

Prof. Dr. Maike Musterfrau – Dr. Max Mustermann

Anlage: Anlage 1 Anlage 2

Kopie an: Verteiler 1

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8.2 From .md

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[HUMBOLDT-UNIVERSITÄT ZU BERLIN]

Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin | UdL 6 | D-10099 Berlin

Alexander von Humboldt Unter den Linden 6 10099 Berlin

Short description

Sehr geehrte Damen und Herren
Thank you very much for your letter.
Mit freundlichen Grüßen

Prof. Dr. Maike Musterfrau – Dr. Max Mustermann

Philosophische Fakultät Institut für Briefvorlagen Here you can add more text. Prof. Dr. Maike Musterfrau Dekanin

29. 10. 2020
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& Eingang: Hausvogtelplatz Bankverbindung: Deutsche Bank PGK AG IBAN DE95 1007 0848 0512 6206 0 BIC DEUTDEDB110