

# Outdoor Module Datasheet

Author: Łukasz Wolf



---

<b>1 Class Index</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Class List	1
<b>2 File Index</b>	<b>3</b>
2.1 File List	3
<b>3 Class Documentation</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1 struct_message Struct Reference	5
3.1.1 Detailed Description	6
3.1.2 Member Data Documentation	6
3.1.2.1 humidityRead	6
3.1.2.2 outdoorTemperatureRead	6
3.1.2.3 pressureRead	6
3.1.2.4 uvIndexRead	6
<b>4 File Documentation</b>	<b>7</b>
4.1 src/main.cpp File Reference	7
4.1.1 Detailed Description	9
4.1.2 Typedef Documentation	9
4.1.2.1 struct_message	9
4.1.3 Function Documentation	9
4.1.3.1 fillMeasurement()	9
4.1.3.2 goToDeepSleep()	10
4.1.3.3 loop()	10
4.1.3.4 OnDataSent()	10
4.1.3.5 pixel()	11
4.1.3.6 setEspNowChannel()	11
4.1.3.7 setup()	12
4.1.3.8 setupEspNow()	12
4.1.3.9 trySendOnChannel()	13
4.1.4 Variable Documentation	14
4.1.4.1 bme	14
4.1.4.2 BMP_ADDR	14
4.1.4.3 bmpOk	14
4.1.4.4 broadcastAddress	14
4.1.4.5 MAX_RETRY_TIME_MS	14
4.1.4.6 MAX_WIFI_CHANNEL	15
4.1.4.7 myData	15
4.1.4.8 NEOPIXEL_PIN	15
4.1.4.9 peerInfo	15
4.1.4.10 savedChannel	15
4.1.4.11 SCL_PIN	15
4.1.4.12 SDA_PIN	15

4.1.4.13 SLEEP_TIME_SECONDS .....	16
4.1.4.14 transmissionFinished .....	16
4.1.4.15 transmissionSuccess .....	16
4.1.4.16 UV_SENSOR_PIN .....	16

# Class Index

## 1.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">struct_message</a>	
Data structure for ESP-NOW transmission.....	<a href="#">5</a>



## Chapter 2

# File Index

### 2.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

src/ <a href="#">main.cpp</a>	
ESP32 Sensor Node (BME280 + UV) transmitting via ESP-NOW .....	<a href="#">7</a>





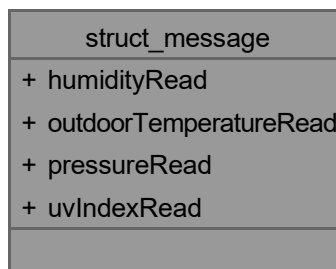
# Chapter 3

## Class Documentation

### 3.1 struct\_message Struct Reference

Data structure for ESP-NOW transmission.

Collaboration diagram for struct\_message:



#### Public Attributes

- uint8\_t [humidityRead](#)  
*Relative humidity (%)*
- int16\_t [outdoorTemperatureRead](#)  
*Temperature \* 10 (e.g. 255 = 25.5°C)*
- uint16\_t [pressureRead](#)  
*Atmospheric pressure (hPa)*
- uint8\_t [uvIndexRead](#)  
*UV Raw Value (Clamped to 255)*

### 3.1.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for ESP-NOW transmission.

#### Warning

Must match the receiver's structure exactly (including padding).

### 3.1.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 3.1.2.1 humidityRead

```
uint8_t struct_message::humidityRead
```

Relative humidity (%)

#### 3.1.2.2 outdoorTemperatureRead

```
int16_t struct_message::outdoorTemperatureRead
```

Temperature \* 10 (e.g. 255 = 25.5°C)

#### 3.1.2.3 pressureRead

```
uint16_t struct_message::pressureRead
```

Atmospheric pressure (hPa)

#### 3.1.2.4 uvIndexRead

```
uint8_t struct_message::uvIndexRead
```

UV Raw Value (Clamped to 255)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [src/main.cpp](#)

## Chapter 4

# File Documentation

### 4.1 src/main.cpp File Reference

ESP32 Sensor Node (BME280 + UV) transmitting via ESP-NOW.

```
#include "soc/rtc_cntl_reg.h"
#include "soc/soc.h"
#include <Adafruit_BME280.h>
#include <Adafruit_NeoPixel.h>
#include <Adafruit_Sensor.h>
#include <Arduino.h>
#include <WiFi.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <esp_now.h>
#include <esp_wifi.h>
```

Include dependency graph for main.cpp:



#### Classes

- struct [struct\\_message](#)  
*Data structure for ESP-NOW transmission.*

#### Typedefs

- typedef struct struct\_message [struct\\_message](#)

## Functions

- Adafruit\_NeoPixel [pixel](#) (1, [NEOPIXEL\\_PIN](#), NEO\_GRB+NEO\_KHZ800)  
*NeoPixel instance.*
- void [OnDataSent](#) (const uint8\_t \*mac\_addr, esp\_now\_send\_status\_t status)  
*ESP-NOW send callback function.*
- void [setupEspNow](#) ()  
*Initializes ESP-NOW and registers the peer.*
- void [setEspNowChannel](#) (uint8\_t ch)  
*Changes the WiFi channel.*
- void [fillMeasurement](#) ()  
*Reads sensors and populates the *myData* structure.*
- bool [trySendOnChannel](#) (uint8\_t channel)  
*Attempts to send data on a specific WiFi channel using "Burst Mode".*
- void [goToDeepSleep](#) ()  
*Prepares hardware for sleep and enters Deep Sleep.*
- void [setup](#) ()  
*Main setup routine.*
- void [loop](#) ()

## Variables

- const int [SDA\\_PIN](#) = 20  
*I2C SDA Pin.*
- const int [SCL\\_PIN](#) = 10  
*I2C SCL Pin.*
- const int [NEOPIXEL\\_PIN](#) = 5  
*WS2812B NeoPixel control pin.*
- const int [UV\\_SENSOR\\_PIN](#) = 1  
*Analog pin for UV sensor.*
- const uint8\_t [BMP\\_ADDR](#) = 0x76  
*I2C address for BME280 sensor.*
- const uint64\_t [SLEEP\\_TIME\\_SECONDS](#) = 60  
*Time to sleep between measurements in seconds.*
- const unsigned long [MAX\\_RETRY\\_TIME\\_MS](#) = 20000  
*Maximum time allowed to try finding a receiver (ms)*
- const uint8\_t [MAX\\_WIFI\\_CHANNEL](#) = 13  
*Highest allowed WiFi channel.*
- uint8\_t [broadcastAddress](#) [ ] = {0xf4, 0x65, 0x0b, 0xe9, 0x77, 0x78}  
*Target MAC address (Broadcast).*
- Adafruit\_BME280 [bme](#)  
*BME280 sensor instance.*
- bool [bmpOk](#) = false  
*Flag indicating if BME280 initialized successfully.*
- RTC\_DATA\_ATTR uint8\_t [savedChannel](#) = 1  
*Last successful WiFi channel.*
- struct\_message [myData](#)
- esp\_now\_peer\_info\_t [peerInfo](#)
- volatile bool [transmissionFinished](#) = false
- volatile bool [transmissionSuccess](#) = false

### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

ESP32 Sensor Node (BME280 + UV) transmitting via ESP-NOW.

- This program reads data from BME280 (I2C) and an analog UV sensor, then broadcasts the data using ESP-NOW with channel scanning capability. Ideally suited for battery-powered operation using Deep Sleep.

Author

- YourName

Date

2023-10-27

### 4.1.2 Typedef Documentation

#### 4.1.2.1 struct\_message

```
typedef struct struct_message struct_message
```

### 4.1.3 Function Documentation

#### 4.1.3.1 fillMeasurement()

```
void fillMeasurement ()
```

Reads sensors and populates the `myData` structure.

- Reads Temperature, Humidity, Pressure from BME280. Reads UV raw value from Analog Pin. Prints debug info to Serial.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.1.3.2 goToDeepSleep()

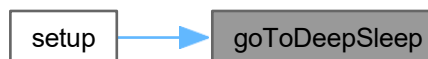
```
void goToDeepSleep ()
```

Prepares hardware for sleep and enters Deep Sleep.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.1.3.3 loop()

```
void loop ()
```

#### 4.1.3.4 OnDataSent()

```
void OnDataSent (
    const uint8_t * mac_addr,
    esp_now_send_status_t status)
```

ESP-NOW send callback function.

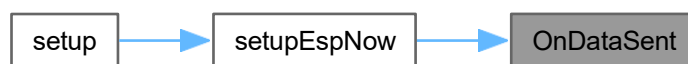
- Triggered when data is sent. Updates status flags.

##### Parameters

<i>mac_addr</i>	Destination MAC address.
<i>status</i>	Status of transmission (ESP_NOW_SEND_SUCCESS or FAIL).

-

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.1.3.5 pixel()

```

Adafruit_NeoPixel pixel (
    1 ,
    NEOPixel_PIN ,
    NEO_GRB+ NEO_KHZ800)
  
```

NeoPixel instance.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.1.3.6 setEspNowChannel()

```

void setEspNowChannel (
    uint8_t ch)
  
```

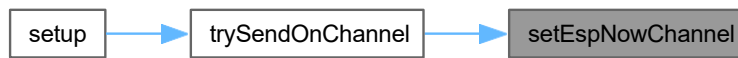
Changes the WiFi channel.

##### Parameters

<code>ch</code>	Channel number (1-13).
-----------------	------------------------

•

Here is the caller graph for this function:



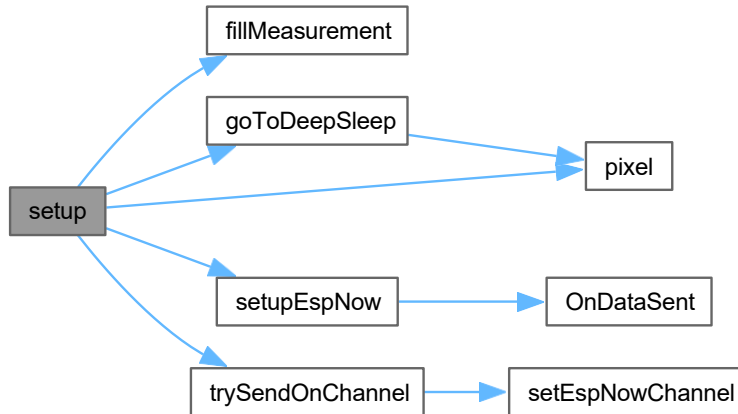
#### 4.1.3.7 `setup()`

```
void setup ()
```

Main setup routine.

- Runs once per wake-up cycle.

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.1.3.8 `setupEspNow()`

```
void setupEspNow ()
```

Initializes ESP-NOW and registers the peer.

- Sets WiFi mode to Station, disconnects from APs, and adds the broadcast peer.



Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.1.3.9 trySendOnChannel()

```
bool trySendOnChannel (  
    uint8_t channel)
```

Attempts to send data on a specific WiFi channel using "Burst Mode".

- Sends up to 5 packets rapidly to increase the chance of delivery if the receiver is briefly busy.

##### Parameters

<code>channel</code>	The WiFi channel to transmit on.
----------------------	----------------------------------

##### Returns

- true if ACK received (transmission successful).  
false if all attempts failed.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 4.1.4 Variable Documentation

### 4.1.4.1 bme

```
Adafruit_BME280 bme
```

BME280 sensor instance.

### 4.1.4.2 BMP\_ADDR

```
const uint8_t BMP_ADDR = 0x76
```

I2C address for BME280 sensor.

### 4.1.4.3 bmpOk

```
bool bmpOk = false
```

Flag indicating if BME280 initialized successfully.

### 4.1.4.4 broadcastAddress

```
uint8_t broadcastAddress[] = {0xf4, 0x65, 0x0b, 0xe9, 0x77, 0x78}
```

Target MAC address (Broadcast).

\*

#### Note

Specific address used: F4:65:0B:E9:77:78

### 4.1.4.5 MAX\_RETRY\_TIME\_MS

```
const unsigned long MAX_RETRY_TIME_MS = 20000
```

Maximum time allowed to try finding a receiver (ms)

#### 4.1.4.6 MAX\_WIFI\_CHANNEL

```
const uint8_t MAX_WIFI_CHANNEL = 13
```

Highest allowed WiFi channel.

#### 4.1.4.7 myData

```
struct_message myData
```

#### 4.1.4.8 NEOPIXEL\_PIN

```
const int NEOPIXEL_PIN = 5
```

WS2812B NeoPixel control pin.

#### 4.1.4.9 peerInfo

```
esp_now_peer_info_t peerInfo
```

#### 4.1.4.10 savedChannel

```
RTC_DATA_ATTR uint8_t savedChannel = 1
```

Last successful WiFi channel.

\*

#### Note

Stored in RTC memory to survive Deep Sleep.

#### 4.1.4.11 SCL\_PIN

```
const int SCL_PIN = 10
```

I2C SCL Pin.

#### 4.1.4.12 SDA\_PIN

```
const int SDA_PIN = 20
```

I2C SDA Pin.

#### 4.1.4.13 SLEEP\_TIME\_SECONDS

```
const uint64_t SLEEP_TIME_SECONDS = 60
```

Time to sleep between measurements in seconds.

#### 4.1.4.14 transmissionFinished

```
volatile bool transmissionFinished = false
```

#### 4.1.4.15 transmissionSuccess

```
volatile bool transmissionSuccess = false
```

#### 4.1.4.16 UV\_SENSOR\_PIN

```
const int UV_SENSOR_PIN = 1
```

Analog pin for UV sensor.