MUSIC SUPPLEMENT TO LUTE NEWS 111 (OCTOBER 2014): GAGLIARDA BY SANTINO GARSI DA PARMA (1542-1604); JOHN DOWLAND PART 12: N° 54 LADY HUNSDON'S PUFFE & N° 24 GALLIARD ON **AWAKE SWEET LOVE**

Santino Garsi da Parma¹

1. PL-Ki 40032, p. 305 i Gagliarda di Santino Garsi da Parma -K1: OI/1 variation B-Br II.275 (Cavalcanti), f. 30v Galgliarda Da K32; OII/10 [index: Galgliarda Di santino] F-Pn Rés Vmd.31, f. 1r Galiarda di Santino detta la chiozza I-Fn Gal 6, p. 244 ii 4 La Caccia I-Lg 774, f. 29v La Chioccia Gagliarda 2. PL-Kj 40032, p. 306 i La Marignanina di Santino K2; OI/2 3. B-Br II.275, f. 89r Galgliarda di S(antino) K37; OII/14 [index: Gagliarda di santino moriro] I-Fn Gal 6, p. 247 i 9 Moriro PL-Kj 40032, p. 306 ii La Giulianina di Santino (fragment of bars 1-6)OI/3i cf. B-Br II.275, f. 51v Bene mio tu scia ... (voice and lute) K facsimile only 4. I-Fn Magl.XIX.115, f. 4v Santino Aria for keyboard - transcribed **5.** B-Br II.275, ff. 89v-90r Galgliarda Di S(antino) K38: OII/15 [index: Galgliarda Lanfredina S(ant)no]2 B-Br II.275, f. 29v Galgliarda D [index: Galgliarda Di S(antino)] K30; OII/8 D-Sl G.I.4 I, ff. 32v-33r Gagliarda [transposed down a tone] I-Fn Gal 6, p. 243 i 1 Lanfredina PL-Kj 40032, p. 309 i fragment of final 10 bars OI/3ii Denss Florilegium 1594, f. 73r Gaillarde 6. PL-Kj 40032, p. 309 ii Gagliarda di Santino³ K3; OI/4 B-Br II.275, f. 31r Gagliarda [index: Galgliarda Di santino] K33; OII/11a B-Br II.275, f. 31v Gagliarda [index: Galgliarda Di santino] K34; OII/11b D-Sl G.I.4/I, f. 32v Santina I-Fn Gal 6, p. 250 ii 12 (gagliarda) I-Fn Gal 6, p. 253 i 17 (gagliarda) I-Fn Magl.XIX.30, f. 15v Gagliarda di Santino K facsimile only 7. PL-Kj 40032, p. 310 Gagliarda di Santino K4; OI/5 F-Pn Rés.Vmd.31, ff. 30v-31r Galiarda del Conte Pirro di Santino 8. PL-Kj 40032, p. 319 Santino4 K13; OI/16 F-Pn Rés Vmd.31, f. 2v Galiarda delle mentito I-Fn Gal 6, p. 255 iii 23 Gagliarda PL-Kj 40032, p. 315 ii Le ne menti per la Gola di Santino K10; OI/12 US-SFsc M.2.1. M3 (de Bellis)5, p. 54 Galiarda de le cinque mentitte Fuhrmann 1615, p. 111 Galliarda [header: Galliarda T(obias). K(hun). 4] 9. PL-Kj 40032, pp. 310-311 Gagliarda di Santino detta menti p(er) la gola6 K5; OI/6 10. PL-Kj 40032, p. 311 Gagliarda di Santino detta la Garsa K6; OI/7 B-Br II.275, f. 91r Galgliarda di Santino D K39; OII/16 [index: Galgliarda Garsa] I-Fn Gal 6, p. 244 i 3 11. PL-Kj 40032, p. 312 i Gagliarda di Santino detta Valdes in 4 tono I-Fn Gal 6, p. 245 i 5 La Franza $\K7; OI/8$ 12. B-Br II.275, f. 3r Galgliarda di Frantino da Parma K22; OII/1 [index: Galgliarda Di S(antino)] B-Br II.275, f. 28v-29r Galglia(rda) [index: Galgliarda Di santino] K28; OII/6 I-Fn Gal 6, p. 243 ii 2 La Bordoccia I-Fn Magl.XIX.30, f. 29r Gagliarda I-SGc Fondo San Martino 31, f. 8r & 20r Gagliarda di Santino PL-Kj 40032, pp. 314-315 Gagliarda di Santino K9; OI/11 cf. I-Nc 7664, f. 80r Gagliarda del Santino cetra [cittern?] 13. B-Br II.275, f. 8v Galgliarda di santino da Parma K23; OII/2 [index: Galgliarda Di santino] B-Br 16.663, ff. 11v-12r untitled I-COc 1.1.20 (Raimondi), f. 79v Cesarina Gagliarda I-Fn Gal 6, p. 246 ii 8 Cesarina F-Pn Res. Vmd.31, ff. 36r-36v Galiarda di santino

PL-Kj 40032, p. 312 ii la Cesarina di Santino K8; OI/9 US-BE 757, f. 11r Una Gallarda di San. 1/in)0 US-BE 760, f. 22v Gagliarda il Matteo OIV/1 Caroso 1581, f. 183v La Gagliarda detta Cesarina Caroso 1600, p. 232 La Gagliarda detta Cesarina 14. B-Br II.275, f. 23r ii Galgliard K26; OII/4 [index: Galgliarda Di S(antino)] 15. PL-Kj 40032, p. 316 i La Mutia di Santino K11; OI/138 B-Br II.275, f. 28v Galgliar(da) [index: Galgliarda Di S(antino)] K27; OII/5 B-Br II.275, ff. 60v-61r Galgliarda Da S(antino) K35; OII/12 [index: Galgliarda Gran bona in altro modo] I-Fn Gal 6, p. 252 ii 16 La coramonina? I-Lg 774, f. 29r Gagliarda 16. PL-Kj 40032, p. 316 ii Saltarelo di Santino K12; OI/14 B-Br II.275, f. 29r GalgliarDa [index: Galgliarda Di santino] K29: OII/7

I-Fn Gal 6, p. 245 ii 6 I-Fn Gal 6, p. 246 i 7 17. I-Fn Gal 6, p. 252 i 15 PL-Kj 40032, p. 316 iii La Baldovina di Santino (first 7 bars fragment) 18. PL-Kj 40032, p. 320 Gagliarda di Santino K14; OI/17 PL-Kj 40032, pp. 320-321 variation 19. PL-Kj 40032, p. 335 Gagliarda di Santino K15; OI/18 B-Br II.275, f. 62v-63r Gagliarda in chiaue K36; OII/13

[index: Galgliarda in chiave] I-Fn Gal 6, p. 251 ii 14

20. PL-Kj 40032, p. 392 La Contessa di Sala Gagliarda 9 K app; OI/20 B-Br 16.663, ff. 5r-5v untitled

D-W Guelf. 18.8/VI, ff. 23v-24r 186v-187r Gagliarda La contessa di Sala/ 2da parte/ Il saltarello10

F-Pn Rés.Vmd.29, f. 2r Balletto di Santino da Parma

F-Pn Rés.941, f. 37r Gaillarde I-Fn Gal 6, p. 253 ii 18

I-PESc b.10 [Pc.40a], f. 6r Gagliarda Francese I-PESc b.10. f. 8r Balletto Di Santino da Parma

I-PESc b.14, f. 18r untitled

I-Rvat 570, f. 20v Gagliarda d(ett).ª la Contessa di Sala PL-Kj 40153, ff. 60v-61r Galliarda della Marchesa di Sala di Santino da Pa(rma) cf. PL-Kj 40591, f. 8r Gagliarda

K18; OIII/3 21. I-Fn Gal 6, p. 255 i 22 Viva Don Giovanni

B-Br II.275, f. 30r Viua Don giouani Di Ga(rsi?) [index: Viva Don giovani Di S(antino)]

K31; OII/9

22. US-BE 760, f. 22r Galiard del San(tino?)

23. I-Fn Magl.XIX.30, f. 33v Gagliarda di Santino

K4111

This supplement includes one version of each of the gagliarda ascribed to Santino Garsi da Parma, and his remaining music with some doubtful items are in the accompanying Lutezine. He was born in Parma in 1542 and studied in Rome but returned to Parma where he remained for the rest of his life.12 In 1594, so in his 50s, he was employed by the Duke of Parma, Ranuccio I (1569-1622) as lutenist and teacher at the Farnese court, a post he kept until he died in 1604. Other biographical information is limited to two poems on his death published by Tommaso Stigliani in 1605 and a posthumous mention in Ranuccio Pico's Appendice di varii soggetti parmigiani (Parma, 1642), who hinted that he had a bad reputation by the end of his life. Santino's son Ascanio (b.1595) and his son or grandson Donino Garsi da Parma, were both lutenists employed in Parma, Donino from 1619 until he died in 1630.13

The majority of Santino's surviving music is found in three manuscripts used for two modern editions of Santino's music, by Osthoff in 1926 and Kirsch in 1989:14 14 items in Raphael Cavalcanti's lute book for 7-course lute (B-Br II.275) from Florence and dated 1590 and so copied in Santino's lifetime, and two posthumous sources, about 20 items in the Barbarino manuscript for 7-course lute (PL-Kj 40032), copied c.1620 in Naples probably by a Spanish scribe, with a lot of overlap with Cavalcanti, and 6 in the Dusiacki manuscript for up to 13-course archlute (PL-Kj 40153) copied by Donino Garsi and dated 1621. However, a fourth major source is a large manuscript copied by Vincenzo Galilei in Florence in 1584 [I-Fn Gal 6], that ends with a section headed Gagliarde et arie di diuersi (so not composed by Galilei) containing 43 anonymous dances, 20 concordant with Santino's music in Cavalcanti and Barbarino, although for 6-course lute with more conventional figuration and form, and so maybe earlier versions. So when did Santino compose most of his lute music and for which lutes: presumably a 6- and later 7-course, and some later adapted for archlute probably by others. Concordances and additional items are found in other sources. No 13 La Cesarina is found

in Caroso's *Il Ballerino* published in Venice in 1581, which is concordant with ascribed versions so may have been composed rather than later arranged by Santino, in his thirties in 1581. Concordant versions of his music are in Italian manuscripts most from after his death, and a few in

sources of Northern European provenance. His gagliardas are attractive but formulaic relying on repetition of motifs and phrases within and between compositions. Similar unascribed items (e.g. those in the *Lutezine*) could have been composed by him or imitators



of his style from Parma or elsewhere. Many of his gagliarda have emblematic titles and dedications to members of the Farnese court, such as the Countess of Sala (right).¹⁵

John Dowland - Lady Hunsdon's Puffe and A Galliard¹⁶

JD24a. GB-Cu Dd.2.11, f. 58r fr. Dac. Galliard DowlandCLM 24

JD24b. GB-Cu Add.3056, f. 33v Galliard J.D.

JD24c. GB-Cu Dd.5.78.3, f. 63r A Galliarde fr. Cuttinge.

DowlandCLM 92/CuttingB 3317

JD54a. US-Ws V.b.280 (Folger), f. 22v My Lady Hunsdons Allmande Jo doulande Bacheler of musick

JD54b. GB-Cu Dd.5.78.3, f. 7r untitled DowlandCLM 54

JD54c. GB-Lbl Add.6402, f. 2r My lady hunssdons puffe Douland

JD54d. GB-Cu Dd.9.33, f. 38r *J Dowla*(nd)

JD54e. D-B 4022, ff. 44v-45r Balletto la pace

The **John Dowland** series continues with two lute solos connected with Santino. In 1594 Dowland set out for Rome, via Wolfenbuttel and Hesse, visiting Venice, Padua and Genoa on the way to Florence where he was in July 1595, but he turned back and so didn't reach Rome. The Farnese records show that Santino was in Padua when Dowland passed through, and so it is likely that they met and were influenced by each other's music.¹⁸

DowlandCLM 24,19 is a lute solo related to the lute song Awake sweet love in The First Book of Songs of 1597 (no 19), the first strain of which is similar to the second strain of a Galliard by Santino [nº 19 here], and Diana Poulton seemed convinced that Santino borrowed the tune from Dowland.²⁰ One of the three versions is unascribed and titled Fr Dac,²¹ one bears the initials J.D., and the third is ascribed to Francis Cutting, the only one with divisions which are in Cutting's characteristic style. Assuming the attributions to Dowland and Cutting are not in error, then there are several possibilities: Cutting composed the galliard with divisions, the similarity to Santino's galliard is mere coincidence, all three lute solo versions are Cutting's although only two were copied with divisions, then Dowland wrote the song based on it and the ascription of one of the lute solos to J.D. was because the scribe knew it from Dowland's song. Alternatively, Santino wrote a galliard using the tune which Dowland borrowed to write a largely different galliard (and then song), and Cutting wrote the divisions. Finally, Dowland wrote the galliard before his Italian trip, Santino borrowed it and Cutting reworked it before he died in 1596, and then Dowland wrote the song sometime afterwards.

Five concordant versions are known of DowlandCLM 54, four in English manuscripts and one continental, three ascribed to Dowland. It is closely related to a Balletto ascribed to Donino Garsi [nº 4 in the *Lutezine*], which Diana Poulton²² and Robert Spencer²³ seemed convinced was composed by Dowland and borrowed by Santino, without considering the possibility that Dowland and Donino both arranged sections of a longer preexisting popular dance. Their arguments are tenous as noted by John Ward in characteristically colourful language,²⁴ and since additional cognate versions have been noted (all in the accompanying

Lutezine), it is now certain that Dowland was the borrower. DowlandCLM did not include the version copied in Dowland's own hand (JD54a), probably because it is carelessly written and includes a number of errors and omissions - was he struggling to recall it from memory?²⁵ It is titled Lady Hunsdon's Allmande in one source, ditto Puffe in another, and the continental version, despite close concordance with Dowland's setting, is titled Balletto la pace recalling the title of the Italian dance on which it was based. The dedicatee of Dowland's Allemande is probably Elizabeth Spencer, who became Lady Hunsdon when her husband George Carey was made Baron Hunsdon in 1596, in which case Dowland would have written his version after the trip to Italy, unless he dedicated a galliard he composed years earlier.²⁶

John H Robinson - September 2014

Commentary: 1. ABC/ABC8; 7D; 24/1 - c5 absent; 25/3 - c5 instead of a2e6; 26/1 - e6 instead of a5; 32/2 - c5 added; 36 - bar absent. 2. A24B21; 7D; + as tenuto sign; 1/1 - minim absent; 1-2 - bar line absent; 13/1 & 34/6 - e5 instead of c5; 23-24 - double bar line absent. 3. A8B10C12; 7D; bar lines absent; dots for right hand fingering [one dot for index and two dots for middle finger] and + as tenuto sign; 15/2 - crotchet absent. 4. A14; transcribed for 6-course lute changing figuration of some chords to suit the lute and regularising bar lines; 9/1 to 10/2 and 12/1 to 13/6 quavers changed to crotchets; 11/3 - 2 quavers repeated top two notes instead of crotchet. 5. A14B26; 7D; one or two dots for right hand fingering and + as tenuto sign; bar lines absent; 7/5 & 39/5 - e5 absent; 17/1 - a7 (D) added; 17/2 - a8 (E) added; 21/2 - f6 instead of e6; 22/1 to 23-6 - crotchets absent; 27/4 - a8 (C) added; 30/4 - a3 instead of c3; 40/2-3 - quaver crotchet instead of crotchet minim. 6. AA8B8C13; 7D; + as tenuto sign; 10/5 - e1 instead of c1. 7. A12B10C8D12; 7D; - 8/1 - c5 crossed out; 14 - 2 crotchets 2 minims instead of minim 2 crotchets minim; 18 - dotted minim crotchet over first two notes and bar line between 4-5 added later; 22/1-2, 23/2-3, 24/2-3, 25/2-3, 26/2-3, 27/2-3, 28/2-3 & 29/2-3 - additional bar lies added; 29/5-6 - minim added and quaver crossed out later; 31/2-3, 32/2-3, 33/2-3, 34/2-3 & 35/2-3 additional bar lines added; 37/2 - f3 instead of e3; 39/4 - g2 instead of d2. 8. A10B10C12; 7D; one and two dots for right hand fingering and + as tenuto sign; 11/1 & 13/1 - a6 instead of e6; 12-13 - double instead of single bar line; 13 and 14 - absent but repeated here as in concordant version; 18/3 - crotchet added; 18/5 - minim absent; 18-19 - bar line absent; 19/4 - minim a note to the right; 31/1 - c2 instead of a2; 32/1-2 crotchet minim instead of minim fermata. 9. AA8B8C13; 1/1 - minim instead of dotted minim; 1-2 - bar line 2 notes to the left; 2/2 - minim instead of semibreve; 16-17 & 24/3-4 - double barlines absent; 31/2 - c3 instead of b3. 10. AA8B4C12; 7D; + as tenuto sign; 12/1 - c3 instead of c4; 21/1 - c4 instead of a4; 31/1 - e5 instead of c5. 11. A8B6C4D6; 7D; + as tenuto sign; 8/2 - c5 added; 11/3-4 - crotchet minim instead of minim crotchet; 11/4 - f2 instead of e5. 12. A4B6C4; 6-course; bar lines absent (except double bar lines); one and two dots for right hand fingering and + as tenuto sign; 2/1 - crotchet a note to the right; 11/1-3 - crotchets instead of minims; 12/2 - crotchet 3 notes to the right. 13. A8B4C8D4; 7D; bar lines absent (except double bar lines); one and two dots for right hand fingering and + as tenuto sign; 6/1, 13/3 & 22/1 - crotchets a note to the right; 8/2 & 9/2 - minims absent; 14/3 - minim instead of dotted minim; 16/1-2 - 2 minims instead of semibreve minim; 18/2 to 19/2 crotchet dotted minim minim crotchet instead of 2 minims 2 crotchets; 19/2 - c6 absent; 19/4 - e5 instead of e6; 20/2-3 - a3 c1a4 absent. 14. A8B8; 6-course; bar lines absent; one and two dots for right hand fingering and + as tenuto sign. 15. A12B12; 7D; 1/1-6 - 6 crotchets instead of dotted crotchet quaver crotchet twice; 5/1 - dotted minim added later; 5/3 to 6/2 - minim bar line dotted minim crotchet added later; 8-9, 10-11, 18-19, 19-20 & 21-22 - double instead of single bar lines; 13-14 to 15-16 - bar lines a note to the left; 14/1 - minim a note to the left; 16/1-2 - crotchets instead of minims. 16. A6B8C12; 7D; 10/1 & 3 scribe changed a2 and d2 to e2 and e2; 21/3 & 5 - e5 absent. 17. A12B16C6; 6-course; + as tenuto sign; 7/3 - dotted minim instead of minim and a5 absent; 12/1 - dotted minim instead of semibreve. 18. A10A10B14; 7D; double bar lines absent; half bar length for bars 5 and 15 retained as in original; the unsatisfactory rhythms have been freely reconstructed and a few notes changed as follows: 2/1-4 & 2/10-11 crotchets instead of quavers; 7/1 & 33/1 - c1c2 added and e4 absent; 8/5 - e4 absent; 9/6 - e5 absent; 11/5 - f1 instead of g1; between 11-12 - bar of 3 minims a3-c1a3-c3 added; 16/7 - d4b6 instead of c2c4; 17/1 - c1d2 added; 21/6 - a3 added; 23/1 - c2 instead of e3; 24 - crotchet 2 quavers 7 crotchets instead of 6 quavers crotchet 2 quavers crotchet; 24/1 - c2 added; 24/6 - e4 instead of e3; 24/9 - e5 instead of c5; 24/10 - f3 instead

- of e3; 25/1 quaver instead of crotchet; 25/between 3-4 quaver a1 added; 28-29 - bar line absent; 28/4-6 - 2 quavers crotchet instead of 2 crotchets minim; 29/1-3 - 2 quavers crotchet instead of crotchet 2 quavers; 29/6 - crotchet instead of minim; 32/1 - c1c2 added; 32/2 & 4 quaver and crotchet a note to the right; 33/1-4 - crotchet 2 quavers crotchet; instead of 4 quavers; 33/between 3-4 - crotchet f2 added; 33/6-7 & 9-10 - crotchets instead of quavers; 33/8 - f2 instead of f3; 34/5-6 - bar line added. 19. A6B8CC8D10; 7D; one and two dots for right hand fingering; 1/1 - d2a3c5 instead of c2d3a5; 19/2 - c2 altered to d3; 30/2-3 double bar line absent. 20. ABAB8; 7F; one and two dots for right hand fingering and + as tenuto sign; 6/2 - a7 instead of a6; 24/3-4 - double bar line absent. 21. A10B12C10; 7D; 24/2 - e3 instead of d3. 22. A6B8C8; 6course; one dot for right hand fingering; 1-2 - one bar of 6 crotchets instead of two bars of 3 minims each; 2/1 - d2a3c5 instead of d3a4c6; 3/1 - minim instead of dotted minim; 10/2 - minim absent; 11 - crotchet minim crotchet minim instead of minim crotchet minim crotchet: 14/1 semibreve a note to the left; 19/1 to 21/6 - crotchets absent; 22 - minim crotchet instead of semibreve minim. 23. A12B12C11; 7F; one dot for right hand fingering; 7/1 to 10/6 - crotchets absent; 12-13 - bar line absent; 28/6 - a2 instead of 2; 31/3 - c1 not c2.
- ² In the tablature supplement to *Lute News* 109 (April 2014), n° 16 I identified bars 23-34 of US-RO Vault M140.V186, p. 15 *Courent Gio Pau*(li) as the final section of Santino n° 5 here, but I now see that the entire courent is a reworking of all of Santino's gagliarda.
- 3 The third strain is quoted in the opening of the first strain of $n^{\rm o}$ 15.
- ⁴ Cognates: D-W Guelf. 18.8/VI, ff. 176v Gagliarda Nicol(o Legname) [edited in Lute News 92 (December 2009), nº 8]; D-W Guelf. 18.8/VI, ff. 176v-177r Gagliarda La medesima d'un altro maestro M Newsidler; arranged for violin as La Lisfeltine in Gasparo Zanetti Scolaro (Milan, 1645).
- ⁵ Colour facsimile online at: http://digitalcollections.library.sfsu.edu/cdm/compoundobject/collection/p16737coll 4/id/1154/rec/1
- ⁶ The third strain is a transposition of the third strain of nº 9.
- ⁷ The appellation may refer to the Valdesi, or Waldensians, a religious cultural group that embraced the Protestant Reformation, were declared heretical and subject to intense persecution.
- ⁸ Violin arrangement titled *La Muzza* in Zanetti *Scolaro* (Milan, 1645).
- 9 Strain one begins similar to Saltarello del predetto ballo [detto Il Conte Orlando] in Molinaro Intavolatura di Liuto (Venice, Amadino 1599), p. 8.
- The final section, not present in any of the other versions, is concordant with the second strain of each of B-Br II.275, f. 7r Salterelo gagliarda [index: Saltarello in quilio Di m giouanj] and B-Br II.275, f. 16r Salterelo Di galg(liarda) [index: Saltarello in quilio Di m giouanj [nº 5 & 6 of the tablature supplement to Lute News 109 (April 2014)] which have different first strains.
- ¹¹ Arranged for guitar in alfabeto notation in Vago fior di virtù dove si contiene il vero modo per sonare la chitarriglia spagnuola ... raccolte da me Lodovico Monte bolognnese dalla Chitarriglia (Venice, A. Salvadori undated [RISM c.1625¹²]), p. 11 Gagliarda di Santino de Parma bellissima; also in Monte but not cognates for any lute solos: p. 11 segue la sua Corente, p. 15 Gagliarda di Santino da Parma Segue la sua Corrente thanks to Gary Boye and Monica Hall.
- ¹² Arthur J. Ness, Henry Sybrandy & Dinko Fabris 'Garsi [Garsi da Parma], Santino [Santino detto Valdes' Grove Music Online accessed 11 September 2014 [http://www.oxfordmusiconline.com/ - and search for Garsi].
- ¹³ Rossella Pelagalli 'GARSI, Santino, detto anche Santino La Garsa e Valdes' Dizionario Biografico degli Italiani Volume 52 (1999): http://www.treccani.it/enciclopedia/garsi-santino-detto-anche-santino-lagarsa-e-valdes_(Dizionario-Biografico)/
- ¹⁴ Neither with edited tablature: Helmuth Osthoff Der Lautenist Santino Garsi da Parma (Leipzig, 1926/R1973) I/II/III [O numbering]; Dieter Kirsch Santino Garsi da Parma Lautenwerke, Guitarre & Laute 148 (Verlag, Koln, 1989) with facsimiles [S numbering]. An edition by F J Geisbert, Santino Garsi da Parma 1540-1604 Lautenstucke in tablatur, was also privately published in Germany in 1969, and an edition by Koichi Arakawa The Collected Laute Music of Santino Garsi da Parma (The Lute Society of Nagoya, 1981), with handwritten tablature, but both unobtainable.
- ¹⁵ The Contessa/Marchessa di Sala of nº 20 is Barbara Sanseverino (born c.1550) who married Gilberto IV Sanvitale (d.1585), Duca di Sala in 1574

- Fabritio Dentice was her lutenist, so composed in 1574 or later.
- 16 JD24 has same opening bars as DowlandCLM $n^{\rm o}$ 5 & 17, and CuttingB $n^{\rm o}$ 8. Commentary: JD24a. A12B11; 6-course; 13/2 - scribe altered e3 to f3; 17/2 - scribe altered e6 to c6; 18/3 - c5 crossed out. JD24b. A12B11; 7D; 6 - bar absent; 14/1 - a2 instead of c2; 16/1 - minim instead of dotted minim: 21 - scribe altered minim 4 crotchets to crotchet minim 3 crotchets. JD24c. AA12BB12 [so the B strain is a bar longer than 24a and 24b]; 7D; 44/5 - e5 instead of e6 [e5 sounds better but e6 is in bar 32 and both concordant versions]. JD54. Double bar lines as in the originals, with ABCD sections marked: JD54a. 4 minims/bar; A4A4B3C4D5C4; 7F; + as ornament; 3/6-7 - scribe altered 2 quavers to dotted crotchet quaver; 4/4 - a3 crossed out; between 4/4-5 - 4 quavers c4a5-a4-c2c4-b3 2 crotchets d2a3d7-a5 minim d7 crossed out (a variant of the following three-quartersof a bar); 4/9 & 11, 8/9 & 11, 11/8 & 10 - d7 instead of a7; 10/7-8 & 11/7-8 - bar lines added; between 19-20 - bar missing compared to JD54b bar 20. **JD54b.** 4 minims/bar; A4A4B3C4D6; 7D; # as ornament; 19/2-4 - scribe altered d1-c1-a1 to a1-c1-d1. JD54c. 2 minims per bar; A8A8B6C8D12; 7D; one dot for right hand fingering and # as an ornament; 8/3 - crotchet instead of minim; 8-9 & 23-24 - bar lines absent; 14-15 & 15-16 - bar lines two notes to left. JD54d. 2 minims/bar; A8B6C8D12; 7D6/4 - scribe altered b2 to c2; 9-10, 13-14, 15-16, 17-18, 19-20, 20-21, 22-23, 23-24, 25-26, 27-28, 31-32 & 33-34 - bar lines absent; 19/4 - b3 crossed out; 21/1-4 - gap in the tablature instead of c2a5-d2-a1d2. JD54e. 2 minims/bar; A8B6C8D12; 7F; 9/1 - d6 added.
- ¹⁷ Jan Burgers (ed.) Francis Cutting: Collected Lute Music (Lübeck, Tree, 2002).
- ¹⁸ Brian Richardson 'New Light on Dowland's continental movements' Monthly Musical Record XC (1960) pp. 3-9.
- ¹⁹ DowlandCLM Diana Poulton and Basil Lam (eds.) The Collected Lute Music of John Dowland (London, Faber, 1974, reprinted 1978 & 1981), pp. 178-179, 332-333.
- ²⁰ Diana Poulton John Dowland (London, Faber, 1972/R1982), pp. 144-145. It does not seem to me to be as closely concordant as Poulton suggests.
- ²¹ In DowlandCLM, p. 324 Poulton relates that Richard Newton suggested that the title was a contraction of K(atherine) Darcy, Lady Clifton (dedicatee of DowlandCLM 41, 45 & 53.
- Poulton 1972, ibid. pp. 161-162, arguing that 'Donino Garsi would probably have been too young in 1595 to have learnt the piece directly from Dowland' and 'Santino ... may have heard Dowland play and have stored the pieces in his memory later passing it on to Donino who claimed the arrangement as his own', still insisting it was by Dowland saying that 'the existence of a third Italian version of the alman, this time a keyboard arrangement [I-Fn Magl.XIX.115, ff. 5r-5v] shows it achieved some popularity in Italy and may have entered the flow of Italian music by means other than Santino Garsi ...'.
- ²³ Robert Spencer *The M. L. Lute Book* facsimile edition (Clarabricken, Boethius Press, 1985), p. xxii 'The ascription to Garsi should be viewed with reserve, as the scribe, Santino's son or grandson Donino, also laid claim to Dowland's My Lady Hunsdon's Puff'.
- ²⁴ John M. Ward 'A Dowland Miscellany' Journal of the Lute Society of America x (1977), pp. 29-30, in referring to five continental arrangements of the balletto he commented that 'Both the Italian and the Englishman were surely as ignorant of the name of the individul whose music they borrowed as was Stravinsky when he appropriated the tune of "Happy Birthday to You". Neither Dowland nor Donino made use of all of the piece from which the Allemande and Balletto were fashioned (this is the only fact that argues for thinking that their pieces are related). In four of the continental sources, that piece comprises five strains ...; the two composer-arrangers used the first, fifth and sixth strains only'. See also Victor Coelho The Manuscript Sources of Seventeenth Century Italian Lute Music (Garland 1995), pp. 86-87.
- 25 See the commentary. His is the only version with the staccato rhythm in bars 12 and 21, which is presumably how he played it.
- ²⁶ Elizabeth (d.1618) was a noted patroness of the arts, daughter of Sir John Spencer of Althorp, and married in 1574 to Sir George Carey (1547-1603), who was knighted in 1570 and became 2nd Baron Hunsdon in 1596 [see http://thepeerage.com/p2797.htm].

1. Gagliarda di Santino Garsi da Parma - variation







4. Santino Aria - transcribed for lute

I-Fn Magl.XIX.115, f. 4v

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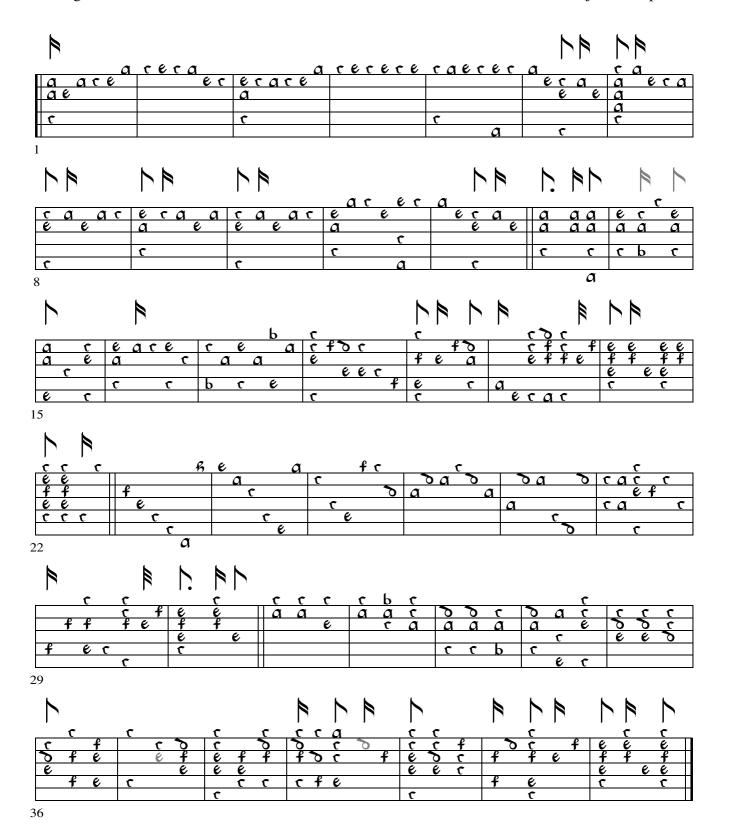


6. Gagliarda di Santino

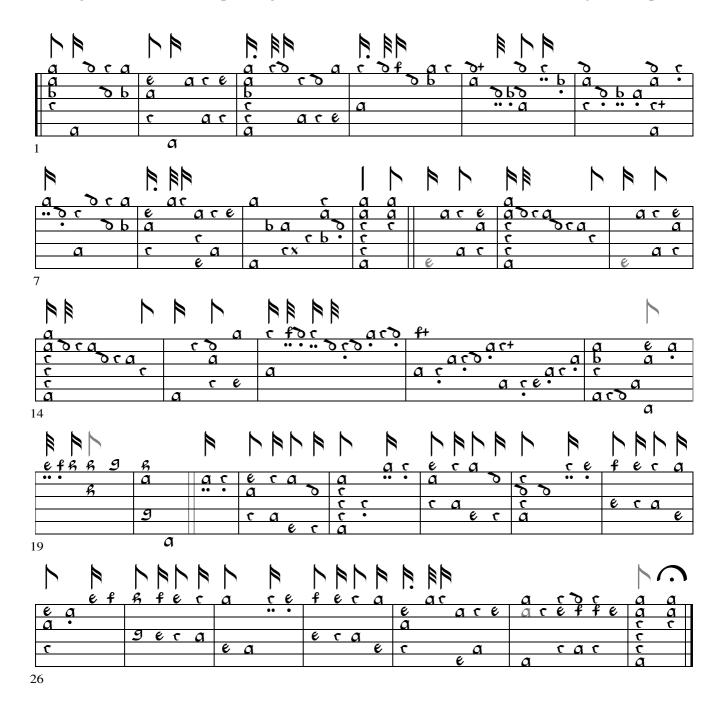


7. Gagliarda di Santino

PL-Kj 40032, p. 310



8. (Gagliarda le ne menti per la gola di) Santino



PL-Kj 40032, pp. 310-311

9. Gagliarda detta menti p(er) la gola di Santino



10. Gagliarda di Santino detta La Garsa



11. Gagliarda di Santino detta Valdes

PL-Kj 40032, p. 312 i



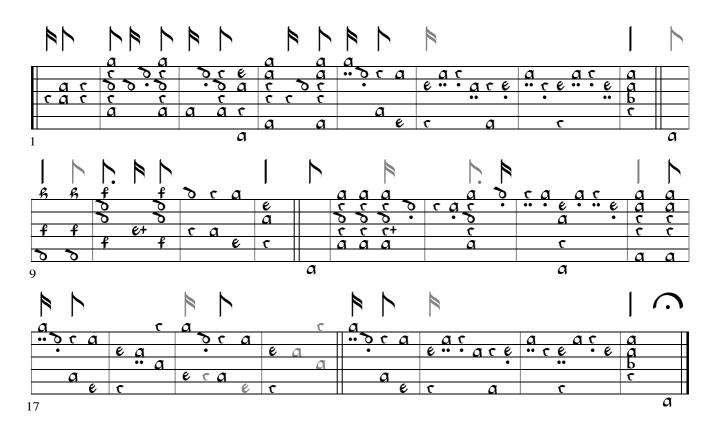
12. Galgliarda di (S)antino da Parma

B-Br II.275, f. 3r



13. Galgliarda (La Cesarina) di Santino da Parma

B-Br II.275, f. 8v



14. Galgliarda Di S(antino)

B-Br II.275, f. 23r ii



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16. Saltare(l)lo di Santino

PL-Kj 40032, p. 316 ii







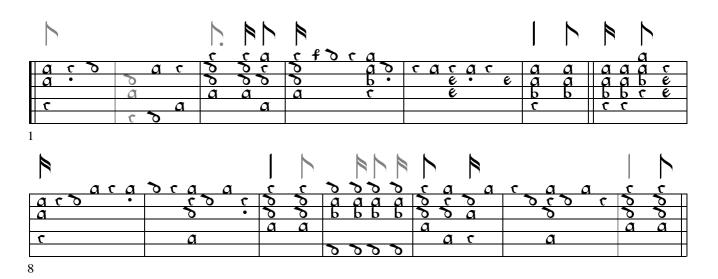






22. Galiard del San(tino)

US-BE 760, f. 22r







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JD24b. Galliard J.D.

GB-Cu Add.3056, f. 33v

