



Comparison Between Continuous and Batchwise Online Reprocessing in Serpent2



Luke Seifert, Madicken Munk

University of Illinios at Urbana-Champaign, Department of Nuclear, Plasma, and Radiological Engineering, Urbana, IL 61801

Introduction

Molten Salt Reactor Online Reprocessing

- Depletion of Molten Salt Reactors requires accounting for reprocessing
- Batchwise modeling of Molten Salt Reactors is common [2, 1]
- Continuous modeling offers unique advantages over batchwise modeling

Comparison of Methods

- An identical toy model is implemented for both methods
- Continuous model uses varying number of steps
- Multiple approaches are implemented for the continuous model
- Potential weaknesses of continuous model are investigated



Figure: Geometry of toy model used in Serpent2 for continuous and batchwise reprocessing models.

Objectives

- Capture the precise differences in continuous and batchwise models
- Determine effective depletion step sizes for continuous reprocessing
- Investigate validity of using average feed rates during depletion

Future Work

- Mass balancing of continuous reprocessing for full reactor
- Comparison of models for full reactor
- Depletion step size development over reactor lifetime

Reprocessing Models

Batchwise Reprocessing

- Iteratively perform depletion with external adjustments
- Small removals each depletion step is Steady Batch
- Full removal after set number of steps is Bulk Batch
- SaltProc used to run batchwise reprocessing for Serpent2

Continuous Reprocessing

- Adds "decay-like" term to Bateman equation, less iterative

$$\frac{dN_j}{dt}_{base} = \sum_{i \neq j} [(\gamma_{i \rightarrow j} \sigma_{f,i} \Phi + \lambda_{i \rightarrow j} + \sigma_{i \rightarrow j} \Phi) N_i] - (\lambda_j + \sigma_j \Phi) N_j$$

$$\frac{dN_j}{dt}_{net} = \frac{dN_j}{dt}_{base} - \lambda_{r,j} N_j + \sum_{mat} \lambda_{r,i \rightarrow j} N_i$$

- Cycle Time Decay model treats reprocessing as decay

$$\lambda_r = \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{1/2}}$$

- Cycle Rate treats as linear fractional removal, same as Steady Batch

$$\lambda_r = \ln \left(\frac{1}{1 - X} \right)$$

- SaltProc Cycle Rate mimics batchwise reprocessing with continuous model

Model Overview

Table: Different Reprocessing Approaches

Approach	Cycle Time	$\tau_{1/2}$	X [s ⁻¹]	λ_r [s ⁻¹]
Bulk Batch [3d]	20 s	-	-	-
Steady Batch [3d]	20 s	-	3.86E-6	-
Steady Batch [3d]	3 d	-	3.86E-6	-
Steady Batch [3d]	30 d	-	3.86E-7	-
Cycle Time Decay	20 s	10 s	-	6.93E-2
Cycle Time Decay	3 d	1.5 d	-	5.35E-6
Cycle Rate	20 s	-	0.05	5.13E-2
Cycle Rate	3 d	-	3.86E-6	3.86E-6
SaltProc Cycle Rate	20 s	-	3.86E-6	3.86E-6
SaltProc Cycle Rate	3 d	-	3.86E-6	3.86E-6
SaltProc Cycle Rate	30 d	-	3.86E-7	3.86E-7

Results

Comparison Results

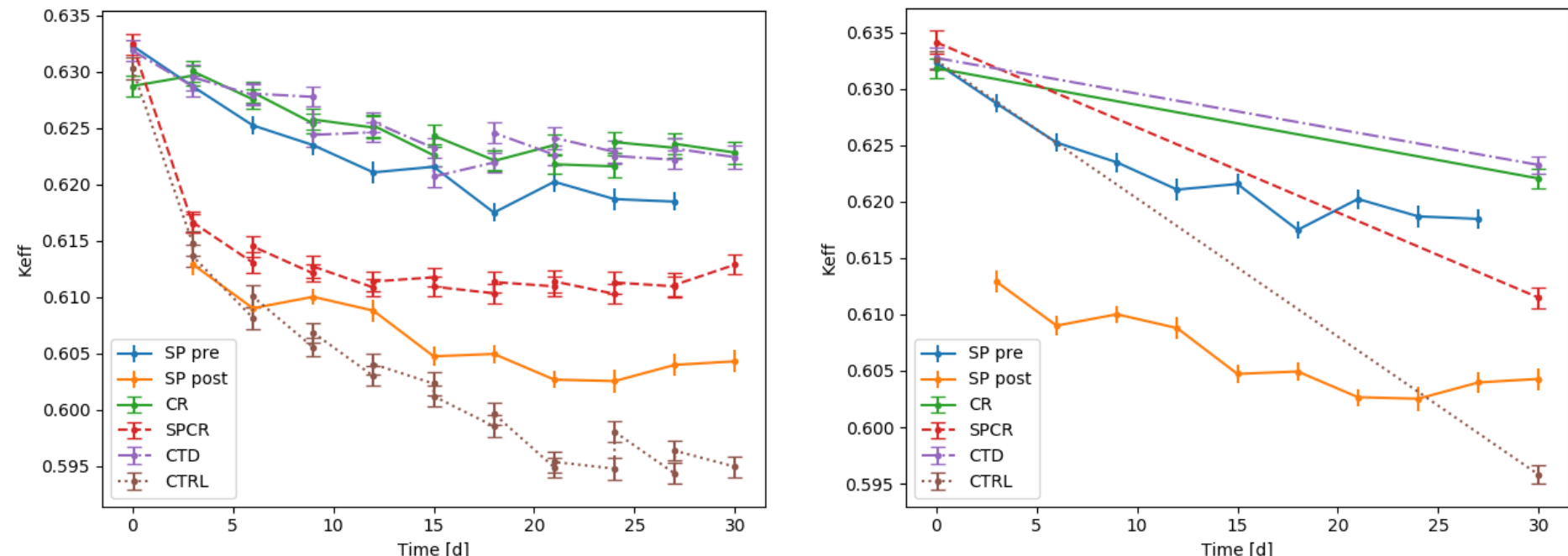


Figure: Continuous and batch models k_{eff} over time when using the matching depletion steps and feed rates and when continuous uses a single step and average feed rates.

Table: k_{eff} at 30 Days for 3 and 30 Day Steps

Approach	3d Step k_{eff}	30d Step k_{eff}	Diff [pcm]
CR	0.622815	0.622043	77
SPCR	0.612871	0.611481	140
CTD	0.62241	0.623246	84
CTRL	0.594924	0.595784	86

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Contact Information

- Email: seifert5@illinois.edu
- Phone: +1 865 279 0603

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