

# Exam prep tasks

SLAM:

Simultaneous localization and mapping

Writing a simple implementation for rangefinder scanner sensors

# Exam final results

- We will get simple SLAM implementation usable to some extent in real world applications
- This algorithm will give us not only robot's trajectory but also map of surrounding areas
- Examples of this algorithm work can be seen in the **slam\*.mp4** videos

# Reading and animating data

- Review **animation.py** script
- Run it. You should get an animation of rangefinder data in polar coordinates
- You can see recorder version of this animation in **polar\_animation.mp4** video
- Learn from this script how to open dataset files and how to make animations using matplotlib

# Running doctest

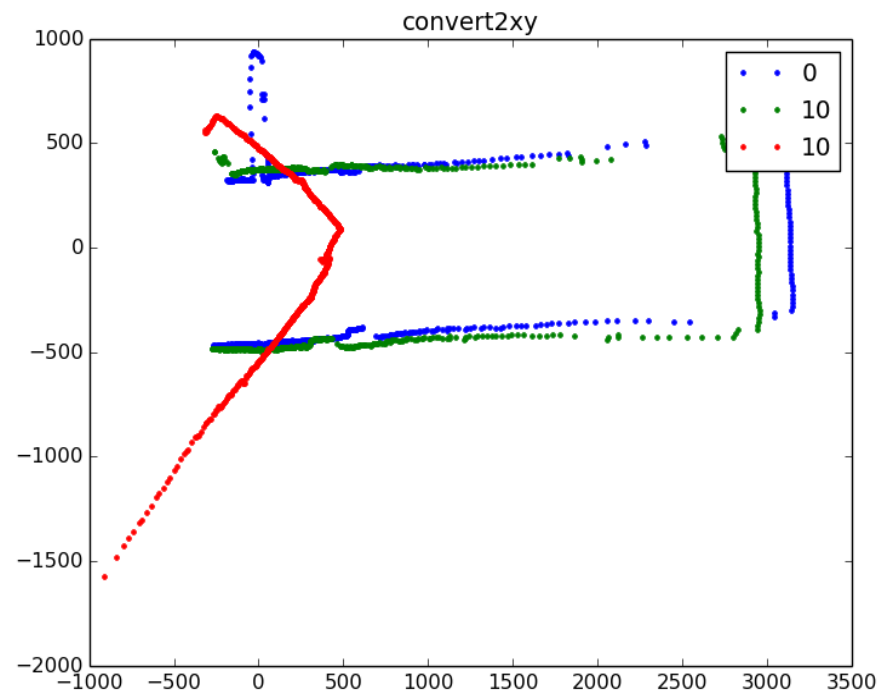
- Review **doctest\_example.py** script
- Run doctests either by simply running script (i.e. **python3 doctest\_example.py**) or using other methods (e.g. **python3 -m doctest -v doctest\_example.py** or other environment dependent methods)
- Try change functions and run doctests again

# Writing helper function for SLAM

- Review **slam\_exam.py** script and function's docstrings inside it
- You should see empty functions with documentation describing what they should do and some doctests
- Further work will mainly consist of writing this functions so they pass doctests
- Note: due to possible (but unlikely) problems with computations precision your implementation can be correct but do not pass this strict doctests, in this case notify examiners

# Converting scan data to Cartesian coordinates

- Implement `convert2xy` function
- In case of successful implementation you should get from doctest plot like this:

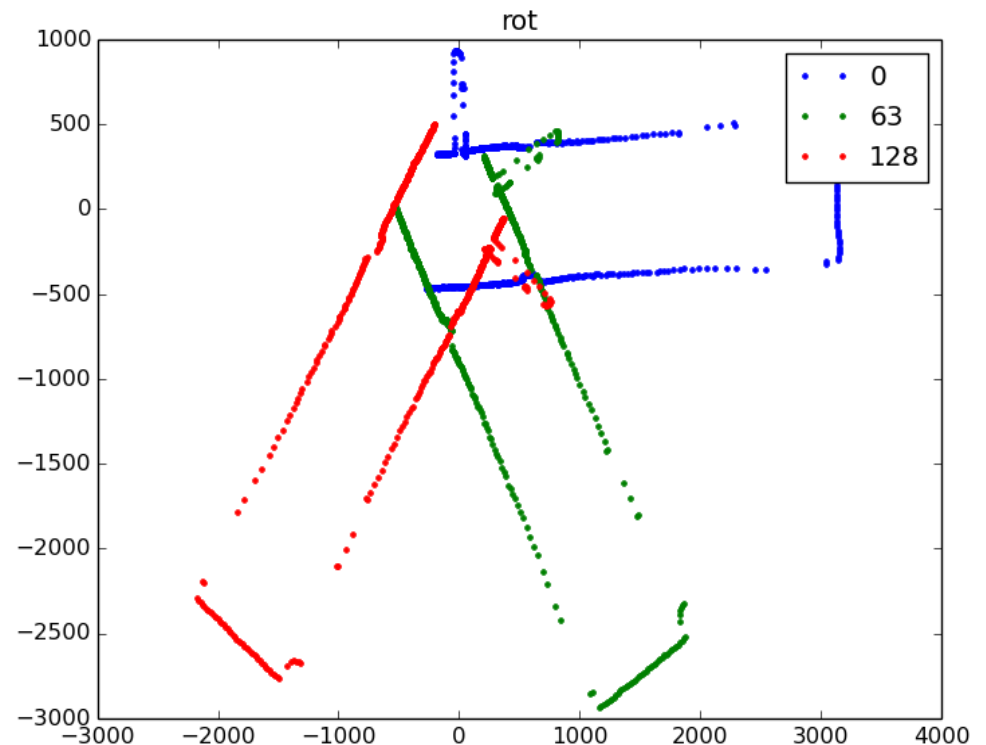


# Animating XY points

- Animate scan measurements in Cartesian reference frame by modifying **animation.py** script and using ``convert2xy`` function

# Rotating XY points

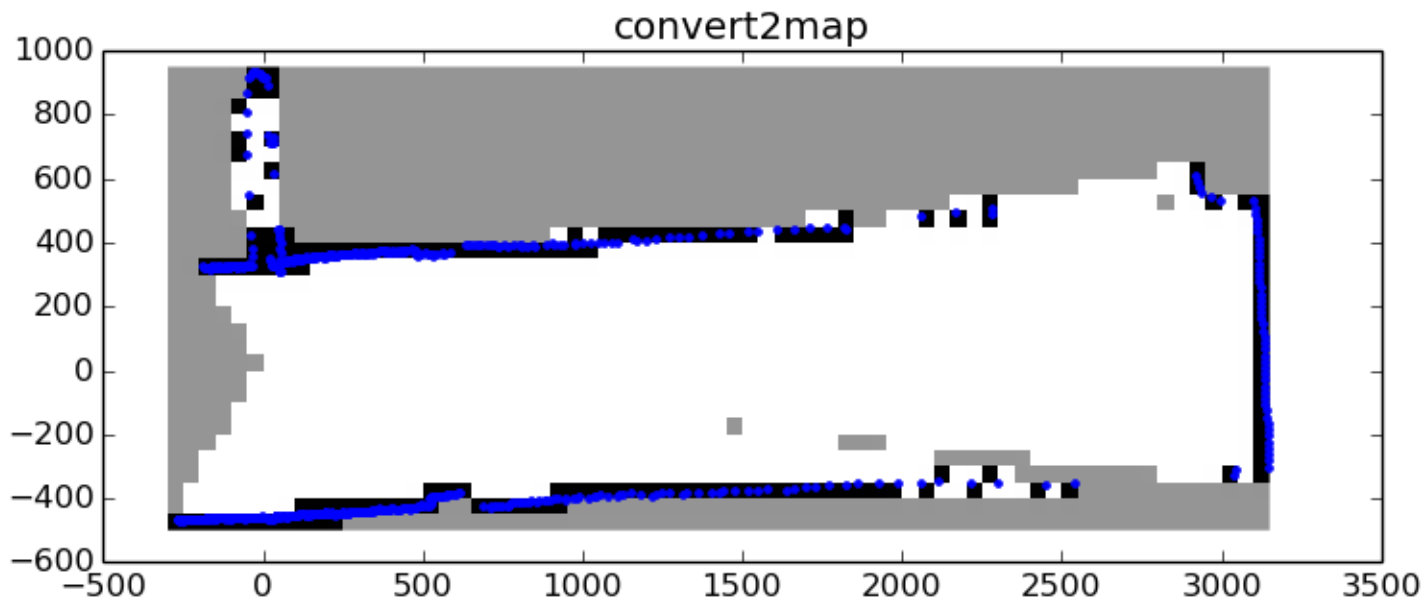
- Implement ``rot`` function
- In case of successful implementation you should get from doctest plot like this:





# Converting points to map

- Implement `convert2map` function
- In case of successful implementation you should get from doctest plot like this:



# convert2map algorithm description

- Convert list of measured point coordinates to list of pixel coordinates (e.g. if pixel size is 50 mm then point (33, 170) will be converted to (0, 3) )
- Create image with necessary size using PIL's ``Image.new('L', img_size)`` (for determining image size you can use numpy's ``min`` and ``max`` on pixel coordinates list)
- Create draw object from image using PIL's ``ImageDraw.Draw``
- Using draw object's ``line`` method draw lines from sensor position to measured points
- Convert image to numpy array using Image's ``fromstring`` and numpy's ``tostring``

# Animating map and points

- Animate map and points using for reference **`animate.py`** and ``convert2map`` docstrings
- Note: you will need change extent for map using ``set_extent`` method in addition to ``set_data``.
- You can see example of recorded animation in **`map_animation.mp4`** video