Homework1

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1.

Assume the activation function is a linear function. i.e.

$$f(x) = ax + b$$

Then,

$$f\left(\sum \omega_{ji} x_i + w_{j0}\right) = a \sum_{i} w_{ji} x_i + b \sum_{i} w_{ji} + w_{j0}$$

$$g_k(x) = y_k = f\left(\sum_{j} w_{kj} \left(a \sum_{i} w_{ji} x_i + b \sum_{j} w_{ji} + w_{j0}\right) + w_{k0}\right)$$

$$= a^2 \sum_{i} \sum_{j} w_{kj} w_{ji} x_i + ab \sum_{j} \sum_{i} w_{kj} w_{ji} + b \sum_{i} w_{ji} + w_{k0}$$

Finally, the result is only related to *x*, so it's linear.

2.

(1)

$$E = \frac{1}{2}(g - y)^{2} = \frac{1}{2}\left(g - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^{T}x}}\right)^{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w} = \left(g - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^{T}x}}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{\left(1 + e^{-w^{T}x}\right)^{2}} \cdot e^{-w^{T}x} \cdot -x$$

$$= -\left(g - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^{T}x}}\right) \cdot \frac{e^{-w^{T}x}x}{\left(1 + e^{-w^{T}x}\right)^{2}}$$

The weight-updating formula equals to

$$w - \lambda \frac{\partial E}{\partial w}$$

$$= w + \lambda \left(g - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^T x}} \right) \cdot \frac{e^{-w^T x} x}{\left(1 + e^{-w^T x} \right)^2}$$

$$w = (0.5, 1, 1)^T, x = (1, 2, 0.5)^T, g = 1, \lambda = 0.1$$

$$w^T x = 3$$

$$W_{new} = (0.5, 1, 1)^{T} + 0.1(1 - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-3}}) \cdot \frac{e^{-3}(1, 2, 0.5)^{T}}{\left(1 + e^{-3}\right)^{2}}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0.5\\1\\1\\1 \end{pmatrix} + 2.1 \times 10^{-4} \begin{pmatrix} 1\\2\\0.5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.5002\\1.0004\\1.0001 \end{pmatrix}$$

3.

 f_1 : the activation function.

 f_2 : the function of output layer.

 N_ℓ : the neuron number of the ℓth layer.

E: the error function.

Z: the value of samples.

 λ : the learning rate.

Forward Pass

The first layer:

$$input_{j_1}^1 = \sum_{i=1}^n w_{ij_1}^1 x_i$$
 $output_{j_1}^1 = f_1(input_{j_1}^1)$

The second layer:

$$input_{j_2}^2 = \sum_{j_1=1}^{N_1} w_{j_1 j_2}^2 output_{j_1}^1$$

$$output_{j_2}^2 = f_1(input_{j_2}^2)$$

The output layer:

$$input_{j_3}^3 = \sum_{j_2=1}^{N_2} w_{j_2 j_3}^3 output_{j_2}^2$$

 $y = f_2(input_{j_3}^3)$

Backward Pass

$$E = f_3(z, y)$$

$$w_{ij}^{3} = w_{ij}^{3} - \lambda \frac{\partial E}{\partial w^{3}}$$

$$w_{ij}^{2} = w_{ij}^{2} - \lambda \frac{\partial E}{\partial w^{2}}$$

$$w_{ij}^{1} = w_{ij}^{1} - \lambda \frac{\partial E}{\partial w^{1}}$$