

Expansion

Free Expansion : in an isolated system, a gas expands to vacuum.

— in an isolated system : $dU=0$

— into vacuum : $p=0 \Rightarrow dW = -\int p dV = 0$.

$dU = dU + dW = 0$. No change in internal energy.

— From Joule's experiment, within his precision, there was no change in temperature. $\frac{\partial T}{\partial U}|_V = 0$. (this is always true for ideal gas)

— consider reciprocity theorem:

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial T}|_U \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial U}|_V \cdot \frac{\partial U}{\partial V}|_T = -1.$$

$$\text{so } \frac{\partial T}{\partial U}|_V \cdot \frac{\partial U}{\partial V}|_T = 0.$$

— $\frac{\partial T}{\partial U}|_V$ can't be zero as injecting energy increases temperature.

$$\text{so } \frac{\partial U}{\partial V}|_T = 0.$$

Adiabatic Expansion

For an ideal gas, $pV^\gamma = \text{constant}$